User's Manual



R-Studio



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I Introduction to R-Studio

R-Studio is a family of powerful and cost-effective undelete and data recovery software. Empowered by new unique data recovery technologies, it is the most comprehensive data recovery solution for recovering files from <u>FAT/exFAT</u>, NTFS, NTFS5, ReFS/ReFS2+ (Windows), HFS/HFS+ and APFS (Macintosh), Little and Big Endian variants of <u>UFS1/UFS2</u> (FreeBSD/OpenBSD/NetBSD/Solaris), <u>Ext2/3/4FS</u> and <u>XFS</u> (Linux) <u>partitions</u>. It functions on local and network disks, even if such partitions are <u>formatted</u>, damaged or deleted. Flexible parameter settings give you absolute control over the data recovery.

R-Studio Features

System Requirements

Contact Information and Technical Support

R-Studio Registration and Activation

Data Recovery Using R-Studio

Basic File Recovery

Advanced Data Recovery

Mass File Recovery

Volume Sets and RAIDs

Data Recovery over Network

R-Studio Technician/T80+

Text/hexadecimal editor

Technical Information and Troubleshooting

R-Studio Emergency

R-Studio Agent Emergency

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1.1 R-Studio Features

R-Studio is a family of file restoring utilities. It recovers files both on local drives and on drives on remote computers over network, even if their <u>partition</u> structures are damaged. A unique *IntelligentScan* technology and flexible parameter settings give you real control over the fastest data recovery ever seen.

R-Studio features:

- Standard "Windows Explorer" style interface.
- Host OS: An Intel-compatible platform running Windows 11 /10 /8.1/8 /7 /Vista /XP /2000 Windows Server 2019 /2016 /2012 /2008 /2003.
- Automatic check for updates.
- Remotely recovers data over network. Data can be recovered on network computers running Windows, MacOS X, Linux, and some other UNIX OS.
- Supported <u>file systems</u>:

Windows: FAT12/16/32, <u>exFAT</u>, NTFS, NTFS5, ReFS/ReFS2+ file (Resilient File System); ReFS for Windows Server 2019 (including deduplication).

macOS: HFS, HFS+, HFSX, APFS, <u>FAT</u>/exFAT;

Linux and UNIX: Ext2/3/4FS and XFS (created by Linux or other OS), and UFS1, UFS2, UFS BigEndian (used by the FreeBSD, OpenBSD, and NetBSD operating systems);

CD/DVD/Images: ISO9660;

Magnetic tape devices: UStar/Tar/CPIO/Pax (R-Studio Technician/T80+).

Please note, that when a file is being deleted on the HFS, HFS+, HFSX file systems, the computer completely removes all system information on it, and there is no way to recover the deleted file except by using the **Extra Search for Known File Types** option. Nevertheless, **R-Studio** is able to read existing files from HFS, HFS+, and HFSX disks.

- Support for known file types. **R-Studio** searches for files with known typical features of their structures allowing the user to search for files on devices with unknown files systems, including an HD, CD, DVD, floppy disk, Compact Flash Card, USB drive, ZIP drive, Memory Sticks, and other removable media.
- <u>Scan process</u> visualization. While scanning an object, **R-Studio** graphically shows items that have been found, including files of known types, FAT and NTFS MFT records, boot records, etc.
- Mass file recovery support.
- Support for estimation of chances for successful recovery.
- Support for file recovery lists lists of files that can be exported from **R-Studio**, manually edited, and then loaded back. Files from such lists will be automatically marked for recovery.
- APM, Basic and GPT support. **R-Studio** supports all three partition schemes used to define the low-level organization of data on drives <u>formatted</u> for use with Macintosh computers.
- Dynamic disk support.
- Support for <u>BitLocker Drive Encryption</u> encryption, both for the ToGo and System Drive Encryption methods.
- Software RAID, volume set, and stripe set support. Support for RAID 6, RAID 5, and RAID 4 layouts. Support for custom RAID layouts. Parameters like block size and order, offsets, and even the number of stripe blocks can be explicitly specified. Custom RAID configurations can be saved.
- Support for <u>Windows Storage Spaces</u>, created by Windows 8/8.1 and Windows 10/Threshold 2/? Anniversary/Fall Creators updates.
- Support for Apple software RAIDs
- Support for Apple CoreStorage/FileVault/Fusion Drive Volumes
- Support for <u>Linux mdadm Volumes</u>
- Support for <u>Linux LVM/LVM2</u>
- Support for Intel Software RAID.
- Hardware RAID, volume set, and stripe set support.
- RAID consistency check (check for valid data parity values).
- Automatic RAID parameter recognition.
- Creates image files for an entire drive, logical disk, or its part. Such image files can be processed like regular drives. In addition to simple exact object copies (Plain images) and R-Drive Image compatible images, it can create other disk image and virtual disk formats, together with opening several file formats "read-only". You may read more about those formats and their properties on the Supported Virtual Disk and Disk Image Formats page. Images may be saved either on the local or remote computer. Image creation can be stopped and then resumed. R-Studio can scan objects while creating their images. R-Studio Technician/T80+ supports multi-pass and runtime imaging. Images can be mounted in the operating system as devices which makes their content accessible to any program including any other data recovery software.
- Recovers files on damaged or deleted partitions.

- Recovers compressed files (NTFS, NTFS5).
- Recovers encrypted files (NTFS5).
- Recovers <u>alternative data streams</u> (NTFS, NTFS5).
- Support for NTFS deduplication, including Windows Server 2022.
- Support for file system journal on the HFS+ and Ext3/4fs file systems.
- Support for soft updates journal on the UFS file system.
- Support for extended attributes on the HFS+, Ext3/4fs, XFS, and UFS file systems.
- Support for compressed files on the HFS+ file system.
- Recognizes localized names.
- Recovered files can be saved on any (including network) drives visible to the host operating system.
- A hexadecimal disk and file viewer/editor supporting NTFS file non-resident attribute editing. Data alteration is available on the **Technician/T80+** and **Corporate** versions only.
- Patterns (or templates) in the hexadecimal editor allowing for parsing the data according to specific data structure. Such patterns may be custom-created.
- File preview. Most of the file types can be previewed to estimate recovery chances.
- Enhanced remote host scanning procedure. In the **R-Studio** network versions, data is analyzed on the remote host rather than on the home host, thereby the speed of recovery procedure greatly increases. The scan information may be saved either on the local or remote computer.
- Recovered files may be saved on a drive on a connected remote computer rather than be transferred over network to the local one. Saving recovered files on a remote computer may be useful when the remote computer has a healthy drive because you do not have to transfer files over network. It may be an external USB drive, for example.
- Support for <u>S.M.A.R.T.</u> (Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology) attribute monitoring.
- **R-Studio Emergency***. The **R-Studio Emergency** version starts from a floppy or compact disc when it is necessary to recover data on a computer, on which Windows cannot start up because its system files are corrupted or deleted.

*The **R-Studio Emergency** is a part of the **R-Studio** software package. When you buy an **R-Studio** single license you may run the **R-Studio Emergency** or/and install the **R-Studio** Windows version on one PC only and you may not transfer the licensed software to another PC.

R-Studio features available in the Technician/T80+ versions:

- Magnetic tape devices file system: UStar/Tar/CPIO/Pax.
- Extended file information
- Symbolic link recovery options
- <u>Drive Copy Wizard</u> to copy any object in the Drives panel to any other object. In addition to byte to byte copy of any object visible in the Drives panel, smart copy of partitions and drives is available.
- Mounting Virtual Objects to the System as Virtual Drives
- I/O Monitor and Sector Map files.
- Multi-pass and Runtime imaging
- <u>Reverse RAIDs</u>: A technique that decomposes real drive objects into virtual RAIDs. Then those components
 of reverse RAID scan be processed like real objects. They can be viewed, edited, imaged, copied to
 physical
- Support for third-party hardware.
- Forensic mode.

• File recovery over Internet.

R-Studio recovers files:

- That have been removed without the Recycle Bin, or when the Recycle Bin has been emptied;
- Removed by virus attack or power failure;
- After the partition with the files was reformatted, even for a different file system;
- When the partition structure on a drive was changed or damaged. In this case, **R-Studio** can scan the drive trying to find previously existed partitions and recover files from found partitions.
- From drives with <u>bad sectors</u>. In this case, **R-Studio** can first copy the entire drives or its part into an image file and then process such image file.

R-Studio can create image files for an entire drive, logical disk, or its part. Such image files can be processed like regular drives. Images are very useful if there is a risk of total data loss due to hardware malfunction. If bad blocks are constantly appearing on a drive, the only way to save the data is to immediately create an image of that drive. All data search, scan and recovery can be done from this image.

To learn more about the *IntelligentScan* technology, go to the *IntelligentScan* topic .

1.2 System Requirements

- An Intel-compatible platform running Windows 11, 10 /8.1/8 /7 /Vista /XP /2000 Windows Server 2022, 2019 /2016 /2012 /2008 /2003
- At least 256 MB of RAM, a mouse, and enough disk space for recovered files, image files, etc.
- The administrative privileges are required to install and run R-Studio utilities.
- A network connection for data recovering over network.

1.3 Contact Information and Technical Support

To obtain the latest version of **R-Studio**, go to:

Product Site: http://www.r-tt.com
Sales Department: sales@r-tt.com

R-Studio Technical Support Team is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and has an average response time less than 4 hours.

Tech. Support: support@r-tt.com

Send your support request to: http://www.r-tt.com/SupportRequest.shtml

File Recovery FAQ: http://www.r-tt.com/File Recovery FAQ.shtml

R-tt Forum: http://forum.r-tt.com

1.4 R-Studio Registration and Activation

R-Studio Standalone, **Corporation**, and **T80+** requires on-line activation via the Internet. **R-Studio Standalone** and **Corporation** require activation one time upon their installation. **R-Studio T80+** requires activation every time a new data recovery secession starts.

If you don't have an Internet connection on the computer where **R-Studio** to be installed, you'll need to complete activation manually.

- 1 Upon receiving the email with the Registration key, open the attachment, then select and copy the key.
- 2 Start R-Studio. The Please Register R-Studio Demo dialog box will appear.
- 3 Enter your registration information and then paste the Registration key. Do not try to type it manually.

Please Register dialog box



3 Click the OK button and wait for the Registration successful message.

If you don't have an Internet connection.

You need to manually obtain an activation code to complete the registration.

The Online Activation dialog window will appear next time you'll start **R-Studio**.

R-Studio Online Activation dialog box



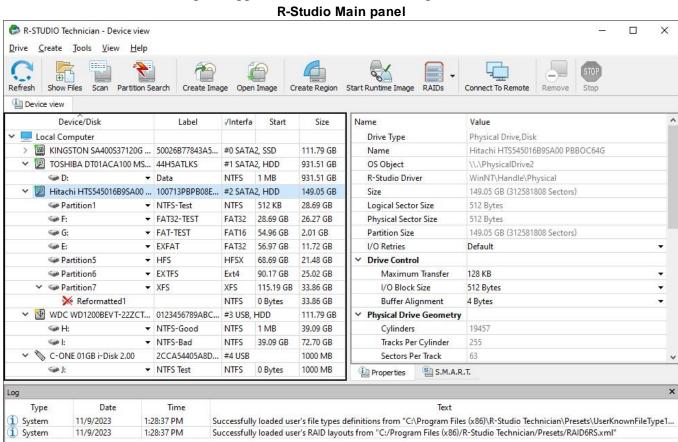
You may copy the url with the activation information and go to it on another computer connected to the Internet, obtain the activation code, and enter it into the respective field on the dialog box.

You may also use your smartphone to activate **R-Studio**. Scan the QR-code and go to the specified URL, obtain the activation code, and finish program activation.

1.5 R-Studio Main Panel

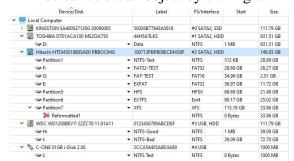
Ready

When **R-Studio** starts, its main panel appears on the Windows desktop.



Drives panel:

You can select an object by clicking it.



A logical disk may be represented by its name or its partition.



Properties tab:

This tab shows the properties of an object selected in the Drives panel.



Depending on the selected object, information on this Properties tab may vary.

The Properties tab names and values are described in detail on the Properties tab topic.

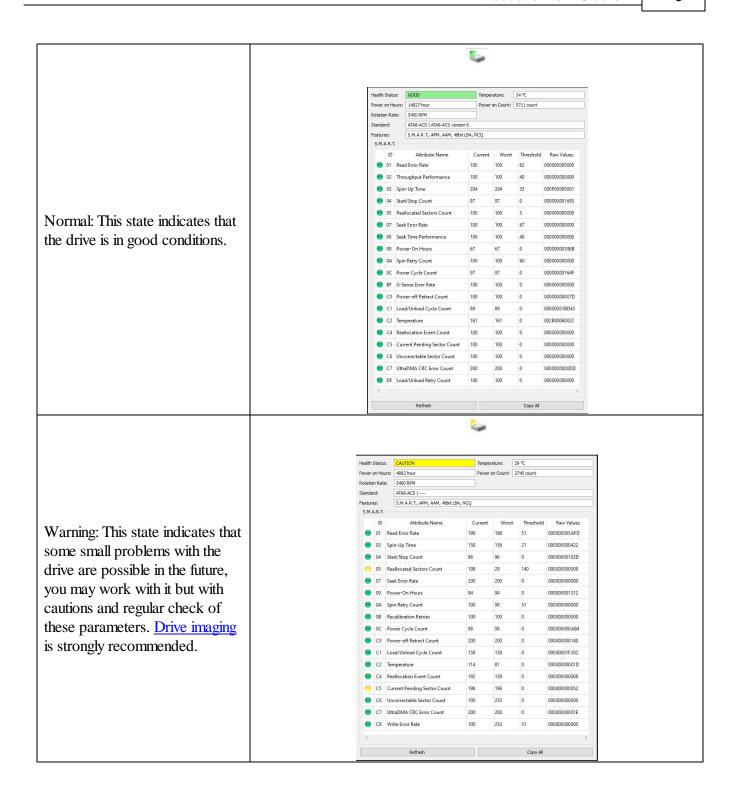
Log panel

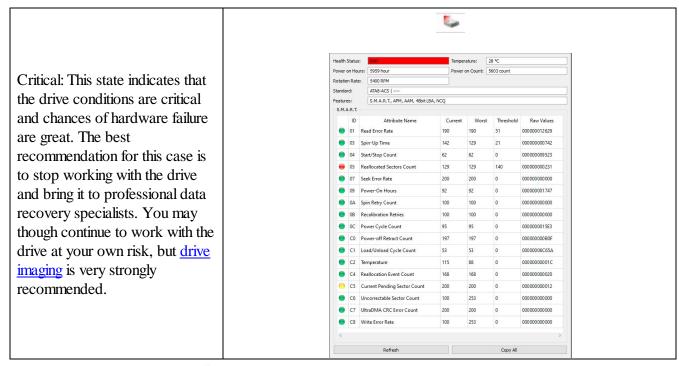


S.M.A.R.T. Info for a Drive

R-Studio shows drive <u>S.M.A.R.T.</u> states using their icons. You may copy all S.M.A.R.T. attributes and paste them into a text editor.

■ Drive S.M.A.R.T. states and icons





When a drive is selected in the **R-Studio** main panel, an additional S.M.A.R.T. tab will appear. You may view the detailed **S.M.A.R.T.** data of the drive.

<u>S.M.A.R.T.</u> (Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology) is a technology widely-used in drives and solid-state devices that monitors their reliability conditions to predict possible hardware failures.

Changing the program language

You may select the language of **R-Studio** main panel and its help. To do so, select an available language on **Change Language** on the **Help** menu.

Panel view options

You may set which panels and bars to enable/disable.

■ To enable/disable:

Toolbar	Select/clear Toolbar on the View menu	
Status bar	Select/clear Status bar on the View menu	
Drive pane	Select/clear Device View on the View menu	
Properties pane	Select/clear Properties View on the View menu	
Log panel	Select/clear Event Log on the View menu	
If you have several tabs in the right pane, you may easily switch to any of the tab by selecting on the View		
menu		
Properties Tab	to view the Properties tab	
Scan Information Tab	to view the Scan Information Tab tab	
Parents Tab	to view the Parents tab	
Properties	Select data types in which the data will be represented	



Connect

Click this button to connect to a remote computer on a network.



Refresh

Click this button to refresh the panels.



Scan

Click this button to start scanning a selected object.



Partition Search

Click this button to start <u>fast searching for lost and deleted</u> partitonsi.



Show Files

Click this button to start enumerating files on a selected object.



Open Image

Click this button to open a previously created image.



Create Image

Click this button to create an image of a selected area.



Create Region

Click this button to create a region on a selected disk.



RAIDs

Click this button to create a virtual volume set or RAID.

Select an appropriate type from the menu.



Start runtime image

Click this button to start <u>runtime imaging</u> of the selected object.

(**Technician/T80**+ versions only)



Remove

Click this button to remove a selected object in the main panel.

The button may change its appearance and title depending on the context.



Stop

Click this button to stop the current operation.

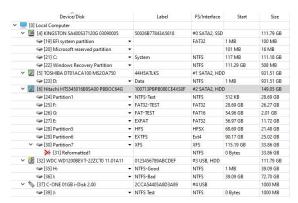
Sometimes, there may be a lot of similar objects in the Drives panel. Those may be components of a RAID, for example. You may turn numerical indexes for such objects to distinguish them better. Those indexes will appear before the object names in the Drives panel.

To turn the numerical indexes on/off, go to the **Device** item on the **View** menu, and select/clear:

Show Physical Drives Indexes
Show All Objects Indexes

to display the indexes only for drives

to display the indexes for all objects in the Drives panel



You may select the units in which object's start and size are displayed

To select the units

- 1 Select Devices on the View menu
- 2 Select the units in which you want to see object sizes.

You may select

Show as Bytes

Show as Sectors

Show as Bytes and Sectors

Depending on the task **R-Studio** performs, its panel may vary. Those panels are described in appropriate topics. The Properties tab names and values are described in detail on the **Properties tab** topic.

The general settings can be set on the <u>Settings</u> dialog box.

You may also copy the object's information displayed in the Drives panel. Right-click the object on the necessary column and select **Copy Device/disk**, **Copy Label**, and so on.

R-Studio has two operation modes:

File search on a partition (including recently found during drive scan).

In this mode, **R-Studio** analyzes MFTs on NTFS partitions, FATs on <u>FAT</u> partitions, and SuperBlocks on Ext2/3/4FS partitions. Then it displays all files which records have been found in the analyzed tables. Then recently deleted files, which records still remain, can be recovered. If files have not been found, that means that their records have been deleted. In this case, the drive must be scanned.

File search supports <u>file masks</u> and <u>regular expressions</u>. Multiple files in different folders can be found and recovered in one recover session.

R-Studio supports <u>mass file recovery</u>. There is no limit in the number of files that may be recovered during one session.

File content may be <u>previewed</u> before recovery.

File or drive binary data can be viewed and edited in the <u>Text/Mexadecimal editor</u>. Also can be viewed and changed all attributes for NTFS files.

Drive scan, searching for partitions.

In this mode, **R-Studio** scans the entire drive or its part. Using a number of statistic and deterministic criteria known as *IntelligentScan* technology, it determines existing or existed partitions on the drive, and their <u>file</u> <u>systems</u>. It is also possible to add new partitions, by setting manually all required parameters.

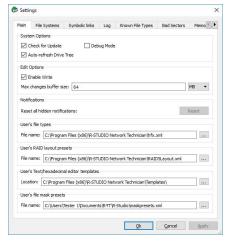
A drive can be scanned through several successive scans, each with its own parameters. **R-Studio** accumulates the information from successive scans and keeps track of changes in the information obtained from different scans. The information obtained from the disc scan can be stored in a file. It may be loaded and processed later at any convenient time.

1.6 R-Studio Settings

You may specify some global setting for **R-Studio** on the Settings dialog box. You may reach it by selecting **Settings** on the **Tools** menu.

Main

Main dialog box



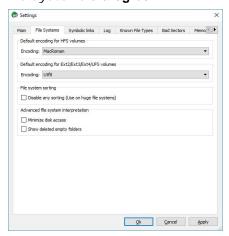
Main settings

System Options	
Check for update	If this box is selected, R-Studio will automatically check for updates.
	If this check box is selected, R-Studio displays an additional
	command Create FS Snapshot on the shortcut menu for an object
Debug Mode	with a <u>file system</u> . An FS Snapshot contains system data for the file
	system only (file descriptions without file contents). If a problem
	appears, this snapshot can be sent to R-Studio technical support to
	identify the problem. This option greatly slows R-Studio .

Auto-refresh Drive Tree	If this box is selected, R-Studio automatically refreshes the list of connected drives. You may disable it if R-Studio experiences problems with connected devices.	
Enable Write	If this check box is selected, R-Studio enables you to write any changes made in the Text/Bexadecimal editor .	
Max changes buffer size	Maximum amount of data stored for the Undo command in the <u>Text/?</u> <u>hexadecimal editor</u> .	
Notifications		
Reset all hidden notifications	This button enables all previously disabled notification and warning messages.	
User's file types		
File name	Specifies a file name and path to the file where the descriptions of user's known file types are stored. You need to re-start R-Studio or click the Reload User's File Types button on the Known File Types tab for the new file to take effect.	
User's RAID layout		
File name	Specifies a file name and path to the file where the descriptions of user's RAID layouts are stored	
User's Text/Mexadecimal editor templates		
Location	Specifies the path for <u>pattern description files</u> for <u>Text/Rexadecimal</u> <u>editor</u> .	
User's file mask presets		
File name:	Specifies a file name and path to the file with file mask presets.	

File Systems

File Systems dialog box



■ File Systems

Default encoding for HFS volumes	Select the national encoding for the HFS <u>partitions</u> .
Default encoding for Ext2/Ext3/?	Select the national encoding for the Ext2, Ext3, Ext4, and UFS
Ext4/ <u>VFS</u> volumes	partitions.

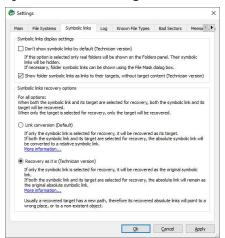
Disable any sorting	Select this option if the number of files on the drive is so large that R-Studio sorts files in selected folders for too long time.
Minimize drive access	Select this option if a lot of <u>bad sectors</u> are on the drive. R-Studio will reduce access to internal files in the file system to speed up the interpretation of file system data.
Show deleted empty folders	Select this option if you want to view empty deleted folders.

Symbolic Links

Settings are available in the Technician/T80+ version only!

Symbolic links (of symlinks for short) are object that contains references to other files or folders directory in the form of absolute or relative paths and that affect pathname resolution. For example, if a symlink C: \ProgramData\Documents points to D:\Recovered Files\Root\Users\Public\Documents, entering it will result in entering D:\Recovered Files\Root\Users\Public\Documents.

Symbolic Links dialog box



■ Symbolic Links

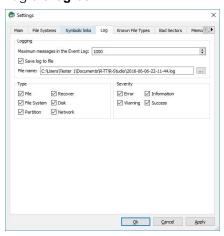
Don't show symbolic links by default (Technician/T80+ version)	If this option is selected, R-Studio hides all <u>symbolic links</u> by default. Only real objects will be visible. You may make them visible by clearing the Hide symbolic links option on the <u>Mask</u> dialog box.
Show symbolic links as links to their targets, without target content	Only links to their target will be shown in the right pane (Contents). They target content can be reached by clicking those links.
Link conversion (Default)	
Both an object and its symbolic link are selected for recovery:	If both an object and its symbolic link are selected for recovery, both the object and its symbolic link will be recovered. The file path in that symbolic link will be converted from absolute to relative. Example: If the object C:\ProgramData\Documents is a symbolic link to C:\Users\Public\Documents, it will be converted to a symbolic link to\Users\Public\Documents. Therefore, the symbolic link will point to its object regardless of the place to which the object has been recovered.

Only an object is selected for recovery:	Only the selected object will be recovered.
Only a symbolic link is selected for recovery:	The selected symbolic link will be recovered as a real object.
Recovery as it is (Only in the Technician	n/T80+ version)
Both an object and its symbolic link are selected for recovery:	If both an object and its symbolic link are selected for recovery, both the object and its symbolic link will be recovered. The file path in that symbolic link will remain the same. Example: The place to store recovered data: D:\Recovered Files. The object to recover: C:\Users\Public\Documents The symbolic link: C:\ProgramData\Documents After recovery: The recovered object: D:\Recovered Files\Root\Users\Public\Documents The recovered symbolic link: D:\Recovered Files\Root\ProgramData\Documents The recovered symbolic link: D:\Recovered Files\Root\ProgramData\Documents pointing to C:\Users\Public\Documents. Therefore, if someone tries to enter to the symbolic link, the system will open the object C:\Users\Public\Documents, rather than recovered D:\Recovered Files\Root\Users\Public\Documents.
Only an object is selected for recovery:	Only the selected object will be recovered.
Only a symbolic link is selected for recovery:	The symbolic link will be recovered as a symbolic link which may contain a path to a nonexistent object.

The <u>Data Recovery Topics</u> topic explains processing of symbolic links recovery in more detail.

Log

Log dialog box



■ Log options

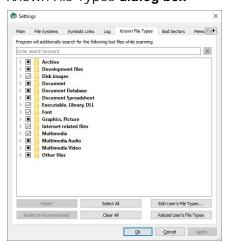
Maximum messages in the Event Log	Specifies the maximum number of messages R-Studio will keep in the event log	
Save log to file	If this check box is selected, R-Studio writes its log into a log file specified in the File name field.	
File name	Specifies the file name in which the log will be saved.	
Туре		
File	If this check box is selected, R-Studio logs all events with recovered files.	
File System	If this check box is selected, R-Studio logs all events with the file system.	
Partition	If this check box selected, R-Studio logs all events with partitions.	
Recover	If this check box is selected, R-Studio logs all events with the recovering processes.	
Drive	If this check box is selected, R-Studio logs all events with drives.	
Network	If this check box is selected, R-Studio logs all events with network operation.	
Severity		
Error	If this check box is selected, R-Studio adds error messages into its log.	
Warning	If this check box is selected, R-Studio adds warning messages into its log.	
Information	If this check box is selected, R-Studio adds information messages into its log.	
Success	If this check box is selected, R-Studio adds success messages into its log.	
NEVED WRITE A LOG FILE ON THE DISK EROM WHICH YOU RECOVER DATA!!!		

NEVER WRITE A LOG FILE ON THE DISK FROM WHICH YOU RECOVER DATA!!! Or you may obtain unpredictable results and lose all your data.

Note: If in the <u>Recover</u> dialog box the Condense successful restoration events check box is selected, the Log will display only Error, Warning, and Information event messages.

Known File Types

Known File Types dialog box



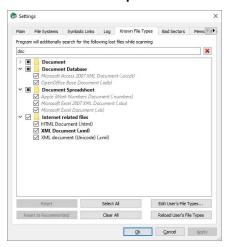
You may specify which **Known File Types** will be enabled/disabled by default. You may also specify know file types to search for during a specific <u>scan session</u> on the <u>Scan</u> dialog box.

■ Known File Types

Reset	Click this button to reset the settings to the previous state. Active until the Apply button is clicked.	
Select All	Click this button to select all file types in the list.	
Clear All	Click this button to clear all file types in the list except some predefined ones.	
Reload User's File Types	User's File Click this button to apply new file types after the user's file types file has been changes from the Main tab.	
Edit User's File Types	Click this button to add a new customer's Known File Type, or to edit already existing ones. See the <u>Customizing File Types</u> help page for more details.	

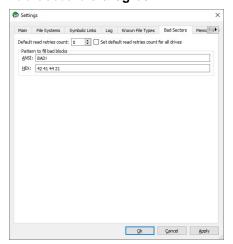
■ You may search for required file types if necessary

Search for the doc pattern



Bad Sectors

Bad Sectors dialog box

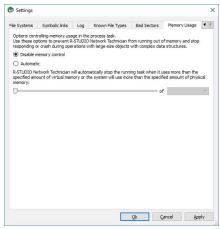


■ Bad Sectors settings

Default read retries count	Specifies a default value for I/O Tries, or how many times R-Studio will try to read a bad sector. You may specify this parameter for each drive separately on the Properties tab. R-Studio treats bad sectors in the following way: It reads a certain part of drive (predefined by Windows) and • If Default read attempts is set to 0, the entire part with bad sectors will be filled with the specified pattern. • If Default read attempts is set to a non-zero value, R-Studio reads again that part sector by sector, repeating the attempts the specified number of times. If R-Studio still cannot read a bad sector, it fills the sectors with the specified pattern. In this case only the bad sectors will be filled with the pattern, but that extremely slows the drive read process. For example, if you set Default read retries count to 1, a bad sector will be read 2 times.
Set default read retries count for all drives	Click this button to reset Default read retries count for all drives to the default value.
Pattern to fill bad blocks	Specifies a default pattern R-Studio will use to fill bad sectors in files to recover, in <u>images</u> , or when showing data in the <u>Text/Rexadecimal viewer/editor</u> . You may specify the pattern either in the ANSI or Hex data format. Note: R-Studio will never ever try to write anything on the drive from which data is to recover or an image is to create.

Memory Usage

Memory Usage dialog box



These settings control how much memory **R-Studio** uses for its work. They help preventing **R-Studio** from locking when trying to perform very memory-consuming tasks like scanning large drives or processing file systems with a lot of files.

■ Memory Usage settings

Disable memory control If this option is selected, the memory control is disabled.
--

	If this option is selected, R-Studio will automatically stop performing the task
Automatic	when the amount of used memory reaches the specified value. You may
	specify the limit for either the virtual or physical memory.

You may see how much memory **R-Studio** actually uses on the <u>Memory Usage</u> dialog box.

II Data Recovery Using R-Studio

Many specific data recovery cases are discussed in the R-TT's Data Recovery Guide.

Depending on the situation, data recovery may vary:

- 1. Recovery of deleted files that have resided on an existing logical disk This can be done using <u>Basic File Recovery</u>.
- 2. Recovery of files that have resided on a data disk with a damaged file system, or on a previously deleted or re-formatted partition

If the file system on such <u>logical disk</u> is damaged, the operating system sees that logical disk as a <u>partition</u> without a valid <u>file system</u>. Such partition should be previously <u>scanned</u>. Also, it should be scanned if you want to recover data on a previously deleted or <u>reformatted</u> partition.

You may use <u>Fast Search for Lost</u> partitions if you want only to find partitions previously existed on the drive. It's much faster.

When the partition is scanned, a number of recognized partitions will appear. **R-Studio** shows them in different colors depending on which elements of the partition have been found.

		
- ☞ F:	An existing logical disk or partition	
F: (Recognized12)	An existing logical disk or partition after drive scan	
Recognized18	A recognized partition. Both boot records and file entries are found for this partition	
Rec. Recognized22	A recognized partition. Only file entries are found for this partition	
Recognized16	A recognized partition. Only boot records are found for this partition	
Rec Recognized8	A fast found partition	
Empty Space21	Empty space on the object	
➤ DeletedPart1	A deleted partition	
Raw Files	Files that have been found using scan for known file types (raw file search).	

Although such recognized partitions are virtual objects, files can be searched for and recovered from recognized partitions as from real logical disks using <u>Basic File Recovery</u>.

To successfully recover files from a recognized partition, it is necessary to find a right one which corresponds to the real logical disk on which the files resided. No strict rules can be applied to that, but the following considerations should be taken into account:

- If you are going to recover files from a **drive with a damaged file system**, most likely the right recognized partition will be a green one.
- If you are going to recover files from a **previously deleted** or **re-formatted partition**, most likely the right recognized partition will be a yellow one.

Also always check the recognized partition's file system, start point, and size. They should be the same for the recognized partition and real logical disk/partition. When in doubt, try to <u>preview</u> a couple of files from the recognized partition. If the files are seen correctly, this is the right partition.

- 3. Data recovery from a damaged system disk. The computer does not start up.
 - If this computer is on a network, create an **R-Studio Agent Emergency** startup disk for the computer, install **R-Studio** on another computer on the network, and recover data over network.
 - If this computer is stand-alone, create an **R-Studio Emergency** startup disk and use it to start up the computer and recover data. You may use external USB drives to store recovered files.

R-Studio Features

Contact Information and Technical Support

Basic File Recovery

Advanced Data Recovery

Mass File Recovery

Volume Sets and RAIDs

Data Recovery over Network

Text/Rexadecimal editor

Technical Information and Troubleshooting

R-Studio Emergency

R-Studio Agent Emergency

2.1 Basic File Recovery

NEVER TRY TO SAVE RECOVERED FILES/FOLDERS TO THE SAME LOGICAL DISK WHERE THEY RESIDE!!!

Or you may obtain unpredictable results and lose all of your data.

See the **Data Recovery Issues** topic for details.

Basic file recovery can be made for deleted files that has resided on an existing <u>logical disk</u> visible to the operating system. In all other cases, <u>Advanced Data Recovery</u> is required.

To recover deleted files from a logical disk (recognized partition),

- 1 Double-click a logical disk in the R-Studio's Drives panel to enumerate files on the disk
 - Other ways to enumerate files
 - Select the disk and click the Open Drive Files button,

or

• Right-click the selected disk and select **Open Drive Files** on the shortcut menu,

or

• Select the disk and press the **F5** key.

or

• Select Open Drive Files on the Drive menu

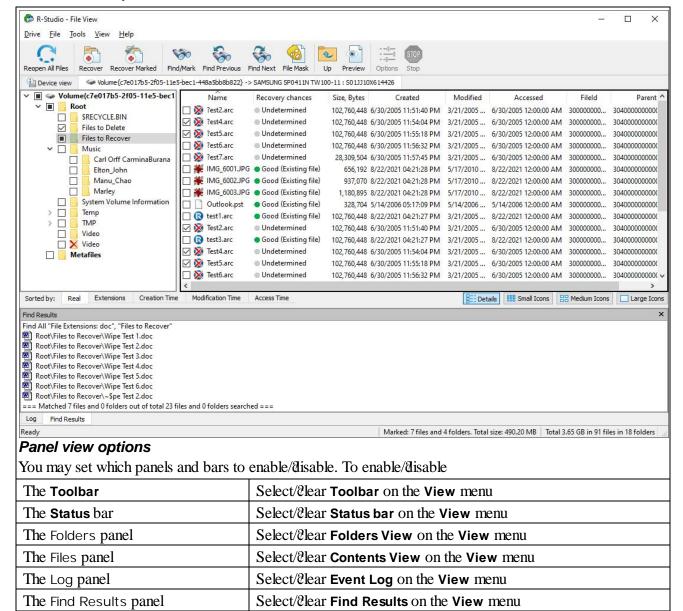
If you try to enumerate files on a drive or another object without a valid file system on it, a Double-click a logical disk... message will appear. Select a logical disk on the object or scan the object.

> R-Studio will change its panel showing the disk's folders/files structure

R-Studio analyzes data on the object and displays all files for which records have been found in the analyzed tables. If files have not been found, that means that their records have been deleted. To find such files, Advanced Data Recovery is required.

Please note that **R-Studio** shows only those files/folders that match a specified file mask.

■ R-Studio Main panel

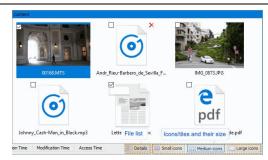


You may also arrange the data as required. On the View menu, select Arrange and them a required arrangement.

You may specify which columns will be visible in the Files panel. On the **View** menu, select **Contents Columns**, and select the columns you want to see.

Files can be shown as a list or as icons/files of different sizes.

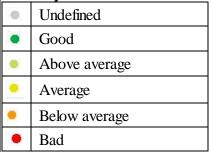
Files shown as icons/files



Recovery chances

R-Studio shows its estimates of chances for successful file recovery in the **Rec** column.

Recovery chances



When **R-Studio** has enumerated files, those estimates may not be accurate and aren't available for most files. You may improved them by right-clicking the root folder on the left pane, selecting **Recheck Recovery Chances** on the shortcut menu, and specifying required parameters.



The best estimations are though after scanning the disk/partition.

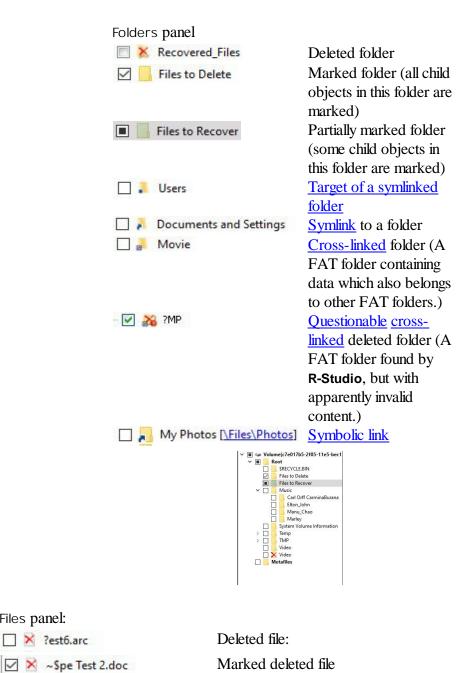
File Information

You may view some information about a file. Right-click the file and select **Get Info** on the context menu.

File Information



R-Studio Technician/T80+ shows much more information about a file. See the <u>Information about a File</u> topic for more details.



Selected deleted file

Target of a hard link

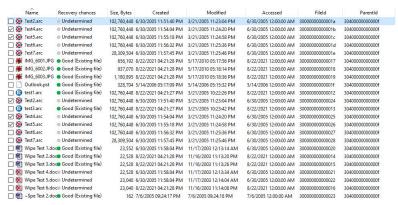
Hard link to a file

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Files panel:

IMG_6002.JPG

☐ Wipe Test 2.doc ☐ Wipe Test 2.doc



You may also arrange the data as required: by their extensions, creation/fnodification time, or as a real file structure

Sorted by: Real Extensions Creation Time Modification Time Access Time

See Find and Mark Multiple Files for more details

Find Results panel





Select Drive

Click this button to return to the **R-Studio** main panel to select another drive.



Reopen Drive Files

Click this button to list files again.



Recover

Click this button to recover selected folders/ Recover files.



Recover Marked

Click this button to recover marked folders/ Recover Marked files.



Find

Click this button to find or/and mark a particular file/folder.



Find Next

Click this button to find the next object specified in the Find/Mark Find Next dialog box



Find Previous

Click this button to find the previous object specified in the Find/Mark dialog box.



File Mask

Click this button to specify a file mask.





The **Unmask** button appears when a mask is applied.

Unmask Click this button to remove the applied mask.



Up

Click this button to move highlighting one folder up.



Options

Click this button to change Recovery Options.



Stop

Click this button to stop the current operation.

The Log panel will show how many files and folders are on the object, and their size. You may specify which events will be shown in the log pane by setting a <u>log filter</u>.

Note: Metafiles are the file system's internal files invisible to any user, or file system data, which **R-Studio** represents as files. These files do not contain user data directly. Unless you want to scrutinize a disk file system, do not restore them.

If the Too many files... message appears, you may temporally stop file listing and browse through found files. Then you can resume file listing. You also may skip this file topic and continue. **R-Studio** will keep information about the entire file structure.

You may also copy the information about folders and files.

■ For the folder (the Folders pane):

•	• ,
Click Copy Folder:	To copy the folder's name
Click Copy Path:	To copy the path to the folder

■ For the file (the Contents pane):

Click Copy (Column Name):	To copy the file's Name , Size , Created , etc., depending on which column is selected	
Click Copy Path:	To copy the file path.	
Click Copy Selected	To copy all the columns of the selected file.	
Text:		

Symbolic Link processing

R-Studio recognizes <u>symlinks</u> and processes them as specified in the <u>R-Studio Settings</u> panel. Go to the Data Recovery Issues topic for details.

You may open several disks/<u>partitions</u> in one tab. Read the <u>Opening several disks/partitions in one tab</u> help page for more details.

2 Select a file/Polder to recover

You may select several files/folders in the same parent folder by pressing the **Shift** button and clicking the objects simultaneously.

■ Marking multiple files/folders from different parent folders manually:

Mark a file/folder to recover by clicking the box left to the object, or select Mark on the shortcut menu. You may mark several files/folders in different parent folders. You may mark all objects in the folder by selecting Mark All on the Tools or shortcut menu. To unmark an object, click the box left to the object once more or select Unmark on the shortcut menu. You may unmark all objects in the folder by selecting Unmark All on the Tools or shortcut menu.

The Log panel will show how many files and folders you have marked, and their total size.

R-Studio can search for a particular file. Go to the <u>Searching for a File</u> topic for details. If you need to find and mark many files, go to the <u>Find and Mark Multiple Files</u> topic for details.

File content may be previewed before recovery. Go to the <u>Previewing Files</u> topic for details.

If you do not find files that you want to recover:

Sometimes **R-Studio** can find the files but not the entire file paths to them. It puts such files into the **Extra Found Files** folder. Try to search for the files there. If that does not help, try to find them by using file search globally on the entire drive. Go to the <u>Searching for a File</u> topic for details

If you still cannot find files that you want to recover but are sure they have existed on the logical disk, you need to use <u>Advanced Data Recovery</u> to find them.

3 Click the Recover or Recover Marked button

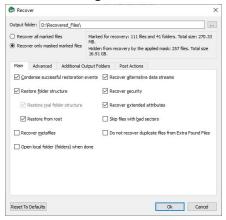
■ Other ways to recover selected files

- Right-click the selected file/folder and select **Recover** or **Recover Marked** on the shortcut menu, or
- Select Recover or Recover Marked on the File menu

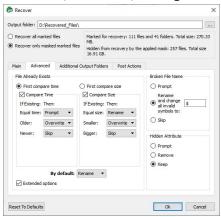
or

- Press the F2 button.
- 4 Specify recover options and output folder on the Recover dialog box and click the OK button

Recover dialog box



Recover (Advanced) dialog box



If you have another computer connected to R-Studio over network, the Recover dialog box will be slightly different. See $\underline{Data\ recovery\ over\ network}$ for details.

■ Recover options

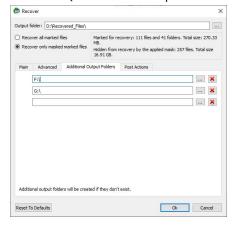
Recover all marked files	All files, regardless of the applied mask, will be recovered.
Recovered only masked marked files	Only files matching the applied mask will be recovered.
Condense successful restoration events	If this check box is selected, R-Studio will display only error and warning messages in its Log
Restore folder structure	If this check box is selected, R-Studio recovers the entire path to the selected object.
Restore from root	If this check box is selected, R-Studio recovers the entire path to the selected object starting from the root folder of the disk.
Recover metafiles	If this check box is selected, R-Studio recovers disk metafiles. Metafiles are the file system's internal files invisible to any user, or file system data, which R-Studio represents as files. These files do not contain user data directly. Unless you want to scrutinize a disk file system, do not restore them.
Recover alternative data streams	If this check box is selected, R-Studio recovers <u>alternative data</u> <u>streams</u> for file systems that support them. Has no effect on <u>FAT</u> files. See <u>Extended Information Recovery</u> for the NTFS file system, and <u>Data Recovery on HFS/RFS+ File System</u> for the Mac computers.
Recover security	If this check box is selected, R-Studio recovers security attributes for NTFS files. Has no effect on FAT files. See Extended Information Recovery for details.
Recover extended attributes	If this check box is selected, R-Studio recovers extended file attributes in the file system.
Recover real folders structure	Enabled when the files are sorted by their extensions or date. See Find and Mark Multiple Files for details. If this check box is selected, R-Studio recovers the real folders/files structure on the disk rather than that of sorted files.

Skip files with <u>bad sectors</u>	If this check box is selected, R-Studio skips files with bad sectors and displays their list on the Files with bad sectors dialog box when the recovery has been completed. You may separately decide later what to do with those files. See Bad sectors for details. If this check box is cleared, R-Studio tries to read those sectors several times (specified on the Settings/Bad Sectors dialog box), and, if fails, fills bad sectors in the recovered file with the pattern specified on the same box. Information about such files will appear in the Log .
Do not recover duplicate files from Extra Found Files	If this check box is selected, R-Studio does not recover files from Extra Found Files (raw files) that are duplicates of the files found in file system (Root).
Ignore file mask	If this check box is selected, R-Studio recovers all content of a selected folder, ignoring a specified <u>File Mask</u> .
Open local folder (folders) when done	If this check box is selected, the folder with recovered files will be opened upon recovery completion.
Advanced	Specifies options for mass file recovery

If you want to recover multiple files at once, go to the Recover Multiple Files for more information.

R-Studio Technician/T80+

Recover (Additional Output Folders) dialog box



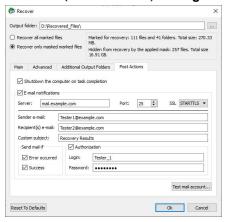
Additional Output Folders

Additional Output Folders	Additional output folders where recovered files will be stored when R-Studio
	runs out of space.

NEVER TRY TO SAVE RECOVERED FILES/FOLDERS TO THE SAME LOGICAL DISK WHERE THEY RESIDE!!!

Or you may obtain unpredictable results and lose all of your data.

Recover (Post Actions) dialog box



Post Actions Options

Shutdown the computer on task completion	If this check box is selected, R-Studio will shut down your computer when file recovery has been completed. The program will warn you if any option on the Advanced tab is set to Prompt.
E-Mail notifications	If this check box is selected, R-Studio will inform you about the outcome of the operation via email.

If a file to be recovered appears to have an invalid name, a Broken File Name dialog box will appear. You may correct the name and resume file recovery.

Broken File Name dialog box



■ Broken File Name properties

File name	Shows the current incorrect file name.	
New name	Field for a new file name.	
Edit broken symbols only	If this check box is selected, only invalid symbols may be corrected	
Change all invalid symbols to	If this check box is selected, all invalid symbols will be changed to the specified symbol	
Buttons		
Rename	Click to resume file recovery	
Rename All	Click to resume file recovery. All other files will be renamed according to the specified rule.	

Skip	Click to skip this file
Skip All	Click to skip all files and stop file recovery

If there is no space available for the recovered files, the There is not enough space on the disk dialog box will appear. You may either select other place to store the files, skip that particular file or abort the recovery process.

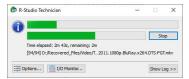
There is not enough space on the disk dialog box



> R-Studio will recover the selected/marked files/polders to the specified folder and show the results in the Log pane

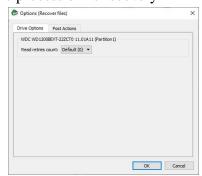
The Recovery progress indicator will show the log and progress of recovery process.

Recovery progress indicator



You may change some options during the process of file recovery and see L/O Monitor to inspect the process of drive input/output operations in real time

You may change some options during the process of file recovery



Only in the Technician version



Note: R-Studio recovers files from Ext2/3/4FS partitions, but writes it to FAT or NTFS local disks. Or you may write such files to network drives. **R-Studio** successfully recovers files from Ext2/3/4FS partitions

except its security attributes. **R-Studio** recovers <u>symlinks</u> as files containing the path to files which <u>symlinks</u> point to.

See <u>Data Recovery on HFS/PIFS+ file system</u> for details on recovering data from disks with the HFS/HFS+ file system

Opening several disk/partitions in one tab

Searching for a File

Finding Previous File Versions

Previewing Files

File Masks

Regular Expressions

Event Log

2.1.1 Opening several disks/partitions in one tab

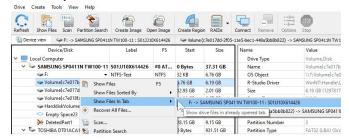
You may open several <u>disks/partitions</u> in one tab. Then you may search for files and recover them from several disks/partitions at once. This is especially useful if files are to be recovered from several recognized partitions found on one real disk/partition or a drive.

To open several disks/partitions in one tab,

- 1 Open one partition in a usual way (double-click a logical disk, for example).
- 2 Right-click the next partition, select Show Files In Tab, and select the tab you want the partition appear in, or

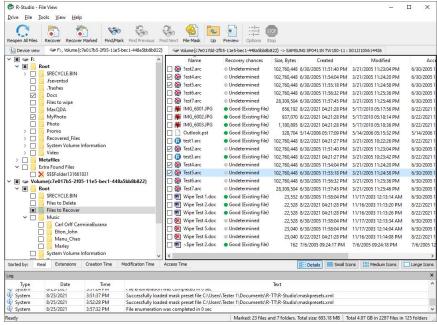
drag the disk/partition from the Device view to the required tab.

Several partitions in one tab



> R-Studio will show files from several partitions in one tab

Several partitions in one tab



Now files may be searched for, marked for recovery, and recovered.

To remove a disk/partition from the tab,

1 Right-click the required disk/partition in the tab and select Close drive in the shortcut menu.

Several partitions in one tab



> R-Studio will remove the selected disk/partition from the tab

2.1.2 Searching for a File

R-Studio can find a particular file, if it is difficult to find it manually in the Folders or Files panel. You can also automatically mark/unmark all found files.

To search for a file,

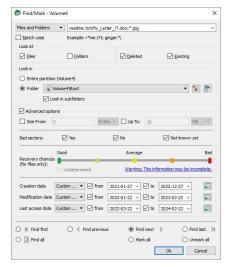
- 1 Click the Find button
 - Other ways to search for the file
 - Right-click a folder and select **Find** on the shortcut menu,

or

• Select a folder and select Find on the Tools menu

2 Specify a file to be found and its options on the Find dialog box, and click the OK button Note that a File Mask may be applied.

Find/Mark (Main) dialog box



■ Find/Mark options

- Tilla, izlaik opaol				
You may specify h	now to treat specified strings. Please note that R-Studio stores previously entered search			
strings.				
All Files and Folders	If this option is selected, R-Studio applies Advanced Options to all files.			
File Extensions	If this option is selected, R-Studio treats specified strings as file extensions			
Files and Folders	If this option is selected, R-Studio treats specified strings as file names. Use ? for one unspecified character and * for an unlimited number of them to specify file masks.			
Regular Expressions	If this option is selected, R-Studio treats specified strings as regular expressions			
File Id	Specifies File Id that R-Studio assigns to a file.			
Match case	If this check box is selected, R-Studio makes a case-sensitive search			
Look at				
Files	If this check box is selected, R-Studio includes files into a search.			
Folders	If this check box is selected, R-Studio includes folders into a search. Disables when the Mark/Unmark All option is selected.			
Deleted files	If this check box is selected, R-Studio makes a search among deleted files/folders.			
Existing files	If this check box is selected, R-Studio makes a search among existing files/folders.			
Look in	Specifies where R-Studio searches for, and marks, files. It can look for them on the Entire partition, or in/from a certain folder. If several partitions are opened in one tab, the places will be: All opened partitions, Selected partition, or in/from a certain folder. You may specify the starting folder for the search.			

	Q:\Root\Documents ▼			
	Q:			
	Q:\Root			
	Q:\Root\Documents Q:\Root\Documents\important			
	(a) Stroot became the surper care			
	identifies current opened folder.			
	identifies current starting folder for the search.			
	sets starting folder to the current opened folder.			
	sets back current starting folder.			
Advanced options	If this check box is selected, R-Studio will use the advanced options.			
Size from/up to	Specifies file size limits. See the Data Formats and Multipliers topic for more details on data formats.			
<u>Bad sectors</u>	Specifies whether there are bad sectors in the files. Not known: it's unclear if there are			
	bad sectors in the files.			
Runtime image	Specifies whether the files have already been included into the runtime <u>image</u> .			
Recovery Chances	Specifies files with certain recovery chances.			
Date	Specifies file date boundaries. Dates for Modified, Created, and Last Accessed			
	timestamps may be set separately.			
	The Set for all button sets the specified data for all fields.			
Find/Mark options	Specify what R-Studio does with the found files.			
	The Find first/previous/next/last options. R-Studio stops at the first/previous/next/last file			
	that matches the specified search criteria.			
	Find all files. R-Studio searches for all files that matches the specified search criteria			
	The search results appear in the Find Results panel.			
	Mark/Unmark All. R-Studio marks/unmarks all files that match the search criteria. When			
	these options are selected, R-Studio marks/unmarks files only, not folders, regardless			
	of what Look at: Folders specifies.			
	Please note, that when performing a new find and mark/@nmark task, R-Studio does			
	not takes into consideration the previous marked/unmarked state of files. For example,			
	if you first mark all doc files, and then all txt files, all doc files remain marked, too. To			
	unmark them, you should specify doc once again and select Unmark files.			
Find/mark	If this check box is selected, <u>links to folders</u> will be treated as real folders: they will			
objects only in	appear among search results or marked objects.			
real paths, ignore links to folders				
1111/2 10 1010/013				

> R-Studio will show/mark the found file(s)

If you need to find and mark many files, go to the Find and Mark Multiple Files topic for details.

To repeat the search,

- * Click the Find Next or Find Previous buttons
 - ☐ Other ways to repeat the search
 - Right-click a folder and select **Find Next** or **Find Previous** on the shortcut menu or
 - Select a folder and select Find Next or Find Previous on the Tools menu

To find all files and show them in the Find Results panel,

* Select Find all on the on the Find dialog box,

O1

select Find all on the Tools menu

> R-Studio will show the found files in the Find Results panel

You may do the following actions on the found files:

Recover, Mark, Preview

by right-clicking the found file and selecting the appropriate item in the shortcut menu.

2.1.3 Finding Previous File Versions

R-Studio can find previous versions of files. It searches for them in the file's current folder and in **Extra Found** Files.

File versions are searched for using file size. If the size of a files is within 10% of the original filesize, the following conditions are checked:

Conditions	Legend
File name	N
File extension	Е
Recognized file type	T

To search for previous file versions,

- 1 Right-click the file and select Find Previous Versions of the File on the shortcut menu
- * R-Studio will show the files in the list:

File versions



This technique can be used to find deleted original files after attacks of file encrypting viruses.

2.1.4 Previewing Files

R-Studio has a built-in file previewer that allows you to preview both existing and deleted files. You may use this feature to estimate chances for successful file recovery or to find a file to recover.

While previewing a file in the external viewer, you may recover it or mark the file for recovery using Previewer buttons.

Previewer buttons



Mark for recovery, Previous file, Next file, Recover

To preview a file

- 1 Right-click a file to preview in the Files panel and select Preview on the shortcut menu
 - Other ways to preview the file
 - Select the file in the Files panel and click the **Preview** button, or
 - Select the file in the Files panel and select Preview on the File menu
- > R-Studio will show the content of the file

If you have several files open in the previewer, you may instantly close all of them by selecting **Close All Previews** on the **File** menu.

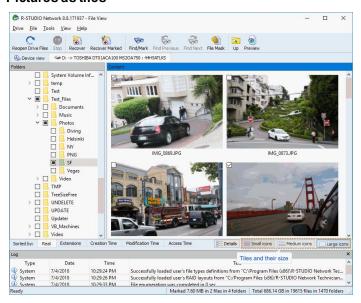
File Previewer for Pictures:

Pictures can be previewed either as tiles within the main window of **R-Studio** or in an external previewer.

Within the main window as tiles:

Tile size can be changed...

Pictures as tiles



In the external viewer:

Picture files can be zoomed in/out and rotated.

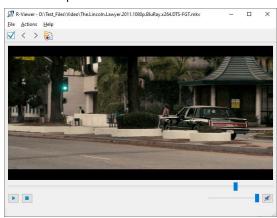
Picture file previewer



File Previewer for Video and Audio files:

Video and audio files can be played even without their respective application installed.

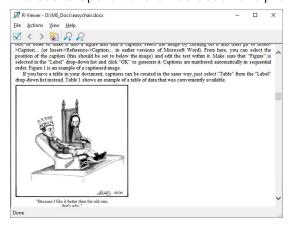
Video file previewer



File Previewer for Microsoft/Open/Libre Office Documents:

Documents can be shown (including embedded pictures) even without their respective applications installed. They can be zoomed in/out for better viewing.

Microsoft/Open/2ibre Office document previewer

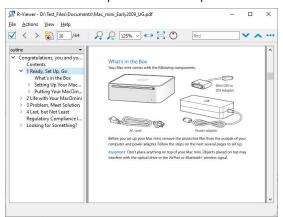


File Previewer for Adobe Acrobat PDF Files:

Files can be shown even without Adobe Acrobat installed.

The previewer allows the users to jump to a required page, zoom the document, and search for a required text.

Adobe Acrobat pdf document previewer



Supported File Types:

Documents:

MS Office and Open/Libre Office files, even without the programs installed:

- Word/Writer documents: docx;
- Excel/Calc spreadsheets: xlsx;
- PowerPoint presentation: pptx.

Office 97-2003, without the program installed:

- Word documents: doc;
- Excel spreadsheets xls;
- PowerPoint presentation ppt.

Adobe Acrobat document: pdf.

■ Multimedia Files

Video formats:

AIFF, ASF, AVI, BFI, CAF, FLV, GIF, GXF, HLS, QuickTime, 3GP, MP4, Matroska, Maxis XA, MPEG-DASH, MPEG program stream, MPEG transport stream (including AVCHD), MXF, Material eXchange Format, SMPTE, MSN Webcam stream, NUT, Ogg, OMA, RL2, TXD, WTV.

Audio formats:

8SVX, AAC, AAC+, AC-3, ADPCM, AMR-NB, AMR-WB, Amazing Studio PAF Audio, Apple lossless audio, QuickTime, ATRAC, CELT, DCA (DTS Coherent Acoustics), DPCM, DSD (Direct Stream Digitial), DSP Group TrueSpeech, DST (Direct Stream Transfer), DV audio, FLAC (Free Lossless Audio Codec), G.723.1, G.729, GSM, IAC (Indeo Audio Coder), iLBC (Internet Low Bitrate Codec), IMC (Intel Music Coder), Interplay ACM, MACE (Macintosh Audio Compression/Expansion), MACE (Macintosh Audio Compression/Expansion), MLP (Meridian Lossless Packing), Monkey's Audio, MP1

(MPEG audio layer 1), MP2 (MPEG audio layer 2), MP3 (MPEG audio layer 3), MPEG-4 Audio Lossless Coding (ALS), Musepack SV7/SV8, Nellymoser Asao, AVC (Audio for Video Codec), PCM A-law/hu-law, QCELP/PureVoice, QDesign Music Codec, RealAudio, Vorbis, Voxware MetaSound, WavPack, Westwood Audio, Windows Media Audio, Xbox Media Audio

Graphic files (with file extensions)

3DS Max thumbnail (max), AAA logo (bpr), ACE texture (ace), ADEX (img, rle), AIM Grey Scale (ima, im), AIPD image (aipd), ARF (arf), AT&T Group 4 (att), AT&T multigen (icn), AVHRR Image (sst), AVT RAW (raw), AWD (awd), Ability Photopaint Image (apx), Access (g4, acc), Aces 200 (ace), Acorn Sprite (acorn), AdTech perfectfax (adt), Adobe Illustrator (ai), Adobe PhotoParade(images) (php), Adobe Photoshop (psd), Advanced Art Studio (ocp, art, pic), AirNav (anv), Album bébé (frm), Alias Image File (pix, als, alias), Alpha Microsystems BMP (bmp), Amapi (2d), Amica Paint (ami, [b]), Amiga IFF (iff, blk), Amiga icon (info), Amstrad Cpc Screen (cpc), Analyze (avw), Analyze-7 (img), Andrew Toolkit raster object (atk), Apollo HDRU (hdru, hdr, gn), ArcInfo Binary (hdr), Art Director (art), Artisan (art), Artist 64 (a64), Artrage (ptg), Artweaver Document (awd), Astronomical Research Network (arn), Atari grafik (pcp), Aurora (sim), Auto F/X (afx), AutoCAD DWG (dwg, dwt), AutoCAD DXF (dxf), Autocad CAD-Camera (img), Autodesk Animator (fli, flc), Autodesk QuickCAD thumbnail (cad), Autodesk SKETCH thumbnail (skf), Autodesk SketchUp component (skp, skb), Autologic (gm, gm2, gm4), Award Bios Logo (epa), Axialis Screensaver(images) (ssp), B3D(images) (b3d), BFLI (bfl, bfli, fli, flp, afl), BIAS FringeProcessor (msk, img, raw, flt), BLP textures (blp), BMF (bmf), BSB/KAP (kap), BYU SIR (sir), Bert's Coloring (bmg, ibg), Bfx Bitware (bfx), Bio-Rad confocal (pic), Blazing Paddles (pi), Bob Raytracer (bob), Brender (pix), Brooktrout 301 (brk, 301, brt), Brother Fax (uni), Buttonz & Tilez texture (til), CALS Raster (cal, cals, gp4, mil), CDU Paint (cdu), CGM (cgm), CImage (dsi), CMU Window Manager (cmu), CP8 256 Gray Scale (cp8), CSV (csv), Calamus (cpi, crg), Camera RAW (raw), Canon EOS-1D Mark II RAW (cr2), Canon Navigator Fax (can), Canon PowerShot (crw), Cartes Michelin (big), Casio QV-10/100 Camera (cam), Casio RAW (bay, raw), Chinon ES-1000 digital camera (cmt), Cisco IP Phone (cip), Cloe Ray-Tracer (clo, cloe), ColoRIX (rix, sci, scx, sc?), CompW (wlm), CompuServe GIF (gif, giff), Computer Eyes, Digital Vision (ce), Computer Eyes Raw (ce1, ce2), Contax RAW (bay, raw), Core IDC (idc), Corel Draw Bitmap(preview) (cdr), Corel Draw Pattern(preview) (pat), Corel Flow(preview) (bmf), Corel Metafile Exchange(preview) (cmx), Corel PhotoPaint 6.0 (cpt), CoverDesigner(images) (ncd), CoverDesigner Template(images) (nct), Crayola (art), Creative PC-CAM RAW (bay, raw), DBW Render (), DIV Game Studio Map (map), DIV Game Studio Multi Map (fpg), DKB Ray-Tracer (dis), DNG (dng), DPX (dpx), Dali Raw (sd0, sd1, sd2), Datacopy (img), Degas & Degas Elite (pi1, pc1, pi2, pc2, pi3, pc3, pi4, pi5, pi6), Deluxe Paint, Electronic Arts (lbm, ilbm), Dicom (dcm, acr, dic, dicom, dc3), Digital F/X (tdim), Digital Research(GEM Paint) (img, gem), Direct Draw Surface (dds), Discorp CMP Image (cmp), DjVu (djvu, djv, iw4), DolphinEd (dol), Doodle Atari (doo), Doodle C64 (dd), Doodle C64(Compressed) (jj), Dr Halo (cut), Draz Paint (drz), EA Sports FSH (fsh), EPS Interchange Format (epi, ept), ERI-chan(Entis Rasterized Image) (eri), ESM Software Pix (pix), Ecchi (ecc), Eclipse (tile), Edmics (c4), Egg Paint (trp), Electric Image (ei, eidi), Embroidery (bmc), Encapsulated Postscript (ps, eps), Encapsulated Postscript (Preview) (eps), Enhance Simplex (esm), Enhanced Compressed Wavelet (ecw), Epson RAW (erf), Eroiica (eif), Everex Everfax (efx, ef3), Explore(TDI) & Maya (iff, tdi), FIF(Iterated System) (fif), FIT (fit), Face Painter (fpt), Fast Piecewise-constant (pwc), Fax Group 3 (g3, fax), Fax man (fmf), Faxable PCX (fcx), Faxable TIFF (ftf), Fenix Map (map), Fenix Multi Map (fpg), FileMagic (mag), Flash Image (fi), FlashCam Frame (ncy), FlashPix Format (fpx), Flexible

Image Transport System (fts, fits, fit), Foculus RAW (bay, raw), Fontasy Grafik (bsg), Fremont Fax96 (f96), Fugawi Map (fx3), Fuji S2 RAW (raf), Fun Painter II (fp2, fun), Fun Photor (fpr), Fuzzy bitmap (fbm, cbm), GRS16 (g16), Gamma Fax (gmf), GeoPaint (geo), Gfa Raytrace (sul), GigaPaint Hi-res (gih), GigaPaint Multi (gig), Gimp Bitmap (xcf), Gimp Brush (gbr), Gimp Icon (ico), Gimp Pattern (pat), GoDot (4bt, 4bit, clp), GunPaint (gun, ifl), HD Photo (wdp, hdp), HDRI (hdr, hdri), HF (hf), HP-48/49 GROB (gro, grb), HP-49 OpenFire (gro2, gro4), HPGL-2 (hp, hpg, hgl, plt, hpgl, hpgl2, gl2, prn, prt, spl), HRU (hru), HSI Raw (raw), Half-Life Model (mdl), Hasselblad RAW (3fr), Hayes JTFax (jtf), Hemera Photo Image (hpi), Hemera Thumbs (hta), Heretic II MipMap (m8), Hi-Eddi (hed), Hires C64 (hir, hbm), Homeworld Texture (lif), IBM Kips (kps), IBM Printer Page Segment (pse), IM5(Visilog) (im5), IMNET Image (imt), IOCA (ica, ioca, mod), IPLab (ipl), IPod thumb (ithmb), ISS (iss), IcoFX (ifx), Icon Library (icl), Imacon/Hasselblad RAW (fff), Image Capture Board (icb), Image Magick file (mif, miff), Image Speeder (ish), Image System(Hires) (ish), Image System(Multicolor) (ism), Image Systems RLC2 Graphic (rlc), ImageLab (b&w, b w), ImagePro Sequence (seq), Imaging Fax (g3n), Imaging Technology (img), Img Software Set (img), Inshape (iim), InterPaint(Hires) (iph), InterPaint(Multicolor) (ipt), Intergraph Format (itg, cit, rle), Interleaf (iimg), Iris CT (ct), Iris Graphics (iris), J Wavelet Image Codec (wic), JBIG (jbg, bie, jbig), JBIG-2 (jb2), JFIF based file (jb2), JPEG/JFIF (jpg, jpeg, jif, jfif, J, jpe), JPEG 8BIM header(Mac) (jpg, jpeg, jif, jfif, J, jpe), JPEG XR (jxr), JPEG-2000 Code Stream (jpc), JPEG-2000 JP2 File Format (jp2, j2k, jpx, jpf), JPEG-LS (jls), Jeffs Image Format (jif), Jigsaw (jig), Jovian VI (vi), Jpeg Network Graphics (jng), JustButtons animated bitmap (btn), KONTRON (img), Khoros Visualization Image file (vif, viff, xv), KinuPix Skin (thb), Kiss Cel (cel), Koala Paint (koa, kla), Koala Paint(Compressed) (gg), Kodak Cineon (cin), Kodak DC120 Digital Camera (kdc), Kodak DC25 Camera (k25), Kodak Photo CD (pcd), Kodak Pro Digital RAW (dcr), Kofax Group 4 (kfx), Kolor Raw Format (kro), Konica Camera File (kgp), LSS16 (lss, 16), LView Pro (lyp), LaserData (lda), Leaf RAW (mos), Leica RAW (bay, raw), Light Work Image (lwi), LucasFilm Format (lff), Lumena CEL (cel), LuraDocument Format (ldf), LuraDocument.jpm Format (jpm), LuraWave Format (lwf), LuraWave JPEG-2000 Code Stream (jpc), LuraWave JPEG-2000 Format (jp2, j2k, jpx, jpf), MAKIchan Graphics (mag), MGI Photosuite Project(images) (pzp), MGR bitmap (mgr), MRC(Medical Research Council) (mrc), MTV Ray-Tracer (mtv), Mac Paint (mac, mpnt, macp, pntg, pnt, paint), Mac icon (icns), Macintosh Quickdraw/Pict (pic, pict, pict, pct), Mac OSX Resource (rsc, rsrc), Maggi Hairstyles & Cosmetics (fff), Male MRI (pd, t1, t2), Male Normal CT (fre), Mamiya RAW (mef), Marks Russel File (mrf), Mavica (411), Maw-Ware Textures (mtx), Mayura Draw (pdx), MegaPaint (bld), Megalux Frame (frm), Micro Dynamics MARS (pbt), Micro Illustrator Uncompressed (mil), Micrografx Picture Publisher 4.0 (pp4), Micrografx Picture Publisher 5.0 (pp5), Micron RAW (bay, raw), Microsoft Image Composer (mic), Microsoft Paint (msp), Microtek Eyestar (img), Mindjongg Format (ipg), Minolta DiMAGE RAW (mrw), Mobile FAX (rfa), MonkeyCard (pdb), MonkeyLogo (pdb), MonkeyPhoto (mph), MrSid (sid), Msx 2 Screen (sc2), Multiple Network Graphics (mng), NCR Image (ncr), NIST ihdr (pct), National Imagery Transmission F. (ntf, nitf), NeoBook Cartoon (car), Neochrome(ST & TT) (neo), Neopaint Mask (npm), Neopaint Stamp (stw), NewsRoom (nsr, ph, bn), Nifti (img), Nikon RAW (nef), Nokia Group Graphics (ngg), Nokia Logo File (nlm), Nokia OTA bitmap (otb), Nokia Operator Logo (nol), OAZ Fax (oaz, xfx), OS/2 Bitmap (bmp, bga), Olicom Fax (ofx), Olympus RAW (orf), Open Image Library Format (oil), OpenEXR (exr), Optigraphics (ctf), Optigraphics Tiled (ttf), Optocat (abs), Oric Hires (hir), Oric TAP (tap), OS/2 Warp (bga), PABX background (pix), PAX (pax), PC Paint/Pictor Page (pic, clp), PCO (b16), PM (pm), Page Control Language (pcl), Paint Magic (pmg), PaintShopPro Browser Cache File (jbf), PaintShopPro Brush (pspbrush), PaintShopPro Brush (jbr), PaintShopPro Frame (pfr, pspframe), PaintShopPro Image (psp, pspimage), PaintShopPro Mask (pspmask), PaintShopPro Mask (msk),

PaintShopPro Pattern (pat), PaintShopPro Picture Tube (tub, psptube), PaintShopPro Texture (tex), Palm Pilot (pdb), Panasonic DMC-LC1 RAW (srf), Panasonic LX3 RAW (rw2), Panasonic RAW (bay, raw), Pegs (pxs, pxa), Pentax *ist D (pef), Pfs Art Publisher (art), Photo Deluxe (pdd, pdb), Photo Filtre Studio (pfi), PhotoFantasy Image (fsy), PhotoFrame (frm), PhotoStudio File (psf), PhotoStudio Stamp (stm), Photomatrix (cat), Pic2 (p2), Picasso 64 (p64), Picture Gear Pocket (prc), Picture It! (mix), Pixar picture file (pic, pxr, picio, pixar), Pixel Power Collage (ib7, i17, i18, if9), Pixia (pxa), Pixibox (pxb), Planetary Data System (pds, img), Playback Bitmap Sequence (bms), Pocket PC Bitmap (2bp), Pocket PC Themes(images) (tsk), Polychrome Recursive Format (prf), Portable Bitmap (pbm, rpbm, ppma), Portable Document Format (pdf), Portable Greyscale (pgm, rpgm), Portable Image (pnm, rpnm, pbm, rpbm, pgm, rpgm, ppm, rppm), Portable Network Graphics (png, apng), Portable Pixmap (ppm, rppm), Portfolio Graphics (pgf), Portfolio Graphics Compressed (pgc), Portrait (cvp), Poser Bump (bum), Postscript (ps, ps1, ps2, ps3, eps, prn), PowerCard maker (crd), PowerPoint(images) (pps), PowerPoint Presentation(images) (ppt), Print Master (pm), Print Shop (psa, psb), Printfox/Pagefox (bs, pg, gb), Prism (cpa), Prisms (pri), Psion Series 3 Bitmap (pic), Psion Series 5 Bitmap (mbm), Punk Productions Picture (ppp), Puzzle (pzl), Q0 (q0, rgb), Qdv(Random Dot Software) (qdv), Qrt Ray-Tracer (qrt), Quake Texture (wal), Quantel VPB (vpb), QuickTime Image Format (qtif, qti), RAW DVR (raw), RIPTerm Image (icn), Radiance (rad, img, pic), Rainbow Painter (rp), Raw (raw, gry, grey), Rawzor (rwz), Rayshade (pic), Red Storm File Format (rsb), Ricoh Digital Camera (j6i), Ricoh Fax (001, ric), Ricoh IS30 (pig), Rm2K XYZ (xyz), Rollei RAW (rdc, ia), RoverShot RAW (bay, raw), RunPaint(Multicolor) (rpm), Saracen Paint (sar), SBIG CCD camera ST-4 (st4), SBIG CCD camera ST-X (stx, st4, st5, st6, st7, st8), SciFax (sci), SciTex Continuous Tone (sct, ct, ch), Seattle Film Works (sfw), Seattle Film Works multiimage (pwp, sfw), SecretPhotos puzzle (xp0), Sega SJ-1 DIGIO (sj1), Sharp GPB (img), Siemens Mobile (bmx), SIF MICHEL-Soft (sif), Sigma RAW (x3f), Silicon Graphics RGB (rgb, rgba, bw, iris, sgi, int, inta), Sinar RAW (cs1, sti), Skantek (skn), Slow Scan Television (hrz), SmartDraw 6 template (sdt), SmartFax (1), SmoothMove Pan Viewer (pan), Softimage (pic, si), Solitaire Image Recorder (sir), Sony DSC-F1 Cyber-shot (pmp), Sony DSC-F828 RAW (srf), Sony PS2 TIM (tm2), Sony Playstation TIM (tim), Sony RAW (sr2, arw), Spectrum 512 (spu), Spectrum 512(Compressed) (spc), Spectrum 512(Smooshed) (sps), SPOT (dat), SriSun (ssi), Stad (pic, pac, seq), Star Office Gallery (sdg), Starbase (img), Stardent AVS X (x, avs, mbfs, mbfavs), Starlight Xpress SX (RAW), Stereo Image (jps), ST Micro RAW (bay, raw), Structured Fax Format (sff), Sun Icon/Cursor (icon, cursor, ico, pr), Sun Rasterfile (ras, rast, sun, sr, scr, rs), Sun TAAC file (iff, vff, suniff, taac), Syberia texture (syj), Synthetic Universe (syn, synu), SVG (svg), TG4 (tg4), TI Bitmap (92i, 73i, 82i, 83i, 85i, 86i, 89i), TIFF Revision 6 (tif, tim, tiff), TMSat image (imi), TRS 80 (hr), TealPaint (pdb), Teli Fax (mh), Thumbnail (tnl), TilePic (tjp), Tiny (tny, tn1, tn2, tn3), TopDesign Thumbnail (b3d, b2d), Total Annihilation (gaf), Truevision Targa (tga, targa, pix, bpx, ivb), Ulead Pattern (pst), Ulead PhotoImpact (upi), Ulead Texture(images) (pe4), Usenix FaceServer (fac, face), Utah raster image (rle, urt), VIPS Image (v), VITec (vit), VRML2 (wrl), Venta Fax (vfx), Verity (vif), Vicar (vic, vicar, img), Vidcom 64 (vid), Video Display Adapter (vda), Vista (vst), Vivid Ray-Tracer (img), Vort (pix), Vue d'esprit (vob), WAD(Half life) (wad), WSQ (wsq), WaveL (iwc), Wavefront Raster file (rla, rlb, rpf), WebShots(images) (wb1, wbc, wbp, wbz), Weekly Puzzle (jig), WebP (webp, wep), Whypic (ypc), WinFAX (fxs, fxo, wfx, fxr, fxd, fxm), WinMIPS (pic), Windows & Aldus Metafile (wmf), Windows Animated Cursor (ani), Windows Bitmap (bmp, rle, vga, rl4, rl8, sys), Windows Clipboard (clp), Windows Comp. Enhanced Metafile (emz), Windows Compressed Metafile (wmz), Windows Cursor (cur), Windows DIB (dib), Windows Enhanced Metafile (emf), Windows Icon (ico), Winzle Puzzle (wzl), Wireless Bitmap(level 0) (wbmp, wbm, wap), Word Perfect Graphics(images) (wpg), Worldport Fax (wfx), X Windows System dump (xwd, x11), X11 Bitmap (xbm, bm), X11 Pixmap (xpm, pm), XV Visual

Schnauzer (p7), Xara(images) (xar), Xerox DIFF (xif), Ximage (xim), Xionics SMP (smp), YUV 16Bits (yuv, qtl, uyvy), YUV 16Bits Interleaved (yuv, qtl, uyvy), YUV 4:1:1 (yuv, qtl), YUV 4:2:2 (yuv, qtl), YUV 4:4:4 (yuv, qtl), ZX Spectrum Hobetta (\$s, \$c, !s), ZX Spectrum Snapshot(sna), ZX Spectrum standard (screen scr), ZZ Rough (rgh), Zeiss BIVAS (dta), Zeiss LSM (lsm), Zoner Callisto Metafile(zmf), Zoner Zebra Metafile (zbr), Zsoft Multi-page Paintbrush (dcx), Zsoft Publisher's Paintbrush (pcx, pcc, dcx), byLight (bif)

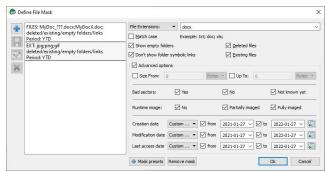
2.1.5 File Masks

R-Studio shows only those files/folders that match the specified file mask. File mask affects files/folders that are processed by the **Recover** and **Find** commands.

To specify a file mask,

- 1 Click the File Mask button
 - Other ways to specify the file mask
 - Right-click a folder and select **File Mask** on the shortcut menu or
 - Select the folder and select File Mask on the Tools menu
- 2 Specify the file mask on the File mask dialog box and click the OK button

Mask dialog box



□ File mask options

You may specify options for All Files, File Extensions, Files, and Regular Expressions			
Match case	If this check box is selected, R-Studio makes a case-sensitive search.		
Show empty folders	If this check box is selected, R-Studio will show folders with no files in them.		
Deleted files	If this check box is selected, R-Studio makes a search among deleted files/folders.		
Existing files	If this check box is selected, R-Studio makes a search among existing files/folders.		
Hide symbolic links	If this check box is selected, R-Studio hides all <u>symbolic links</u> . It may be selected by default if the Don't show symbolic links by default option is selected on the <u>Settings</u> dialog box.		
Use advanced options	If this check box is selected, R-Studio will use the advanced options, even when they are hidden.		
Advanced Options	Advanced Options		
Size from/up to	Specifies file size limits. See the Data Formats and Multipliers topic for more details on data formats.		

<u>Bad sectors</u>	Specifies whether there are bad sectors in the files. Not known: it's unclear if there are bad sectors in the files.	
Runtime image	Specifies whether the files have already been included into the runtime image.	
Date	Specifies file date boundaries. Dates for Modified, Created, and Last Accessed timestamps may be set separately.	
	The Set for all button sets the specified data for all fields.	

> R-Studio will show only those files that match the specified file masks

Click the **Unmask** button to remove the applied mask.

Mask presets

You may set various presets with different file masks. Just click on the Plus button to add the data from the dialog box to the presets. You may also give presets names, delete them, and store them permanently.

2.1.6 Regular Expressions

Regular expression is a notation for patterns of text, as opposed to exact strings of characters. The notation uses literal characters and metacharacters. Every character which does not have special meaning in the regular-expression syntax is a literal character and matches an occurrence of that character. For example, letters and numbers are literal characters. A metacharacter is a symbol with special meaning (an operator or delimiter) in the regular-expression syntax.

	Wildcard: any character
*	Repeat: zero or more occurrences of previous character or class
٨	Line position: beginning of line
\$	Line position: end of line
[class]	Character class: any character in the set
[^class]	Inverse class: any character not in the set
[x-y]	Range: any characters within the specified range
\x	Escape: literal use of metacharacter x
\ <xyz< td=""><td>Word position: beginning of the word</td></xyz<>	Word position: beginning of the word
xyz\>	Word position: end of the word

For example, the following regular expression * matches any string of characters, ^a matches any string beginning with character a.

2.1.7 Event Log

R-Studio logs and displays events in the Log panel. You may set a **Log filter** to display only needed information and to write it to a log file. You may specify the log settings on the <u>Settings</u> dialog box.

You may clear or save the log

To clear the log,

* Right-click the Log panel and select Clear Log on the shortcut menu.

To save the log to a file,

* Right-click the Log panel and select Save Log to File on the shortcut menu.

You may copy data from separate messages:

Click Copy (Column Name): To copy the record's Type, Date, Time, Text, depending on which column is selected

Click **Copy Selected Text**: To copy all the columns of the selected record.

2.2 Advanced Data Recovery

This chapter explains how to perform advanced data recovery operations.

- Drive Scan
- Fast-Search-for-Lost-Partition
- Customizing File Types
- Customizing File Types-I
- Customizing File Types-II
- Regions
- Exclusive Regions
- Images
- Wiping Objects

2.2.1 Drive Scan

In order to completely analyze data structure on an object, it must be scanned. Any object in the Drives panel can be scanned. In addition, you may create a **region** to scan only a part of an object. The Regions topic explains how to create and work with **regions**. Scan is also greatly improves estimations for chances of successful file recovery.

You may select scan area and some other scan parameters. Scan information may be saved to a file and later this file may be opened.

You may save scan information on the remote computer if necessary.

Note: You may use <u>Fast Search for Lost partitions</u> if you want only to find partitions previously existed on the drive. It's much faster.

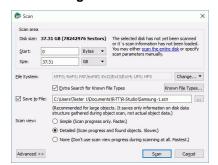
Attention: Scanning large areas may be a very lengthy process!

NEVER TRY TO SAVE SCAN INFORMATION TO THE OBJECT BEING SCANNED!!! Or you may obtain unpredictable results and lose all of your data.

To scan an object

- 1 Select an object in the R-Studio's Drives panel
- 2 Click the Scan button
 - Other ways to start scan
 - Right-click the selected drive and select **Scan** on the shortcut menu, or
 - Select Scan on the Drive menu

Specify the required parameters on the Scan dialog box and click the Scan button Scan dialog box



■ Scan options

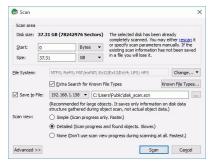
Scari options				
Drive Size:	Shows the size of the object to be scanned			
Start:	Sets the start point of the area to be scanned.			
Size:	Sets the size of the area to be scanned.			
Numbers in these	Numbers in these fields can be in bytes or sectors. See the Data Formats and Multipliers topic for			
more details on da	ata formats.			
File Systems:	Specifies the file systems which objects are to be searched for.			
	Current version supports: <u>FAT</u> , NTFS, <u>exFAT</u> , ReFS, <u>Ext</u> 2/3/4FS, <u>XFS</u> , HFS,			
	APFS, and <u>UFS</u> file systems. The Technician version supports also the ISO9660 file			
	system.			
	Please note that if you need to scan an HFS, HFS+, or HFSX disk, always enable the			
	Extra search for Known File Types option. This is very important because when files are			
	being deleted on the HFS, HFS+, HFSX file systems, the computer completely			
	removes all system information on them, and there is no way to recover the deleted files			
	except by using the Extra Search for Known File Types option. See Data Recovery on HFS/RFS+ file system for details.			
Extra search for	Enables search for Known File Types.			
Known File Types	Zame to section for fallowith the Types.			
Save scan Info to	If this checkbox is selected, R-Studio will save scan information to a specified file.			
File:	Later this file may be opened. Please note, that this option does not save actual drive			
	data, only information on drive data structure gathered during drive scan.			
	If			
Simple view	If this option is selected, R-Studio will show only scan progress.			
Detailed view	If this option is selected, R-Studio will show graphic representation on objects found			
	during scan.			
None	If this option is selected, R-Studio will not show the Scan Information tab during			
	scan.			
Buttons				
Scan	Starts scanning			
Advanced	Activates advanced scan options			
Known File Types	Selects file types that R-Studio will recognize during the drive scan.			

Cancel	Closes the dialog box

NEVER TRY TO SAVE SCAN INFORMATION TO THE OBJECT BEING SCANNED!!!

Or you may obtain unpredictable results and lose all of your data.

If a remote computer is connected for **Data Recovery over Network**, the Scan dialog box will have a different look



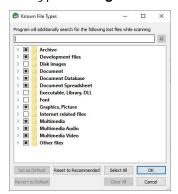
and the Save Scan Information File dialog box will appear when you select a place to store scan info. You may save it to the local or remote computer.



Known File Types (raw file search): While scanning, R-Studio can recognize the data's particular file type. Using such information, R-Studio can obtain more information about data/file structure on the object being scanned. By default, R-Studio tries to recognize the default list of supported file types specified on the Known File Types tab of the Settings panel, greatly increasing time required for the scan. You may reduce it by selecting only those file types that you need. Click the Known File Types... button and select the required file types on the File Types dialog box. These selections will be applied to that scan session only.

R-Studio places such found files in the Raw Files section in the the Drives panel.

File Types dialog box



■ Known File Types

Set as Default	Click this button to set the current list of selected file types as default values.	
Revert to Default	Click this button to revert the default settings specified on the Known File Types	
	tab of the <u>Settings</u> panel.	
Reset to	Click this button to revert to factory-preset default settings.	
Recommended		
Select All	Click this button to select all file types in the list.	

Clear All	Click this button to clear all file types in the list except some predefined ones.
	cheff this contain to the in the types in the isstante production production

■ List of known file types

Document			
AbiWord	Adobe InDesign	Adobe PDF	Apple iWork Keynote
Document: .abw	File: .indd	document: .pdf	document: .key
Apple iWork Pages	Apple iWork document	Capella document: .cap	Final Draft
document: .pages			Document: .fdr
FrameMaker	GNU Info	Garmin MapSource	Lotus AMI Pro
Document: .fm	Document: .info	data: .mps	Document: .sam
Lotus Organizer: . or 5	Lotus Word Pro	Microsoft Office Open	Microsoft OneNote
C	Document: .lwp	XML Document	section file: .one
Microsoft Pocket Streets	Microsoft PowerPoint	Microsoft PowerPoint	Microsoft Visio
Map File: .mps	2007 XML	Document: .ppt	document: .vsd
-	Document: .pptx		
Microsoft Word 2007	Microsoft Word	Word for Macintosh	Microsoft Word2
XML Document: .docx	Document: .doc	Document: .mcw	Document: .doc
Microsoft Works	OLE Storage	OpenOffice Writer	OpenOffice
document: .wps		document: .odt	document: .ods
PageMaker	PostScript	QuarkXPress file: . qxd	QuarkXpress
Document: .p65	document:.ps		project: .qxp
Rich Text	TEX document: .tex	Text document: .txt	Unicode
Document: .rtf			document: .txt
WordPerfect			
Document: .doc			
Document: E-book			
Chaoxing SSReader	EPUB eBook: .epub	FB2 eBook: .fb2	MOBI eBook: .mobi
eBook:.pdg			Microsoft Money
			Data: .mny
Microsoft Reader	Microsoft Reader		
eBook:.lit	eBook		
	annotations: .ebo		
Document: Spreadsheet			
Apple iWork Numbers	Lotus 1-2-3 v1	Lotus 1-2-3 v2	Lotus 1-2-3 v3
document: .numbers	worksheet: .wk3	workshee: .wk1, .fmt	worksheet: .wk3, .fm
Lotus 1-2-3 v4	Lotus 1-2-3	Microsoft Excel 2/3/4	Microsoft Excel 2007
worksheet: .wk4	workbook: .123	worksheet: .xls	XML
			Document: .xlsx
Microsoft Excel 4	Microsoft Excel	Quattro Pro	
Spreadsheet: .xls	Spreadsheet: .xls	Spreadsheet: .wq1	

Document: Database			
Cathy database: .caf	Data Interchange Format file: .dif	GDSII database: .gds	Microsoft Access 2007 XML Document: .accdt
Microsoft Access 2007	Microsoft Access	Microsoft SQL	Microsoft SQL
Database: .accdb	Database: .mdb	Log: .1df	Database: .mdf
MySQL Database Dictionary: . frm	MySQL database: .myi	Omnis Studio Library: .1bs	Omnis Studio Database: .df1
OpenOffice Base document: .odb	dBase III Database: .dbf		
Document: Financial			
Microsoft Money Data: .mny	QuickBooks Backup File: . qbb	QuickBooks Primary Data File: .qbw	Quicken Data: .qdf
TurboTax return file: .tax			
Internet-related files			
Compiled HTML file: . chm	Internet shortcut: .url	Microsoft OutLook Personal Folder: .pst	Microsoft Outlook/? Inbox offline folder: .ost
Mozilla Firefox browser extension: .xpi	Mozilla Mail Summary file: .msf	Outlook Express Messages: .dbx	The Bat! Address book: .abd
The Bat! Message Base: .tbb	The Bat! Message Index: .tbi	Windows Address Book: .wab	XML document (Unicode): .xml
Email			,
E-Mail Message: .eml	Microsoft OutLook Personal Folder: .pst	Microsoft Outlook Inbox offline folder: .ost	Mozilla Mail Summary file: .msf
Outlook Express Messages: .dbx	The Bat! Address book: .abd	The Bat! Message Base: .tbb	The Bat! Message Index: .tbi
Windows Address Book: .wab			
Font			
Adobe PostScript Font: .pfb	Adobe Printer Font: .pfm	BDF Unix font: .bdf	BGI font: .chr
CPI DOS font: .cpi	OpenType font: .otf	TrueType Font: .ttf	Windows System Font: . fon
Graphics/Picture	1	1	ı
AVHRR Satellite	Adobe Lightroom	Adobe Photoshop	Agfa/Matrix Scodl
image: .sst	preview: .lrprev	image: .psd	Image: .scd
Alias Wavefront Raster Image: .rla	Amiga icon: .info	ArcView Shape:.shp	AutoCAD Binary Image: .dxf

AutoCAD	AutoCAD Imaga. 1.5	Autodesc Animator Pro	Autodesc Animator Pro
	AutoCAD Image: .dxf		
Drawing: .dwg	A . 1 ' T	color palette: .col	Image: .pic
Autodesc Animator	Autologic Image: .gm	BMF image: .bmf	Bentley MicroStation
Image: .pic			CAD Drawing: .dgn
Canon (CR2) RAW	Canon (CRW) RAW	ColoRIX Image: .rix	Computer Graphics
graphics file: .cr2	graphics file: .crw		Metafile image: .cg
ComputerEyes Raw	Continous Edge Graphic	Corel Texture	CorelDraw CMX
Image: .cel, .cel	Image: .ceg	Image: .tex	Image: .cmx
CorelDraw Image: .cdr	Cubicomp Picture	DICOM medical	Digital Negative
	Maker Image	image: .dcm	image: .dbg
	.r8, .g8, .b8		
Dr. Halo palette: .pal	Enhanced MetaFile	Epson RAW	Epson Stylus
	Image:.emf	image:.erf	Image: .prn
Erdas LAN/GIS	Fractal Image	Freehand (MX)	Fuji RAW image: .raf
Image: .lan, .gis	Format: .fif	Database: .fh10	
GEM Raster	GEM VDI Image: .gdi	CompuServe GIF	Garmin Mapsource
Image: .img		Image: .gif	image: .img
Graphics Workshop for	Gridded Binary	HP Command Language	HP Raster Image: .rtl
Windows	Image: .grb	Image: .pcl	
Thumbnail: .thn			
HSI JPEG Image: .hsi	Hemera Photo-Object	Hitachi Raster	Hotspot Image: .shg
110101201111180111101	Image: .hpi	Image: .hrf	Trouspot manger variag
IBM Picture Maker			JPEG Image: . jpg
Image: .pic	Camera: . jpg		JI Do mage jpg
Jovian Logic Image: .vi	Kodak PhotoCD	Kodak RAW	LBM/IFF Image: .1bm
Jovian Logic mage VI	Image: .pcd	image: .dng	LDW/II I mage IDm
Laina DAW imaga.			Macintosh PICT
Leica RAW image: .dng	Lightwave Object: .1wo	Lotus PIC Image: .pic	
M '	M ' DAW	M IDAC C 4 III4	Image: .pct, .pic
Macintosh Paint	Mamiya RAW	McIDAS Satellite	Microsoft Paint
Image: .mac	image: .mef	Image: .goe	Image: .msp
Minolta RAW	Nikon RAW	OS/2 Icon: .ico	Olympus RAW
image: .mrw	image: .nef		image: .orf
PBM Image: .pbm	PGM Image: .pgm	PIX Image: .pix	PM Image: .pm
PNG Image: .png	PPM Image: .ppm	PaintShop Pro	Panasonic RAW
		Image: .psp	image: .rw2
PaperPort Image: .max	max Pentax RAW Pictor PC Pair		Print Shop Image: .pds
	image:.pef	Image:.pic	
Quick Link II fax	QuickDraw 3D	RAW Digital Camera	RenderMan
Image: .qfx	Metafile: . 3dmf	image: .dng	Image: .rib
Ricoh RAW image: .dng	SGI Image: .sgi	STAD Image: .pac	Samsung RAW
			image: .dng
L	l	1	

Seattle FilmWorks/? PhotoWorks image: .pwm	Sigma RAW image: .x3f	Sketch Image: .sk	SmartDraw file: .sdr	
Sony RAW image: .arw	Sun Raster Image: .sun	SymbianOS Image: .mbm	TI Image: .92i	
Tagged Image Format File: .tif	TargetExpress image: .mte	Utah Raster Toolkit Image: .rle	VITec Image: .vit	
Webshots Image: .wb1	Weresc CADE drawing: .dtc	Windows Animated cursor: .ani	Windows Bitmap Image: .bmp	
Windows Color Palette: .pal	Windows Fax Cover Image: .cpe	Windows MetaFile Image: .wmf	Windows cursor: .cur	
Windows icon: .ico	WordPerfect Graphics Image: .wpg	X PixMap Image: .xpm	X Window Dump Image: .xwd	
Xara Drawing: .xar	ZSoft PCX Image: .pcx	iPhoto Image: .attr		
Multimedia: Audio Files				
AIFF Sound: .aif	AVR Sound: .avr	AY Chip music: .ay	AdLib Tracker 2 module: .a 2m	
Advanced Streaming Format file: .asf	Audacity audio: .au	AudioCD file: .cda	Battery 3 sample: .nov	
CMF music: .cmf	Common Loudspeaker Binary: .cf1	Creative voice file: .voc	DiamondWare sound: .dwd	
Digital Speech File: .dss	Digital voice file: .dvf	EA ASF/MUS audio file: .asf	Extended M3U playlist: .m3u	
FLAC audio file: .fla, .flac	KaraBox sound: .mkf	La Lossless audio file: .1a	Liquid Audio File: .1a1	
MIDI Instrument definition: .idf	MIDI music: .mid	MIDI stream: .mds	MPEG Layer I audio file: .mpg	
MPEG Layer II audio file: .mp2	MPEG Layer III audio file: .mp3	MUS music: .mus	Monkeys audio file: .ape	
Musepack audio file: .mpc	Next/Sun uLaw sound: .au	Nitro Composer sound: .minings	Nord Modular G2 Patch: .pch2	
Ogg Vorbis audio file: .ogg	OptimFROG audio file: .ofr	Portable Sound Format: .psf	RIFF MIDI music: .rmi	
RK Audio sound: .rka	Sierra AUD sound: . aud	Sony OpenMG audio file: . oma	Super NES audio file: .spc	
TTA audio file: .tta	VQF sound: .vqf	WavPack audio file: .wv	Westwood AUD sound: .aud	
Windows Media Audio File: .wma	Windows WAVE sound: .wav	X-MIDI music: .xmi	ZyXEL sound: .zyx	
aPac audio file: .apc				
Multimedia: Video Files				

3GPP multimedia audio/?	2CDD2ki 1i-	437 M	A dele Ellerateia		
	3GPP2 multimedia	4X Movie Video: . 4xm	Adobe Filmstrip		
video: .3gp	audio/video: .3g2		Animation: .fsf		
AMV Video: .amv	ARMovie video: .rpl	Adobe Filmstrip	Autodesk		
	animation: .fsf		Animator: .fli		
BINK Video: .bik	BluffTitler video: .bt	DVM video: .dvm	DeluxePaint		
			animation: .anm		
Director video: .dcr	DriveCam video: .dce	Eyemail video: .eye	Flash Video: .flv		
Intel DVI Video: .dvi	Intel Indeo Video	Interplay MVE	LZA animation: .1za		
	File: .ivf	Video: .mve			
LZA Animation: .1za	Lotus ScreenCam	MPEG Transport	MPEG video: . mpg		
	video: .scm	Stream video: .mts	TVII 20 VIGOO. TIMPS		
MPEG-2 Transport	Matroska video: .mkv	MythTV video: .nuv	NEOchrome		
Stream video: .m2ts	Widioska video mkv	Wighti V video nuv	animation: .ani		
	NT II C X 7' 1	OV 10 '1			
Nancy Codec	Nullsoft Video: .nsv	QV-10 video: .cam	QuickTime video: .mov		
video: .noa					
SGI movie format: .mv	SMJPEG Video: .mjpg	Sega FILM/€PK	Shockwave		
		video: .cpk	video:.swf		
Smacker video: .smk	Sony Movie Player	VOB video files: .vob	VP6 encoded		
	video: .mqv		Video: .vp6		
VideoCD video: .vcd	Vivo streaming	Windows AVI	Windows Media		
	video: .viv	Video: .avi	Video: .wmv		
Multimedia Files			1		
MP4 file: .mp4	Material Exchange	RIFF Multimedia File	Real Networks audio/?		
Till i mov imp i	File: .mxf		video: .rm		
Archive Files			1 1-000 00 0 - 111		
7-Zip archive: .7z	ACE archive: .ace	AIN archive: .ain	ARJ archive: .arj		
ARX archive: .arx	Android Package: .apk	BAG archive: .bag	BIX archive: .bix		
BOA	BZip2 archive: .bz2	BlackHole archive: .bh	Blink archive: .bli		
archive: .b58, .boa					
CPIO archive: .cpio	ChArc archive: .chz	Compress archive: . z	Crush archive: .cru		
DEB archive: .deb	FOXSQZ	GZip archive: .gz	HA archive: .ha		
	archive: .sqz				
HAP archive: .hap	HPack archive: .hpk	Hyper archive: .hyp	InstallShield CAB		
			archive: .cab		
InstallShield Z archive: . z	allShield Z archive: . z InstallShield compressed		JRC archive: .jrc		
	file	JAR archive: . jar			
LHA/LZARK	LZA	LZOParchive: .1zo, .	LZX archive: .1zx		
archive: .1zh	archive: .lza, .lzz	lzop	LEXX CICIIVO 12X		
			DAKLEO		
LIMIT archive: .lim	Microsoft Cabinet	Microsoft Compress	PAKLEO		
	archive: .cab	compressed file	archive: .pll		

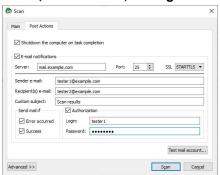
QFC archive: .qfc	Quantum	Quark archive: .ark	RAR archive: .rar	
	archive: .q, .pak			
RPM archive: .rpm	ReSOF archive: .sof	ReSOF archive: .sof SAR archive: .sar SBC archive: .s		
SQZ archive: .sqz	SZip archive	StuffIt archive: .sit	TAR archive: .tar	
UFA archive: .ufa	UHArc archive: .uha	UltraCompressor 2	WRAptor	
		archive: .uc2	archive: .wra	
WinImp archive: .imp	Windows Installer	Windows Installer	indows Installer	
	Merge Module: .msm	Package: .msi	Patch: .msp	
Windows Installer Patch	Windows Installer	YAC archive: .yc	YBS archive: .ybs	
Creation File: .pcp	Validation			
	Module: .cub			
ZIP archive: .zip	ZOO archive: . zoo	ZZip archive: .zz	iOS Package: .ipa	
xz archive: .xz				
Executable/Library/DLl	L	T	1	
DOS Style	ELF Executable (UNIX)	ELF Library (UNIX)	ELF Module (UNIX)	
Executable: .exe				
Java Bytecode: .class	KolibriOS Executable	NetWare Loadable	Shell Script	
		Module: .nlm		
UEFI Executable	Windows DLL: .dll	Windows	Windows 9x Device	
.efi		Executable: .exe	Driver: .vxd	
Windows Device	Windows OCX			
Driver: .sys	File: .ocx			
Development files	T	T	1	
ACUCOBOL object	Borland Delphi	Borland Turbo Pascal	C/C++ Source	
	Compiled Unit: .dcu	compiled Unit: . tpu	Code: .c	
COM Type	GUI Design Studio	LUA Script: . lua	Library: .lib	
Library: .tlb	project: .gui			
Microsoft .NET XML	Microsoft ClassWizard	Microsoft Linker	Microsoft Precompiled	
Resource	file: .clw	database .ilk	header: .pch	
template: .resx				
Microsoft Program	Microsoft Visual C++	Microsoft Visual Studio	Microsoft Visual Studio	
database: .pdb	project: .mdp	Solution: .sln	project: .dsp	
Microsoft Visual Studio	OMF Object	PolySpace results: .chk	RDOFF Object	
workspace: .dsw	library: .lib	T. 10. 11	File: .rdf	
Resource Compiler	Visual Studio Solution	Visual Studio Widget	Visual Studio	
Script File: .rc	User Options: .suo	File: .wid	Workspace Options	
ViewalDe elle	WinDow Winds	Windows Com 1 1	file: . opt	
VisualBasic Project:	WinDev Window: .wdw	Windows Compiled	XPCOM Type	
Project: .vbp		resource (32bit):.res	Library: .xpt	
Xcode				
Project: .pbxproj				

Disk images				
Hyper-V virtual	JAM compressed	Norton Ghost disk	QEMU virtual	
disk: .vhdx	disk:.jam	image: .ghs	disk: .qcow2	
R-Drive Image disk	VMware virtual	Virtual PC virtual	VirtualBox virtual	
image: .rdr	disk:.vmdk	disk: .vhd	disk:.vdi	
Other file types				
ABBYY Lingvo	AIX Backup File: .bff	ArtMoney Table	CrystalMaker Data	
dictionary: .1sd		file: .amt	File:.cmdf, .cmmf	
Dwarf Fortress save	EasyCrypto	Fallout 3 save	Java Applet cache	
data: .dat	file: .encrypted	game: .fos	index: .idx	
Kaspersky Anti-Virus	Kaspersky Anti-Virus	Kaspersky Anti-Virus	Magic 3D Easy View	
data base: .avc	report: .rpt	signature bas: .kdc	object: .x	
Microsoft Security	NHTSA UDS-1992	NOD32 Antivirus	ORTIMZeit	
Catalog: .cat	crash test result: .uds	Update file: .nup	project: .ozv	
OziExplorer Map	PRO100 project: .sto	PlayStation 3	RegEdit file: .reg	
data: .map		Theme: .p3t		
RegEdit file	Source Game Engine	Unreal Package	Valve Texture	
(UNICODE): .reg	Compiled AI		File: .vtf	
	Nodegraph: .ain			
WinHelp: .hlp	WinHelp	WinXP Prefetch file: .pf	Windows Backup	
	Contents: .cnt		File: .bkf	
Windows Clipboard	Windows Color	Windows	Windows National	
file: .clp	Profile: .icm	Minidump: .dmp, .mdm	dm locale:.nls	
		р		
Windows Password	Windows Registry	Windows Thumbnail	Windows User	
file: .pwl	hive:.dat, .hiv	cache: .db	Interface Module: .wim	
Windows shortcut: .lnk	X-Plane Scenery: .dsf	XNA Game Data: .xnb		

Note: Using scan for Known File Types, **R-Studio** can successfully recover only un-fragmented files. You may also specify your own file types for scanning. See <u>Customizing File Types</u> for details. User-defined file types precede over built-in ones, if their definitions overlap. You may set the defaults for known file types on the <u>R-Studio Settings</u>.

R-Studio Technician/T80+

Scan (Post Actions) dialog box

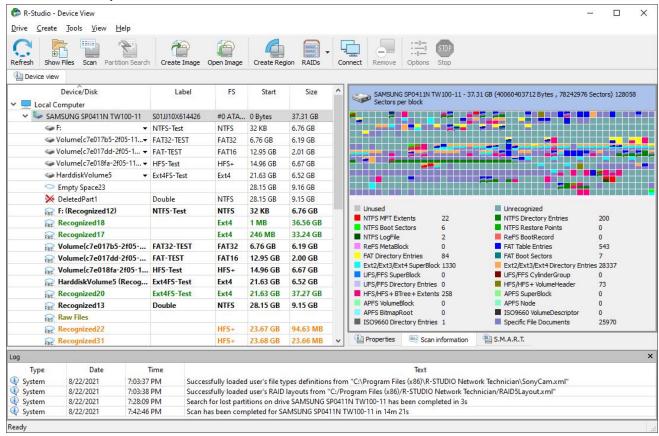


□ Post Actions Options

Shutdown the computer on task completion	If this check box is selected, R-Studio will shut down your computer when scan has been completed. You should select the Save to file checkbox and specify a place to save scan info to activate this option.
E-Mail notifications	If this check box is selected, R-Studio will inform you about the outcome of the operation via email.

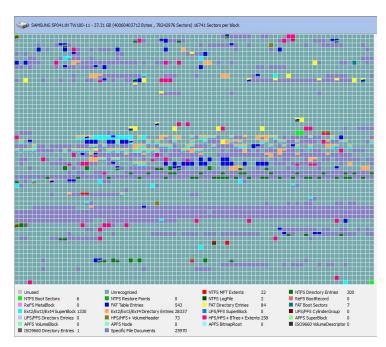
> R-Studio starts scanning the object, and its panel will show information about new found objects:

■ R-Studio Main panel



Drives panel after scanning: You can select an object by clicking it

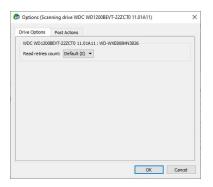
Device/Disk	Label	FS	Start	Size
Local Computer				
SAMSUNG SP0411N TW100-11	S01JJ10X614426	#0 ATA (Pri	0 Bytes	37.31 GB
⊕E •	NTFS-Test	NTFS	32 KB	6.76 GB
🤝 Volume(c7e017b5-2f05-11e5-bec1-448a5b ▼	FAT32-TEST	FAT32	6.76 GB	6.19 GB
Solume(c7e017dd-2f05-11e5-bec1-448a5b ▼	FAT-TEST	FAT16	12.95 GB	2.01 GB
Solume(c7e018fa-2f05-11e5-bec1-448a5bb ▼	HFS-Test	HFS+	14.96 GB	6.67 GB
→ HarddiskVolume5	Ext4FS-Test	Ext4	21.63 GB	6.52 GB
Empty Space23			28.15 GB	9.16 GB
→ DeletedPart1	Double	NTFS	28.15 GB	9.15 GB
🔛 F: (Recognized12)	NTFS-Test	NTFS	32 KB	6.76 GB
Recognized18		Ext4	1 MB	36.56 GB
Recognized17		Ext4	246 MB	33.24 GB
Volume⟨c7e017b5-2f05-11e5-bec1-448a	FAT32-TEST	FAT32	6.76 GB	6.19 GB
Volume{c7e017dd-2f05-11e5-bec1-448a	FAT-TEST	FAT16	12.95 GB	2.00 GB
Volume{c7e018fa-2f05-11e5-bec1-448a	HFS-Test	HFS+	14.96 GB	6.67 GB
Recognized 19)	Ext4FS-Test	Ext4	21.63 GB	6.52 GB
Recognized20	Ext4FS-Test	Ext4	21.63 GB	37.27 GB
Recognized13	Double	NTFS	28.15 GB	9.15 GB
Raw Files				
Recognized22		HFS+	23.67 GB	94.63 MB
Recognized31		HFS+	23.68 GB	23.66 MB
Recognized23		HFS+	25.65 GB	23.66 MB
Recognized24		HFS+	25.67 GB	23.66 MB
Recognized28		HFS+	25.79 GB	30.55 MB
Recognized26		HFS+	26.97 GB	756.86 ME
Recognized25		HFS+	27.18 GB	47.32 MB
Recognized30		HFS+	27.19 GB	30.55 MB
Recognized32		HFS+	27.19 GB	30.55 MB
Recognized27		HFS+	27.20 GB	30.55 MB
Recognized29		HFS+	27.66 GB	23.66 MB
Recognized16		FAT16	7.18 GB	238.98 ME



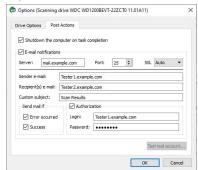
Log				×
Type	Date	Time	Text	
System	8/22/2021	7:03:37 PM	Successfully loaded user's file types definitions from "C:\Program Files (x86)\R-STUDIO Network Technician\SonyCam.xml"	
System	8/22/2021	7:03:38 PM	Successfully loaded user's RAID layouts from "C:/Program Files (x86)/R-STUDIO Network Technician/RAID5Layout.xml"	
System	8/22/2021	7:28:09 PM	Search for lost partitions on drive SAMSUNG SP0411N TW100-11 has been completed in 3s	
System	8/22/2021	7:42:46 PM	Scan has been completed for SAMSUNG SP0411N TW100-11 in 14m 21s	

The Log pane will show scan progress. Scan may be stopped by clicking the **Stop** button on the toolbar. Later the scan process may be resumed with different scan parameters. Some scan parameters may also be changed during the scan process. Click the Options button and change them on the Scanning dialog box.

You may change some options during the scan process

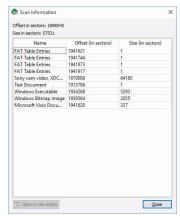


Only in the Technician version



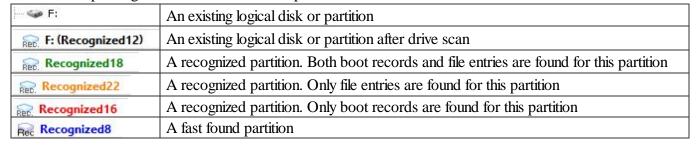
You may see which file object(s) is/are on a particular drive part. Click the corresponding rectangle in the Scan Information pane and view the information on the Scan Information dialog box.

Scan Information dialog box



Double-click an object to view/êdit the file object in the **Text/Bexadecimal editor**.

When an object is scanned, a number of Recognized partitions will appear. **R-Studio** shows them in different colors depending on which elements of the partition have been found.



Empty Space21	Empty space on the object
₩ DeletedPart1	A deleted partition
Raw Files	Files that have been found using scan for known file types (raw file search).

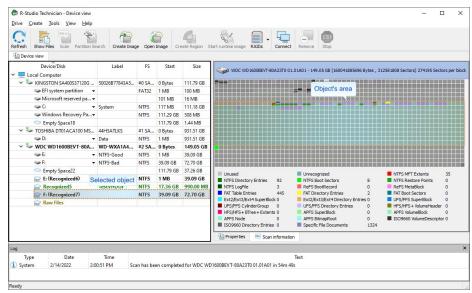
Although such recognized partitions are virtual objects, files can be searched for and recovered from recognized partitions as from real <u>logical disks</u> using <u>Basic File Recovery</u>.

To see the information about a newly found object, simply click it in the Drives panel. Click this link to see the information about the object Recognized 13 on the logical disk H:



When an object in the scanned drive is selected, **R-Studio** shows the scanned area of the object.

Object's scanned area



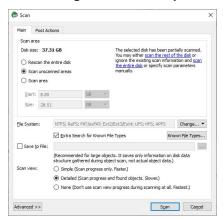
All scanned information may be deleted on the shortcut menu for a scanned object.

Scan information may be saved in a file. Previously saved scan information may be loaded. This can be done on the **Drive** or shortcut menu for a selected object.

Resuming incomplete scans or scanning the object with different parameters

You may resume the scan of an incompletely scanned object or rescan the already scanned object with different parameters. The Scan dialog will be a little bit different in this case.

Scan dialog box for incomplete scans

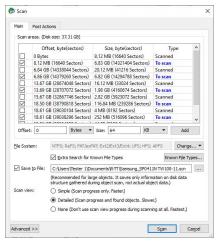


You may rescan the entire drive, scan unscanned areas, or scan an explicitly specified area.

Scan of multiple areas

You may simultaneously scan several successive or overlapping areas. Click the **Advanced** button, specify an offset and size for a new area to scan on the Advanced Scan dialog box and click the **Add** button. You may specify and add several scan areas. You may select which areas should be scanned. Selected scan areas can be merged. Right-click a necessary area and select either **Merge Down**, **Merge Down AII**, and **Merge Selected**. You may also select/unselect unscanned areas.

Advanced Scan dialog box



R-Studio accumulates the information from successive scans and keeps track of changes in this information obtained from different scans.

You may manage the areas

Managing scan information

Scan information may be saved to a file. Previously saved scan information may be loaded.

To save scan information

- 1 Select an object in the R-Studio Drives panel
- 2 Select Save Scan Information on the Drive or shortcut menu and save the scan information in a file The default file extension is *.scn.

If a remote computer is connected for <u>Data Recovery over Network</u>, the Save Scan Information File dialog box will appear when you select a place to store scan info. You may save it to the local or remote computer.

To load scan information

- 1 Select an object in the R-Studio Drives panel
- Select Open Scan Information on the Drive or shortcut menu and select the required file with the scan information

The default file extension is *.scn.

If a remote computer is connected for <u>Data Recovery over Network</u>, the Open Scan Information File dialog box will appear when you select a place to load scan info from. You may load it from the local or remote computer.



> The scan information will appear in the Drives panel

To remove scan information

- 1 Select an object in the R-Studio Drives panel
- 2 Select Remove Scan Information on the Drive or shortcut menu
- > The scan information will disappear from the Drives panel

NEVER TRY TO SAVE SCAN INFORMATION ON THE OBJECT BEING SCANNED!!! Or you may obtain unpredictable results and lose all your data.

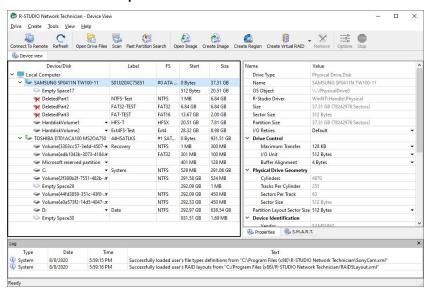
2.2.2 Fast Search for Lost Partitions

<u>Drive scan</u> gives very detailed and accurate results but takes long time. If you want to find only <u>partitions</u> previously existed on the drive you may use fast search for lost partitions which is much faster.

To perform fast search for lost partitions,

1 Select an object in the R-Studio's Drives panel

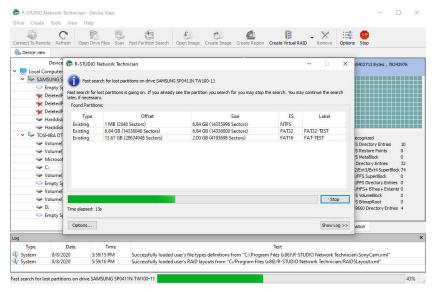
Fast search for lost partitions



2 Click the Partition Search button

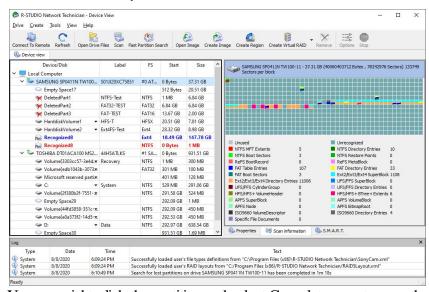
R-Studio will start searching for lost partitions showing its progress.

Fast search for lost partitions



> **R-Studio** will show fast found partitions in blue.

Fast search for lost partitions



You may right-click the partition and select Complete scan to scan the entire drive.

2.2.3 Customizing File Types

You may create your own known file types and add their file signatures for scanning in Known File Types. They will appear in their respective folders on the File Types dialog box.

You can do that either by using the **R-Studio's** graphic interface or by direct editing the known file description file specified on the **R-Studio** Main settings dialog box.

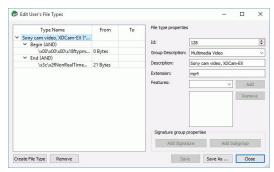
Creating a Known File Types using a Graphic User's Interface

The easiest way to add your own is to use the **R-Studio's** graphic interface.

To create a Known File Type,

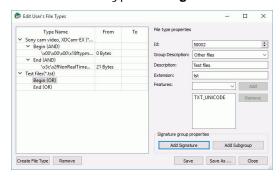
- 1 On the Known File Types settings dialog box, click the Edit User's File Types... button
- The Edit User's File Types dialog box will appear

Edit User's File Types dialog box



2 Click the Create File Types button and specify File type properties

Edit User's File Types dialog box



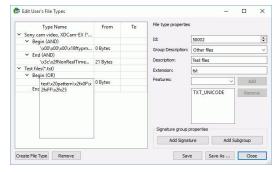
☐ File Types properties

id	digit	Required	Digital file type identifier. Should be unique for each custom file type.
group	string	Optional	Specifies a file type group in which found files will appear. You may specify either your own groups or select those predefined on the File Types dialog box.
descrip tion	string	Optional	Brief file description
feature s	NO_SCAN TXT_ANS I TXT_UNI CODE	Optional	Additional properties of the file type. If you want to specify several properties, they should be separated by a space. NO_SCAN: Not to be scanned for. If this flag is used, R-Studio will not search for such file type. Such files will be shown when sorting files by their extensions. TXT_ANSI: The file can be viewed as ANSI text. If this flag is specified, the file can be correctly represented as an ANSI text. When previewing, this file will be immediately sent to Text/? hexadecimal editor. TXT_UNICODE: The file can be viewed as UNICODE text. If this flag is specified, the file can be correctly represented as a UNICODE

			text. When previewing, this file will be immediately sent to Text/? hexadecimal editor.
extensi on	<string< td=""><td>Optional</td><td>File extension.</td></string<>	Optional	File extension.

3 Click the Add Signature button, specify the signature parameters, and click the Save button

Edit User's File Types dialog box



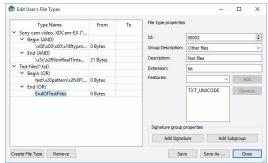
□ File signature properties

= 1 110 digitatare	6.666.00
Begin End	Specifies from where the signature begins. If End, the offset is from the end of file to the first byte of the signature. That is, if the signature is two bytes long, the offset value should be 2.
AND OR	Shows the order of the logical operation (union or intersection)
From	A decimal number specifying the leftmost possible offset for the file signature.
То	A decimal number specifying the rightmost possible offset for the file signature.

You may specify as many signatures as you need. Moreover, you may specify subgroups within a signature using the **Add Subgroup** button. The structure of such possible subgroups is described on the <u>Customizing File Types-II</u> help page.

> The newly specified file type will appear on the Edit User's File Types dialog box and the File Types dialog box

Edit User's File Types dialog box



2.2.4 Customizing File Types-I

The syntax of signature description is similar to that of the XML language. They are stored in the file specified on the **R-Studio** Main settings dialog box.

More advanced features are described in **Customizing File Types-II.**

Signature file example

File structure

File header

The file starts with a standard XML header

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```

Section FileTypeList

<FileTypeList>

It requires a closing element </FileTypeList>.

Section FileType

This is a description of each file signature.

Attributes:

id	<u32></u32>	Required	Digital file type identifier. Should be unique for each file type.	
group	<string></string>	Optional	Specifies a file type group in which found files will appear. You may specify either your own groups or those predefined on the File Types dialog box.	Default: unknown
description	<string></string>	Optional	Brief file description	Default: null (no description)
features	NO_SCAN TXT_ANSI TXT_UNICODE	Optional	Additional properties of the file type. If you want to specify several properties, they should be separated by a space.	Default: 0
extension	<string></string>	Optional	File extension.	Default: null (no extension)

File type properties flags

NO_SCAN	Not to be scanned for. If this flag is used, R-Studio will not search for such file type. Such
	files will be shown when sorting files by their extensions.
TXT_ANSI	The file can viewed as ANSI text. If this flag is specified, the file can be correctly
	represented as an ANSI text. When previewing, this file will be immediately sent to Text/?
	hexadecimal editor.
TXT_UNICOD	File can viewed as UNICODE text. If this flag is specified, the file can be correctly
E	represented as a UNICODE text. When previewing, this file will be immediately sent to
	Text/hexadecimal editor.

This section can contain an unlimited number of the Signature elements. If there are several Signature elements, that means that all those signatures are simultaneously present in the file. Such signatures should have different offset attributes and they should not overlap.

Element Signature

Attributes:

offset	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal offset for the signature	Default: 0
count	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal number specifying the number of signatures of the same length. Used when several signatures of the same length starting with the same offset can be present in a file. In this case they should be sequentially written in the element, and the size attribute specifies the length of signature. count*size should be equal to the number of bytes in the element. If only one signature can be on this offset, count should be equal "1", and size should be equal to the length (the number of bytes) of the signature.	Default: 1
size	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal number specifying the number of bytes in the signature.	Default: the number of bytes written in the element.
from	begin end	Optional	Specifies from where the offset is calculated. If end, the offset is from the end of file to the first byte of the signature. That is, if the signature is	Default : begin

	two bytes long, the offset value	
	should be 2.	

Comments

```
<!-- Comment string -->
```

An XML standard string for a comment.

2.2.5 Customizing File Types-II

Currently **R-Studio** supports two versions of file type descriptions. Version 2 extends legacy Version 1 by adding variable signature offsets and AND/OR combination of several signatures in one file type. The version of file type description is specified by the version attribute of the FileTypeList section. Version 1 is the default option.

File structure

Elements common to Versions 1 and 2 of file type description

File header

The file starts with a standard XML header

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```

Section FileTypeList

<FileTypeList>

Attributes:

	version	1.0	Optional	Version of file type description	Default: 1.0
--	---------	-----	----------	----------------------------------	--------------

It requires a closing element </FileTypeList>.

Comments

```
<!-- Comment string -->
```

An XML-standard string for a comment.

Version 1 of file type description

Signature file example

Section FileType

This is a description of each file signature.

Attributes:

id	<u32></u32>	Required	Digital file type identifier. Should be unique for each file type.	
group	<string></string>	Optional	Specifies a file type group in which found files will appear. You may specify	Default: unknown

			either your own groups or those predefined on the File Types dialog box. See the table below.	
description	<string></string>	Optional	Brief file description	Default: null (no description)
features	NO_SCAN TXT_ANSI TXT_UNICODE	Optional	Additional properties of the file type. If you want to specify several properties, they should be separated by a space.	Default: 0
extension	<string></string>	Optional	File extension.	Default: null (no extension)

File type properties flags

NO_SCAN	Not to be scanned for. If this flag is used, R-Studio will not search for such file type.
	Such files will be shown when sorting files by their extensions.
TXT_ANSI	The file can be viewed as ANSI text. If this flag is specified, the file can be correctly represented as an ANSI text. When previewing, this file will be immediately sent to
	Text/Rexadecimal editor.
TXT_UNICODE	The file can be viewed as UNICODE text. If this flag is specified, the file can be correctly represented as a UNICODE text. When previewing, this file will be
	immediately sent to Text/Rexadecimal editor.

List of predefined file type groups

Group	Name on the File Types dialog box.
archive	Archive Files
graphics	Graphics/Picture
internet	Internet-related files
multimedia	Multimedia Files
audio	Multimedia: Audio Files
video	Multimedia: Video Files
font	Font
document	Document
doc_database	Document: Database
doc_sheet	Document: Spreadsheet
exe	Executable/Library/DLL
unknown	Other file types

This section can contain an unlimited number of the Signature elements. If there are several Signature elements, that means that all those signatures are simultaneously present in the file. Such signatures should have different offset attributes and they should not overlap.

Element Signature

The element contains a string value of the file signature consisting of ASCII characters and hex bytes in the $\ \ \$ hh format, where hh is a hexadecimal byte code. If that is not a hexadecimal number after $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$ are treated as a part of the string section of the signature

Attributes:

offset	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal offset for the signature	Default: 0
count	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal number specifying the number of signatures of the same length. Used when several signatures of the same length starting with the same offset can be present in a file. In this case they should be sequentially written in the element, and the size attribute specifies the length of signature. count*size should be equal to the number of bytes in the element. If only one signature can be on this offset, count should be equal to "1", and size should be equal to the length (the number of bytes) of the signature.	Default: 1
size	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal number specifying the number of bytes in the signature.	Default: the number of bytes written in the element.
from	begin end	Optional	Specifies from where the offset is calculated. If end, the offset is from the end of file to the first byte of the signature. That is, if the signature is two bytes long, the offset value should be 2.	Default: begin

Version 2 of file type description

Signature file example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<FileTypeList version="2.0">
 <FileType id="5626" group="_Test" description="Test file" extension="tst">
    <Begin combine="and">
      <Signature from="0" to="20">ABC</Signature>
     <Signature offset="1">CDEFG</Signature>
      <AND>
       <Signature offset="0">DE</Signature>
       <Signature offset="0">RTD</Signature>
       <OR>
          <Signature offset="12">CP</Signature>
          <Signature offset="16">RTD</Signature>
       </OR>
      </AND>
    </Begin>
    <End combine="or">
      <Signature from="3" to="20">ABC</Signature>
      <Signature offset="5">CDEFG</Signature>
      <AND>
        <Signature offset="2">DE</Signature>
       <Signature offset="3">RTD</Signature>
        <OR>
```

Section FileType

This is a description of each file signature.

Attributes:

Similar to those in Version 1.

The section can contain one element Begin and one End. It should contain at least one of them.

Example

Sections Begin and End

Specify the positions of file type signatures in the file.

Attributes

combine	and	Optional	Shows the order of the logical	Default: and
	or		operation (union or intersection)	

These sections can contain one of several elements Signature. And one or several elements OR or AND. If there are several elements inside the section they are combined according to the attribute combine.

Example:

Sections and or

These sections can contain one of several elements Signature. And one or several elements OR or AND. If there are several elements inside the section they are combined according to the section type (logical AND or OR).

Example:

```
<FileTypeList version="2.0">
  <FileType id="2" group="archive" description="ARJ Archive" extension="arj">
    <Begin>
      <Signature [attributes]> ... </Signature>
      <Signature [attributes]> ... </Signature>
        <Signature [attributes]> ... </Signature>
          <Signature [attributes]> ... </Signature>
            <Signature [attributes]> ... </Signature>
            <Signature [attributes]> ... </Signature>
          </AND>
          <OR>
            <Signature [attributes]> ... </Signature>
            <Signature [attributes]> ... </Signature>
          </OR>
        </OR>
        <Signature [attributes]> ... </Signature>
   </Begin>
  </FileType>
</FileTypeList>
```

Element Signature

The element contains a string value of the file signature consisting of ASCII characters and hex bytes in the \xspace hh format, where hh is a hexadecimal byte code. If that is not a hexadecimal number after \xspace x, \xspace x are treated as a part of the string section of the signature

Attributes:

offset	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal offset for the signature	Default: 0
from	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal number specifying the leftmost possible offset for the file signature. Ignored if the offset attribute is specified.	Default: undefined
to	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal number specifying the rightmost possible offset for the file signature.	Default: undefined

			Ignored if the offset attribute is specified.	
size	<u16></u16>	Optional	Decimal number specifying the number of bytes in the signature.	Default: the number of bytes written in the element.

Example:

2.2.6 Regions

Scanning large objects may take a long time. Sometimes, only a smaller area of a drive needs to be scanned or searched for files. Such area is called a *region*. A <u>region</u> can be created on any object in the **R-Studio**'s Drives panel.

Created regions can be scanned, and files on them can be recovered in the same way as from drives or <u>logical</u> disks.

Created regions can be deleted or their size can be changed.

Note: R-Studio does not create anything real on the drive. Regions are virtual objects that do not affect actual data on the drive.

To create a region

- 1 Select an object in the R-Studio's Drives panel and click the Create Region button
 - Other ways to create the region
 - Right-click the selected object and select **Create Region** on the shortcut menu or
 - Select the object and select **Create Region** on the **Create** menu
 - Select the object and press the **F4** key on the keyboard
- 2 Specify required parameters on the Create region dialog box and click the Create button

Create region dialog box

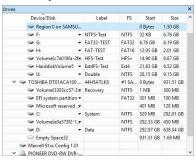


Region options

Drive size:	Shows size of the object where the region is to be created. The region cannot be larger than this size.
Start:	Start point of the region
Size:	Size of the region. Cannot be larger than Drive size.

Numbers in these fields can be in bytes or sectors. See the **Data Formats and Multipliers** topic for more details on data formats.

> A Region object will appear in the Drives panel.



To change the size of a region

* Right-click the Region in the R-Studio Drives panel, select Edit on the shortcut menu, and enter a new size on the Edit Region dialog box.

To convert a region into an exclusive one

* Right-click the Region in the R-Studio Drives panel and select Exclude area on the shortcut menu

To remove a region

* Select a Region in the R-Studio Drives panel and click the Remove button, or Right-click the selected region and select Remove Region on the shortcut menu.

2.2.7 Exclusive Regions

Exclusive regions are areas on any object visible in the **R-Studio**'s Drives panel that are excluded from drive operations. **R-Studio** never tries to read/write data from/to such area. Exclusive regions are necessary when, for example, there are areas with <u>bad sectors</u> on a drive, and it is necessary to avoid any drive operations with such areas to not inflict further damage to such drive and to speed work with it.

Note: R-Studio does not create anything real on the drive. Exclusive regions are virtual objects that do not affect actual data on the drive.

To create an exclusive region

1 Right-click an object in the R-Studio's Drives panel and select Create Exclusive Region on the shortcut menu, or

Select the object and select Create Exclusive Region on the Create menu

2 Specify required parameters on the Create Exclusive Region dialog box and click the Add button

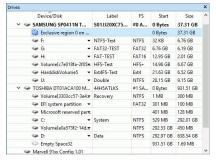


■ Exclusive Region options

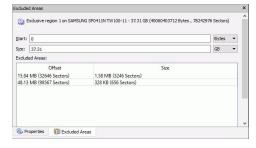
Start:	Start point of the entire exclusive region
Size:	Size of the entire exclusive region. Cannot be larger than Drive size.
Offset:	Offset of the excluded area.
Size:	Size of the excluded area.

Numbers in these fields can be in bytes or sectors. See the **Data Formats and Multipliers** topic for more details on data formats.

> An Exclusive Region object will appear in the Drives panel.



Its properties can be seen on the Excluded Areas tab.



To remove an exclusive region

* Select an Exclusive Region in the R-Studio Drives panel and click the Remove button, or Right-click the selected region and select Remove Region on the shortcut menu.

To change the size of an exclusive region

* Right-click an Exclusive Region in the R-Studio Drives panel, select Edit on the shortcut menu, and add/Remove excluded areas on the Edite Exclusive Region dialog box.

You may remove an excluded area by right-clicking it and selecting **Remove** on the shortcut menu.

2.2.8 Images

An <u>image</u> is an exact, byte by byte, copy of any object in the Drives panel. When created, images can be processed like their original objects.

Images are very useful if there is a risk of total data loss due to hardware malfunction. If bad blocks are constantly appearing on a drive, you must immediately create an image of this drive. All data search, scan and restoring can be done from this image.

While creating images, **R-Studio** can simultaneously perform drive scan and save scan information to lessen time necessary to process the drive.

The image can be saved on the remote computer if it is created <u>via network</u>. **R-Studio** can also load and process images created with the **DeepSpar Disk Imager**TM.

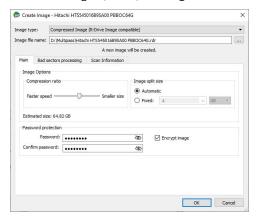
An imaging process can be stopped and then resumed later on.

R-Studio Corporate version and higher can create images directly on hard drives making in fact disk clones.

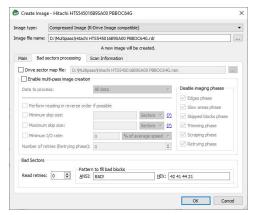
To create an image,

- 1 Select an object in the R-Studio's Drives panel and click the Create Image button
 - Other ways to create the image
 - Select the object and select **Create Image** on the **Drive** menu or
 - Right-click the selected object and select **Create Image File** on the shortcut menu
- 2 Specify image options, a file name, and destination for the *image* on the Create Image dialog box **Note:** To store an image file, you need a <u>free space</u> equal to at least the object size.

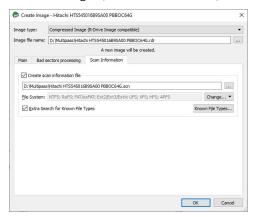
Create Image (Main) dialog box



Create Image (Bad sector processing) dialog box



Create Image (Scan Information) dialog box

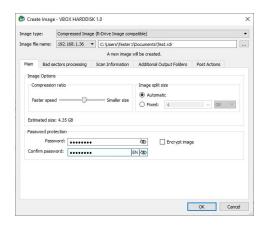


■ Image Options

Image filename	Specifies the name and path for the image file
Image type:	Compressed image (R-Drive Image compatible): If this option is selected, R-Studio will create an image file which can be compressed, split into several parts, and password-protected. This image file is fully compatible with the images created by R-Drive Image , but incompatible with very old versions of R-Studio . Byte by byte image to a file: If this option is selected, R-Studio will create a simple exact copy of the object. Byte to byte image to a physical disk: R-Studio will create an exact copy of the disk on another hard drive. Data on the target drive will be overwritten. Available in the Corporate, Technician, and T80+ licenses. Some other image formats are also available in the Technician, and T80+ licenses. You may read more about these formats in the Supported Virtual Disk and Disk Image Formats page.
Image compression ratio	You may <u>compress</u> the data in the image to save space. Active only if the Compressed image (R-Drive Image compatible) is selected.
Estimated size	Shows the estimated size of the image file. An actual image size depends on how much empty space is on the selected <u>partition</u> and what file types are there. Active only if the Compressed image (R-Drive Image compatible) is selected.

Image split size	You may set this option to Automatic and let Windows decide how to split the image file. This mostly depends on the file system on the destination drive. You may also either explicitly specify the split size, or choose a preset for various devices with removable storage. Select Fixed size for that. Active only if the Compressed image (R-Drive Image compatible) is selected.
Password	You may protect your image file with a password. Note: If you leave the Encrypt
Encrypt image	image option clear this feature will provide a relatively moderate protection against conventional unauthorized access. If this option is selected, R-Studio will
	encrypt the image using the <u>AES-XTS</u> algorithm.
	Note: Only files in the RDR format can be password protected and encrypted.
0 1 1 5 11	
Create scan information file	If this option is selected, R-Studio will perform drive scan simultaneously with image creation. See the Drive Scan help page to learn scan options.
Read retries	Specifies a value for I/O Tries, or how many times R-Studio will try to read a
	bad sector.
	R-Studio treats bad sectors in the following way:
	It reads a certain part of drive (predefined by Windows) and
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	• If Default read attempts is set to 0, the entire part with bad sectors will be filled with the specified pattern.
	• If Default read attempts is set to a non-zero value, R-Studio reads again that
	part sector by sector, repeating the attempts the specified number of times. If
	R-Studio still cannot read a bad sector, it fills the sectors with the specified
	pattern. In this case only the bad sectors will be filled with the pattern, but that extremely slows the drive read process.
	For example, if you set Default read retries to 1, a bad sector will be read 2 times.
Pattern to fill bad blocks	Specifies a pattern R-Studio will use to fill bad sectors in this image. You may
	specify the pattern either in the ANSI or Hex data format.
	Note: R-Studio will never ever try to write anything on the drive from which
	data is to recover or an image is to create. This pattern fills bad sectors only in
	the image.
Drive sector map file	These options are available only in the Technician/T80 + versions. Read more
Enable multi-pass	about these options in the I/O Monitor and Sector Map files and Multi-pass
image creation	imaging help page.
	wat have

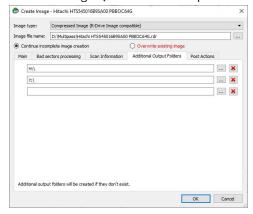
If a remote computer is connected for <u>Data Recovery over Network</u>, the Create Image dialog box will have a different look. You may save the image to the local or remote computer.



R-Studio Technician/T80+

These options are available only in the **Technician/T80**+ versions.

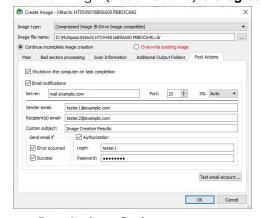
Create Image (Additional output folders) dialog box



Additional output folders

Additional output folders where image files will be stored when **R-Studio** runs out of space.

Create Image (Post Actions) dialog box



■ Post Actions Options

Shutdown the computer on task completion

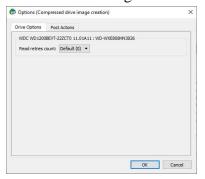
If this check box is selected, **R-Studio** will shut down your computer when image creation has been completed.

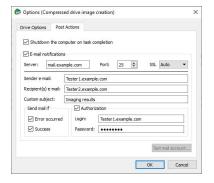
E-Mail notifications	If this check box is selected, R-Studio will inform you about the outcome of
	the operation via email.

> R-Studio will start creating the image, the Progress message showing the progress.

You may change some options during the imaging process. Click the **Options** button and change them as necessary/

You may stop the imaging process and then resume it later on. Click the **Stop** button and the Cancel drive operation dialog box will appear. Select **Stop** if yo want to keep the partially created image or **Discard** if you don't need this image file.

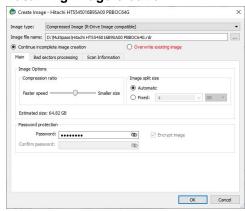






To resume the creation of the image for the same object, select the same file name for the image. You'll be able to create a new image file or continue to create the image for the object.

Resuming image creation



R-Studio will create a new file for every new start of imaging for the .rdi and .vmdk file types.

To process an already created *Image*, the image file should be opened.

To open an image

1 Click the Open Image button, or

Select Open Image File on the Drive menu

If a remote computer is connected for <u>Data Recovery over Network</u>, the Open Image File dialog box will appear when you select a place to load the image file from. You may load it from the local or remote computer.



2 Select the required image file

If the image is a multi-volume one, and not all parts are at the same place, the dialog box will appear

Multi-volume image dialog box

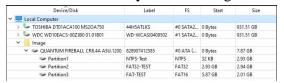


Specify paths to other image parts and click the OK button.

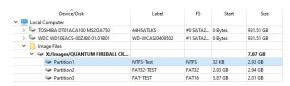
> An Image object will appear in the Drives panel

Depending whether this is a byte-by-byte, compressed (**R-Drive Image** compatible), multi-volume, or VMDK image, its appearance in the Drives panels is different.

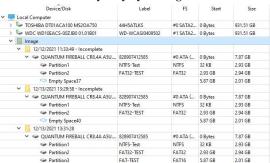
You may perform all data search, scan, and recovery from this image as it were a regular drive/disk object.



A compressed (R-Drive Image compatible) image



A byte by byte image



A multi-volume image



A VMDK image

To close an image

- * Select the image and click the Close Image button,
 - or right-click the image and select **Close Image** on the shortcut menu
 - or select the image and press the **F8** key.



To close all image

Select Close All Images on the Tools menu

A <u>logical disk</u> (or disks) containing in an image can be mounted in the operating system as a device which makes its content accessible to any program including any other data recovery software.

To mount a logical disk in an image

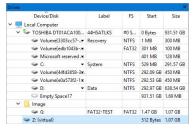
1 Right-click the logical disk in the image in the Drives panel and select Mount on the shortcut menu



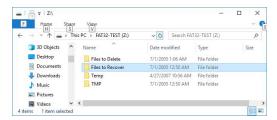
2 Select a disk letter to assign to the mounted logical disk and click OK



> A Virtual disk object will appear in the Drives panel



and this virtual disk will be available to system in the read-only mode



To unmount a virtual disk from the system

1 Right-click the virtual disk in the image in the Drives panel and select Unmount on the shortcut menu

2.2.9 Wiping Objects

Disk objects can be <u>wiped</u> in order to completely destroy its data.

Supported Wipe Algorithms

File wiping is necessary only for files stored on conventional hard drives. Files stored on new <u>SSD storage</u> devices cannot be effectively wiped out due to the principles of operation of these devices.

Currently **R-Studio** supports 6 wiping algorithms:

Zeroes	The disk object or file is filled with zeroes through 1 pass. The fastest but the least
	secure algorithm. Also it does not conceal the fact that the disk or file has been
	wiped.
Pseudo-random	The disk object or file is filled with pseudo-random numbers through 1 pass. A
numbers	slower but little bit more secure algorithm than the Zeroes algorithm and it also
	conceals to some degree the fact that the disk or file has been wiped.
DoD 5220.22-	The disk object or file is wiped using Department of Defense standard 5220.22-
M(3)	M(3). Provides high-grade data wiping filling the unused space or file with a special
	digital pattern through 3 passes This algorithm is very secure, but slow.
DoD 5200.28-	The disk object or file is wiped using Department of Defense standard 5200.28-
STD (7)	STD(7). Provides high-grade data wiping filling the unused space or file with a
	special digital pattern through 7 passes. This algorithm is very secure, but very
	slow.
Bruce Schneier(7)	The disk object or file is wiped using the Bruce Schneier(7) algorithm. The first
	pass overwrites the drive with the bit pattern "00", the second with "11", and the
	next five with a randomly generated bit pattern. This algorithm is very secure, but
	very slow.
Peter Gutmann	The disk object or file is wiped using the Peter Gutmann's algorithm. Provides high-
(35)	grade data wiping filling the unused space or file with a special digital pattern
	through 35 passes. This algorithm is military-level secure, but horribly slow.

What algorithm is to choose, depends on your specific needs. All of these wiping algorithms make recovery of wiped data with any software-based data recover utility impossible. So if you want to protect your information from a casual snooper, you may safely choose either the **Zeroes** or **Pseudo-random numbers** algorithm. The latter also conceals the fact that you wiped the data.

If you want more security, you need to know the following:

There are some techniques for recovery of wiped data. These techniques are based on the fact that magnetic medium on the hard drive's platters "store" some information about previously written data. Such information cannot be completely removed. Wiped data may be recovered even from mechanically damaged platters. So the only safe way to completely remove data from a hard drive is to mechanically grind the magnetic medium off the drive platters or dissolve them in special chemical solvents.

But in order to recover the wiped data using one of these techniques, a hard drive must be disassembled, its platters placed in a precise magnetic field measurement system, and the results of such measurement statistically processed. All that is very expensive and requires a very qualified and experienced personnel and a specially developed equipment. Only a very advanced organization such as a law enforcement or intelligence agency of a developed nation, or a special high-tech firm can afford this. Moreover, each successive wiping pass makes such

data recovery much and much harder. So, the **DoD 5220.22-M(3)** clearing and sanitizing standard overwriting the data with a special pattern through 3 passes is a rather reliable and safe choice for this case.

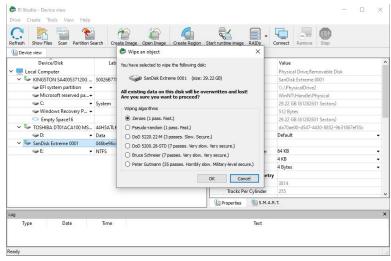
If you need the ultimate security, use the **DoD 5220.22-M(7)** clearing and sanitizing standard, the **Bruce Schneier(7)**, or even the **Peter Gutmann (35)** wiping algorithms. They render data almost unrecoverable, but they are extremely slow.

Wiping Disk Objects:

To wipe a disk object,

- 1 Right-click the disk object in the Device view pane and select Wipe...
- > The Wipe an object dialog box will appear.

Wiping Disk Objects



- 2 Select the desired wiping algorithms and click the OK button.
- > R-Studio will start wiping the object.

2.3 Mass File Recovery

Recovery of multiple files

If you need to recover multiple files you may do it through the following steps:

- 1 Find and mark all the necessary files
 Go to the <u>Find and Mark Multiple Files</u> topic for more information
- 2 Recover all marked files in a single file recovery step
 Go to the Recover Multiple Files topic for more information
- 3 Create file recovery lists to manually edit the list of files to recovery (Technician/T80+ version)
 Go to the File Recovery Lists topic for more information

Memory considerations

R-Studio stores information about found files in computer memory. If there are too many files, **R-Studio** may run out of it. To avoid this, you have two options:

Recover all files

If you want to recover data from an entire file system object (a <u>logical disk</u>, <u>partition</u>, <u>partition image</u>, etc.), you may use the **Recover All Files** command from the **Drive** or shortcut menu. Right click the object in the Drives panel to access the shortcut menu. A <u>Recover</u> dialog box will appear. Select required restore settings, including file mask. This command restores unlimited number of files without memory restrictions.

View file information in steps

As soon as **R-Studio** nearly runs out of memory, a Too many files... message appears. You may temporally stop file listing and browse through found files. Then you can resume file listing. You also may skip this file section and continue file listing.

In all cases, **R-Studio** keeps information about the entire file structure.

- Find and Mark Multiple Files
- Recover Multiple Files

2.3.1 Find and Mark Multiple Files

If you need to find and mark many files at once, you may do that in the following ways:

By sorting them by their extensions or creation/modification/accessed time. To sort files by their extensions or creation/modification/accessed time,

* In the Folders panel select the tab

Extensions to sort the files by their extensions

Creation to sort the files by their creation time

Time

Modification to sort the files by their modification time

Time

Accessed to sort the files by their accessed time

Time

- Other ways to sort files by their extensions or creation/anodification/accessed time
- Select the disk in Drives panel, select **Open Drive Files Sorted By** on the **Drive** menu, and select the respective option,

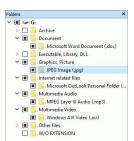
or

• In the Drives panel, right-click the disk and select **Open Drive Files Sorted By** on the shortcut menu and select the respective option,

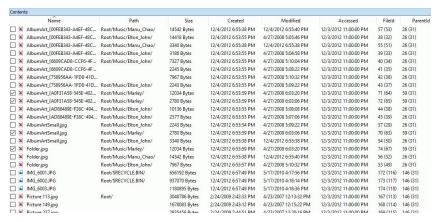
or

- In the Folders panel, right-click the disk letter and select **Show Files Sorted By** on the shortcut menu and select the respective option,
- > R-Studio will show the sorted files in the Folders and Content panels, showing the path to each file:

 Folders panel for files sorted by their extensions



Content panel with files/folders sorted by their extensions



To return to the conventional view,

* In the Drives panel, right-click the logical disk, select Open Drive Files Sorted By on the shortcut menu, and select Real File System Structure,

or

In the Folders panel, select Show Files Sorted By on the Drive menu and select Real File System Structure or

Click the Real tab

By finding and marking multiple files using the Find/Mark dialog box

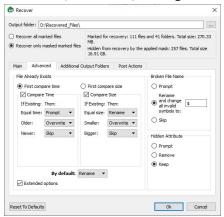
You may find and mark all the files on the entire disk by using Mark matched files in the Find/Mark mode option. You may specify all the necessary search options and mark all the found files. Please note that each find and mark/Unmark operation is independent from previous ones. That is, if a file matches the search criteria, it will be marked/Unmarked regardless of its previous marked/Unmarked state.

For example, if you first mark all doc files, and then all txt files, all doc files remain marked, too. If you then decide to unmark all files smaller than 2 kB, all doc and txt files will stay marked except those that less than 2 kB.

2.3.2 Recover Multiple Files

If **R-Studio** while recovering files encounters either an already existing file or file with a broken name, normally it will stop working and ask you what to do with the file. If you recover multiple files, that may require you answer a lot of the same questions. You may use Mass File Recovery Options on the <u>Recover</u> dialog box to instruct **R-Studio** what to do in those cases for all files.

Recover (Advanced) dialog box



■Advanced file recovery options

File Already Exists	These options instruct R-Studio what to do if there already exists a file with the
	same name.
Extended options	If this option is selected, <u>more advanced options</u> become accessible to process multiple duplicates of the file.
Prompt	If this option is selected, R-Studio asks the user what to do for each such file. It stops file recovery until it receives the answer.
Rename	If this option is selected, R-Studio adds a File ID to the file name. If a file already exists with the same name and that file ID, a number will be added to th file name and file ID.
Skip	If this option is selected, R-Studio skips all new files with the same name.
Overwrite	If this option is selected, R-Studio overwrites the existing file with the new one.
Overwrite Older	If this option is selected, R-Studio overwrites the existing file with the new one if the existing file is older than the new file. The time stamp used is Modified.
Overwrite Smaller	If this option is selected, R-Studio overwrites the existing file with the new one if the existing file is smaller than the new file. The time stamp used is Modified.
Overwrite Bigger	If this option is selected, R-Studio overwrites the existing file with the new one if the existing file is bigger than the new file. The time stamp used is Modified.
Broken File Name	These options instruct R-Studio what to do if a file to be recovered appears to have an invalid name.
Prompt	If this option is selected, R-Studio shows the standard <u>Broken File Name</u> dialog box for each file with a broken file name. It stops file recovery until it receives the answer.
Rename and change all invalid symbols to:	If this option is selected, R-Studio changes all invalid characters to the character specified.
Skip	If this option is selected, R-Studio skips all files with broken file names.
Hidden Attribute	These options instruct R-Studio what to do if a file to be recovered appears to have the Hidden attribute.
Prompt	If this option is selected, R-Studio asks the user what to do with the attribute. It stops file recovery until it receives the answer.

Remove	If this option is selected, R-Studio removes the Hidden attribute from all files.
Кеер	If this option is selected, R-Studio keeps the Hidden attribute for all files.

Extended options

These options give you more flexible ways to process multiple files with the same name. You may compare files by time (Modified) and size, and decide what **R-Studio** should do with those duplicates. If any of the files has an invalid time, the comparison by time is skipped. In this case, if comparison by size is not active, **R-Studio** goes to the default action.

■Extended advanced file recovery options

First compare time	These options instruct R-Studio which condition to use first, file time or size.
First compare size	
Compare time Compare size	These options instruct R-Studio to enable comparison by time and size
Actions	These selectable actions instruct R-Studio what to do if the condition is met.
Empty field	If this option is selected, R-Studio skips the condition.
Prompt	If this option is selected, R-Studio asks the user what to do for each such file. It stops file recovery until it receives the answer.
Rename	If this option is selected, R-Studio adds a File ID to the file name. If a file already exists with the same name and that file ID, a number will be added to th file name and file ID.
Skip	If this option is selected, R-Studio skips all new files with the same name.
Overwrite	If this option is selected, R-Studio overwrites the existing file with the new one.
Time conditions	If the Modified time stamp is invalid, R-Studio will skip the comparison.
Equal time	Two time stamps are the same.
Older	The existing file is older than the new one.i
Newer	The existing file is newer than the new one.i
Size conditions	
Equal size	Two files have the same size.
Smaller	The existing file is smaller than the new one.i
Bigger	The existing file is bigger than the new one.i
By default	The action R-Studio takes when none of the comparison conditions have been met. That may happen when the comparison by size is not enabled.

2.3.3 Recovery Lists

You may create a file containing a list of files and folder found on a <u>disk/partition</u>. Then such file may be manually edited to specify files to recover, and then loaded back into **R-Studio**. **R-Studio** will automatically mark the files in this list for recovery. Such lists are very useful, for example, when it is necessary to have many files approved for recovery by someone else who is far away from the computer where **R-Studio** is running.

You may create recovery lists for the entire disk or for specific folders. Moreover, you may create a recovery list for all files within the disk/folder, or for marked files/folders only.

All versions of **R-Studio** can create recovery lists in the plain text format with basic functionality. **R-Studio Technician/T80+** can create <u>custom recovery lists</u> in other formats with more advanced options

Creating a simple recovery list

To create a recovery list

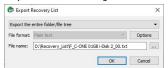
1 For an entire disk, select Export Recovery List on the File menu, or

Right-click the uppermost folder (higher than **Root**, usually the letter or the name of the disk) and select **Export Recovery List** on the shortcut menu.

For a specific folder, right-click the folder and select Export Recovery List on the shortcut menu.

2 Specify the place to save the recovery list and other necessary options on the Export Recovery List dialog box

Export Recovery List dialog box



Options dialog box



Export Recovery List options

Export the entire folder/file tree Export marked file/folder names Export file/folder names	Specifies which file and folder names will be exported.
File format:	A file format for the recovery list. Only text format is available for the standalone and corporate versions. R-Studio Technician/T80 + can create custom recovery lists in other formats with more advanced options The following formats are available for R-Studio Technician/T80 + version: Plain Text HTML XML JSON CSV
File name:	Specifies a file name of the recovery list.

Editing the file recovery list

All files without any marks in the recovery list will be marked when the list is loaded into \mathbf{R} -Studio. So, if you have some files in the recovery list that don't need to be recovered, just delete them from the list. In addition, you may use the following marks to specify some options

:+ Mark the file, or the folder, all its files, and subfolders within the folder.

- :* Mark the file, or the folder and its files, don't mark subfolders in the folder.
- :- Unmark the file, or the folder, its files, and subfolders in the folder.
- := Unmark the file or the folder and its files, dont unmark subfolders in the folder.
- Provide the information on the file. (**R-Studio Technician/T80**+ only)

R-Studio processes records in the list consequently. That is, if there are the following lines in the file,

```
:+Files_to_Recover\
:-Files_to_Delete\File_2.jpg
the file File_2.jpg won't be marked for recovery, while for the lines
:-Files_to_Recover\File_2.jpg
:+Files_to_Recover\
file File_2.jpg will be.
```

Loading the edited recovery list

To load a recovery list into R-Studio,

- * Select Import Recovery List from the File menu and select the file, or
 Right-click the uppermost folder (higher than Root, usually the letter or the name of the disk) and select
 Import Recovery List on the shortcut menu.
- > R-Studio will load the file and mark the files accordingly.

An example of a simple recovery list

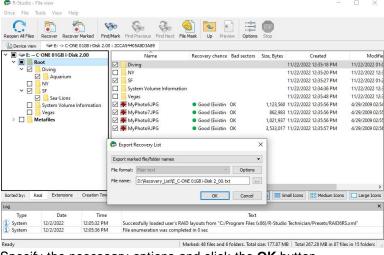
As an example, we'll create a simple recovery list, edit it to mark only those files that are to be recovered, and load it back to mark those files.

To create such recovery list

* Mark the necessary folders, right-click the Root folder, and select Export Recovery List on the shortcut menu.

Right-click the uppermost folder (higher than **Root**, usually the letter or the name of the disk) and select **Export Recovery List** on the shortcut menu.

Export Recovery List



Specify the necessary options and click the **OK** button.

> R-Studio will save the file.

SF/IMG_3592.JPG

Structure of a simple recovery list file created by R-Studio

```
:# Version = 1
:# Sort = by real
:# PathDelim = /
:# CaseSensitive
:# Drive = type:"Volume"; size:"1048576000"; mountpoint:"e:\"; label:"ntfs test";
fs:"NTFS";
:# Parent = type: "Drive"; size: "1048576000"; serial: "2cca54405a8d3a89";
firmware:"2.00"; product:"01gb i-disk"; vendor:"c-one";
Diving/
Diving/Aquarium/
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_100644.jpg
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_101620.jpg
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_102526.jpg
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_103830.jpg
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_104333.jpg
Diving/MyPhotol.jpg
Diving/MyPhoto2.jpg
Diving/MyPhoto3.jpg
Diving/MyPhoto4.JPG
Diving/MyPhoto5.jpg
SF/
SF/Sea-Lions/
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3493.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3535.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3542.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3579.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3580.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3581.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3589.JPG
SF/IMG_0869.JPG
SF/IMG_0873.JPG
SF/IMG_0890.JPG
SF/IMG_1739.JPG
SF/IMG_3460.JPG
SF/IMG_3461.JPG
SF/IMG_3476.JPG
SF/IMG_3478.JPG
SF/IMG_3479.JPG
SF/IMG_3480.JPG
SF/IMG_3481.JPG
SF/IMG_3493.JPG
SF/IMG_3535.JPG
SF/IMG_3542.JPG
SF/IMG_3579.JPG
SF/IMG_3580.JPG
SF/IMG_3581.JPG
SF/IMG_3589.JPG
SF/IMG_3590.JPG
SF/IMG_3591.JPG
```

```
SF/IMG_3593.JPG

SF/IMG_3594.JPG

SF/IMG_3596.JPG

SF/IMG_3608.JPG

SF/IMG_3627.JPG

MyPhoto6.JPG

MyPhoto7.JPG

MyPhoto8.JPG

MyPhoto9.JPG
```

If such recovery list is created from an entire logical disk/partition, it will contain several virtual folders. For example, they'll have the following structure for an NTFS partition.

```
///m/$Extend/
///m/$Extend/$Deleted/
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$Txf/
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$TxfLog/
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$TxfLog/$Tops
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$TxfLog/$TxfLog.blf
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$TxfLog/$TxfLogContainer000000000000000000001
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$Repair
///m/$Extend/$ObjId
///m/$Extend/$Quota
///m/$Extend/$Reparse
///m/$AttrDef
///m/$BadClus
///m/$Bitmap
///m/$Boot
///m/$LogFile
///m/$MFT
///m/$MFTMirr
///m/$Secure
///m/$UpCase
///m/$Volume
```

Now we need to edit this file to mark for recovery the following folders/files:

- 1. All files in the root folder;
- 2. Two files MyPhoto1. jpg and MyPhoto3. jpg in the Diving subfolder;
- 3. All files in the Diving/Aquarium/ folder;
- 4. All files in the SF/ folder except the SF/Sea-Lions/ subfolder.

The edited simple recovery list

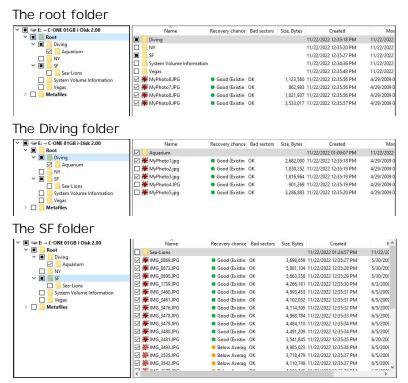
The final simple recovery list will be the following:

```
:# Version = 1
:# Sort = by real
:# PathDelim = /
:# CaseSensitive
```

```
:# Drive = type:"Volume"; size:"1048576000"; mountpoint:"e:\"; label:"ntfs test";
fs:"NTFS";
:# Parent = type:"Drive"; size:"1048576000"; serial:"2cca54405a8d3a89";
firmware:"2.00"; product:"01gb i-disk"; vendor:"c-one";
:= Diving/
:+ Diving/Aquarium/
:+ Diving/MyPhoto1.jpg
:+ Diving/MyPhoto3.jpg
:+ SF/
:- SF/Sea-Lions/
MyPhoto6.JPG
MyPhoto7.JPG
MyPhoto8.JPG
MyPhoto9.JPG
```

Loading the edited recovery list

When we load this recovery list into **R-Studio**, will see the following results;



2.4 Volume Sets and RAIDs

R-Studio detects and processes valid hardware volume sets and RAIDs like regular drives/volumes.

R-Studio can analyze and recover data from software volume sets and RAIDs. If a software volume set or RAID is present in your system, **R-Studio** detects it, and a *Volume sets and RAIDs* object appears in the Drives panel. This object can be searched for files, scanned, and files found on it can be recovered the same way as from normal drives/volumes.

If, due to hardware failure, a hardware volume set or RAID cannot be accessed, or due to data loss your system does not recognize a software volume set or RAID, and you know what drives were in it, you may create a

Virtual volume set or *RAID* and process it like a real software volume set or RAID or hardware volume set or RAID.

You may find more information on RAID types in our article What is Hardware RAID.

You may turn <u>numerical indexes</u> for objects to distinguish them better while creating virtual RAIDs.

- Volume Sets, Stripe Sets, and Mirrors
- Basic RAID 4 and RAID 5 Operations
- Working with RAID 6 Presets
- Working with RAID6 (Double Xor)
- Working with RAIDs with Parity Delays
- Working with Advanced RAID Layouts
- Nested and Non-Standard RAID Levels
- Finding RAID Parameters
- Checking RAID Consistency
- Syntax of a Description File for RAID Configurations
- Description Files for RAID Configurations
- Reverse RAIDs
- Various Disk and Volume Managers
- Mounting Virtual Objects in the System

Managing your own RAID layouts

To save your own RAID layout in the presets

- 1 Click the More... button on Parents tab and select Save on the shortcut menu.
- 2 Specify the name for the configuration on the Preset name dialog box.

Preset name dialog box



> The new RAID configuration will be saved in the presets

The configurations are stored in the <u>user's RAID layout file</u>. The path and name for this file is specified on the <u>R-Studio Settings</u> dialog box. If no file is specified, **R-Studio** will ask you to enter the name.

Loading your RAID configuration

If there're objects in the Parents tab, the preset will be applied to them. If the Parents tab is empty, **R-Studio** will search the drives listed in the Drives tab for the parents in the <u>user's RAID layout file</u>. If the search fails, **R-Studio** will show the Reference Parents not found message.

To load your RAID configuration

- 1 Click the More... button on Parents tab and select the preset you want to load
- > The new RAID configuration will be loaded

To edit your own RAID configuration

1 Click the More... button on Parents tab and select Edit... on the shortcut menu

2 Select the required configuration on the Edit Block RAID Layout Presets dialog box.

Edit Block RAID Layout Presets dialog box



- 3 Edit the parameters of the configuration and save it
- > The new configuration parameters will be saved.

Turning Drivess On-Line and Off-Line on-the-fly

You may turn the objects in the virtual RAID or volume set on-line and off-line by selecting/êlearing the checkbox on the Parents tab. It may be useful, for example, if you need to see which drive is non-actual in a RAID 5.

Actually, when you turn an object off-line, **R-Studio** substitutes it with a *Missing Drive* or *Empty Space* object.

Missing Drives and Empty Space

If one <u>partition</u> from a hardware volume set or RAID or software volume set or RAID is absent, due to hardware failure, for example, you need to add a virtual missing drive or empty space in order to correctly reconstruct the hardware volume set or RAID or software volume set or RAID structure. The missing drive/empty space should be placed in the same place as the missing partition.

Note: R-Studio does not write anything real on the drive. Missing drives/empty space are virtual objects that do not affect actual data on the drive.

To add a Missing drive/Empty space object

- 1 Select a Volume sets and RAIDs object in the R-Studio's Drives panel
- 2 Right-click in the Parents tab in the right pane and select Add Missing Drive or Add Empty Space on the shortcut menu or select Add Missing Drive or Add Empty Space on the Create menu. Which object type is necessary, R-Studio decides automatically.

For the **Empty space** object, Specify its size on the Add Empty Space dialog box.

Add Empty Space dialog box

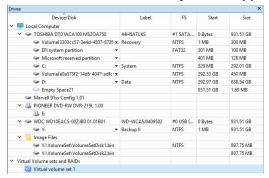


- > A Missing Drive or Empty Space object will appear in the Parents tab
- 2.4.1 Volume Sets, Stripe Sets, and Mirrors

To create a Volume set object

1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Volume set or select the Create Virtual Volume set on the Create menu

> A Virtual Volume set object will appear in the Drives panel



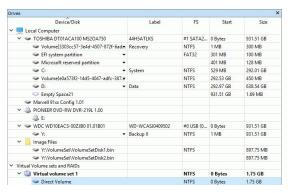
- 2 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab
 - Other ways to add objects
 - Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu, or
 - Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original volume set. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.



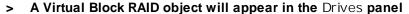
> The Virtual volume set or RAIDs object can now be processed like regular drives/volumes

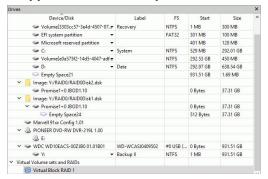
If R-Studio detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a partition object will appear in the Drives panel.



To create a Stripe set object (RAID 0)

1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select the Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu





- 2 Select RAID 0 (Stripe set) on the RAID type
- 3 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab
 - Other ways to add objects
 - Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu, or
 - Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

You may either make **R-Studio** to process your changes immediately or wait until you finish editing the RAID layout. Select or clear the Apply changes immediately checkbox on the Parents tab. Click the **Apply** button to apply the changes when are you through.

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original volume set. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

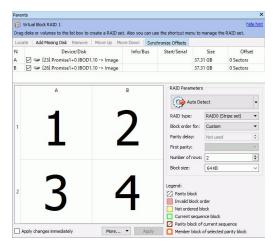
■ Object control buttons

Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)

The Block size and Offset (in sectors) parameters must be set the same as for the original volume set.

You also need to specify Block order. You may select it on the Blocks order drop-down or shortcut menu.

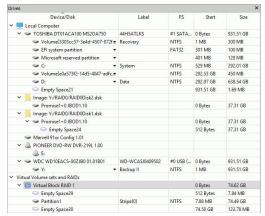
If the those parameters are not correct, data on the parents will not be damaged, but they cannot be recovered.



> The Virtual Block RAID object can now be processed like regular drives/volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a partition object will appear in the Drives panel.

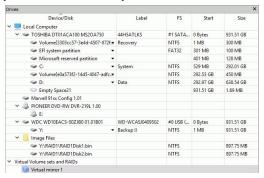
The **Description Files for RAID Configurations** topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.



You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

To create a Mirror set object (RAID 1)

- 1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Mirror or select the Create Virtual Mirror on the Create menu
- A Virtual Mirror object will appear in the Drives panel

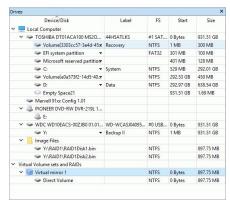


- 2 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab
 - Other ways to add objects
 - Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu, or
 - Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.



> The Virtual Mirror object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a partition object will appear in the Drives panel.

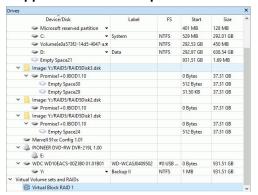


2.4.2 Basic RAID 4 and RAID 5 Operations

RAID 4 and RAID 5 are much similar. You may create and edit a RAID 4 object the same way as a RAID 5 one.

To create a RAID 5 object

- 1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select the Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu
- > A Virtual Block RAID object will appear in the Drives panel



2 Select RAID 5 on the RAID type

3 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab

■ Other ways to add objects

- Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu,
- Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

You may either make **R-Studio** to process your changes immediately or wait until you finish editing the RAID layout. Select or clear the Apply changes immediately checkbox on the Parents tab. Click the **Apply** button to apply the changes when are you through.

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original RAID 5. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

■ Object control buttons

Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)

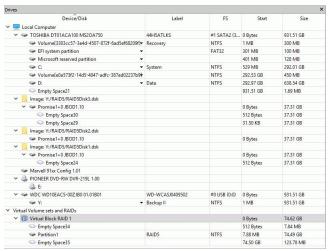
The RAID block size and Offset (in sectors) parameters must be set the same as for the original RAID 5.

You also need to specify Block order for virtual RAID 5. You may select it on the Block order drop-down or shortcut menu.

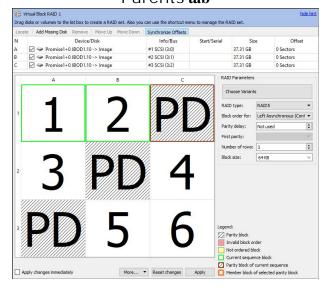
If the those parameters are not correct, data on the parents will not be damaged, but files from the RAID 5 cannot be recovered.

Note: You may check how correctly you have reconstructed the original RAID 5. Find a file and preview it. If the file appears correct, you have created a correct RAID 5 layout.

If your RAID 5 has an unusual configuration, you may create them manually. See **Working with Advanced RAID Layouts** for details.



Parents tab



> The RAID 5 object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a <u>partition</u> object will appear in the Drives panel.

The **Description Files for RAID Configurations** topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.

You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

Creating and saving your own RAID 5 configuration

You may create and save your own RAID configurations for non-standard RAIDs. You may specify Offset, Block order/8ize and Row count. See Working with Advanced RAID 5 Layouts for details.

2.4.3 Working with RAID6 (Double Xor) Presets

R-Studio allows you to create and process RAID 6 Double Xor layouts with the following presets:

EVENODD RAID DP X-Code(2) Adaptec 3805

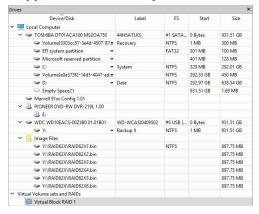
In addition you may create your own RAID 6 configurations.

Creating a RAID 6 (Double Xor) object from a preset:

We will use the EVENODD preset as an example.

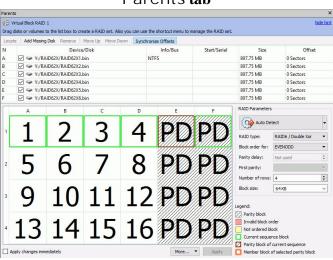
To create a RAID 6 (Double Xor) object

- 1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select the Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu
- > A Virtual Block RAID object will appear in the Drives panel



- 2 Select RAID 6/Double Xor on the RAID type
- 3 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab
 - Other ways to add objects
 - Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu, or
 - Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

You may either make **R-Studio** to process your changes immediately or wait until you finish editing the RAID layout. Select or clear the Apply changes immediately checkbox on the Parents tab. Click the **Apply** button to apply the changes when are you through.



Parents tab

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original volume set. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

■ Object control buttons

Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)

The RAID block size and Offset (in sectors) parameters must be set the same as for the original volume set.

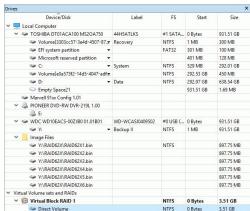
You also need to specify Blocks order (EVENODD for our case) for virtual RAID 6 (Double Xor). You may select it on the Blocks order drop-down or shortcut menu.

If the those parameters are not correct, data on the parents will not be damaged, but they cannot be recovered.

Note: You may check how correctly you have reconstructed the original volume set or RAID. Find a file and preview it. If the file appears correct, you have created a correct RAID layout.

> The Virtual Block RAID object can now be processed like regular drives/volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a <u>partition</u> object will appear in the Drives panel. The <u>Description Files for RAID Configurations</u> topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.



You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

2.4.4 Working with RAID 6 Presets

R-Studio allows you to create and process RAID 6 layouts. You may use either presets for several RAID 6 layouts, or use your own custom ones.

R-Studio provides presets for the following RAID 6 layouts:

Reed-Solomon

(standard), (continuous),

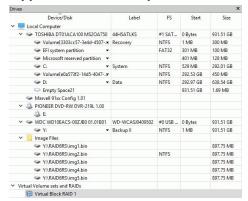
Creating a RAID 6 object from a preset:

We will use the Reed-Solomon (Left Synchronous (standard)) preset as an example.

To create a RAID 6 object

1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select the Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu

> A Virtual Block RAID object will appear in the Drives panel



- 2 Select RAID 6/Reed-Solomon on the RAID type
- 3 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab
 - Other ways to add objects
 - Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu,
 or
 - Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

You may either make **R-Studio** to process your changes immediately or wait until you finish editing the RAID layout. Select or clear the Apply changes immediately checkbox on the Parents tab. Click the **Apply** button to apply the changes when are you through.

Parents tab Y:/RAID6RS/img1.bin 897.75 MB Y:/RAID6RS/img2.bin Y:/RAID6RS/img3.bin Y:/RAID6RS/img4.bin NTES 897.75 MB 0 Sectors Y:/RAID6RS/img5.bin 897.75 MB 0 Sectors RS PD RAID type: RAID6 / Reed-Sole Left Synchronous (Stan ▼ 5 PD 4 RS PD RS 9 ٠ 64 KB RS 10 11 PD 15 PN RS 13 14 ☐ Current sequence block ☐ Parity block of current se

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original volume set. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

■ Ob	ject	control	buttons
------	------	---------	----------------

Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives panel.	
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID	
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID	
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID	
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID	
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID	
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)	

The RAID block size and Offset (in sectors) parameters must be set the same as for the original volume set.

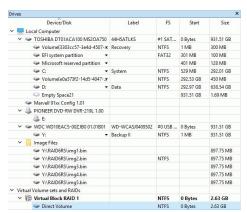
You also need to specify Blocks order (Left Synchronous (standard) for our case) for virtual RAID 6. You may select it on the Blocks order drop-down or shortcut menu.

If the those parameters are not correct, data on the parents will not be damaged, but they cannot be recovered.

Note: You may check how correctly you have reconstructed the original volume set or RAID. Find a file and preview it. If the file appears correct, you have created a correct RAID layout.

> The Virtual Block RAID object can now be processed like regular drives/volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a <u>partition</u> object will appear in the Drives panel. The <u>Description Files for RAID Configurations</u> topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.



You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

2.4.5 Working with RAIDs with Parity Delays

R-Studio allows you to create RAIDs with parity delays (any level that allows that). For example, let us create a RAID 5 the parity delays with the following layout:

• Three drives,

• Delay=16

• Block size: 16 KB

• Offset: 1088 sectors (544 KB)

• Block order: Left Asynchronous (Continuous)

■ Block order table:

	Α	В	С	
1	1	2	PD	
2	3	4	PD	
3	5	6	PD	
4	7	8	PD	
5	9	10	PD	
6	11	12	PD	
7	13	14	PD	Delay=16
8	15	16	PD	
9	17	18	PD	
10	19	20	PD	
11	21	22	PD	
12	23	24	PD	
13	25	26	PD	
14	27	28	PD	
15	29	30	PD	
16	31	32	PD	
17	33	PD	34	Dolov-16
18	35	PD	36	Delay=16

	ı	1	ı	Ι
19	37	PD	38	
20	39	PD	40	
21	41	PD	42	
22	43	PD	44	
23	45	PD	46	
24	47	PD	48	
25	49	PD	50	
26	51	PD	52	
27	53	PD	54	
28	55	PD	56	
29	57	PD	58	
30	59	PD	60	
31	61	PD	62	
32	63	PD	64	
33	PD	65	66	
34	PD	67	68	
35	PD	69	70	
36	PD	71	72	
37	PD	73	74	
38	PD	75	76	
39	PD	77	78	
40	PD	79	80	Delay=16
41	PD	81	82	решу-10
42	PD	83	84	
43	PD	85	86	
44	PD	87	88	
45	PD	89	90	
46	PD	91	92	
47	PD	93	94	
48	PD	95	96	
-				

To create such RAID 5,

1 Click the Create virtual volume sets or RAIDs button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu

Check that the Apply changes immediately check box is clear on the Parents tab. This will prevent **R-Studio** from trying to start processing the RAID configuration until you specify it completely.

- 2 Drug the required objects from the Drives pane to the Parents tab and select RAID 5 on the RAID type
 - Other ways to add objects
 - Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu,

or

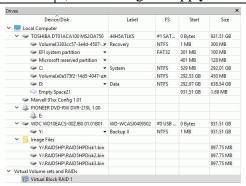
• Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

These objects may be drives, logical drives, or images. Check that the objects are correctly placed.

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original RAID 5. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

■ Object control buttons

Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)



- 3 Specify the Block size and Offset parameters on the Parents tab Disregard the Block order field.
- 4 Specify the parity delay number in the Parity delay control on the Parents tab.

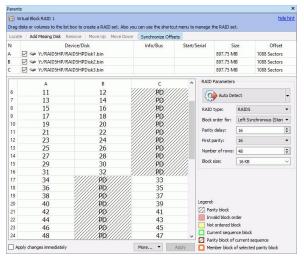
The number of rows will change to 48.

■ If necessary, adjust the First parity parameter

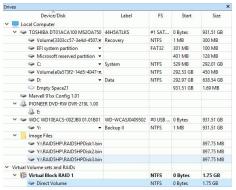
By default, this parameter is set equal to Parity delay. By changing it, you may "shift" the block order table. For example, when the First parity parameter is set as 1 for the RAID 5 of 3 drives with Parity delay of 3., the block order table will be the following: First parity parameter

4 (Y:/F	RAID5HP/RAID5HPDisk1.bin	B (Y:/RAID5HP/RAID5HPDisk2.bin)	© (Y:/RAID5HP/RAID5HPDisk3.bin
1	1	2	PD
2	3	PD	4
3	5	PD	6
4	7	PD	8
5////	PD	9	10
6////	PD	11	12
7////	PD	13	14
8	15	16	PD
9	17	18	PD

5 Select Left Asynchronous (Continuous) on the Block Order Field and click the Apply button on the Parents tab



> The created Virtual Block RAID 1 object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes
If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on this RAID object, a partition object will appear in the Drives panel.



The <u>Description Files for RAID Configurations</u> topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.

You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

2.4.6 Working with Advanced RAID Layouts

R-Studio allows you to create and process very complex custom RAID layouts.

Advanced RAID 5

For example, let us create a RAID 5 with the following layout:

• Three drives,

• Block size: 4 KB

• Offset: 32768 sectors (64 KB)

• Block order:

	Α	В	С
1	PD	1	2
2	PD	3	4

3	PD	5	6
4	7	PD	8
5	9	PD	10
6	11	PD	12
7	13	14	PD
8	15	16	PD
9	17	18	PD

To create such RAID 5,

1 Click the Create virtual volume sets or RAIDs button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu

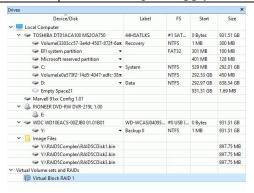
Check that the Apply changes immediately check box is clear on the Parents tab. This will prevent **R-Studio** from trying to start processing the RAID configuration until you specify it completely.

- 2 Drug the required objects from the Drives pane to the Parents tab and select Custom on the RAID type
 - Other ways to add objects
 - Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu, or
 - Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

These objects may be drives, <u>logical disks</u>, or images. Check that the objects are correctly placed.

■ Object control buttons

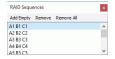
Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives
	panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object
	to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in
	the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state
	(after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)



- 3 Specify the Block size and Offset parameters on the Parents tab Disregard the Block order for field.
- **4 Manually enter 9 to Number of rows on the** Parents **tab** The Block order table will expand.
- 5 Enter the block order in the table on the Parents tab

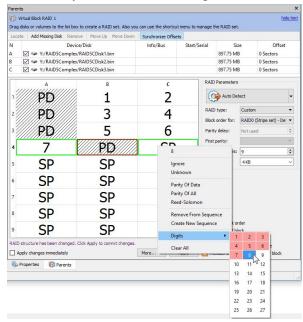
Use the RAID Sequence window to move from one row to another.

Sequences window

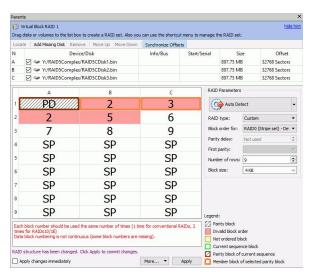


Using the keyboard: arrow keys to navigate, digit and p keys to enter the block order.

Using the mouse: right-click the cell and select the number or parity from the shortcut menu. If the block table is too large, you better use the keyboard to enter the digits.

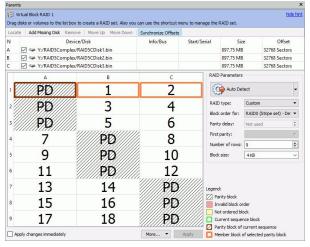


Corrections: R-Studio will tell you if some digits are not correct. Navigate to the required cell and enter the correct value. Use the **Delete** key to clear a cell.

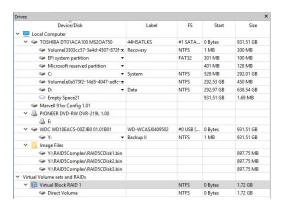


Clear the table: Right-click the table and select Clear all on the shortcut menu.

6 When you finishes entering the information, click the Apply button on the Parents tab



> The created Virtual Block RAID 1 object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes
If R-Studio detects a valid file system on this RAID object, a <u>partition</u> object will appear in the Drives panel.
The <u>Description Files for RAID Configurations</u> topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.



You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

Advanced RAID 5

Another example is a RAID with the following layout, similar to that used in Mac Pro internal RAID cards with 4 drives.

• Four drives.

• Block size: 512 KB (1024 sectors)

• Offset: 32768 sectors (64 KB)

• Block order:

S	equence	1	S	equence	2	S	equence	3	S	equence	4
Α	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D
PD	1	2	PD	3	4	PD	5	6	PD	7	8

As you see, this layout cannot be fit directly into a standard 2D block order table. Still, it's possible to create such RAID layout using the RAID Sequence window.

To create such RAID,

1 Click the Create virtual volume sets or RAIDs button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu

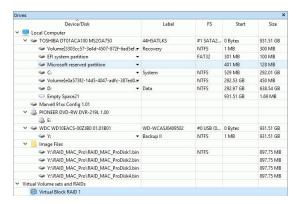
Check that the Apply changes immediately check box is clear on the Parents tab. This will prevent **R-Studio** from trying to start processing the RAID configuration until you specify it completely.

- 2 Drug the required objects from the Drives pane to the Parents tab and select Custom on the RAID type
 - Other ways to add objects
 - Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu, or
 - Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

These objects may be drives, logical disks, or images. Check that the objects are correctly placed.

■ Object control buttons

Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives
	panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object
	to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in
	the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state
	(after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)



- 3 Specify the Block size and Offset parameters on the Parents tab Disregard the Block order field.
- 4 Manually enter 3 to Number of rows on the Parents tab and change Block order to Custom
- 5 Right-click the RAID Sequence window and select Remove All. Manually enter 3 to Number of rows on the Parents tab
- 6 Right-click Cell 1 in the block order table and select Create New Sequence.
- 7 Right-click Cell 2 in the block order table and select Add to Sequence, do that for Cell 3, too.
- 8 Right-click Cell 4 in the block order table and select Create New Sequence.
- 9 Right-click Cell 5 in the block order table and select Add to Sequence, do that for Cell 6, too.
 Continue those steps for the rest of the table until the RAID Sequence window will have 4 sequences of 3 drives:

Sequences window

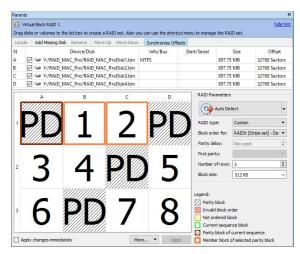


10 Select the first line in the RAID Sequence window, right-click Cell 1 in the block order table, and select Parity of Data.

If any unnecessary sequences appear, right-click them in the RAID Sequence window, and select Remove.

- 11 Right-click Cell 2 in the block order table and select 1, do that for Cell 3 selecting 2.
 - If any unnecessary sequences appear, right-click them in the RAID Sequence window, and select Remove.
- 12 Move to the next sequence in the RAID Sequence window and repeat the procedure for cells 4, 5, and 6.

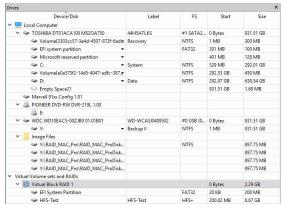
Do that for the rest of the sequences until you fill all cells in the block order table in the Parents tab.



> The created Virtual Block RAID 1 object can now be processed like regular drives/volumes

If R-Studio detects a valid file system on this RAID object, a partition object will appear in the Drives panel.

The Description Files for RAID Configurations topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.



You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

Advanced RAID 6 Layout

For example, let us create a RAID 6 with the following layout:

• Five drives,

• Block size: 64 KB

• Offset: 0

• Block order:

	Α	В	С	D	Е
1	RS	1	2	3	PD
2	4	5	6	PD	RS
3	8	9	PD	RS	7
4	12	PD	RS	10	11
5	PD	RS	13	14	15

6	PA	PA	PA	PA	PA
---	----	----	----	----	----

where

PD is parity of data;

PA is parity of all;

RS is Reed-Solomon;

Rows from 1 to 5 use two types of error correction: parity of data (xor) and Reed-Solomon. That is, row 1 uses blocks A1 and E1, row 2 uses blocks D2 and E2, and so on.

Row 6 is used for error correction for columns. That is, column A uses block A6, column B uses B6, and so on. Parity of all is used for error correction.

1 Click the Create virtual volume sets or RAIDs button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu

Check that the Apply changes immediately check box is clear on the Parents tab. This will prevent **R-Studio** from trying to start processing the RAID configuration until you specify it completely.

2 Drug the required objects from the Drives pane to the Parents tab and select Custom on the RAID type

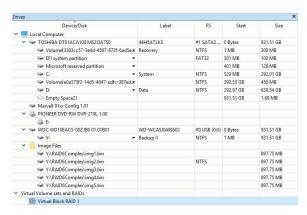
■ Other ways to add objects

- Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu, or
- Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

These objects may be drives, logical disks, or images. Check that the objects are correctly placed.

■ Object control buttons

Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)



3 Specify the Block size and Offset parameters on the Parents tab

Disregard the Block order parameter.

- 4 Manually enter 6 to Number of rows on the Parents tab
- 5 Enter the block order in the table on the Parents tab

You may enter either a block number, or an error correction block of the following types:

PD	Parity of data
PA	Parity of all
RS	Reed-Solomon
SP	Spare Part
I	Ignore

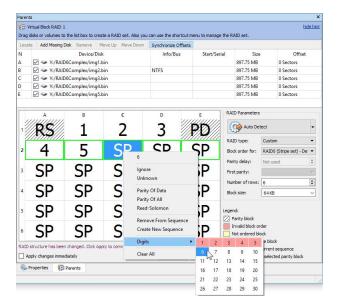
Note: You should specify an error correction block only when the correct sequence is selected on the RAID Sequences window.

Sequences window



Using the keyboard: arrow keys to navigate, digit, and rs, pd, pa, u, i keys to enter the block order.

Using the mouse: right-click the cell and select the number or parity from the shortcut menu. If the block table is too large, you better use the keyboard to enter the digits.



For the rows:

Select the required row sequence on the RAID Sequences window, select the cell on the RAID table, and enter the required value. **R-Studio** automatically generates those sequences when you add RAID parents.

For the columns and arbitrary sequences:

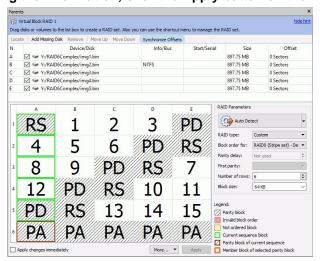
You need to create those sequences and add the respective blocks to it manually.

To create a sequence: Click **Add empty** on the RAID Sequences window or select **Create New Sequence** on the shortcut menu on the Parents tab.

To add a block to a sequence: Right-click the respective cell and select **Add To Sequence** on the shortcut menu on the Parents tab.

To remove a block to a sequence: Right-click the respective cell and select **Remove From Sequence** on the shortcut menu on the Parents tab.

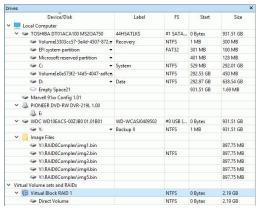
6 When you finishes entering the information, click the Apply button on the Parents tab



> The created Virtual Block RAID 1 object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes

If R-Studio detects a valid file system on this RAID object, a partition object will appear in the Drives panel.

The **Description Files for RAID Configurations** topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.



You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

2.4.7 Nested and Non-Standard RAID Levels

R-Studio can work with various <u>nested and non-standard RAID levels</u>. Currently, the following RAID levels are supported:

- RAID10 (1+0)
- RAID1E
- RAID5E
- RAID5EE
- RAID6E

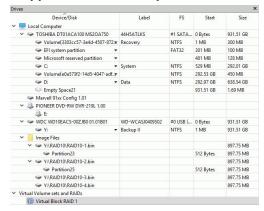
2.4.7.1 RAID10 (1+0)

A RAID 10 (or 1+0) is a stripe of mirrors. Its block order can be represented as:

	Α	В	С	D
1	1	1	2	2

To create a RAID 10 object

- 1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select the Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu
- > A Virtual Block RAID object will appear in the Drives panel



2 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab

■ Other ways to add objects

• Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu,

• Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

3 Select RAID 10 on the RAID type

You may either make **R-Studio** to process your changes immediately or wait until you finish editing the RAID layout. Select or clear the Apply changes immediately checkbox on the Parents tab. Click the **Apply** button to apply the changes when are you through.

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original RAID 10. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

■ Object control buttons

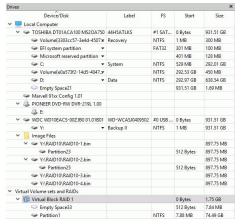
Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)

The RAID block size and Offset (in sectors) parameters must be set the same as for the original RAID 10.

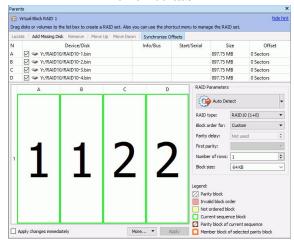
You also need to specify Block order for virtual RAID 10. You may select it on the Block order drop-down or shortcut menu.

If the those parameters are not correct, data on the parents will not be damaged, but files from the RAID 10 cannot be recovered.

Note: You may check how correctly you have reconstructed the original RAID 10. Find a file and preview it. If the file appears correct, you have created a correct RAID 10 layout.



Parents tab



> The RAID 10 object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a <u>partition</u> object will appear in the Drives panel.

The <u>Description Files for RAID Configurations</u> topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.

You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

2.4.7.2 RAID1E

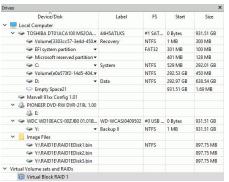
RAID 1E is utilizes both the mirroring and striping: data is striped across all drives, as in RAID 0. Additionally, a copy of each stripe is stored on a different drive, as in RAID 1. Its block order can be represented as:

	Α	В	С
1	1	1	2
2	2	3	3

To create a RAID 1E object

1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select the Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu

> A Virtual Block RAID object will appear in the Drives panel



2 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab

■ Other ways to add objects

- Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu,
- Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

3 Select RAID 1E on the RAID type

You may either make **R-Studio** to process your changes immediately or wait until you finish editing the RAID layout. Select or clear the Apply changes immediately checkbox on the Parents tab. Click the **Apply** button to apply the changes when are you through.

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original RAID 1E. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

■ Object control buttons

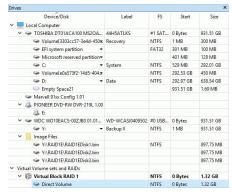
Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)

The RAID block size and Offset (in sectors) parameters must be set the same as for the original RAID 1E.

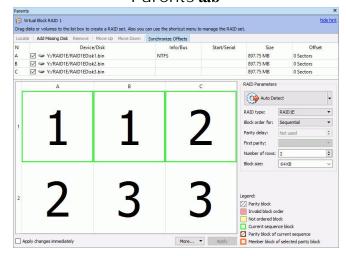
You also need to specify Block order for virtual RAID 1E You may select it on the Block order drop-down or shortcut menu.

If the those parameters are not correct, data on the parents will not be damaged, but files from the RAID 1E cannot be recovered.

Note: You may check how correctly you have reconstructed the original RAID 1E. Find a file and preview it. If the file appears correct, you have created a correct RAID 1E layout.



Parents tab



> The RAID 1E object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a <u>partition</u> object will appear in the Drives panel.

The <u>Description Files for RAID Configurations</u> topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.

You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

2.4.7.3 RAID5E

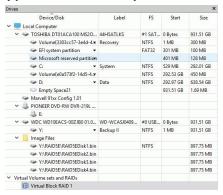
RAID 5E (where E stands for Enhanced) is a RAID 5 layout with an integrated hot-spare drive, where the spare drive is an active part of the block rotation scheme. An example of such RAID layout is in the table below:

	Α	В	С	D
1	1	2	3	PD
2	5	6	PD	4
3	9	PD	7	8
4	PD	10	11	12
5	SP	SP	SP	SP

where PD and SP stand for Parity of Data and Spare Part.

To create a RAID 5E object

- 1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select the Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu
- > A Virtual Block RAID object will appear in the Drives panel



2 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab

■ Other ways to add objects

- Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu,
- Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

3 Select RAID 5E on the RAID type

You may either make **R-Studio** to process your changes immediately or wait until you finish editing the RAID layout. Select or clear the Apply changes immediately checkbox on the Parents tab. Click the **Apply** button to apply the changes when are you through.

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original RAID 5E. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

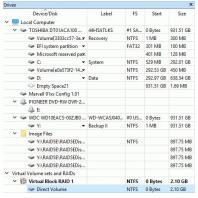
■ Object control buttons

Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives
	panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in
	the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)

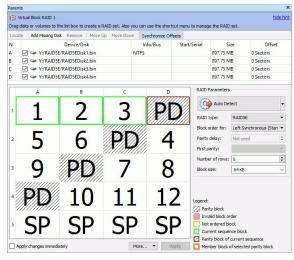
The RAID block size and Offset (in sectors) parameters must be set the same as for the original RAID 5E. You also need to specify Block order for virtual RAID 5E You may select it on the Block order drop-down or shortcut menu.

If the those parameters are not correct, data on the parents will not be damaged, but files from the RAID 5E cannot be recovered.

Note: You may check how correctly you have reconstructed the original RAID 5E. Find a file and preview it. If the file appears correct, you have created a correct RAID 5E layout.



Parents tab



> The RAID 5E object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a <u>partition</u> object will appear in the Drives panel.

The <u>Description Files for RAID Configurations</u> topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.

You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

2.4.7.4 RAID5EE

RAID 5EE (where E stands for Enhanced) is a RAID 5 layout with an integrated hot-spare drive, where the spare drive is an active part of the block rotation scheme. An example of such RAID layout is in the table below:

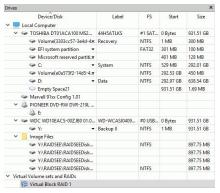
	Α	В	С	D
1	1	2	SP	PD
2	4	SP	PD	3

3	SP	PD	5	6
4	PD	7	8	SP

where PD and SP stand for Parity of Data and Spare Part.

To create a RAID 5EE object

- 1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select the Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu
- > A Virtual Block RAID object will appear in the Drives panel



2 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab

■ Other ways to add objects

- Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu,
 or
- Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

3 Select RAID 5EE on the RAID type

You may either make **R-Studio** to process your changes immediately or wait until you finish editing the RAID layout. Select or clear the Apply changes immediately checkbox on the Parents tab. Click the **Apply** button to apply the changes when are you through.

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original RAID 5EE. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

■ Obiect control buttons

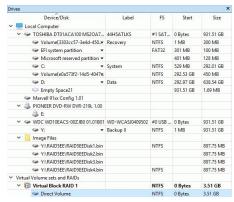
Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives panel.
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object to the RAID
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)

The RAID block size and Offset (in sectors) parameters must be set the same as for the original RAID 5EE.

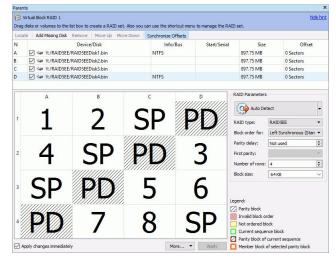
You also need to specify Block order for virtual RAID 5EE You may select it on the Block order drop-down or shortcut menu.

If the those parameters are not correct, data on the parents will not be damaged, but files from the RAID 5EE cannot be recovered.

Note: You may check how correctly you have reconstructed the original RAID 5EE. Find a file and preview it. If the file appears correct, you have created a correct RAID 5EE layout.



Parents tab



> The RAID 5EE object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a <u>partition</u> object will appear in the Drives panel.

The <u>Description Files for RAID Configurations</u> topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.

You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

2.4.7.5 RAID6E

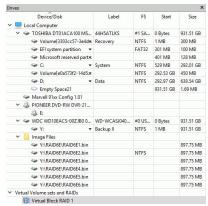
RAID 6E (where E stands for Enhanced) is a RAID 6 layout with an integrated hot-spare drive, where the spare drive is an active part of the block rotation scheme. An example of such RAID layout is in the table below:

	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
1	RS	1	2	3	4	PD
2	5	6	7	8	PD	RS
3	10	11	12	PD	RS	9
4	15	16	PD	RS	13	14
5	20	PD	RS	17	18	19
6	PD	RS	21	22	23	24
7	SP	SP	SP	SP	SP	SP

where RS, PD and SP stand for Reed-Solomon, Parity of Data, and Spare Part, respectively.

To create a RAID 6E object

- 1 Click the Create Virtual RAID button and select Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect or select the Create Virtual Block RAID & Autodetect on the Create menu
- A Virtual Block RAID object will appear in the Drives panel



2 Drag the required partitions from the Drives panel to the Parents tab

Other ways to add objects

- Right-click the Parents tab and select the required partition from the shortcut menu, or
- Right-click the partition in the Drives panel, select **Add to RAID** on the shortcut menu, and select the RAID object you want to add the partition to.

3 Select RAID 6E on the RAID type

You may either make **R-Studio** to process your changes immediately or wait until you finish editing the RAID layout. Select or clear the Apply changes immediately checkbox on the Parents tab. Click the **Apply** button to apply the changes when are you through.

Note: Objects should be placed in the same order as they were in the original RAID 6E. If this order is incorrect, you must change it by dragging the parents to place them in the correct order.

■ Object control buttons

Locate	Click this button to locate the selected object in the Drives			
	panel.			
Add Empty Space/Add Missing Drive	Click this button to add an empty space or missing drive object			
	to the RAID			

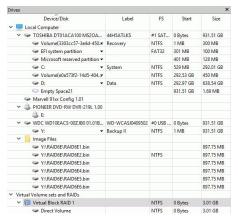
Remove	Click this button to remove the selected object from the RAID
Move Up	Click this button to move up the selected object in the RAID
Move Down	Click this button to move down the selected object in the RAID
Synchronize Offsets	Click this button to make the offsets the same for all objects in the RAID
Reset changes	Click this button to return the configuration to the initial state (after clicking the Apply button or immediately after loading)

The RAID block size and Offset (in sectors) parameters must be set the same as for the original RAID 6E.

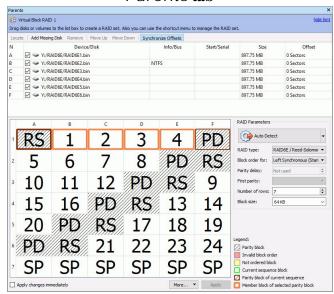
You also need to specify Block order for virtual RAID 6E You may select it on the Block order drop-down or shortcut menu.

If the those parameters are not correct, data on the parents will not be damaged, but files from the RAID 6E cannot be recovered.

Note: You may check how correctly you have reconstructed the original RAID 6E. Find a file and preview it. If the file appears correct, you have created a correct RAID 6E layout.



Parents tab



> The RAID 6E object can now be processed like regular drives/Volumes

If **R-Studio** detects a valid file system on the newly created RAID object, a <u>partition</u> object will appear in the Drives panel.

The **Description Files for RAID Configurations** topic shows the RAID description file for this RAID configuration.

You also may check the RAID consistency, if necessary. See the **Checking RAID Consistency** help page for details.

2.4.8 Finding RAID Parameters

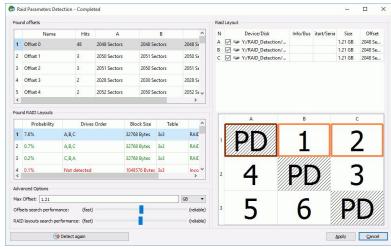
R-Studio can find parameters for RAID 5 and 6. RAID parameters can be found automatically or manually.

The number of drives in the RAID should be between 3 and 32. RAID parameters can be found only when all original drives (or their images) are present. Even one substitute object in a RAID (like a missing drive) makes finding RAID parameters impossible.

To find RAID parameters automatically,

- 1 Click the Auto Detect button on the Parents tab
- > R-Studio will start searching for the RAID parameters and show the most probable one on the RAID Parameter Detection dialog box





- 2 Click the Apply button and R-Studio will change the RAID layout to the selected one on the Parents tab.
- 3 Click the Apply button on the Parents tab
- > R-Studio will use the found parameters for the RAID.

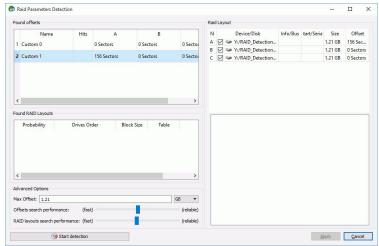
If necessary, you may return to the RAID Parameter Detection dialog box by clicking the **Choose Variants** button, and select another RAID layout.

To find RAID parameters manually,

1 Click the drop-down Auto Detect list on the Parents tab and select Advanced Detection.

2 Specify the necessary detection parameters on the RAID Parameter Detection dialog box and click the Start detection button

Raid Parameters Detection dialog box



You may change the drive order, offset for drive(s), and enable/@isable drives.

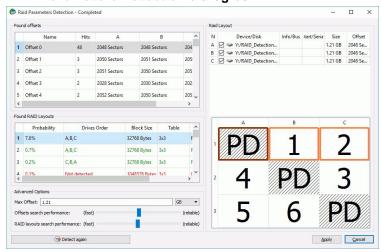
Advanced Parameters

Max offset:	The area on the drive to find RAID parameters in.	
Offset search performance RAID layouts search performance	Cumulative parameters that estimates the probability of certain found RAID parameters. Moving it to the right increases accuracy but slows the process. Moving it to the left reduces the accuracy but makes the process faster.	

You may add your own RAID offsets. Right-click empty space in the **Found offsets** pane and select **Add Custom offset** on the shortcut menu and specify the offset individually for every drive.

3 Select an offset and click the Click here to find RAID Layouts button on the Raid Parameters Detection dialog box

RAID Parameters Detection dialog box



- 4 Select a RAID variant in the Found RAID layouts pane and click the Apply button
- 5 Click the Apply button on the Parents tab

> R-Studio will use the found parameters for the RAID.

If necessary, you may return to the RAID Parameter Detection dialog box by clicking the **Choose Variants** button, and select another RAID layout.

2.4.9 Checking RAID Consistency

You may check RAID consistency (whether the data parity values are valid) for RAID layouts with parity blocks.

To check RAID consistency,

- * Right-click the RAID and select Check RAID consistency... on the shortcut menu
- > The RAID consistency check window will appear showing the progress.

RAID consistency check window



When the check is finished, you may inspect the results.

Block	
color	
Green	Data parity values are valid.
Red	Data parity values are not valid.
White	0's

When a mouse pointer hovers over a block, a tooltip will show the sector range within the block and number of consistent and inconsistent sectors. Double-clicking the block moves it to the upper-leftmost corner and zooms in the data by 2.

RAID consistency check controls

Sectors	The number of the first sector in the row.	
Offset in the data. Enter the address you want to jump to and press the Enter key.		
Sectors/Bytes/RB	Specifies the dimension of the data in the Offset field.	
Previous/Next	Moves to the previous/flext part of the data.	
+/? Zooms into/ðut of, the data.		

2.4.10 Syntax of a Description File for RAID Configurations

You may create and store your own RAID configurations The syntax of those files is similar to that of the XML language. They are stored in an .xml file specified on the **R-Studio Settings**.

A number of file examples are shown on the **Description Files for RAID Configurations** topic.

There are two types of such description files: for RAID presets and custom-created RAID layouts.

RAID preset configuration file

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<RAIDList version="1">
    <RAID blockSize="65536" name="RAID5" rows="3" type="5" order="2"
parityDelay="1">
        <Parents>
            <Parent comp="RAID5Disk1.dsk" name="Promise1+0 JBOD1.10"</pre>
size="40060321792" order="1"/>
            <Parent comp="RAID5Disk2.dsk" name="Promise1+0 JBOD1.10"</pre>
size="40060321792" order="2"/>
            <Parent comp="RAID5Disk3.dsk" name="Promise1+0 JBOD1.10"</pre>
size="40060321792" order="3"/>
        </Parents>
    </RAID>
</RAIDList>
```

Custom-created RAID configuration file example

<Block id="D5">14</Block>

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<RAIDList version="1">
    <RAID blockSize="65536" name="RAID6Complex" rows="6" type="256">
        <Parents>
            <Parent name="imq1.bin" size="941359104" order="1"/>
            <Parent name="imq2.bin" fs="NTFS" size="941359104" order="2"/>
            <Parent name="img3.bin" size="941359104" order="3"/>
            <Parent name="img4.bin" size="941359104" order="4"/>
            <Parent name="imq5.bin" size="941359104" order="5"/>
        </Parents>
        <Table>
            <Block id="A1">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="B1">1</Block>
            <Block id="C1">2</Block>
            <Block id="D1">3</Block>
            <Block id="E1">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="A2">4</Block>
            <Block id="B2">5</Block>
            <Block id="C2">6</Block>
            <Block id="D2">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="E2">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="A3">8</Block>
            <Block id="B3">9</Block>
            <Block id="C3">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="D3">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="E3">7</Block>
            <Block id="A4">12</Block>
            <Block id="B4">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="C4">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="D4">10</Block>
            <Block id="E4">11</Block>
            <Block id="A5">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="B5">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="C5">13</Block>
```

```
<Block id="E5">15</Block>
           <Block id="A6" sequence="1">XorOfAll</Block>
           <Block id="B6" sequence="2">XorOfAll</Block>
           <Block id="C6" sequence="3">XorOfAll</Block>
           <Block id="D6" sequence="4">XorOfAll</Block>
           <Block id="E6" sequence="5">XorOfAll</Block>
       </Table>
       <Sequences>
           <Sequence id="1">A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6
           <Sequence id="2">B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6</Sequence>
           <Sequence id="3">C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6</Sequence>
           <Sequence id="4">D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6
           <Sequence id="5">E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6</Sequence>
       </Sequences>
   </RAID>
</RAIDList>
```

File structure

File header

The file starts with a standard XML header:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```

Section RAIDList

<RAIDList>

It can contain any number of the <RAID> sections and requires a closing element </FileTypeList>.

Section structure example:

```
<RAIDList>
  <RAID [attributes]>
    ...
  </RAID>
    ...
  <RAID [attributes]>
    ...
  </RAID>
```

Section RAID

This section describes each RAID layout.

It must contain at least one <Table> and <Parents> sections and can contain one block <Sequences>...

Attributes:

blocksize	<u32></u32>	Required	The block size of the RAID in bytes
name	<string></string>	Optional	The name of the RAID layout
rows	<u16></u16>	Required	The number of rows in the RAID layout table.
type	<u16></u16>	Required	The type of the RAID preset. The following types are
		_	supported:
			1: RAID0 (Stripe set)
			2: RAID10
			3: RAID1E
			4: RAID4
			5: RAID5
			6: RAID5E
			7: RAID5EE
			8: RAID6 / Reed-Solomon Encoding
			9: RAID6E / Reed-Solomon Encoding
			10: RAID6 / Vertical Xor Encoding
			256: Custom Raid Table
			If the RAID type parameter contradicts to the RAID table,
			the RAID table always prevails.
order	<u16></u16>	Required/Optio	The RAID sub-type. For example, order="2" means Left
		nal	Asynchronous for RAID5 layouts. Any value for the custom
			RAID layouts will be ignored.
parityDela	<u16></u16>	Required	The Parity delay parameter.
У			

Section structure example:

Section Parents

This section describes the RAID parents. It contains the Parent> elements of the RAID.

Section structure example:

Element Parent

The element specifies the parent of the RAID.

Attributes:

comp	<string></string>	Required/O	The file-container with the parent object.
		ptional	
name	<string></string>	Required	The object name of the RAID parent.
offset	<u16></u16>	Required is	The offset value in bytes
		not 0	
size=	<u16></u16>	Required	The object size in bytes
order	<u16></u16>	Required	The order of the RAID object

Section Table

Section structure example:

Element Block

The element specifies the block number in the RAID layout table (a positive integer number) or an error correction block of the following types:

- PD Or ParityOfData
- PA or ParityOfAll
- RS or ReedSolomon
- U Or Unknown
- I Or Ignore

Any other value is treated as Unknown.

Attributes:

id	<string></string>	Required	The alpha-numerical identifier of the block in the RAID layout
			table. The element in the 3-rd column of the 2-nd line is
			designated as C2. AA is used after letter z, and so on.
sequence	<string></string>	Optional	The numerical identifier for non-default sequences.

Section Sequences

This section describes the non-default data checksum sequences used to preserve data integrity. It is not necessary to explicitly list default sequences (the table rows). Sequences can contain any number of the <Sequence> elements.

Section structure example:

Element Sequence

The element contains the list of the RAID blocks belonging to that sequence. The elements are separated by a space.

Attributes:

id <u16> Required</u16>	The sequence identifier.
-------------------------	--------------------------

Element example:

See the **RAID** configuration file example.

Comments

```
<!-- Comment string -->
```

An XML standard string for a comment.

2.4.11 Description Files for RAID Configurations

Below are description files for RAID examples described in the **Volume Sets and RAIDs** chapter. The syntax of them is described in the **Syntax of a Description File for RAID Configurations** topic.

StripeSet

The stripe set layout is described in the Volume Sets, Stripe Sets, and Mirrors topic.

```
</Parents>
</RAID>
</RAIDList>
```

Basic RAID 5

The RAID layout is described in the Working with Basic RAID 4 and RAID 5 Operations topic.

RAID 5 with parity delays

The RAID layout is described in the RAID5 with Parity Delays Operations topic.

Advanced RAID 5

The RAID layout is described in the Working with Advanced RAID Layouts topic.

```
<Block id="C1">2</Block>
            <Block id="A2">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="B2">3</Block>
            <Block id="C2">4</Block>
            <Block id="A3">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="B3">5</Block>
            <Block id="C3">6</Block>
            <Block id="A4">7</Block>
            <Block id="B4">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="C4">8</Block>
            <Block id="A5">9</Block>
            <Block id="B5">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="C5">10</Block>
            <Block id="A6">11</Block>
            <Block id="B6">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="C6">12</Block>
            <Block id="A7">13</Block>
            <Block id="B7">14</Block>
            <Block id="C7">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="A8">15</Block>
            <Block id="B8">16</Block>
            <Block id="C8">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="A9">17</Block>
            <Block id="B9">18</Block>
            <Block id="C9">XorOfData</Block>
        </Table>
    </RAID>
</RAIDList>
```

Advanced RAID 5

The RAID layout is described in the Working with Advanced RAID Layouts topic.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<RAIDList version="1">
    <RAID blockSize="524288" name="RAID_MacPro" rows="3" type="256">
        <Parents>
            <Parent name="RAID_MAC_ProDisk1.bin" fs="NTFS" offset="16777216"</pre>
size="941359104" order="1"/>
            <Parent name="RAID_MAC_ProDisk2.bin" offset="16777216" size="941359104"</pre>
order="2"/>
            <Parent name="RAID_MAC_ProDisk3.bin" offset="16777216" size="941359104"</pre>
order="3"/>
            <Parent name="RAID_MAC_ProDisk4.bin" offset="16777216" size="941359104"</pre>
order="4"/>
        </Parents>
        <Table>
            <Block id="A1" sequence="1">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="B1">1</Block>
            <Block id="C1">2</Block>
            <Block id="D1" sequence="2">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="A2">3</Block>
            <Block id="B2">4</Block>
            <Block id="C2" sequence="3">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="D2">5</Block>
```

RAID 6 Reed-Solomon (Left Synchronous (Standard)) Preset

The RAID layout is described in the Working with RAID 6 Presets topic.

RAID6 (Double Xor) Preset

The RAID layout is described in the **Working with RAID 6 Presets** topic.

Advanced RAID 6

The RAID layout is described in the **Working with Advanced RAID Layouts** topic.

```
<Parent name="img2.bin" fs="NTFS" size="941359104" order="2"/>
            <Parent name="img3.bin" size="941359104" order="3"/>
            <Parent name="imq4.bin" size="941359104" order="4"/>
            <Parent name="img5.bin" size="941359104" order="5"/>
        </Parents>
        <Table>
            <Block id="A1">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="B1">1</Block>
            <Block id="C1">2</Block>
            <Block id="D1">3</Block>
            <Block id="E1">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="A2">4</Block>
            <Block id="B2">5</Block>
            <Block id="C2">6</Block>
            <Block id="D2">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="E2">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="A3">8</Block>
            <Block id="B3">9</Block>
            <Block id="C3">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="D3">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="E3">7</Block>
            <Block id="A4">12</Block>
            <Block id="B4">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="C4">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="D4">10</Block>
            <Block id="E4">11</Block>
            <Block id="A5">XorOfData</Block>
            <Block id="B5">ReedSolomon</Block>
            <Block id="C5">13</Block>
            <Block id="D5">14</Block>
            <Block id="E5">15</Block>
            <Block id="A6" sequence="1">XorOfAll</Block>
            <Block id="B6" sequence="2">XorOfAll</Block>
            <Block id="C6" sequence="3">XorOfAll</Block>
            <Block id="D6" sequence="4">XorOfAll</Block>
            <Block id="E6" sequence="5">XorOfAll</Block>
        </Table>
        <Sequences>
            <Sequence id="1">A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6
            <Sequence id="2">B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6</Sequence>
            <Sequence id="3">C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6</Sequence>
            <Sequence id="4">D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6</Sequence>
            <Sequence id="5">E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6</Sequence>
        </Sequences>
    </RAID>
</RAIDList>
RAID10 (1+0)
The RAID layout is described in the RAID10 (1+0) topic.
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<RAIDList version="1">
    <RAID blockSize="65536" name="RAID10" rows="1" type="2" order="7"</pre>
parityDelay="1">
```

```
<Parents>
            <Parent name="RAID10-1.bin" size="941359104" order="1"/>
            <Parent name="RAID10-2.bin" size="941359104" order="2"/>
            <Parent name="RAID10-3.bin" size="941359104" order="3"/>
            <Parent name="RAID10-4.bin" size="941359104" order="4"/>
        </Parents>
    </RAID>
</RAIDList>
RAID1E
The RAID layout is described in the RAID1E topic.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<RAIDList version="1">
    <RAID blockSize="65536" name="RAID1E" rows="2" type="3" order="1"</pre>
parityDelay="1">
        <Parents>
            <Parent name="RAID1EDisk1.bin" fs="NTFS" size="941359104" order="1"/>
            <Parent name="RAID1EDisk2.bin" size="941359104" order="2"/>
            <Parent name="RAID1EDisk3.bin" size="941359104" order="3"/>
        </Parents>
    </RAID>
</RAIDList>
RAID5E
The RAID layout is described in the RAID5E topic.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<RAIDList version="1">
    <RAID blockSize="65536" name="RAID5E" rows="5" type="6" order="1"</pre>
parityDelay="1">
        <Parents>
            <Parent name="RAID5EDisk1.bin" fs="NTFS" size="941359104" order="1"/>
            <Parent name="RAID5EDisk2.bin" size="941359104" order="2"/>
            <Parent name="RAID5EDisk3.bin" size="941359104" order="3"/>
            <Parent name="RAID5EDisk4.bin" size="941359104" order="4"/>
        </Parents>
    </RAID>
</RAIDList>
RAID5EE
The RAID layout is described in the RAID5EE topic.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<RAIDList version="1">
    <RAID blockSize="65536" name="RAID5EE" rows="4" type="7" order="1"</pre>
parityDelay="1">
        <Parents>
            <Parent name="RAID5EEDisk1.bin" fs="NTFS" size="941359104" order="1"/>
            <Parent name="RAID5EEDisk2.bin" size="941359104" order="2"/>
            <Parent name="RAID5EEDisk3.bin" size="941359104" order="3"/>
            <Parent name="RAID5EEDisk4.bin" fs="NTFS" size="941359104" order="4"/>
        </Parents>
    </RATD>
```

</RAIDList>

RAID6E

The RAID layout is described in the **RAID6E** topic.

2.4.12 Various Disk and Volume Managers

R-Studio can work with objects created by various disk and volume managers. Currently, the following managers are supported:

- BitLocker Drive Encryption
- Windows Dynamic Disks
- Windows Storage Spaces
- Apple RAIDs
- Apple CoreStorage/FileVault/Fusion Drive Volumes
- Linux mdadm RAIDs
- Linux Logical Volume Manager (LVM and LVM2)

R-Studio can automatically recognize and add their physical components, component images, or the user can manually add the components when their data is damaged so severely that **R-Studio** cannot recognize them.

In addition, **R-Studio** can work with various <u>virtual disk and disk image formats</u>.

2.4.12.1 BitLocker Drive Encryption

BitLocker Drive Encryption, or **BitLocker**, is a data protection feature introduced by Microsoft since Windows Vista. It implements some hard/software measures to encrypt either USB external flash drives or internal system SSD/HDD devices. You may read more about **BitLocker Drive Encryption** on the <u>Microsoft site or Wikipedia</u>.

There are following encryption methods (protectors in the Microsoft terms) that can be utilized in the **BitLocker** protection:

- A TPM/TPM+PIN chip
- A USB key (a flash drive containing a .bek file)
- A user's password (not to confuse with a user's logon password) / recovery key

These methods can be used either individually or as a combination thereof. If they are used as a combination, knowing the decryption information for only one method is enough to unlock the device.

R-Studio can unlock devices encrypted with **BitLocker** provided that all the necessary information is known.

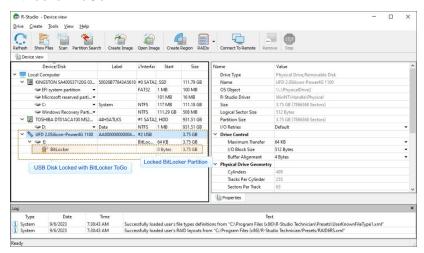
BitLocker ToGo

This is the method used to lock external removable devices. The password or a recovery key is necessary to know to unlock the device. A recovery key may be in the printed form or contained in a file. A name of such a file has the following pattern: BitLocker Recovery Key 600397A9-48AA-4DE4-B775-C71EB130EA1B.txt, where the last characters is the **BitLocker** volume identifier. That file contains the **BitLocker** volume identifier and a recovery key.

To unlock a BitLocker ToGo device,

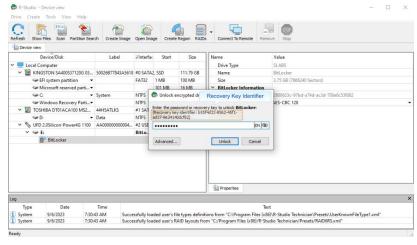
1 Locate the device and double-click the BitLocker partition.

BitLocker ToGo



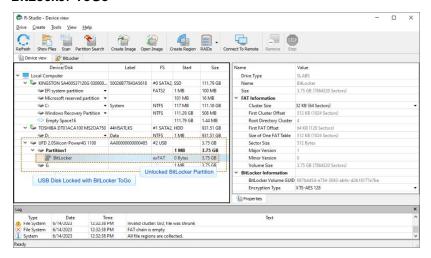
2 Enter the password or recovery key and click the Unlock button.

BitLocker ToGo



> R-Studio will unlock the volume

BitLocker ToGo



BitLocker System Drive Encryption

This is the method used to lock internal system drives.

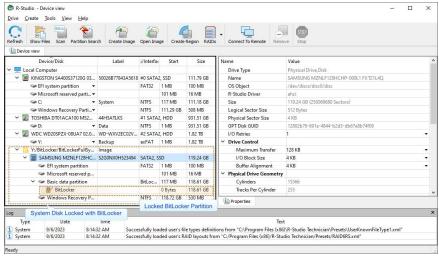
Depending on what methods are used, the following information is necessary to know to unlock the drive.

- A recovery key in the printed form or in a file. A name of such a file has the following pattern: BitLocker Recovery Key FDA7B96C-635E-45AA-BE63-00C3DB3771EE.txt, where the last characters is the **BitLocker** volume identifier. That file contains the **BitLocker** volume identifier and a recovery key.
- A password used to start the preboot process. It shouldn't be confused with the password for the user's logon.
- An external USB flash drive containing its .bek file. Note that Windows sets System and Hidden attributes for such files and Windows doesn't show such files by default.

To unlock a system drive with a BitLocker partition,

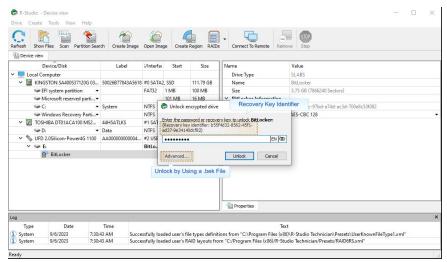
1 Locate the device and double-click the BitLocker partition.

BitLocker System Drive Encryption



2 Enter the password or recovery key and click the Unlock button.

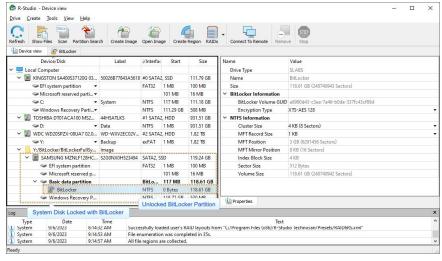
BitLocker System Drive Encryption



If you have the .bec file, click the Unlock by key file button and load the file.

> R-Studio will unlock the volume

BitLocker System Drive Encryption



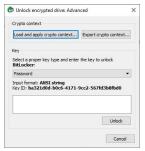
TPM/TPM+PIN modes

Only in registered **R-Studio Technician/T80**+ versions.

If only the TPM/TPM+PIN hardware was used to encrypt the partition, you must have either the FVEK (Full Volume Encryption Key) or VMK (Volume Master Key) data. Obtaining these keys is a very hard task, only quite advanced forensic professionals can do that using specialized hardware. Sometimes it may be possible to extract a FVEK from memory dumps and/or hibernation files, but this is still not a trivial process.

If you have FVEK or VMK data, click the **Advanced** button, select the key type of the data, enter the key or load a file with the key.

BitLocker TPM/TPM+PIN modes



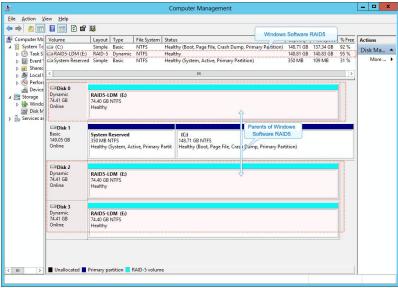
R-Studio will unlock the volume.

You may also save and load encryption information from a BitLocker Encryption volume.

2.4.12.2 Windows Dynamic Disks

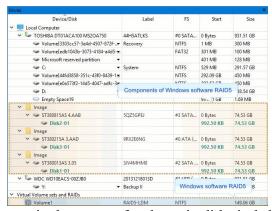
R-Studio supports <u>dynamic disks</u>, including <u>Windows software RAIDs</u>, mirrors, and spanned volumes. When **R-Studio** detects components from such dynamic disks, it assembles them accordingly.

Windows dynamic disks (RAID5)



R-Studio detects components form dynamic disks and creates those dynamic disks automatically. At the same time, **R-Studio** gives access to the parents of the dynamic disks (drives and images).

Windows dynamic disks (RAID5) in R-Studio

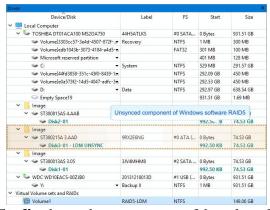


If recognized parents of a dynamic disk, including drive images, are added to **R-Studio** later, it automatically adds them to their respective dynamic disk.

When an automatically created dynamic disk is selected, **R-Studio** highlights its components.

Also, **R-Studio** automatically detects inconsistent components of dynamic disks and marks them accordingly.

Windows dynamic disks (RAID5) with unsynced parent



R-Studio shows the components of the selected dynamic disk on its LDM Components tab.

LDM Components tab



R-Studio shows broken dynamic disks in pink.

Broken dynamic disks in R-Studio



The LDM Components tab also allows you to manually disconnect or connect the components, for example, if they are such damaged that **R-Studio** cannot recognize them as parts of a broken dynamic disk. Select the object from the drop-down box and click the **Connect** button. **R-Studio** displays the objects it recognizes as the components of the dynamic disk in blue.

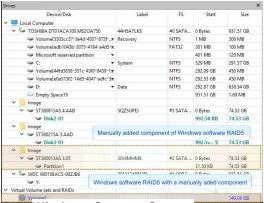
Adding a component manually



You may immediately switch to the dynamic disk configuration that **R-Studio** believes most probable by clicking the **Reassemble** button.

R-Studio shows dynamic disks with manually added components in blue:

Dynamic disks with added components in R-Studio



2.4.12.3 Windows Storage Spaces

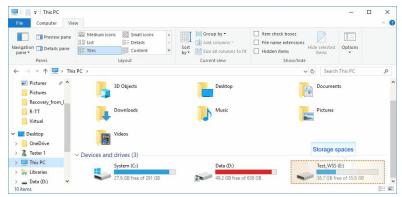
Storage pools and spaces is a new storage technology, first introduced in Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012, that allows the user to combine various (not always similar) drives into a kind of a RAID or compound

volume. First, the drives are combined into a storage pool, then several storage spaces with striping (similar to RAID0), mirroring (similar to RAID1), and parity (similar to RAID5) can be created in that storage pool. You may read more about storage pools and spaces in the Microsoft's <u>Storage Spaces</u>: <u>FAQ</u>.

R-Studio supports Windows Storage Spaces created by Windows 8/8.1 and Windows 10/Threshold 2/? Anniversary/Fall Creators updates.

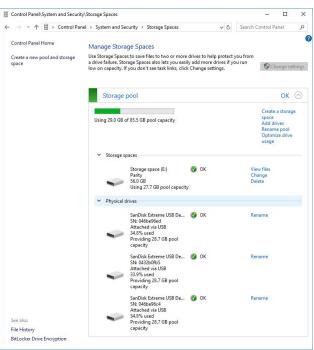
When drives from a storage pool are connected to a Windows computer, it automatically detects them and assembles storage spaces accordingly.

Storage spaces



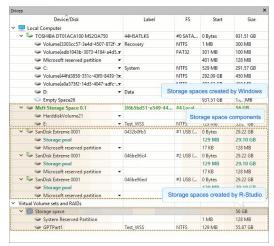
Storage pools and spaces can be managed using the Storage Spaces item in the Control Panel.

Storage spaces



R-Studio detects drives (or their images) from storage pools and creates storage pools and spaces automatically. At the same time, **R-Studio** gives access to the parents of the storage spaces (drives and images).

Storage spaces in R-Studio

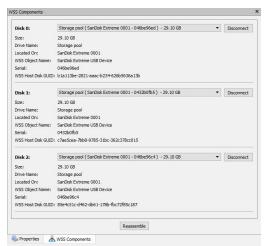


If recognized parents of a storage space, including drive images, are added to **R-Studio** later, it automatically adds them to their respective storage space.

When an automatically created storage space is selected, **R-Studio** highlights its components. It also highlights the storage space that Windows may itself create from the same components.

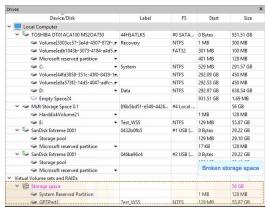
R-Studio shows the components of the selected storage space on its WSS Components tab.

WSS Components tab



R-Studio shows broken storage spaces in pink.

Broken storage spaces in R-Studio



The WSS Components tab also allows you to manually disconnect or connect the components, for example, if they are such damaged that **R-Studio** cannot recognize them as parts of a broken storage space. Select the object from the drop-down box and click the **Connect** button. **R-Studio** displays the objects it recognizes as the components of the storage space in blue.

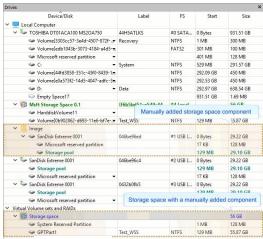
Adding a component manually



You may immediately switch to the storage space configuration that **R-Studio** believes most probable by clicking the **Reassemble** button.

R-Studio shows storage spaces with manually added components in blue:

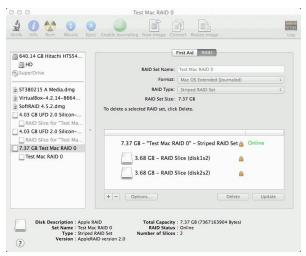
Storage spaces with added parents in R-Studio



2.4.12.4 Apple RAIDs

OS X can create several software RAIDs from drives connected to a Mac computer: RAID1 (Mirror set), RAID0 (Stripe set), and Concatenated disk set.

Apple RAID0 example



R-Studio detects components of Apple RAID sets and creates their virtual RAIDs automatically. At the same time, **R-Studio** gives access to the individual components of the Apple RAID sets (drives and images).

Apple RAIDs in R-Studio

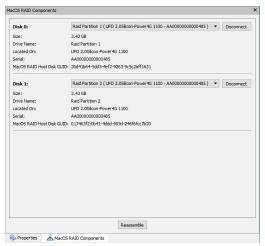


If recognized components of an Apple RAID, including drive images, are added to **R-Studio** later, it automatically adds them to their respective Apple RAID.

When an automatically created Apple RAID is selected, **R-Studio** highlights its components.

R-Studio shows the components of the Apple RAID on its MacOS Components tab.

MacOS Components tab



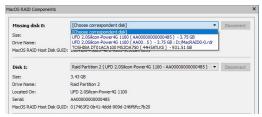
R-Studio shows broken Apple RAIDs in pink.

Broken Apple RAIDs in R-Studio



The MacOS Components tab also allows you to manually disconnect or connect the components, for example, if they are such damaged that **R-Studio** cannot recognize them as parts of a broken Apple RAID. Select the object from the drop-down box and click the **Connect** button. **R-Studio** displays the objects it recognizes as the components of the Apple RAID in blue.

Adding a component manually



You may immediately switch to the Apple RAID configuration that **R-Studio** believes most probable by clicking the **Reassemble** button.

R-Studio shows Apple RAIDs with manually added components in blue:

Apple RAIDs with added components in R-Studio



2.4.12.5 Apple CoreStorage/FileVault/Fusion Drive Volumes

The macOS operating system has the following disk management systems:

FileVault, is a disk encrypted utility;

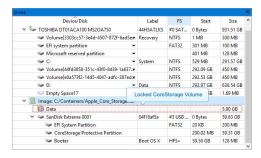
Fusion Drive is an Apple's hybrid drive technology;

CoreStorage is a logical volume management system.

R-Studio supports all these technologies and can unlock their encrypted volumes (drives and images) using either their passwords or recovery keys.

CoreStorage/FileVault

Locked CoreStorage Volume in R-Studio



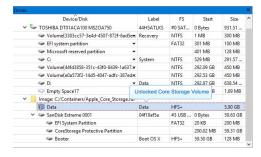
To unlock the volume

- 1. Right-click the encrypted volume and select Unlock encrypted drive on the shortcut menu.
- 2. Enter the password/recovery key on the Unlock encrypted drive dialog box



> R-Studio will unlock the volume

Unlocked CoreStorage Volume in R-Studio



If the volume is partially encrypted, **R-Studio** can recognize which part is encrypted and which isn't. It will provide a correct access to the unencrypted and encrypted parts of the volume, provided that the correct password is entered.

Partially encrypted volume



R-Studio Technician/T80+

In addition to the password, it's possible to enter other decryption data. Click the **Advanced...** button and enter available data.

Unlock encrypted drive: Advanced



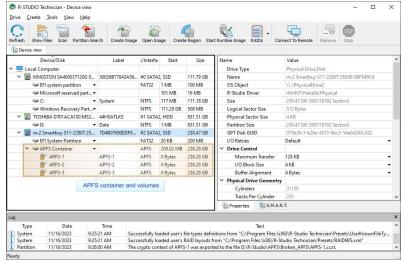
This data is usually very hard to obtain and only very advanced institutions can recover it from actual hardware.

Data recovery from deleted or damaged APFS volumes

When macos deletes an APFS volumes, it also wipes out all decryption information from its APFS container. In this case even knowing the password won't help. Still, there's a trick that may help to open a deleted or damaged encrypted volume.

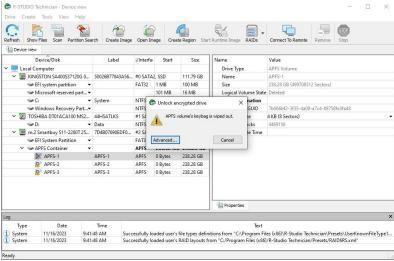
Let's us have a hard drive with an APFS container with 3 APFS volumes:

APFS container and its volumes



One of them has been deleted and **R-Studio** cannot unlock (decrypt) it:

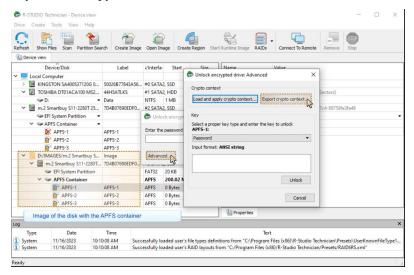
APFS container with a deleted APFS volume



But if we have an image of the disk's previous state, we can extract the necessary encryption information from that image.

Load the image and double-click the existing volume. Click the **Advanced...** button instead of entering its password.

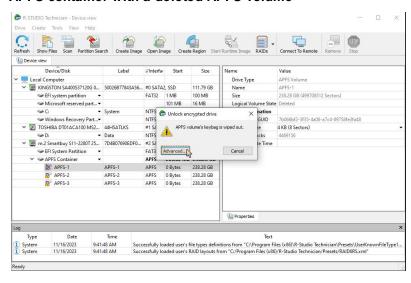
Export of encryption information



Click the **Export crypto context...** button and save a file with this information. Then click the **Close Image** button to unload the image.

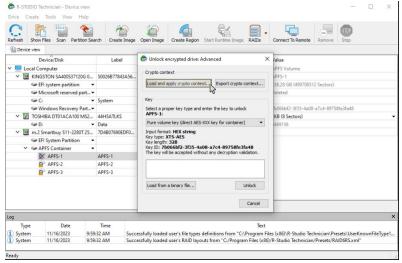
Then double-click the APFS-1 volume and click the Advanced button.

APFS container with a deleted APFS volume



Click the Load and apply crypto context... button

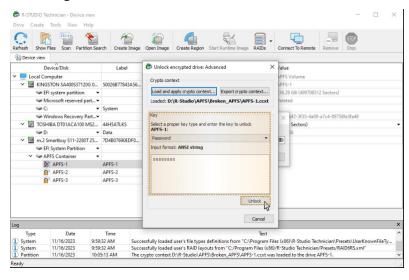
Loading the encryption information



and load the file generated from the image.

Select the required information type (a password for our case), enter the data, and click the Unlock button.

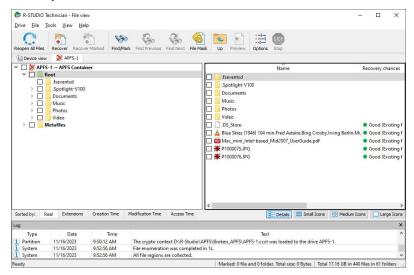
Unlocking the APFS volume



Note that the password will be explicitly shown.

R-Studio will open files on the volume.

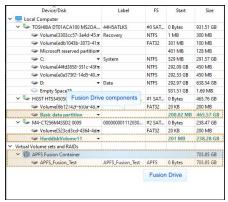
Files opened on the deleted APFS volume



Apple Fusion Drive

R-Studio detects components of Apple Fusion Drive and creates virtual Fusion Drives automatically. At the same time, **R-Studio** gives access to the individual components of the Fusion Drives (drives and images).

Fusion Drive in R-Studio



When an automatically created Fusion Drive is selected, **R-Studio** highlights its components.

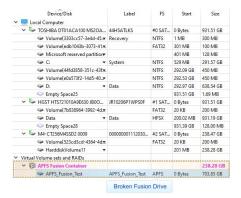
R-Studio shows the components of the Fusion Drive on its APFS Fusion Components tab.

Fusion Drive Components tab



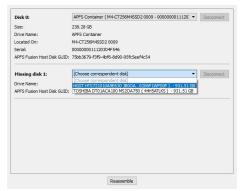
R-Studio shows broken Fusion Drive s in pink.

Broken Fusion Drive in R-Studio



The Fusion Drive Components tab also allows you to manually disconnect or connect the components, for example, if they are such damaged that **R-Studio** cannot recognize them as parts of a broken Fusion Drive. Select the object from the drop-down box and click the **Connect** button. **R-Studio** displays the objects it recognizes as the components of the Fusion Drive in blue.

Adding a component manually



You may immediately switch to the Fusion Drive configuration that **R-Studio** believes most probable by clicking the **Reassemble** button.

R-Studio shows Fusion Drive with manually added components in blue:

Fusion Drive with added members in R-Studio

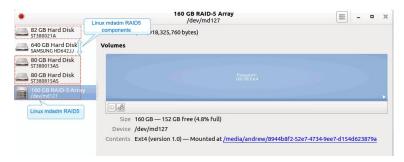


2.4.12.6 Linux mdadm RAIDs

mdadm is a Linux utility used to manage and monitor software RAID devices.

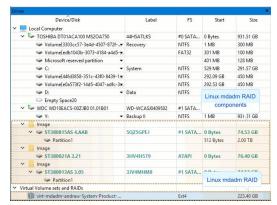
R-Studio supports such devices and when drives from a mdadm RAID are connected to a Windows computer, it automatically detects them and assembles mdadm RAIDs accordingly.

Linux mdadm RAIDs



R-Studio detects components from mdadm RAIDs and creates those RAIDs automatically. At the same time, **R-Studio** gives access to the components of those RAIDs (drives and images).

mdadm RAIDs in R-Studio



If recognized components of a mdadm RAID, including drive images, are added to **R-Studio** later, it automatically adds them to their respective mdadm RAID.

When an automatically created mdadm RAID is selected, **R-Studio** highlights its components.

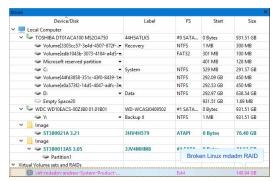
R-Studio shows the components of the mdadm RAIDs on its mdadm Components tab.

mdadm Components tab



R-Studio shows broken mdadm RAIDs in pink.

Broken mdamd RAIDs in R-Studio



The mdadm Components tab also allows you to manually disconnect or connect the components, for example, if they are such damaged that **R-Studio** cannot recognize them as parts of a broken mdadm RAID. Select the object from the drop-down box and click the **Connect** button. **R-Studio** displays the objects it recognizes as the components of the mdadm RAID in blue.

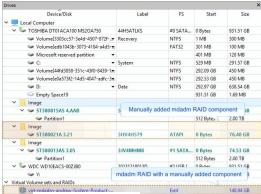
Adding a component manually



You may immediately switch to the mdadm RAID configuration that **R-Studio** believes most probable by clicking the **Reassemble** button.

R-Studio shows mdadm RAIDs with manually added components in blue:

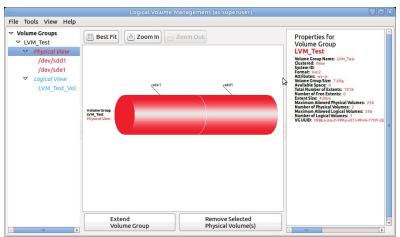
mdadm RAIDs with added components in R-Studio



2.4.12.7 Linux LVM/LVM2

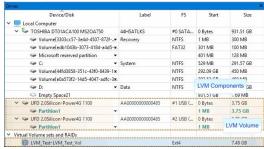
Linux LVM is a logical volume manager for the Linux OS that manages drives and other data storage devices. Using it, It is possible to create single logical volumes on several physical drives, add and replace them in a running system, resize logical volumes, create various RAID configuration, and so on. You may read more about Linux LVM in our article: What is Logical Volume Manager (LVM).

LVM volume example



R-Studio detects drives from LVMs and creates their virtual volumes automatically. At the same time, **R-Studio** gives access to the components of the virtual LVM volumes (drives and images).

LVM Volumes in R-Studio



If recognized components of an LVM volume, including drive images, are added to **R-Studio** later, it automatically adds them to their respective LVM volume.

When an automatically created LVM volume is selected, **R-Studio** highlights its components.

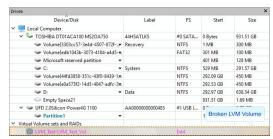
R-Studio shows the components of the LVM volume on its LVM Components tab.

LVM Components tab



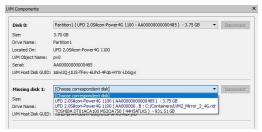
R-Studio shows broken virtual LVM volumes in pink.

Broken LVM volumes in R-Studio



The LVM Components tab also allows you to manually disconnect or connect the components, for example, if they are such damaged that **R-Studio** cannot recognize them as parts of a broken LVM volume. Select the object from the drop-down box and click the **Connect** button. **R-Studio** displays the objects it recognizes as the components of the LVM volume in blue.

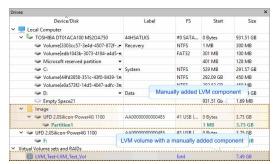
Adding a component manually



You may immediately switch to the LVM volume configuration that **R-Studio** believes most probable by clicking the **Reassemble** button.

R-Studio shows virtual LVM volumes with manually added components in blue:

LVM volumes with added components in R-Studio



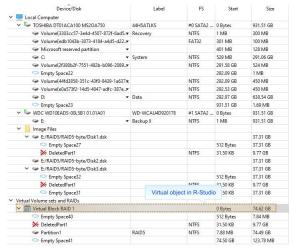
2.4.13 Mounting Virtual Objects in the System as Virtual Drives

Technician/T80+ version only.

Virtual objects created in the Device view pane of **R-Studio** can be mounted in the system as read-only virtual drives. Such virtual drives become accessible to the system and to other programs. Moreover, such virtual drives remain mounted after **R-Studio** has been closed.

To mount a virtual object as a read-only virtual drive in the system

1 Right-click the virtual object and select Mount on the shortcut menu



2 Select the mount type on the Mount as a virtual drive dialog box and click the OK button.



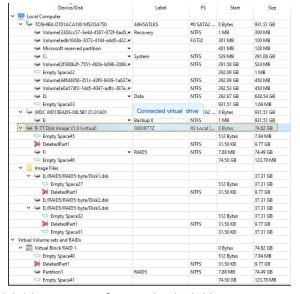
■Mount options

Mount as:

Physical drive: The virtual drive will be mounted as a read-only virtual physical drive. Windows will search for <u>partitions</u> on it, and if it finds any with supported file systems, it will assign disk letters to them. Recommended if the drive should be accessible to the host Windows and other programs in the system. If the data on

	the drive is severely damaged, it may slow down, lock, or even crash the host Windows. Partition: The virtual drive will be mounted as a read-only partition with a virtual partition table created by R-Studio. Recommended if the drive should be accessible only to another data recovery program.
Drive letter	Select the disk letter for the virtual drive if the virtual drive is mounted as a partition. The letter may be assigned automatically by the system, specified manually, or the virtual drive may have no letter at all. The latter is recommended if you don't want Windows to analyze the data on the drive.

> A read-only virtual drive will appear in the Drives panel



And in the system (Windows Disk Management) as a physical drive



or

as a partition (Windows Disk Management) as a physical drive



And this virtual disk becomes accessible to the system and other programs.

To unmount a virtual drive

1 Right-click the virtual drive in the Drives panel and select Unmount on the shortcut menu

2.5 Data Recovery over Network

Available in the **Corporate and Technician/Y80**+ versions. The **Standalone** version works with networks only in the Demo mode.

This chapter explains how to perform data recovery operations over network.

R-Studio has network capabilities that allow the system administrator, using its computer, to recover files on any computers accessible over network.

R-Studio supports the TCP/IP protocol and any protocol supported in Microsoft Network.

R-Studio Agent must be installed on computers where files are to be recovered. This program gives **R-Studio** access to local drives on remote computers over network.

If, due to file system crash, the network computer where you are going to recover your data cannot start, you may use **R-Studio Agent Emergency** to start the computer.

Files can be recovered without *R-Studio Agent* if the computer where the files are to be recovered runs Windows is accessible from a computer also running Windows. In this case, the administrator must have administrator privileges on the remote computer.

You should always disable a firewall and/or antivirus software on the both computers. As an alternative, advanced users may tune them to allow **R-Studio** and **R-Studio** Agent to communicate via network.

All data transmitted over network are encrypted with a strong algorithm for data security. Restoring data over network is very much the same as that on a local computer.

In addition, **R-Studio** can load/§ave any files like <u>drive images</u>, <u>scan info</u> files, <u>RAID configuration</u> files, from/to the computers to which it has access using **R-Studio Agent**.

- R-Studio Agent
- Data Recovery over Network
- Connecting over the Internet

2.5.1 R-Studio Agent

R-Studio Agent is a program that provides **R-Studio** with an access to the drives of a network computer. It should be installed and properly registered on the computer which drives are to be accessed. **R-Studio Agent** has versions for the following PC operating systems:

- Windows
- Mac OS
- Linux

and there is **R-Studio Agent Emergency** that can be used to start a computer from which you are going to recover data that cannot start other way due to a file system crash, for example. Please, note that you need to use **R-Studio Emergency** as an emergency agent if you want to start a Mac computer.

R-Studio can work equally with all versions of **R-Studio Agent** and access computers run under Windows, Mac OS, and Linux.

You must have enough rights on the remote computer to install and run **R-Studio Agent**.

2.5.1.1 R-Studio Agent for Windows

R-Studio Agent should be installed under an administrator account.

When installed, *R-Studio Agent* starts automatically and runs as a service. To configure it, *R-Studio Agent* should be started again manually.

■ The following switches are available:

-3	evokes a help screen;
-install	installs R-Studio Agent as a service
-remove	removes R-Studio Agent services
-console	starts R-Studio Agent as a console application

Started without a switch, *R-Studio Agent* runs as a GUI application and its icon appears on the taskbar tray. In this mode, it can be configured and its log may be viewed.

Simply connect to the remote computer providing a desired password for *R-Studio Agent* in the Connect to Remote Computer dialog box. **R-Studio** checks if there is *R-Studio Agent* running on this computer. If not, a Can't connect... message will appear.

Click the Yes button, and R-Studio will remotely install R-Studio Agent.

Attention Windows users: R-Studio Agent may be remotely installed over a network from a computer running Windows to another computer running Windows. To do so, you must have administrator accounts on both computers.

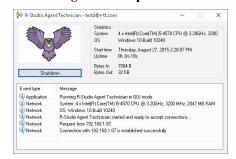
To access the R-Studio Agent main panel,

1 Click its tray icon



> The main panel will appear. You may view its log

R-Studio Agent main panel

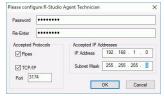


To configure *R-Studio Agent*,

1 Right-click its tray icon and select Configure

2 Specify required parameters on the Please configure R-Studio Agent dialog box and click the OK button

Please configure R-Studio Agent dialog box



■ R-Studio Agent Options

	•	
Password:	Enter a password to obtain access to this computer from a network.	
Re-Enter:	Re-enter the password.	
Accepted Protocols		
Pipes	supported by Windows. To improve security, this option should be disabled.	
TCP/IP	supported by any network OS.	
Port	port for incoming connections	
Accepted IP Addresses		
IP Address	specifies addresses from which this computer can be accessed.	
Subnet Mask	specifies a subnet mask of the network from which this computer can be accessed.	

> R-Studio Agent will now run with the specified parameters

2.5.1.2 R-Studio Agent for Mac

You need to have an administrative account on the Mac computer to start R-Studio Agent for Mac.

To start the R-Studio Agent for Mac and access its main panel,

- 1 Go to the Application folder, double-click R-Studio Agent for Mac, and enter the account password
- > The main panel will appear. You may view its log

R-Studio Agent for Mac main panel



To configure R-Studio Agent for Mac,

1 Go to the R-Studio Agent for Mac menu and select Preferences

2 Specify required parameters on the Please configure R-Studio Agent dialog box and click the OK button

Please configure R-Studio Agent Mac dialog box



■ R-Studio Agent for Mac Options

	•
Password:	Enter a password to obtain access to this computer from a network.
Re-Enter:	Re-enter the password.
Incoming connection preferences	
Enable incoming connections	Select this checkbox if you want to allow incoming connections.
TCP/IP Port	A TCP/IP port for incoming connections
Accepted IP Addresses	
IP Address	specifies addresses from which this computer can be accessed.
Subnet Mask	specifies a subnet mask of the network from which this computer can be accessed.

> R-Studio Agent for Mac will now run with the specified parameters

Connecting from R-Studio Agent for Mac to R-Studio.

To establish a connection from R-Studio Agent for Mac to R-Studio,

- 1 Run the R-Studio Agent for Mac and select Connect from the Tools menu
- 2 Enter the necessary information on the Connect to R-Studio dialog box and click the Connect button.

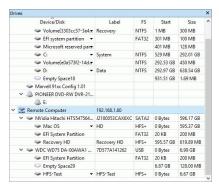
Connect to R-Studio dialog box



Connect to R-Studio settings

Server	Specify the DNS name or IP address of the host where R-Studio is running.
Port	Specify the port set on the R-Studio Connect to Remote Computer dialog box.
Password	Specify the password set on the R-Studio Connect to Remote Computer dialog box.

> R-Studio Agent for Mac will connect to the computer where R-Studio is running and it will show the drive and logical disk structure of the remote computer.



It can be processed the same way as that on a local computer.

2.5.1.3 R-Studio Agent for Linux

You need to have the root privileges to run R-Studio Agent for Linux.

Unlike R-Studio Agent for Windows and R-Studio Agent for Mac, R-Studio Agent for Linux is a console application and should be run in the Terminal. You also need to mark it as an executable before start.

When it is started for the first time, R-Studio Agent for Linux asks for its configuration.

R-Studio Agent for Linux Configuration dialog box

```
File Edit View Terminal Help
rootBGK-Ubuntu:-#S ed RSA
rootBGK-Ubuntu:-#S# /rsagent
Configuring R-Studio Agent 6.0.1020
# Specify password for incoming connections >
# Confirm password for incoming connections >
# Confirm password for incoming connections >
# Confirm password for incoming connections >
# Specify TP Address (and optional NETMASK delimeted by space) to limit incoming connections or 0 to allow any [] >192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
# Specify TCP/IP port for listening [3174] >
# Running R-Studio Agent
* This product is licensed to: UNREGISTERED DEMO VERSION
* This product is licensed to: UNREGISTERED DEMO VERSION
* System: 2x Intel(R) Core(TM)2 CPU 6300 @ 1.86GHz, 1862 MHz, 993 MB RAM
# 63s: Linux 2.6.32-41-generic-pae #91-Ubuntu SMP Med Jun 13 12:00:09 UTC 2012
7 R-Studio Agent is not vet registered, 646K file size recovery limit is implied until remotely registered
# R-Studio Agent started and ready to accept connections...
* You may press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio ...

* You may press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio ...

* You may press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio ...

* You may press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio ...

* You may press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio ...

* You may press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio ...
```

■ R-Studio Agent for Linux Options

Specify password for incoming connection	Enter a password to obtain access to this computer from a network.
Confirm password for incoming connection	Re-enter the password for confirmation.
Specify IP address	Specifies addresses and a subnet mask from which this computer can be accessed. Enter 0 to allow connections from any address.
Specify TCP/IP Port for listening	A TCP/IP port for incoming connections. Press Enter for the default one [3174].

Don't pay much attention to the warning about "unregistered demo version". If necessary, you'll be able to register R-Studio Agent for Linux through R-Studio.

You may see the current configuration by starting R-Studio Agent for Linux with the command rsagent -- show_config.

R-Studio Agent for Linux Configuration dialog box

```
File Edit View Terminal Help

root@EKC-Ubuntu:-#6x8- /rsagent --show_config

R-Studio Agent 6.0.1020

Password for incoming connection: present

Accept incoming connection from IP addresses / NetMask: 192.168.1.1 / 255.255.25

5.0

Listening on port: 3174

root@EKC-Ubuntu:-/RSA#
```

You may change the current configuration by starting R-Studio Agent for Linux with the command rsagent -- configure.

Connecting from R-Studio Agent for Linux to R-Studio.

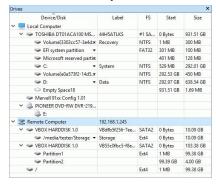
To establish a connection from R-Studio Agent for Linux to R-Studio,

- 1 Run the R-Studio Agent for Linux and press Enter
- 2 Enter the necessary information

Connect to R-Studio dialog box



> R-Studio Agent for Linux will connect to the computer where R-Studio is running and it will show the drive and logical disk structure of the remote computer.



It can be processed the same way as that on a local computer.

2.5.2 Data Recovery over Network

Generally, data restoring over network is very much the same as that on a local computer.

R-Studio Agent should be running on the network computer where data are to be recovered.

Read the Connecting over the Internet topic to learn how to establish connection between **R-Studio** and **R-Studio** Agent over the Internet.

To connect to a remote computer

1 Click the Connect to Remote button or select Connect To Remote on the Drive menu and select Connect to the remote computer

A list of nearby computers will appear in the Computer List on the Connect to Remote Computer dialog box.

Connect to Remote Computer dialog box



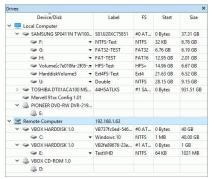
2 Select a computer from the list on the Connect to Remote Computer dialog box and enter the password

Otherwise, you need to specify in the Computer: field the name or IP address of the remote computer where data are to be recovered. The Port should coincide with the port specified for the **R-Studio Agent**.

The Password: field is for the password of *R-Studio Agent* running on the remote computer. If you want to see the entered password, right-click the field and select **Show password** on the shortcut menu.

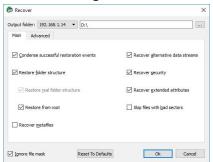
Note: If the remote computer is started with **R-Studio Agent Emergency**, leave this field blank.

> R-Studio will connect to the remote computer and show its drive and logical disk structure of the remote computer below the device/@isk structure of your local computer



It can be processed the same way as that on a local computer.

Recover dialog box



When the Recover dialog box appears, you may select whether you want to save recovered files on the local or remote computer. Saving recovered files on a remote computer may be useful when the remote computer has a healthy drive because you do not have to transfer files over network. It may be an external USB drive, for example.

When **R-Studio** connects to the remote computer, it check if **R-Studio Agent** is present and its password. If there is no **R-Studio Agent** installed, **R-Studio** may try to remotely install it. See the **R-Studio Agent** topic for details.

2.5.3 Connecting over the Internet

Available in the Technician/T80+ only.

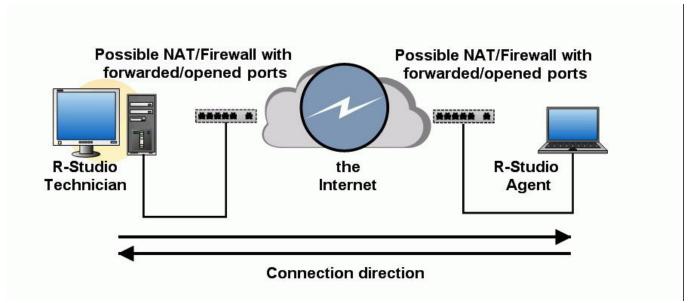
R-Studio and **R-Studio** Agent can be connected over the Internet. The connection can be made either using IP addresses or DNS names.

If hosts where **R-Studio** and **R-Studio Agent** are running have public IP addresses the connection can be made the same way as for the local network, except that the IP address or DNS name should be explicitly specified in the Computer filed the Connect to Remote Computer dialog box

If either (or both) of the hosts are on private networks behind NATs and firewalls and do not have public IP addresses, the corresponding ports should be opened or forwarded. In addition, connection should be made either only from **R-Studio** or from **R-Studio** Agent.

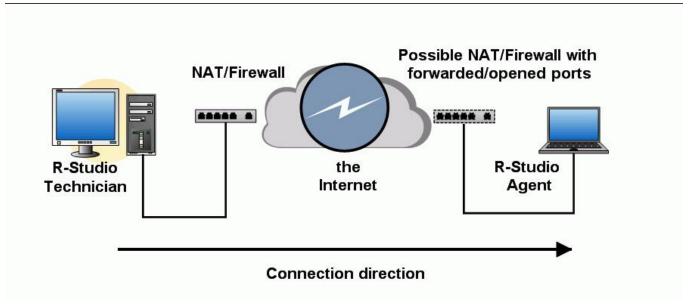
Connection directions

* Both R-Studio and R-Studio Agent have public IP addresses (no NAT/Brewall) or the ports on the NAT/? firewall are forwarded/opened.



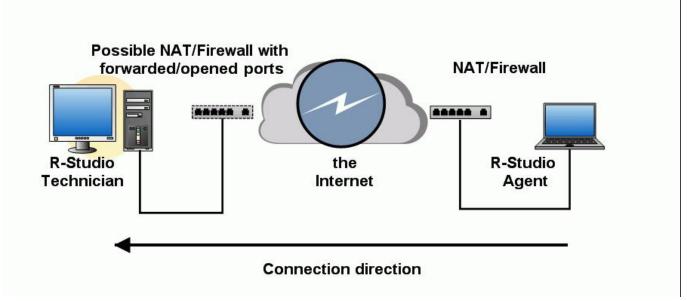
A connection can be made either from **R-Studio** or from **R-Studio** Agent.

* R-Studio is behind a NAT and R-Studio Agent has a public IP address or the ports on its NAT/@rewall are forwarded/opened.



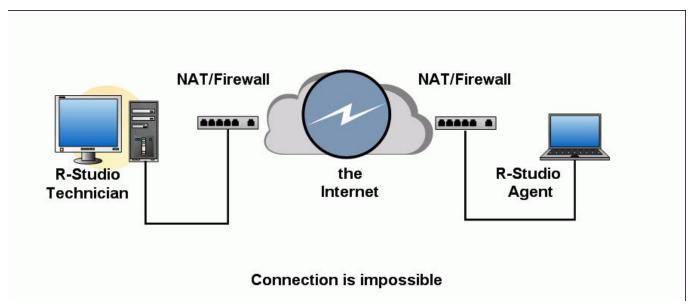
A connection should be made from **R-Studio**.

* R-Studio has a public IP address or the ports on its NAT/@rewall are forwarded/opened and R-Studio Agent is behind a NAT.



A connection should be made from **R-Studio Agent**.

* Both R-Studio and R-Studio Agent are behind NATs/firewalls.



No connections are possible.

Connection from R-Studio Agent to R-Studio

R-Studio settings

If a connection is to be made from **R-Studio Agent** to **R-Studio**, **R-Studio** should be set to accept connection on the Connect to Remote Computer dialog box.

Connect to Remote Computer dialog box



Select Wait connection from remote computer, and specify options for incoming connections.

■ R-Studio Incoming Connection Options

Password:	Enter a password to obtain access to this computer from a network.
Allow connection from any address	Select this option if you want to allow connections to R-Studio from any IP address
Allow connection from the host	Select this option if you want to allow connections to R-Studio from a specific IP address or a network
IP Address	specifies addresses from which this computer can be accessed.
Subnet Mask	specifies subnet mask of the network from which this computer can be accessed.

Port	port for incoming connections.	
------	--------------------------------	--

R-Studio will wait for an incoming connection.

Waiting for remote connection dialog box



Connecting from R-Studio Agent to R-Studio.

To establish a connection from R-Studio Agent to R-Studio,

(See the <u>R-Studio Agent for Mac</u> or <u>R-Studio Agent for Linux</u> help page to learn how to establish connections from those **R-Studio Agent** versions).

- 1 Right-click the R-Studio Agent tray icon and select Connect
- 2 Enter the necessary information on the Connect to R-Studio dialog box and click the Connect button.

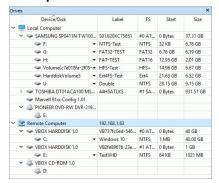
Connect to R-Studio dialog box



Connect to R-Studio settings

Server	Specify the DNS name or IP address of the host where R-Studio is running.
Port	Specify the port set on the R-Studio Connect to Remote Computer dialog box.
Password	Specify the password set on the R-Studio Connect to Remote Computer dialog box.

> R-Studio Agent will connect to the computer where R-Studio is running and it will show the drive and logical disk structure of the remote computer.



It can be processed the same way as that on a local computer.

III R-Studio Technician/T80+

R-Studio Technician/T80+ Demo can perform all data recovery actions except saving recovered files greater than 256 KB and multi-pass imaging.

The **R-Studio T80**+ version requires an active internet connection to run and register. You may read more about **R-Studio T80**+ in our article <u>R-Studio T80</u>+ - A <u>Professional Data Recovery and Forensic Solution for Small Business and Individuals Just for US\$1/day.</u>

This chapter covers features that available only in the **R-Studio Technician/T80**+ versions.

- Portable version
- File Information
- Custom Recovery Lists
- Drive Copy Wizard
- File Maps
- I/O Monitor and Sector Map files
- Runtime Imaging
- Multi-pass Imaging
- Reverse RAIDs
- Working with the Third-Party Hardware
- Forensic Mode

3.1 Portable version

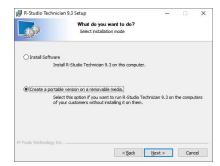
R-Studio Technician may be installed on and run from, a removable device like a USB memory stick. This portable version has all functionality of an installable version and can be used on any Windows computer.

R-Studio Technician Portable creation

A device for the portable version should have approximately 500 MB of free space.

Select Creation a portable version... on the Installation mode panel during installation.

Installation mode



and continue installation process.

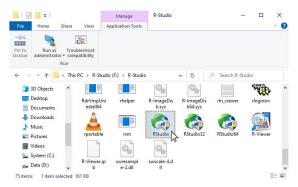
R-Studio Technician Portable start.

* Insert the removable device with R-Studio Technician Portable
R-Studio Technician starts automatically if AutoRun and AutoPlay services are enabled.
If they are disabled, go to the device and start the program manually.

R-Studio Technician Portable start



R-Studio Technician Portable start

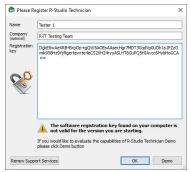


R-Studio Technician Portable activation

Sometimes R-Studio Technician Portable may need activation. You may do it the following way:

* If there's a working internet connection for the computer: enter the registration code for **R-Studio Technician Portable**.

R-Studio Technician Portable start



If there's no internet connections: You need to manually obtain an activation code to complete the registration. The Online Activation dialog window will appear.

R-Studio Technician Portable Online Activation dialog box



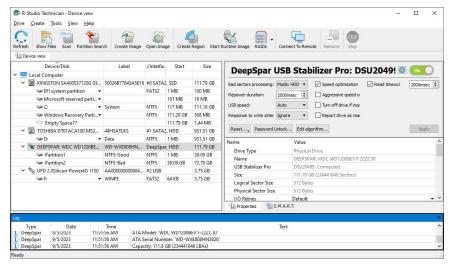
You may copy the url with the activation information and go to it on another computer connected to the Internet, obtain the activation code, and enter it into the respective field on the dialog box.

You may also use your smartphone to activate **R-Studio**. Scan the QR-code and go to the specified URL, obtain the activation code, and finish program activation.

R-Studio Technician Portable operation

You may work with the same way as with an installed **R-Studio Technician**, including its work with data recovery hardware.

R-Studio Technician Portable with data recovery hardware



3.2 File Information

R-Studio Technician/T80+ shows much more information about files than R-Studio does.

Info about a file with good chances for recovery



Info for a file with below average recovery chances



■More information

*	Click this button to pin the file information. This panel will show the information about the "pinned" file regardless of the current selected file.
	Click this button to copy all this information
[131530753] test4.arc [131596289] test5.arc [131727361] test7.arc [4784139] MyDoc3.odt [6252874458] MyDoc3.odt [6252872881] MyDoc1.odt [6252872881] MyDoc1.odt	Click this button to select the file you want to go to.
*	Click this button to close all the information.
Overlapping files	Shows the list or files that may occupy the same drive sectors. You may click the file id to see information about this file.
Regions	Shows the list of sectors occupied by the file and corresponding overlapping files. You may click a sector number open the sector in the built-in Hexadecimal editor.

Examples of file information on other file systems

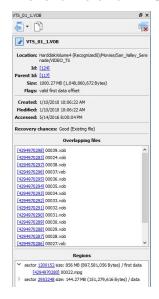
File info on an ext4fs file system



File info on an APFS file system



Info for a file on an HFS+ file system



Info for a file on an XFS file system



3.3 Custom Recovery Lists

The **R-Studio Technician/T80**+ versions can create more advanced <u>recovery lists</u>.

■ Export Recovery List options

= =	
Export the entire folder/file tree Export marked file/folder names Export file/folder names	Specifies which file and folder names will be exported.
File format:	A file format for the recovery list. Only text format is available for the standalone and corporate versions.

	R-Studio Technician/T80+ can create custom recovery lists in other formats with more advanced options The following formats are available for R-Studio Technician/T80+ version: Plain Text HTML XML JSON
	CSV
File name:	Specifies a file name of the recovery list.

Editing the file recovery list

All files without any marks in the recovery list will be marked when the list is loaded into **R-Studio**. So, if you have some files in the recovery list that don't need to be recovered, just delete them from the list. In addition, you may use the following marks to specify some options

- :+ Mark the file, or the folder, all its files, and subfolders within the folder.
- :* Mark the file, or the folder and its files, don't mark subfolders in the folder.
- :- Unmark the file, or the folder, its files, and subfolders in the folder.
- := Unmark the file or the folder and its files, dont unmark subfolders in the folder.
- Provide the information on the file. (**R-Studio Technician/T80**+ only)

R-Studio processes records in the list consequently. That is, if there are the following lines in the file,

```
:+Files_to_Recover\
:-Files_to_Delete\File_2.jpg
the file File_2.jpg won't be marked for recovery, while for the lines
:-Files_to_Recover\File_2.jpg
:+Files_to_Recover\
file File_2.jpg will be.
```

A simple recovery list for reference

```
Structure of a simple recovery list file created by R-Studio
:# Version = 1
:# Sort = by real
:# PathDelim = /
:# CaseSensitive
:# Drive = type: "Volume"; size: "1048576000"; mountpoint: "e: \"; label: "ntfs test";
fs:"NTFS";
:# Parent = type: "Drive"; size: "1048576000"; serial: "2cca54405a8d3a89";
firmware: "2.00"; product: "01qb i-disk"; vendor: "c-one";
Diving/
Diving/Aquarium/
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_100644.jpg
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_101620.jpg
Diving/Aguarium/20190822 102526.jpg
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_103830.jpg
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_104333.jpg
Diving/MyPhoto1.jpg
Diving/MyPhoto2.jpg
Diving/MyPhoto3.jpg
Diving/MyPhoto4.JPG
```

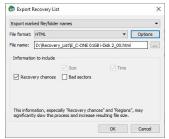
```
Diving/MyPhoto5.jpg
SF/Sea-Lions/
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3493.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3535.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3542.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3579.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3580.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3581.JPG
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3589.JPG
SF/IMG_0869.JPG
SF/IMG_0873.JPG
SF/IMG 0890.JPG
SF/IMG_1739.JPG
SF/IMG_3460.JPG
SF/IMG_3461.JPG
SF/IMG_3476.JPG
SF/IMG_3478.JPG
SF/IMG_3479.JPG
SF/IMG_3480.JPG
SF/IMG_3481.JPG
SF/IMG_3493.JPG
SF/IMG_3535.JPG
SF/IMG 3542.JPG
SF/IMG_3579.JPG
SF/IMG_3580.JPG
SF/IMG_3581.JPG
SF/IMG 3589.JPG
SF/IMG_3590.JPG
SF/IMG_3591.JPG
SF/IMG_3592.JPG
SF/IMG_3593.JPG
SF/IMG_3594.JPG
SF/IMG_3595.JPG
SF/IMG 3596.JPG
SF/IMG_3608.JPG
SF/IMG_3627.JPG
MyPhoto6.JPG
MyPhoto7.JPG
MyPhoto8.JPG
MyPhoto9.JPG
If such recovery list is created from an entire logical disk/partition, it will contain several virtual folders. For
example, they'll have the following structure for an NTFS partition.
///m/$Extend/
///m/$Extend/$Deleted/
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$Txf/
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$TxfLog/
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$TxfLog/$Tops
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$TxfLog/$TxfLog.blf
```

```
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$TxfLog/$TxfLogContainer00000000000000000001
///m/$Extend/$RmMetadata/$Repair
///m/$Extend/$ObjId
///m/$Extend/$Quota
///m/$Extend/$Reparse
///m/$AttrDef
///m/$BadClus
///m/$Bitmap
///m/$Boot
///m/$LogFile
///m/$MFT
///m/$MFTMirr
///m/$Secure
///m/$UpCase
///m/$Volume
```

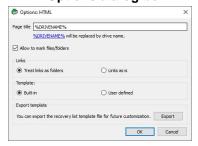
HTML format

This is a default format of recovery lists for the **R-Studio Technician/T80+** version. It allows its users to supply their customers with the recovery lists with the easiest way to edit.

Export Recovery List dialog box for the HTML format



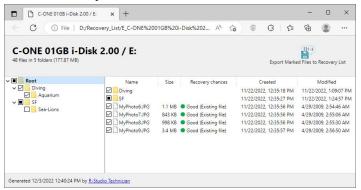
HTML Options dialog box



You may export the default HTML template and edit it to adapt it for your own purposes.

When the customer loads an HTML recovery list in their browser, they can mark files they want to recover, and export their names into the final recovery list in the plain text format.

HTML Recovery list in a browser



You may compare this list with the edited simple recovery list.

An exported recovery list

```
:# Version = 1
:# Sort = by real
:# PathDelim = /
:# CaseSensitive
:# Drive = type: "Volume"; size: "1048576000"; mountpoint: "e: \"; label: "ntfs test";
fs: "NTFS";
:# Parent = type: "Drive"; size: "1048576000"; serial: "2cca54405a8d3a89";
firmware: "2.00"; product: "01gb i-disk"; vendor: "c-one";
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_100644.jpg
:! Id=630001
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_101620.jpg
:! Id=640001
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_102526.jpg
:! Id=650001
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_103830.jpg
:! Id=660001
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_104333.jpg
:! Id=670001
Diving/MyPhoto1.jpg
:! Id=270001
Diving/MyPhoto2.jpg
:! Id=280001
Diving/MyPhoto3.jpg
:! Id=290001
Diving/MyPhoto4.JPG
:! Id=2a0001
Diving/MyPhoto5.jpg
:! Id=2b0001
SF/IMG 0869.JPG
:! Id=370001
SF/IMG_0873.JPG
:! Id=380001
SF/IMG 0890.JPG
:! Id=390001
SF/IMG_1739.JPG
:! Id=3a0001
SF/IMG_3460.JPG
```

```
:! Id=3b0001
SF/IMG_3461.JPG
:! Id=3c0001
SF/IMG_3476.JPG
:! Id=3d0001
SF/IMG 3478.JPG
:! Id=3e0001
SF/IMG_3479.JPG
:! Id=3f0001
SF/IMG_3480.JPG
:! Id=400001
SF/IMG_3481.JPG
:! Id=410001
SF/IMG_3493.JPG
:! Id=1000000
SF/IMG_3535.JPG
:! Id=1000001
SF/IMG_3542.JPG
:! Id=1000002
SF/IMG_3579.JPG
:! Id=1000003
SF/IMG 3580.JPG
:! Id=1000004
SF/IMG_3581.JPG
:! Id=1000005
SF/IMG_3589.JPG
:! Id=1000006
SF/IMG 3590.JPG
:! Id=1000007
SF/IMG_3591.JPG
:! Id=4a0001
SF/IMG_3592.JPG
:! Id=4b0001
SF/IMG_3593.JPG
:! Id=4c0001
SF/IMG_3594.JPG
:! Id=4d0001
SF/IMG_3595.JPG
:! Id=4e0001
SF/IMG_3596.JPG
:! Id=4f0001
SF/IMG_3608.JPG
:! Id=500001
SF/IMG 3627.JPG
:! Id=510001
MyPhoto6.JPG
:! Id=5e0001
MyPhoto7.JPG
:! Id=5f0001
MyPhoto8.JPG
:! Id=600001
MyPhoto9.JPG
:! Id=610001
```

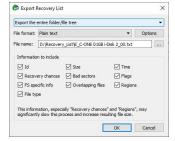
■ A manually edited plain text recovery list

The edited simple recovery list The final simple recovery list will be the following: :# Version = 1 :# Sort = by real :# PathDelim = / :# CaseSensitive :# Drive = type: "Volume"; size: "1048576000"; mountpoint: "e:\"; label: "ntfs test"; :# Parent = type: "Drive"; size: "1048576000"; serial: "2cca54405a8d3a89"; firmware:"2.00"; product:"01gb i-disk"; vendor:"c-one"; := Diving/ :+ Diving/Aquarium/ :+ Diving/MyPhotol.jpg :+ Diving/MyPhoto3.jpg :+ SF/ :- SF/Sea-Lions/ MyPhoto6.JPG MyPhoto7.JPG MyPhoto8.JPG

MyPhoto9.JPG Plain text format

Custom recovery lists in the text format contains more information about files than simple recovery lists.

Export Recovery List dialog box for the plain text format



You may compare two versions of the same plain text recovery list:

An advanced text recovery list

```
This is an advanced version of the recovery list described on the <a href="Recovery List">Recovery List</a> page.

:# Version = 1
:# Sort = by real
:# PathDelim = /
:# CaseSensitive
:# Drive = type:"Volume"; size:"1048576000"; mountpoint:"e:\"; label:"ntfs
test"; fs:"NTFS";
:# Parent = type:"Drive"; size:"1048576000"; serial:"2cca54405a8d3a89";
firmware:"2.00"; product:"01gb i-disk"; vendor:"c-one";
Diving/
:! Id=4000000260001
:! Flags=directory
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:18 PM
:! Modified=11/22/2022 01:09:07 PM
```

```
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:18 PM
:! MFT number=38
:! Parent MFT number=5
Diving/Aquarium/
:! Id=4000000620001
:! Flags=directory
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:09:07 PM
:! Modified=11/22/2022 01:09:58 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:17 PM
:! MFT number=98
:! Parent MFT number=38
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_100644.jpg
:! Id=630001
:! Size=3.63 MB (3,808,537 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:09:56 PM
:! Modified=8/21/2019 11:06:44 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:09:56 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 449232 size: 3.63 MB (3,808,537 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000530001] IMG 0510.JPG
:! sector 682862 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000540001] IMG_0516.JPG
:! sector 682862 (offset: 176 ) size: 104 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000540001] IMG 0516.JPG
:! MFT number=99
:! Parent MFT number=98
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_101620.jpg
:! Id=640001
:! Size=3.23 MB (3,389,662 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:09:56 PM
:! Modified=8/21/2019 11:16:20 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:09:57 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 456672 size: 3.23 MB (3,389,662 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000550001] IMG_0525.JPG
:! sector 682864 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000550001] IMG 0525.JPG
:! sector 682864 (offset: 176 ) size: 104 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000560001] IMG 0539.JPG
:! MFT number=100
:! Parent MFT number=98
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_102526.jpg
:! Id=650001
:! Size=3.06 MB (3,208,377 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:09:57 PM
```

```
:! Modified=8/21/2019 11:25:26 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:09:57 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 463296 size: 3.06 MB (3,208,377 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000560001] IMG_0539.JPG
:! sector 682866 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000570001] IMG_0541.JPG
:! sector 682866 (offset: 176 ) size: 104 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000570001] IMG 0541.JPG
:! MFT number=101
:! Parent MFT number=98
Diving/Aquarium/20190822_103830.jpg
:! Id=660001
:! Size=3.22 MB (3,381,308 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:09:57 PM
:! Modified=8/21/2019 11:38:30 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:09:58 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 469568 size: 3.22 MB (3,381,308 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000580001] IMG_0542.JPG
:! sector 682868 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000580001] IMG_0542.JPG
:! sector 682868 (offset: 176 ) size: 104 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000590001] IMG_0543.JPG
:! MFT number=102
:! Parent MFT number=98
Diving/Aguarium/20190822_104333.jpg
:! Id=670001
:! Size=3.19 MB (3,344,532 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:09:58 PM
:! Modified=8/21/2019 11:43:33 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:09:58 PM
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 476176 size: 3.19 MB (3,344,532 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000590001] IMG_0543.JPG
:! sector 682870 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000005a0001] IMG_0545.JPG
:! sector 682870 (offset: 176 ) size: 104 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000005a0001] IMG_0545.JPG
:! MFT number=103
:! Parent MFT number=98
Diving/MyPhotol.jpg
:! Id=270001
:! Size=2.56 MB (2,682,000 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:18 PM
```

```
:! Modified=4/29/2009 02:52:42 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:19 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 11336 size: 2.56 MB (2,682,000 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000460002] IMG_3579.JPG, [480000001000003]
IMG_3579.JPG
:! sector 682742 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000470002] IMG_3580.JPG, [480000001000004]
IMG_3580.JPG
:! sector 682742 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000470002] IMG 3580.JPG, [480000001000004]
IMG_3580.JPG
:! MFT number=39
:! Parent MFT number=38
Diving/MyPhoto2.jpg
:! Id=280001
:! Size=1.75 MB (1,830,252 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:19 PM
:! Modified=4/29/2009 02:53:22 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:19 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 16576 size: 1.75 MB (1,830,252 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000480002] IMG_3581.JPG, [480000001000005]
IMG_3581.JPG
:! sector 682744 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000480002] IMG_3581.JPG, [480000001000005]
IMG_3581.JPG
:! sector 682744 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000490002] IMG 3589.JPG, [480000001000006]
IMG_3589.JPG
:! MFT number=40
:! Parent MFT number=38
Diving/MyPhoto3.jpg
:! Id=290001
:! Size=1.73 MB (1,816,964 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:19 PM
:! Modified=4/29/2009 02:53:58 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:19 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 20152 size: 1.73 MB (1,816,964 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000490002] IMG_3589.JPG, [480000001000006]
IMG_3589.JPG
:! sector 682746 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000001000007] IMG_3590.JPG
:! sector 682746 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
```

```
:! other files: [480000004a0001] IMG_3591.JPG
:! MFT number=41
:! Parent MFT number=38
Diving/MyPhoto4.JPG
:! Id=2a0001
:! Size=880.15 KB (901,269 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:19 PM
:! Modified=4/29/2009 02:54:20 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:20 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 23704 size: 880.15 KB (901,269 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [4800000004b0001] IMG_3592.JPG
:! sector 682748 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [480000004c0001] IMG 3593.JPG
:! sector 682748 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000004d0001] IMG_3594.JPG
:! MFT number=42
:! Parent MFT number=38
Diving/MyPhoto5.jpg
:! Id=2b0001
:! Size=3.13 MB (3,286,883 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:20 PM
:! Modified=4/29/2009 03:13:38 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:20 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 25472 size: 3.13 MB (3,286,883 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000004e0001] IMG 3595.JPG
:! sector 682750 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [480000004f0001] IMG_3596.JPG
:! sector 682750 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000500001] IMG_3608.JPG
:! MFT number=43
:! Parent MFT number=38
SF/
:! Id=400000360001
:! Flags=directory
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:27 PM
:! Modified=11/22/2022 01:24:57 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:25:09 PM
:! MFT number=54
:! Parent MFT number=5
SF/Sea-Lions/
:! Id=4000000420002
:! Flags=directory
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:24:57 PM
```

```
:! Modified=11/22/2022 01:25:09 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:27:46 PM
:! MFT number=66
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3493.JPG
:! Id=430002
:! Size=4.75 MB (4,985,023 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:25:05 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:50:22 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:25:05 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 208544 size: 4.75 MB (4,985,023 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000002a0001] MyPhoto4.JPG
:! sector 682798 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000002b0001] MyPhoto5.jpg
:! sector 682798 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000002b0001] MyPhoto5.jpg
:! Overlapping files=[480000001000000] IMG_3493.JPG
:! MFT number=67
:! Parent MFT number=66
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3535.JPG
:! Id=440002
:! Size=3.55 MB (3,718,479 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:25:06 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:55:56 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:25:06 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 218288 size: 3.55 MB (3,718,479 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000002d0001] IMG 0201.JPG
:! sector 682800 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000002d0001] IMG_0201.JPG
:! sector 682800 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000002e0001] IMG 0211.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[48000001000001] IMG 3535.JPG
:! MFT number=68
:! Parent MFT number=66
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3542.JPG
:! Id=450002
:! Size=3.92 MB (4,110,749 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:25:06 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:57:38 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:25:07 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 225552 size: 3.92 MB (4,110,749 Bytes) / first data
```

```
:! other files: [480000002e0001] IMG 0211.JPG
:! sector 682802 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [480000002f0001] IMG_0250.JPG
:! sector 682802 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000002f0001] IMG_0250.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[48000001000002] IMG 3542.JPG
:! MFT number=69
:! Parent MFT number=66
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3579.JPG
:! Id=460002
:! Size=3.92 MB (4,109,345 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:25:07 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:59:32 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:25:07 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 233584 size: 3.92 MB (4,109,345 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000300001] IMG_0283.JPG
:! sector 682804 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000300001] IMG_0283.JPG
:! sector 682804 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000310001] IMG_0389.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[480000001000003] IMG_3579.JPG
:! MFT number=70
:! Parent MFT number=66
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3580.JPG
:! Id=470002
:! Size=3.35 MB (3,510,477 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:25:08 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:59:40 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:25:08 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 241616 size: 3.35 MB (3,510,477 Bytes) / first data
   :! other files: [48000000310001] IMG 0389.JPG
:! sector 682806 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000320001] IMG_0390.JPG
:! sector 682806 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000320001] IMG_0390.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[48000001000004] IMG 3580.JPG
:! MFT number=71
:! Parent MFT number=66
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3581.JPG
:! Id=480002
:! Size=4.09 MB (4,285,353 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:25:08 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:59:48 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:25:09 PM
```

```
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 248480 size: 4.09 MB (4,285,353 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000330001] IMG_0391.JPG
:! sector 682808 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000330001] IMG_0391.JPG
:! sector 682808 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000340001] IMG_3694.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[480000001000005] IMG_3581.JPG
:! MFT number=72
:! Parent MFT number=66
SF/Sea-Lions/IMG_3589.JPG
:! Id=490002
:! Size=4.44 MB (4,651,043 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 01:25:09 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:00:18 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:25:10 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 256856 size: 4.44 MB (4,651,043 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000340001] IMG 3694.JPG
:! sector 682810 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000350001] IMG_3699.JPG
:! sector 682810 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000350001] IMG 3699.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[480000001000006] IMG_3589.JPG
:! MFT number=73
:! Parent MFT number=66
SF/IMG 0869.JPG
:! Id=370001
:! Size=3.53 MB (3,698,659 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:27 PM
:! Modified=5/30/2009 10:13:46 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:26 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 111224 size: 3.53 MB (3,698,659 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000010000] $MFTMirr
:! sector 682774 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000010000] $MFTMirr
:! sector 682774 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000020000] $LogFile
:! MFT number=55
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_0873.JPG
:! Id=380001
:! Size=5.61 MB (5,881,104 Bytes)
```

```
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:28 PM
:! Modified=5/30/2009 10:15:56 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:28 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 118448 size: 5.61 MB (5,881,104 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000020000] $LogFile
:! sector 682776 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000040000] $AttrDef
:! sector 682776 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000040000] $AttrDef
:! MFT number=56
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_0890.JPG
:! Id=390001
:! Size=5.40 MB (5,663,358 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:29 PM
:! Modified=5/30/2009 10:47:26 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:29 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 129936 size: 5.40 MB (5,663,358 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000060000] $Bitmap
:! sector 682778 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000060000] $Bitmap
:! sector 682778 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000070000] $Boot
:! MFT number=57
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_1739.JPG
:! Id=3a0001
:! Size=4.07 MB (4,266,181 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:30 PM
:! Modified=6/3/2009 09:59:04 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:30 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 141000 size: 4.07 MB (4,266,181 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000070000] $Boot
:! sector 682780 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000070000] $Boot
:! sector 682780 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000000000] $UpCase
:! MFT number=58
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3460.JPG
:! Id=3b0001
```

```
:! Size=4.38 MB (4,593,453 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:31 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 04:58:08 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:30 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 149336 size: 4.38 MB (4,593,453 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000000a0000] $UpCase
:! sector 682782 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000000a0000] $UpCase
:! sector 682782 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000200001] $Tops
:! MFT number=59
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG 3461.JPG
:! Id=3c0001
:! Size=3.91 MB (4,102,032 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:31 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 04:58:26 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:31 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 158312 size: 3.91 MB (4,102,032 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000200001] $Tops
:! sector 682784 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000200001] $Tops
:! sector 682784 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000210001] $TxfLog.blf
:! MFT number=60
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3476.JPG
:! Id=3d0001
:! Size=3.92 MB (4,114,595 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:32 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 05:02:50 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:32 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 166328 size: 3.92 MB (4,114,595 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000210001] $TxfLog.blf
:! sector 682786 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000220001] $TxfLogContainer0000000000000000001
:! sector 682786 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000220001] $TxfLogContainer000000000000000001
:! MFT number=61
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3478.JPG
```

```
:! Id=3e0001
:! Size=4.74 MB (4,968,784 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:33 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 05:03:22 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:33 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 174376 size: 4.74 MB (4,968,784 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000230001] $TxfLogContainer0000000000000000002
:! sector 682788 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000230001] $TxfLogContainer000000000000000000
:! sector 682788 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000250001] WPSettings.dat
:! MFT number=62
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG 3479.JPG
:! Id=3f0001
:! Size=4.28 MB (4,484,110 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:34 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 05:03:42 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:22:34 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 184088 size: 4.28 MB (4,484,110 Bytes) / first data
   :! other files: [48000000250001] WPSettings.dat
:! sector 682790 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000250001] WPSettings.dat
:! sector 682790 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000270001] MyPhoto1.jpg
:! MFT number=63
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3480.JPG
:! Id=400001
:! Size=4.28 MB (4,491,209 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:34 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 05:03:48 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:24:01 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 192848 size: 4.28 MB (4,491,209 Bytes) / first data
   :! other files: [48000000270001] MyPhoto1.jpg
:! sector 682792 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000280001] MyPhoto2.jpg
:! sector 682792 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000280001] MyPhoto2.jpg
:! MFT number=64
:! Parent MFT number=54
```

```
SF/IMG_3481.JPG
:! Id=410001
:! Size=3.38 MB (3,541,845 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:35 PM
:! Modified=6/20/2009 11:00:56 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 01:23:57 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 201624 size: 3.38 MB (3,541,845 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000290001] MyPhoto3.jpg
:! sector 682794 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000290001] MyPhoto3.jpg
:! sector 682794 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000002a0001] MyPhoto4.JPG
:! MFT number=65
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3493.JPG
:! Id=1000000
:! Size=4.75 MB (4,985,023 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:36 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:50:22 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:37 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Below Average (Integrity OK, Beginning overwritten by
existing file [48000000430002])
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 208544 size: 4.75 MB (4,985,023 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000005b0001] IMG_0547.JPG
:! sector 682796 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000005b0001] IMG 0547.JPG
:! sector 682796 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [480000005c0001] IMG 0550.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[480000000430002] IMG_3493.JPG
:! MFT number=66
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3535.JPG
:! Id=1000001
:! Size=3.55 MB (3,718,479 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:37 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:55:56 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:37 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Below Average (Integrity OK, Beginning overwritten by
existing file [48000000440002])
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 218288 size: 3.55 MB (3,718,479 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000005c0001] IMG_0550.JPG
:! sector 682798 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
```

```
:! other files: [480000005d0001] IMG 0551.JPG
:! sector 682798 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000005d0001] IMG_0551.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[480000000440002] IMG 3535.JPG
:! MFT number=67
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3542.JPG
:! Id=1000002
:! Size=3.92 MB (4,110,749 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:37 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:57:38 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:38 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Below Average (Integrity OK, Beginning overwritten by
existing file [48000000450002])
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 225552 size: 3.92 MB (4,110,749 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000005e0001] MyPhoto6.JPG
:! sector 682800 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000005e0001] MyPhoto6.JPG
:! sector 682800 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000005f0001] MyPhoto7.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[480000000450002] IMG_3542.JPG
:! MFT number=68
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3579.JPG
:! Id=1000003
:! Size=3.92 MB (4,109,345 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:38 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:59:32 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:39 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Below Average (Integrity OK, Beginning overwritten by
existing file [48000000460002])
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 233584 size: 3.92 MB (4,109,345 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000005f0001] MyPhoto7.JPG
:! sector 682802 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000600001] MyPhoto8.JPG
:! sector 682802 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000600001] MyPhoto8.JPG
:! Overlapping files=[48000000460002] IMG 3579.JPG
:! MFT number=69
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG 3580.JPG
:! Id=1000004
:! Size=3.35 MB (3,510,477 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
```

```
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:39 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:59:40 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:39 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Below Average (Integrity OK, Beginning overwritten by
existing file [48000000470002])
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 241616 size: 3.35 MB (3,510,477 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000610001] MyPhoto9.JPG
:! sector 682804 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000610001] MyPhoto9.JPG
:! sector 682804 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000630001] 20190822 100644.jpg
:! Overlapping files=[480000000470002] IMG_3580.JPG
:! MFT number=70
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3581.JPG
:! Id=1000005
:! Size=4.09 MB (4,285,353 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:39 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 06:59:48 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:40 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Below Average (Integrity OK, Beginning overwritten by
existing file [48000000480002])
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 248480 size: 4.09 MB (4,285,353 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000000630001] 20190822_100644.jpg
:! sector 682806 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000000640001] 20190822_101620.jpg
:! sector 682806 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000640001] 20190822_101620.jpg
:! Overlapping files=[480000000480002] IMG 3581.JPG
:! MFT number=71
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG 3589.JPG
:! Id=1000006
:! Size=4.44 MB (4,651,043 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:40 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:00:18 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:41 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Below Average (Integrity OK, Beginning overwritten by
existing file [48000000490002])
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 256856 size: 4.44 MB (4,651,043 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000650001] 20190822_102526.jpg
:! sector 682808 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000650001] 20190822_102526.jpg
```

```
:! sector 682808 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000660001] 20190822 103830.jpg
:! Overlapping files=[480000000490002] IMG_3589.JPG
:! MFT number=72
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3590.JPG
:! Id=1000007
:! Size=4.67 MB (4,899,941 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:41 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:00:22 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:42 PM
:! File type=NTFS Directory Entries
:! Recovery chances=Average (Signature, Unfragmented)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 265944 size: 4.67 MB (4,899,941 Bytes) / first data
   :! other files: [480000000660001] 20190822_103830.jpg
:! sector 682810 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000670001] 20190822_104333.jpg
:! sector 682810 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000670001] 20190822 104333.jpg
:! MFT number=73
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3591.JPG
:! Id=4a0001
:! Size=4.08 MB (4,280,042 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:42 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:00:22 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:42 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Integrity OK, Unfragmented)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 275520 size: 4.08 MB (4,280,042 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000370001] IMG_0869.JPG
:! sector 682812 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000370001] IMG 0869.JPG
:! sector 682812 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000380001] IMG 0873.JPG
:! MFT number=74
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3592.JPG
:! Id=4b0001
:! Size=5.04 MB (5,285,211 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:42 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:00:22 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:43 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Integrity OK, Unfragmented)
```

```
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 283880 size: 5.04 MB (5,285,211 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000380001] IMG_0873.JPG
:! sector 682814 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000390001] IMG_0890.JPG
:! sector 682814 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000390001] IMG_0890.JPG
:! MFT number=75
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3593.JPG
:! Id=4c0001
:! Size=4.74 MB (4,969,442 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:43 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:00:26 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:44 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Average (Signature, Unfragmented)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 294208 size: 4.74 MB (4,969,442 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000003a0001] IMG_1739.JPG
:! sector 682816 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000003a0001] IMG 1739.JPG
:! sector 682816 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000003b0001] IMG_3460.JPG
:! MFT number=76
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3594.JPG
:! Id=4d0001
:! Size=4.69 MB (4,917,237 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:44 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:00:30 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:45 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Average (Signature, Unfragmented)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 303920 size: 4.69 MB (4,917,237 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000003b0001] IMG_3460.JPG
:! sector 682818 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [480000003c0001] IMG_3461.JPG
:! sector 682818 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000003c0001] IMG 3461.JPG
:! MFT number=77
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3595.JPG
:! Id=4e0001
:! Size=5.09 MB (5,338,697 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:45 PM
```

```
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:00:32 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:46 PM
:! Recovery chances=Average (Unrecognized, Unfragmented)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 313528 size: 5.09 MB (5,338,697 Bytes) / first data
   :! other files: [480000003d0001] IMG 3476.JPG
:! sector 682820 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [480000003d0001] IMG_3476.JPG
:! sector 682820 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [480000003e0001] IMG_3478.JPG
:! MFT number=78
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3596.JPG
:! Id=4f0001
:! Size=4.93 MB (5,174,072 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:46 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:00:34 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:47 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Average (Signature, Unfragmented)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 323960 size: 4.93 MB (5,174,072 Bytes) / first data
   :! other files: [480000003e0001] IMG_3478.JPG
:! sector 682822 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [480000003f0001] IMG_3479.JPG
:! sector 682822 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [480000003f0001] IMG_3479.JPG
:! MFT number=79
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3608.JPG
:! Id=500001
:! Size=5.01 MB (5,257,021 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:47 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:01:28 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:48 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Average (Signature, Unfragmented)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 334072 size: 5.01 MB (5,257,021 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000400001] IMG 3480.JPG
:! sector 682824 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000400001] IMG_3480.JPG
:! sector 682824 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000410001] IMG 3481.JPG
:! MFT number=80
:! Parent MFT number=54
SF/IMG_3627.JPG
:! Id=510001
```

```
:! Size=3.48 MB (3,651,691 Bytes)
:! Flags=deleted
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:48 PM
:! Modified=6/5/2009 07:02:36 PM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:48 PM
:! Recovery chances=Average (Unrecognized, Unfragmented)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 344344 size: 3.48 MB (3,651,691 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [48000000410001] IMG_3481.JPG
:! sector 682826 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000001000000] IMG 3493.JPG
:! sector 682826 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000001000000] IMG 3493.JPG
:! MFT number=81
:! Parent MFT number=54
MyPhoto6.JPG
:! Id=5e0001
:! Size=1.07 MB (1,123,560 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:56 PM
:! Modified=4/29/2009 02:54:46 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:56 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 436440 size: 1.07 MB (1,123,560 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000004c0001] IMG_3593.JPG
:! sector 682852 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000004d0001] IMG_3594.JPG
:! sector 682852 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000004d0001] IMG_3594.JPG
:! MFT number=94
:! Parent MFT number=5
MyPhoto7.JPG
:! Id=5f0001
:! Size=842.76 KB (862,983 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:56 PM
:! Modified=4/29/2009 02:55:06 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:56 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 438640 size: 842.76 KB (862,983 Bytes) / first data
    :! other files: [480000004e0001] IMG_3595.JPG
:! sector 682854 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000004e0001] IMG_3595.JPG
:! sector 682854 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [480000004f0001] IMG_3596.JPG
:! MFT number=95
:! Parent MFT number=5
MyPhoto8.JPG
```

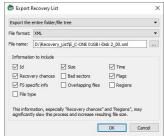
```
:! Id=600001
:! Size=997.99 KB (1,021,937 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:56 PM
:! Modified=4/29/2009 02:55:30 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:57 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 440328 size: 997.99 KB (1,021,937 Bytes) / first data
   :! other files: [480000004f0001] IMG_3596.JPG
:! sector 682856 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
    :! other files: [48000000500001] IMG_3608.JPG
:! sector 682856 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000500001] IMG_3608.JPG
:! MFT number=96
:! Parent MFT number=5
MyPhoto9.JPG
:! Id=610001
:! Size=3.37 MB (3,533,017 Bytes)
:! Created=11/22/2022 12:35:57 PM
:! Modified=4/29/2009 02:56:50 AM
:! Accessed=11/22/2022 12:35:57 PM
:! File type=JPEG Digital Camera
:! Recovery chances=Good (Existing file)
:! Regions (sector size=512B):
:! sector 442328 size: 3.37 MB (3,533,017 Bytes) / first data
   :! other files: [48000000510001] IMG 3627.JPG
:! sector 682858 (offset: 80 ) size: 72 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000510001] IMG_3627.JPG
:! sector 682858 (offset: 176 ) size: 90 Bytes / resident
   :! other files: [48000000530001] IMG_0510.JPG
:! MFT number=97
:! Parent MFT number=5
```

Other recovery list formats

You may export recovery lists in the following formats:

XML format

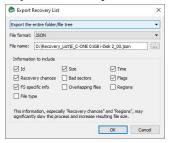
Export Recovery List dialog box for the XML format



JSON format

Custom recovery lists in the text format contains more information about files than simple recovery lists.

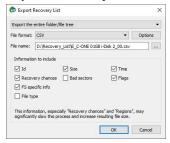
Export Recovery List dialog box for the JSON format



CSV format

Custom recovery lists in the text format contains more information about files than simple recovery lists.

Export Recovery List dialog box for the CSV format



CSV Options dialog box



3.4 Drive Copy Wizard

You may copy any object in the Drives panel to any other object, if there is enough space on the target one. Before **Copy object to...** becomes enabled on the **Create** menu, you need to enable writing.

To enable writing,

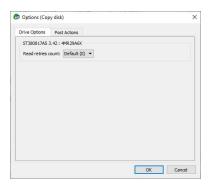
- 1 In the R-Studio main panel, select the Tools menu, then Settings, and select Enable Write on the Settings dialog box.
- > The Copy object to... will be enabled on the Create menu.

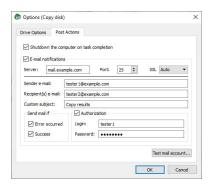
Now objects can be copied.

While the objects are being copied, you may change some parameters and view the <u>I/O monitor</u> on the Object Copy Progress dialog box.



You may change some options during the copy process





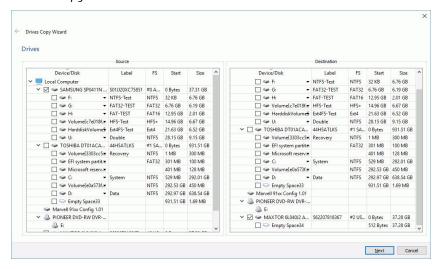
Depending on the objects to copy and your tasks, you may do:

Binary (byte to byte copy)

An exact copy of the source object (or a part thereof) to the destination device (from its beginning or a specified offset). Any object may be copied to any object this way.

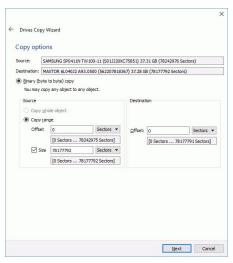
To perform a binary copy of an object,

- 1 Select Copy object to... on the Create menu
- 2 Select a source and destination objects in the Drives Copy Wizard panel and click the Next button Drives Copy Wizard



3 Select Binary (byte to byte) copy on the Copy Options dialog box, specify copy options, and click the Next button

Copy options dialog box

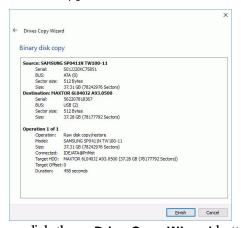


■ Copy options

Source	
Copy whole object	Select this option if you want to copy the entire source object to the destination one
Copy range	Select this option if you want to copy a part of the source object
Offset	Specify the offset from which the source object data will be copied to the destination object
Size	Specify the size of the source object data which will be copied to the destination object
Destination	
Offset	Specify the offset on the destination object to which the source object data will be copied

3 View the copy task settings on the Drives Copy Wizard and click the Finish button

Drives Copy Wizard



or click the <- Drive Copy Wizard button to edit the copy parameters

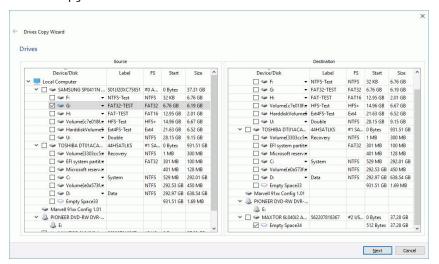
> R-Studio will start copying data from the source object to the destination one.

Smart partition copy

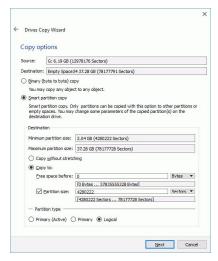
Only <u>partitions</u> can be copied with this option to other partitions or empty spaces. You may change some parameters of the the copied partition(s) on the destination drive.

To perform a smart partition copy of a partition,

- 1 Select Copy object to... on the Create menu
- 2 Select source and destination partitions in the Drives Copy Wizard panel and click the Next button Drives Copy Wizard



3 Select Smart partition copy in the Copy Options panel, specify copy options, and click the Next button Copy options dialog box



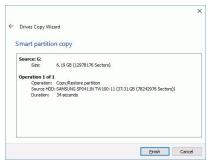
■ Copy options

Destination	
Copy without stretching	Select this option if you want to copy the partition exactly to the destination place

Copy to:	Select this option if you want to change some parameters of the copied partition on the destination place
Free space before	Specify how much space will be left empty before the start of the copied partition
Partition size	Select this option and specify the new size of the copied partition
Partition type Primary (Active)/? Primary/Logical	Specify the type of the partition to be copied. Do not change this setting unless you have serious reasons to do so.

3 View the copy task settings on the Drives Copy Wizard and click the Finish button

Drives Copy Wizard



or click the **Drive Copy Wizard** button to edit the copy parameters

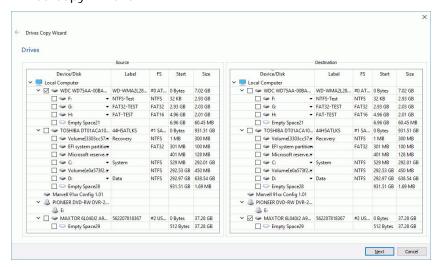
> R-Studio will start copying data from the source partition to the destination place.

Smart drive copy

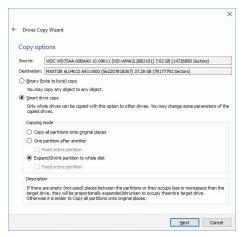
Only whole drives can be copied with this option to other drives. You may change some parameters of the copied drives.

To perform a smart drive copy of a drive,

- 1 Select Copy object to... on the Create menu
- Select a source and destination drives in the Drives Copy Wizard panel and click the Next button Drives Copy Wizard



3 Select Smart drive copy in the Copy Options panel, specify copy options, and click the Next button Copy options dialog box

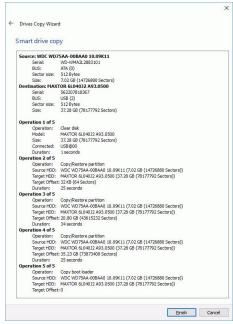


■ Copy options

Copying mode	
Copy all partitions onto original places	Select this option if you want to copy all partitions to their original places.
One partition after another	Select this option if you want to copy the partitions one after another preserving their space. If there is empty space between the partitions, it will be omitted. Otherwise it is similar to Copy all partitions onto original places. If Fixed active partition is selected, the original offset/§ize of the active partition will be preserved (in case the loader has links to it).
Expand/\$hrink partition to whole drive	Specify this option if you want to proportionally expand/\(\frac{9}{2}\) hrink the selected partitions to occupy the entire target drive. If Fixed active partition is selected, the original offset/\(\frac{9}{2}\) ize of the active partition will be preserved (in case the loader has links to it).

3 View the copy task settings on the Drives Copy Wizard and click the Finish button

Drives Copy Wizard



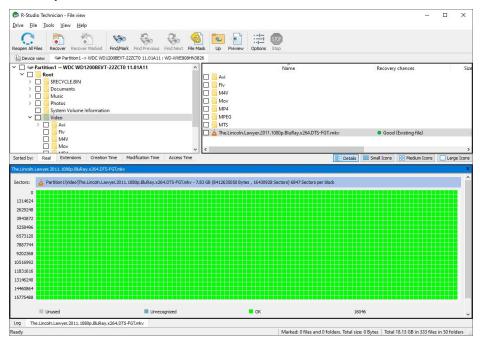
or click the Cancel button to cancel this process.

> R-Studio will start copying data from the source drive to the destination one.

3.5 File Maps

R-Studio can show file maps. Right-click the file and select Map of file in their shortcut menu.

File Map



3.6 I/O Monitor and Sector Map Files

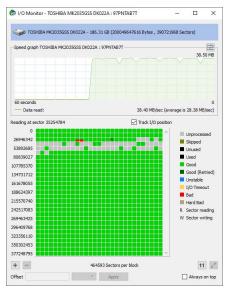
These features greatly improves working with failing drives for **R-Studio**.

VO Monitor

I/O Monitor allows you to inspect the process of drive input/output operations in real time. When **R-Studio** performs a disk operation the **I/O Monitor button** becomes active.

Click this button, and the I/O Monitor will appear.

I/O Monitor



You may also start **I/O Monitor** from the shortcut menu and progress dialog boxes during various drive operations.

Sector Map Files

<u>Sector map files</u> are files that contain information about conditions of drive sectors, which may be good, bad, slow, and unstable. **R-Studio** estimates chances for successful file recovery basing on these files and avoiding unnecessary attempts to read <u>bad sectors</u>. Sector map files are crucial for <u>multi-pass imaging</u>.

R-Studio creates its own sector map files or can import such files created from other disk imaging programs. Currently **R-Studio** supports sector map files from

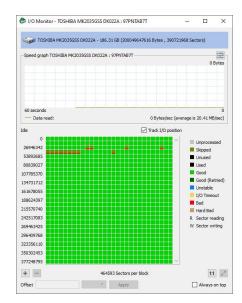
https://document.com/html/>
https://document.com/html/>
https://document.com/html/
html/
html

To open, save or clean a sector map file for an object,

* Right-click the object and select Open Sector Map, Save Sector Map, or Clean Sector Map, respectively, on the shortcut menu.

You may look at the graphical representation of the loaded sector map by starting I/O Monitor.

Sector Map



3.7 Runtime Imaging

Runtime imaging is <u>image</u> creation for a drive object performed simultaneously with other data read operations from this drive. When **R-Studio** reads data from a certain area of the source (a drive, <u>partition</u>, or region), it writes the data to the target which can be either a dedicated drive or an image file. When the data from this area is needed again, **R-Studio** reads it from the target rather than the source thus reducing access to the source. This is very important for faulty or unstable drives which health may be constantly deteriorating during data recovery operations.



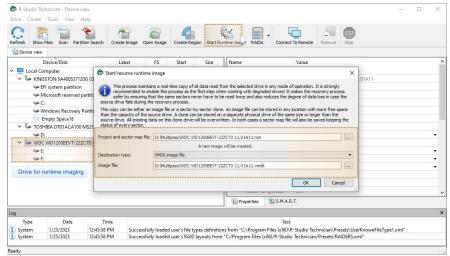
R-Studio also creates a <u>sector map file</u> during runtime imaging.

To start runtime imaging of an object,

using a plain image file

1 Select a drive object in the R-Studio's Drives panel and click the Start Runtime Image button, or right-click the object and select Set Runtime Image on the shortcut menu.

Runtime imaging

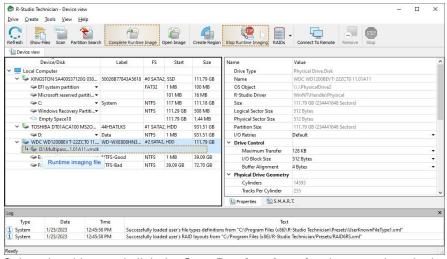


Select **Plain** or **another image type** in the **Image type** field, specify the file name and path for the image and sector map files, and click the **OK** button. Don't select the **VMDK image file** unless you can disable writing to the drive later. Cloning to a physical drive is not recommended because Windows can write some data to the drive corrupting the imaged data when the image has been completed and runtime imaging is over.

Plain image file requires immediate allocation of disk space equal to the object size, whereas VMDK image file is growing gradually upon imaging progress.

> R-Studio will turn on runtime imaging.

Runtime imaging

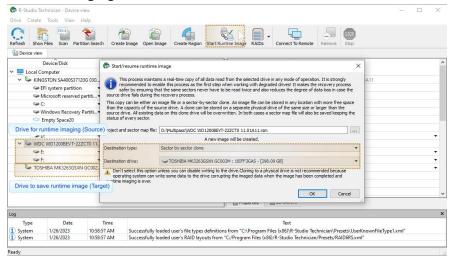


Select the object and click the **Stop Runtime Imaging** button or item in the shortcut o menu turn runtime imaging off.

using a physical drive

1 Select a drive object in the R-Studio's Drives panel and click the Start Runtime Image button, or right-click the object and select Set Runtime Image on the shortcut menu.1

Runtime imaging

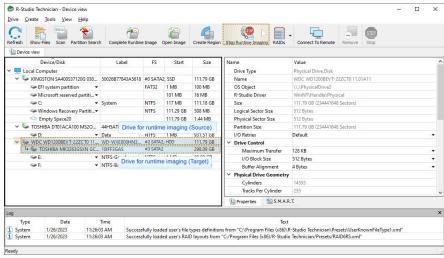


Select **Physical drive** in the **Image type** field, specify the name and path for the sector map file, and click the **OK** button.

Note: all data on the drive will be destroyed.

> R-Studio will turn on runtime imaging.

Runtime imaging



Select the object and click the **Stop Runtime Imaging** button or select this item in the shortcut menu to turn runtime imaging off.

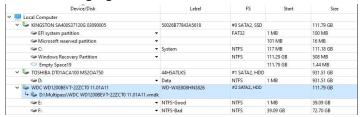
R-Studio stores the information about runtime configurations and asks the users whether they want to keep runtime imaging or discard it during its startup.

Runtime imaging



This configuration will appear in **R-Studio**.

Runtime imaging

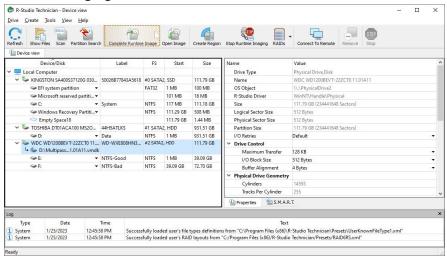


Completing Runtime Image

You may complete the runtime image without browsing through the entire file system on the disk.

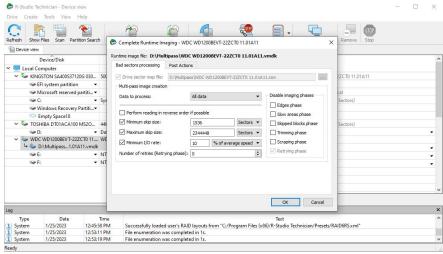
1 Select the object being imaged and click the Complete Runtime Image button, or right-click the object and select Complete Runtime Image on the shortcut menu.

Runtime imaging



> The Complete Runtime Imaging dialog box will appear.

Runtime imaging

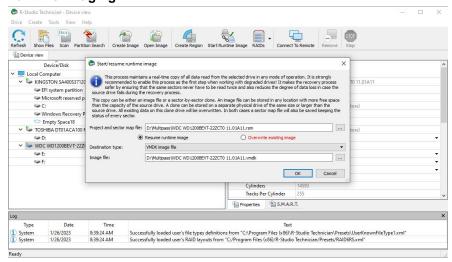


Select the necessary <u>parameters of multi-pass</u> imaging and select the **OK** button.

> R-Studio will complete the creation of the runtime image.

If the runtime image has not been completed, you may resume it next time you start runtime imaging.

Runtime imaging

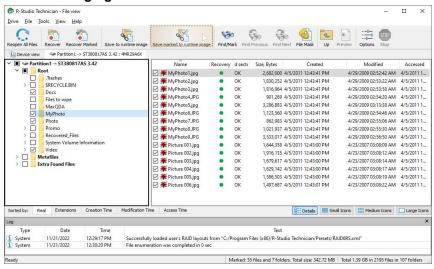


Creating runtime image for individual files

You may create a runtime image containing only individual files rather than all data on the disk.

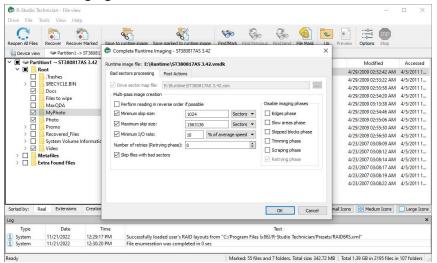
1 Open the disk with the files, mark the files, and click the Save marked to runtime image button. or right-click on the right pane, and select Complete Runtime Image on the shortcut menu.

Runtime imaging



> The Complete Runtime Imaging dialog box will appear.

Runtime imaging

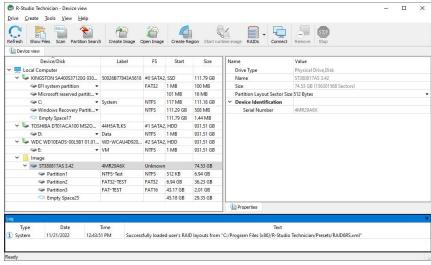


Select the necessary <u>parameters of multi-pass</u> imaging and select the **OK** button. You may Skip files with <u>bad sectors</u> if necessary.

> R-Studio will complete the creation of the runtime image.

You may open such images as regular ones.

Runtime imaging



Such image contains information about the entire file system, but if a non-imaged file is opened, it'll contain only zeros.

3.8 Multi-pass Imaging

Multi-pass imaging is a process of <u>image</u> creation through several passes (phases). Each phase reads data from different areas of a hard drive, starting from areas with good sectors then going to slow sector areas and finishes with <u>bad sector</u> areas. This approach maximizes the amount of data that can be recovered from a failing drive and reduces it chances to fail during this process.

Phase 1. Copying most good data from the drive

In this phase, **R-Studio** reads data from drive by sector blocks, or groups of consecutive drive sectors read in one go. The phase is performed in several steps.

- **Step 1. R-Studio** reads data from the drive until it runs into a block with bad or slow sector(s). Then it drops that block and jumps to another area until it finds a block with no bad or slow sectors. Then it continues reading data until it runs into another bad or slow block, and the process repeats. When this step is finished, most good data from the hard drive has been read, and **R-Studio** has detected the front blocks (edges) of bad and slow sector areas.
- **Step 2. R-Studio** finds the rear edges of bad sector areas. It reads the skipped area from its rear end backwards until it runs into a block with a bad sector. Then **R-Studio** jumps to another bad sector area and the process is going on until all bad sector areas have been processed. When this step is finished, some good data from the hard drive has been read, and **R-Studio** has detected the rear edges of bad sector areas.
- **Step 3. R-Studio** reads data from slow sector areas. It does that much the same way as for bad sector areas. When this step is finished, good data from slow sectors on the hard drive has been read, and **R-Studio** has detected the rear edges of slow sector areas.
- **Step 4. R-Studio** finds the rear edges of bad sector areas in slow sector areas. When this step is finished, some new good data from slow sectors on the hard drive has been read, and **R-Studio** has detected the rear edges of all bad sectors within slow sector areas.
- **Step 5. R-Studio** tries to read all skipped sector blocks. This is done without skipping bad sector blocks and checking read speed against minimum I/O rate.

When *Phase 1* is completed, **R-Studio** has read most of readable data and detected front and rear edges of all bad sector areas.

R-Studio tries to read the rest of data in the next phases, and does that sector by sector (rather than blocks).

Phase 2. Trimming

R-Studio detects the front and rear sectors of bad sector areas. When this step is finished, some new good data from bad sector areas has been read, and **R-Studio** has detected the front and rear sectors of all bad sector areas.

Phase 3. Scraping

R-Studio tries to read data from bad sector areas sector by sector.

Phase 4. Retrying (mostly optional)

R-Studio tries to read data from bad sectors through several attempts.

You may read more about this process in our article Multi-pass imaging in R-Studio

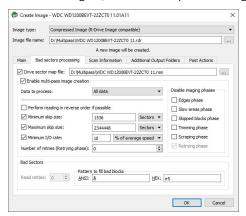
To create an image through multi-pass imaging,

- 1 Select an object in the R-Studio's Drives panel and click the Create Image button
 - Other ways to create the image
 - Select the object and select Create Image on the Drive menu

or

- Right-click the selected object and select Create Image File on the shortcut menu
- 2 Specify image options, a file name, and destination for the *image* on the Create Image dialog box and click the OK button

Create Image (Bad sector processing) dialog box



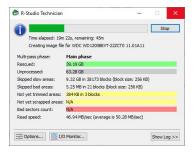
■Bad sectors processing options

These parameters can be changed even while the process of image creation.	
Image filename	Specifies the name and path for the image file
Image type:	Compressed image (R-Drive Image compatible): If this option is selected, R-Studio will create an image file which can be compressed, split into several parts, and password-protected. This image file is fully compatible with the images created by R-Drive Image , but incompatible with very old versions of R-Studio . Byte by byte image to a file: If this option is selected, R-Studio will create a simple exact copy of the object. Byte to byte image to a physical disk: R-Studio will create an exact copy of the disk on another hard drive. Data on the target drive will be overwritten. Available in the Corporate, Technician, and T80+ licenses. Some other image formats are also available in the Technician, and T80+ licenses. You may read more about these formats in the Supported Virtual Disk and Disk Image Formats page.
Drive sector map file	A file with the sector map of the object to image. Optional for the RDI image type, mandatory for the byte-by-byte and VMDK image types.
Enable multi-pass image creation	Turns multi-pass imaging on and off.
Data to process	All data: All data on the disk will be imaged. Existing files only (FS bitmap): Only the disk's area where existing files reside will be imaged. Unused clusters only: Only the disk's free space will be imaged. You may image the existing files first and then unused clusters.
Perform reading in reverse order if possible	Switches the direction of all phases/steps to reverse.
Minimum skip size	Minimum size of drive area to skip when a bad sector is encountered.

Maximum skip size	Maximum size of drive area to skip when a bad sector is encountered.
Number of retries (Retrying phase)	The number of read attempts in the Retrying phase.
Disable imaging phases	Multi-imaging phases that can be skipped. They can be skipped or added even during image creation

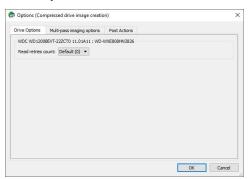
> R-Studio will start creating the image, the Progress message showing the progress.

Multi-pass imaging progress dialog box

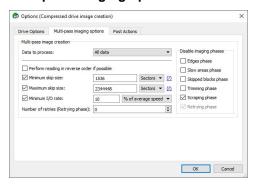


You may change operation parameters during image creation. Click the **Options** button and change them accordingly.

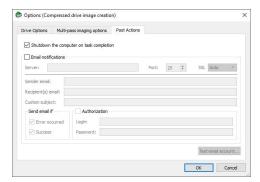
Drive Options tab



Multi-pass imaging options tab



Post Actions tab



3.9 Reverse RAIDs

Reverse RAIDs is a technique that is reverse to creating virtual RAIDs. When creating a reverse RAID, the data from a real object is decomposed into virtual parents. Then data on those virtual parents can be processed like on real objects. They can be viewed, edited, imaged, copied to physical drives, etc.

• Reverse RAID of an Object

This technique can be used to decompose data on a single volume into virtual parents. Then such virtual parents can be processed like on real objects. They can be viewed, edited, imaged, copied to physical drives, etc.

• Reverse RAID of a RAID

This technique can be used to re-construct data on individual RAID drives when data on physical drives is corrupted, but can be recovered using RAID redundancy. A missing drive is an example of this case. Or if there are <u>bad sectors</u> scattered over the physical drives but the overall RAID integrity remains. Then the data can be copied to physical drives to create a healthy RAID.

Note: Many controllers write their own metadata to drives to recognize that the drives belong to certains RAIDs. Without that metadata they won't see those RAIDs. You have to write that metadata manually.

3.9.1 Reverse RAID of an Object

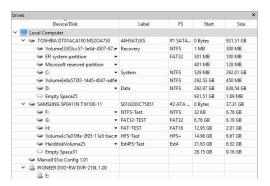
This technique can be used to decompose data on a single object into virtual parents. Then such virtual parents can be processed like on real objects. They can be viewed, edited, imaged, copied to physical drives, etc.

Suppose you have an image of a former RAID 6 (Reed-Solomon) and you wand to re-create data on individual drives from that RAID 6. You can do that by creating a reverse RAID of an <u>image</u>.

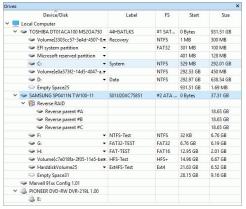
Note: Many controllers write their own metadata to drives to recognize that the drives belong to certains RAIDs. Without that metadata they won't see those RAIDs. You have to write that metadata manually.

To create a reverse RAID of a drive image (or other drive object),

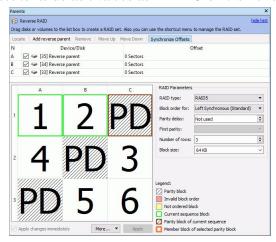
1 Right-click the drive object in the Drives panel and select Create Reverse RAID on the shortcut menu.



> The Reverse parents will appear in the Drives panel

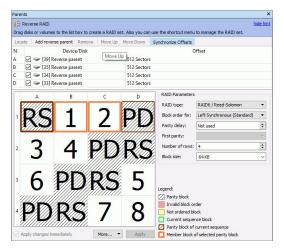


Initially, the reverse RAID is set to its default values as RAID 5 on the Parents tab.



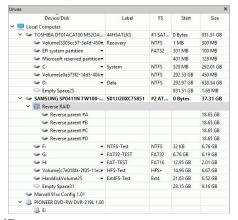
2 Adjust RAID parameters on the Parents tab, as necessary.

You need to add one reverse parent, change RAID type, and adjust RAID offset.



> Process the appeared reverse parents in the Drives panel as real objects.

These parents can be imaged, viewed/edited, etc.



3.9.2 Reverse RAID of a RAID

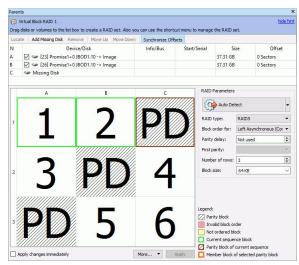
This technique can be used to re-construct data on individual RAID drives when data on physical drives is corrupted, but can be recovered using RAID redundancy.

Suppose you have a RAID 5 with one missing drive and you need to reconstruct data on that drive. You can do that by creating a reverse RAID for it and then copy data from that missing drive to a real one, or to an <u>image</u>.

Note: Many controllers write their own metadata to drives to recognize that the drives belong to certains RAIDs. Without that metadata they won't see those RAIDs. You have to write that metadata manually.

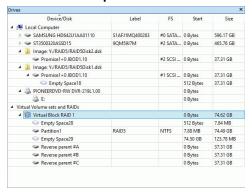
To create a reverse RAID of a RAID with a missing drive,

1 Create a virtual RAID 5 of the existing drives or their images Add a missing drive to the Parents tab.

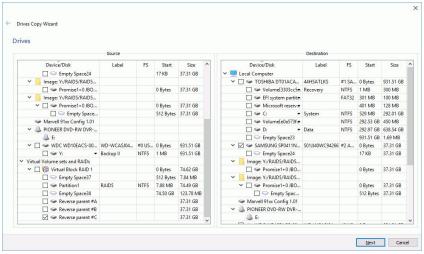


If necessary, read the <u>Basic RAID 4 and RAID 5 Operations</u> and <u>Volumes Sets and RAIDs</u> help pages for details.

- 2 Right-click the Virtual Block Raid in the Drives panel and select Create Reverse RAID on the shortcut menu.
- > The Reverse parents will appear in the Drives panel



These parents may be processed as real objects, they can be imaged, viewed/@dited. For your case the missing drive can be copied to a drive in the Drive Copy Wizard.



Note: The reverse parents contain the data that should be on the RAID parents, according to its layout, while RAID parents contain actual data, that may be corrupted.

3.10 Working with the Third-Party Hardware

The Technician/T80+ version of **R-Studio** can work together with <u>third-party hardware</u> developed for in-depth data recovery. Currently, the following devices are supported:

- DeepSpar Disk ImagerTM
- DeepSpar USB Stabilizer
- DeepSpar RapidSpar
- PC-3000 UDMA hardware

3.10.1 DeepSpar Disk Imager™

DeepSpar Disk ImagerTM (**DDI**) is an HDD imaging device specifically built for data recovery from drives with hardware issues. It greatly increases imaging speed, accuracy, and integrity of data retrieved from such drives.

The main features that **DDI** provides when working with drives are the following:

- Direct low-level access to a drive bypassing the computers BIOS.
- Disabling specific drive read/write heads.
- Disable SMART subsystem, Bad Sector Reallocation, and Read Look-Ahead
- Read sector timeout controlled by Software/PHardware/PHY drive reset commands
- Bit level analysis of corrupted data to filter out the read-write channel noise
- Fully customizable multi-pass imaging

And many more others an advanced drive imager must have. You may learn more about **DDI** on its vendor site: **DeepSpar Disk Imager**TM.

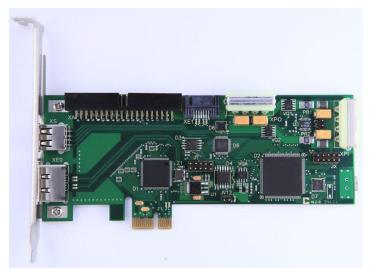
DeepSpar Disk Imager™ basics

The main idea of data recovery with **DDI** is to clone data from the source drive with a certain level of hardware malfunction to a clone drive and perform data recovery operations either from the clone drive or while data is being cloned. Such approach greatly reduces tear and wear of the source drive and reduces further deterioration of its state.

There are two modes in which **DDI** processes drives:

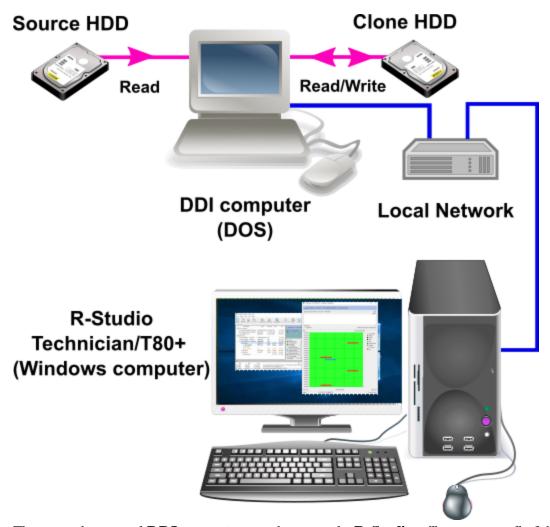
- **DDI** clones the entire source drive to the source one consequently, sector by sector. Any further data recovery will be made from the clone HDD.
- **DDI** clones those sectors of the source HDD which have been read during data recovery. Such readings are optimized to minimize the movement of the drive's head unit. All following reads from those sectors will be done from the clone drive. For example, if files are to be recovered from a <u>partition</u> on the drive, **DDI** will clone the boot record of the drive, the file table of the partition, and the sectors of the files. If the partition is scanned, the scanned sectors will be cloned, too. All consecutive operations, such as file preview, and so on, will be done from the clone drive. This greatly reduces the time necessary to perform the recovery operations and furthermore drive wear.

DeepSpar Disk ImagerTM board



Read the **DDI** documentation on how to install **DDI** connect the drives to **DDI** and start working with it.

The **DDI** board should be installed into a separate network computer (the **DDI** computer), and the source and clone drives should be connected to it. The DDI computer should be started using the boot USB stick supplied with the board. **R-Studio** running on another computer (the **R-Studio** computer) accesses the drive via the network. All data recovery operations will be done through this setup:



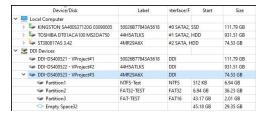
There may be several **DDI computers** on the network, **R-Studio** will connect to all of them. Such configuration may be useful for RAID recovery when several drives on the RAID have hardware problems.

Working with DDI

To start working with **DDI**, its computer should be connected to **R-Studio**.

To connect R-Studio to the DDI computer,

- * Select Connect to DDI on the Drive menu
- > The drives connected to DDI will appear in the Drive pane.



Now it is possible to work with drives connected to **DDI** like all other drive objects in the **Drive** panel. For example, such drives may be included into <u>virtual RAIDs</u> and other compound objects.

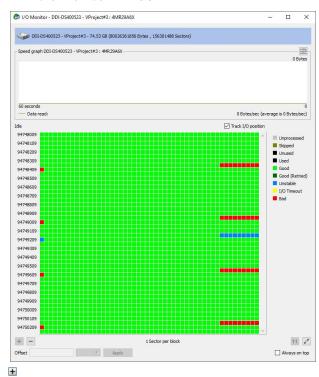
Viewing the drive map

A drive map shows the conditions for individual drive sectors. You may see which sectors are OK, bad, or unstable.

To view the drive map,

- * Right-click the required drive/partition and select I/O Monitor on the shortcut menu, or select the object and select I/O Monitor on the Drive menu
- > The drive map will appear in the I/O Monitor window.

DDI I/O Monitor window



You may also image individual files and view file maps.

R-Studio can also load and process <u>images</u> created with the **DeepSpar Disk Imager**TM.

Connecting to DeepSpar Disk Imager™ manually

If **R-Studio** cannot find **DeepSpar Disk Imager**TM, the Select Interface dialog box will appear. Try to find the DDI interface manually.



3.10.2 DeepSpar USB Stabilizer

This hardware works under Windows 10/11-64 bits

USB Stabilizer is a device that allows any Windows software to reliably work with unstable/degraded USB storage devices providing a connection between the computer and source device. The storage devices can be hard drives, <u>SSD devices</u>, USB memory sticks, memory cards connected through a special adapter, etc. Windows shows such device as if it was connected directly to the system providing access to it for **R-Studio**.



If any drive issue occurs, **USB Stabilizer** handles this issue drive issues preventing the system from freezes, crashes, or disconnecting the drive. Such handling may include various drive resets or even drive repower without system loosing the device.

You may learn more about **USB Stabilizer** on its vendor's **USB Stabilizer** or **our** sites.

Installing USB Stabilizer:

USB Stabilizer Tech/Pro

1 Connect the USB Stabilizer to your computer and power it on

There should be no device connected.

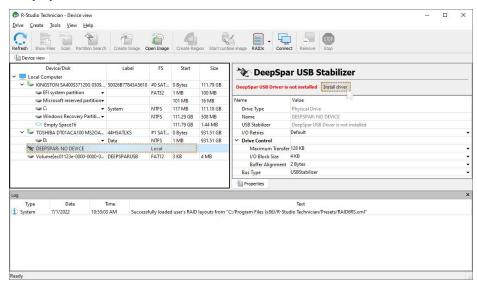
The USB STABILIZER object should appear in the **Safely Remove Hardware** menu when **USB Stabilizer** is connected..

2 Run R-Studio, locate the DEEPSPAR NO DEVICE object in the Device/Disk panel, and click the Install driver button on the Properties tab.

There should be no device connected.

The USB STABILIZER object should appear in the Safely Remove Hardware menu

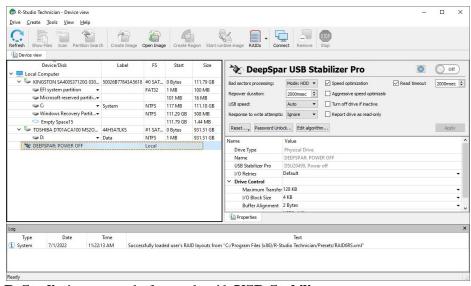
DeepSpar USB Stabilizer



R-Studio will start installing the drivers. You need to restart your system to complete installation.

> The DEEPSPAR: POWER OFF object will appear in the the Device/Disk panel.

DeepSpar USB Stabilizer



R-Studio is now ready for work with **USB Stabilizer**.

USB Stabilizer Pro

1 Connect the USB Stabilizer to your computer and power it on

There should be no device connected.

The USB STABILIZER object should appear in the Safely Remove Hardware menu when USB Stabilizer is connected..

2 Run USB Stabilizer Control Panel that comes with USB Stabilizer Pro and click the Install button.

There should be no device connected.

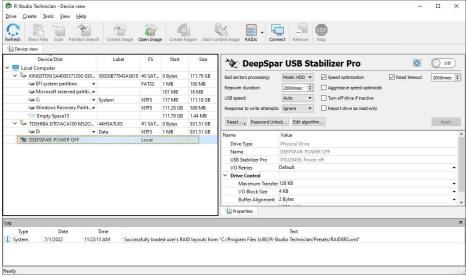
DeepSpar USB Stabilizer Pro



Control Panel will start installing the drivers. You need to restart your system to complete installation.

The DEEPSPAR: POWER OFF object will appear in the the Device/Disk panel.

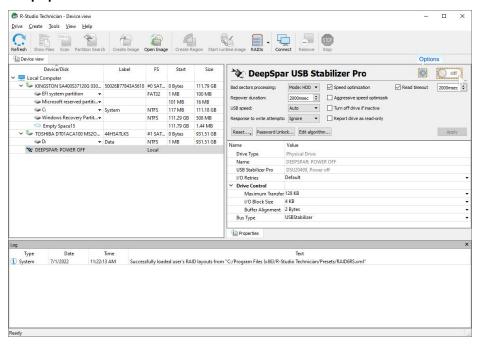
DeepSpar USB Tech Stabilizer



R-Studio is now ready for work with **USB Stabilizer**.

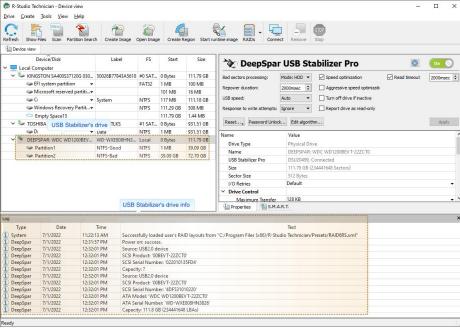
Working with USB Stabilizer:

1 Connect the device for recovery to USB Stabilizer and click the Power button DeepSpar USB Stabilizer



> R-Studio will show the USB Stabilizer's drive.

DeepSpar USB Stabilizer



It may take quite a long time to turn the drive on depending on the drive conditions. **R-Studio** will show the **DEEPSPAR: DEVICE IS BUSY** line if there's not enough power for the hard drive to work. That may happen when computer's USB port cannot deliver enough power and the external power supply is disconnected.

R-Studio can now process the USB Stabilizer drive as it's a common drive connected to a USB port.

You may read about **USB Stabilizer** parameters in its manual.

You may change other parameters for **USB Stabilizer Pro** through its **Control Panel**.

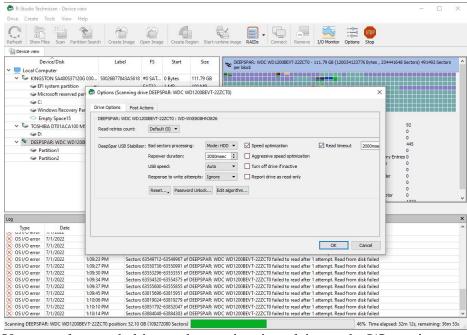
USB Control PanelStabilizer



Read the USB Stabilizer Pro documentation for more details.

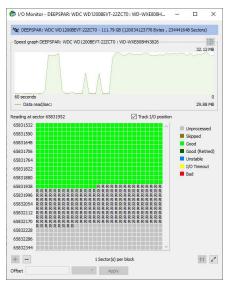
You may change these parameter during drive operations with **USB Stabilizer**.

DeepSpar USB Stabilizer



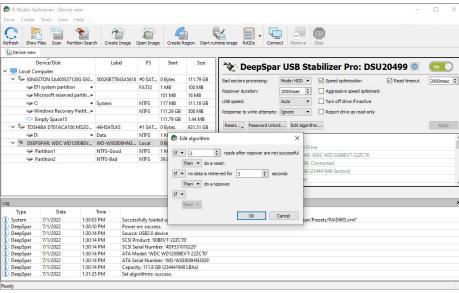
You may also watch drive read operations in real time at the I/O monitor.

.DeepSpar USB Stabilizer



You may specify the algorithm to process faulty drives. Click the **Edit algorithm** button and specify algorithm's parameters.

.DeepSpar USB Stabilizer



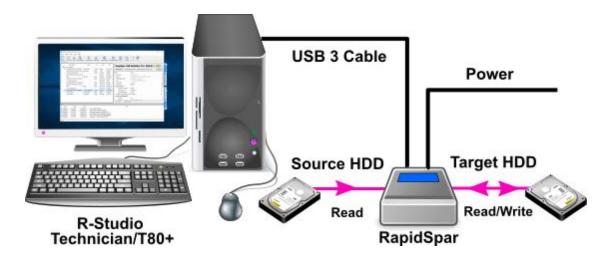
3.10.3 DeepSpar RapidSpar™

RapidSpar is a specialized data recovery device from DeepSpar intended to extract data from problematic drives. Failing (source) and target drives are connected to the device, and it autonomously copies data from the source to the target in a way that maximizes the amount of successfully extracted data and minimizes possible damage to the source drive. The copy parameters can be quickly changed during this process directly on the device. Then the recovery software can read data from the target drive.

When connected to a PC, the specialized software (including **R-Studio**) can read (and clone) only those drive areas that contain the necessary files and folders to decrease time required for data recovery.

In addition, it's possible to perform some repair works with hard drives.

You may read more about **RapidSpar** on its web site.

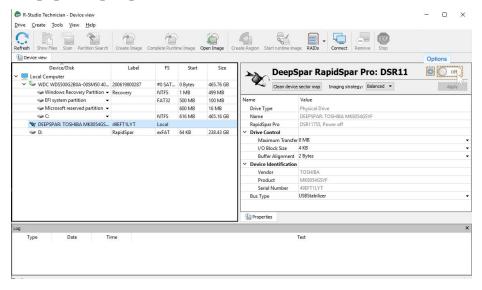


RapidSpar doesn't require any installed drivers.

Working with RapidSpar:

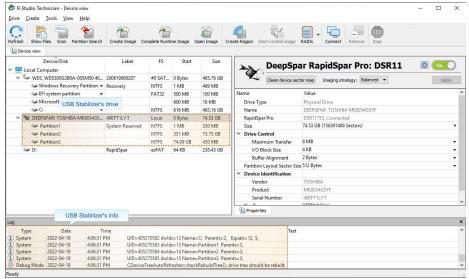
1 Connect the source and target hard drives to RapidSpar and start the device. Refer to the RapidSpar manual for detailed instructions.

DeepSpar RapidSpar



> R-Studio will show the RapidSpar drive.

DeepSpar RapidSpar

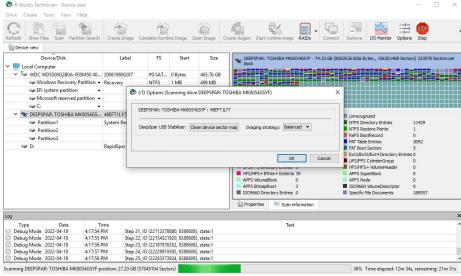


Read the **RapidSpar** documentation for the information about its parameters.

R-Studio can now process the **RapidSpar drive** as it's a common drive connected to a USB port.

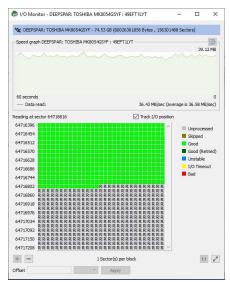
You may change these parameter during drive operations with RapidSpar.

DeepSpar RapidSpar



You may also watch drive read operations in real time at the I/O monitor.

.DeepSpar RapidSpar



3.10.4 PC-3000 UDMA hardware

PC-3000 UDMA form <u>ACELab®</u> is a hardware-software solution for hard drive repair and data recovery. Its hardware part is a PCI-Express card that can work with both IDE and SATA hard drives providing access to hard drives with severe physical failures. Its software part is **Data Extractor UDMA** that performs actual data recovery. The PC-3000 UDMA card can be used alone for raw data extraction and drive repair.

R-Studio can work directly with the **PC-3000 UDMA** card as an alternative to data recovery software. Our article **Joint work of R-Studio and PC-3000 UDMA hardware** explains this in more detail.

3.11 Forensic Mode

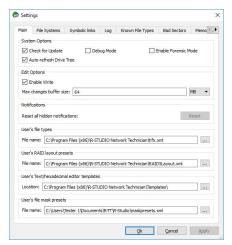
Note: This feature is available for the Technician/T80+ version of **R-Studio** only!

When this mode is enabled, **R-Studio** will generate a <u>forensic</u> data collection audit log that can be presented at court hearings. This log includes information about a hardware configuration on which the forensic data collection takes place and MD5 for recovered files.

Note: A new log will be generated each time the hardware configuration is changed (a drive is connected/? disconnected, an external USB device is connected/disconnected, etc)

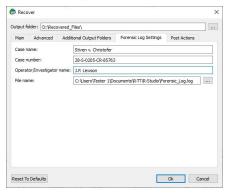
To enable this feature,

* Select Enable Forensic Mode on the Main tab of the Settings dialog box.



The Forensic Log tab will appear on the Recover dialog box.

Forensic Log tab



Enter the required information on this tab and then go to the other tabs of the <u>Recovery</u> dialog box.

While file recovery, **R-Studio** will create forensic data collection audit log in the specified folder. Below is an example of such log.

```
* Name [62 bytes]: KINGSTON SA400S37120G 03090005
* OS Object [38 bytes]: \\.\PhysicalDriveO
* R-Studio Driver [44 bytes]: WinNT\Handle\Physical
* Size [8 bytes]: 111.7GB (234441648 sec)
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 111.7GB (234441648 sec)
* GPT Disk GUID [74 bytes]: 69e6114c-6751-5e84-ed6d-8ece5d5616b4
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
 # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
  # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 4096
  # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
 * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 14593
  * Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
  * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
# Partition Layout Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ Device Identification [8 bytes]:
  * Vendor [32 bytes]: KINGSTON
  * Product [64 bytes]: SA400S37120G
  * Firmware [16 bytes]: 03090005
  * Serial Number [32 bytes]: 50026B77843A5618
+ IDE Properties [8 bytes]:
 * Size [48 bytes]: 111.7GB (234441648 LBA)
  * Sector Size [8 bytes]: 512
  * Device Type [8 bytes]: SSD
  * Interface [38 bytes]: SATA 3.2, 6.0 Gb/s
  * Interface Speed [18 bytes]: 6.0 Gb/s
  * Standard [12 bytes]: ACS-3
  * Features [70 bytes]: S.M.A.R.T., APM-, LBA48, NCQ, TRIM
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
  * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
  * Path Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA-II
- Drive Number 5 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Physical Drive, Disk
* Name [56 bytes]: TOSHIBA DT01ACA100 MS20A750
* OS Object [38 bytes]: \\.\PhysicalDrive1
* R-Studio Driver [44 bytes]: WinNT\Handle\Physical
* Size [8 bytes]: 931.5GB (1953525168 sec)
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 931.5GB (1953525168 sec)
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
  # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
  # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 4096
 # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
  * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 121601
```

```
* Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
  * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
# Partition Layout Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ Device Identification [8 bytes]:
  * Vendor [32 bytes]: TOSHIBA
  * Product [64 bytes]: DT01ACA100
  * Firmware [16 bytes]: MS20A750
  * Serial Number [32 bytes]: 44H5ATLKS
+ IDE Properties [8 bytes]:
  * Size [50 bytes]: 931.5GB (1953525168 LBA)
  * Logical Sector Size [8 bytes]: 512
  * Physical Sector Size [10 bytes]: 4096
  * Device Type [36 bytes]: HDD 3.5" 7200 RPM
  * Interface [38 bytes]: SATA 3.0, 6.0 Gb/s
  * Interface Speed [18 bytes]: 6.0 Gb/s
  * Standard [18 bytes]: ATA8-ACS
  * Features [58 bytes]: S.M.A.R.T., APM-, LBA48, NCQ
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
  * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
  * Path Id [1 bytes]: 1
  * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA-II
- Drive Number 6 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Physical Drive, Disk
* Name [62 bytes]: WDC WD1200BEVT-22ZCT0 11.01A11
* OS Object [38 bytes]: \\.\PhysicalDrive2
* R-Studio Driver [44 bytes]: WinNT\Handle\Physical
* Size [8 bytes]: 111.7GB (234441648 sec)
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 111.7GB (234441648 sec)
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
 # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
 # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 512
 # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
 * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 14593
  * Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
  * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
# Partition Layout Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ Device Identification [8 bytes]:
 * Vendor [32 bytes]: WDC
  * Product [64 bytes]: WD1200BEVT-22ZCT0
  * Firmware [16 bytes]: 11.01A11
  * Serial Number [32 bytes]: WD-WXE808HN3826
+ IDE Properties [8 bytes]:
  * Size [48 bytes]: 111.7GB (234441648 LBA)
  * Sector Size [8 bytes]: 512
  * Interface [38 bytes]: SATA 2.5, 3.0 Gb/s
```

```
* Standard [18 bytes]: ATA8-ACS
 * Features [66 bytes]: S.M.A.R.T., APM, AAM, LBA48, NCQ
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
 * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
  * Path Id [1 bytes]: 4
 * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
 * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA-II
- Drive Number 7 ------
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Volume, Disk
* Name [6 bytes]: C:
* Mount Points [8 bytes]: C:\
* OS Object [98 bytes]: \\?\Volume{daf04b8f-aece-4176-9e12-25271c9682d5}
* R-Studio Driver [42 bytes]: WinNT\Handle\Logical
* Size [8 bytes]: 111.1GB (233156718 sec)
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 117MB (239616 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 111.1GB (233156718 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 3
* GPT Partition GUID [74 bytes]: daf04b8f-aece-4176-9e12-25271c9682d5
* GPT Type GUID [256 bytes]: Data Partition, ebd0a0a2-b9e5-4433-87c0-68b6b72699c7
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
 * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
 * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
 * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 3GB (6291456 sec)
 * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
 * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
 * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
 * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 111.1GB (233156717 sec)
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
 # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
 # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 512
 # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
 * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 14593
 * Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
 * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
 * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
  * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
  * Path Id [1 bytes]: 0
 * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
 * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA
- Drive Number 8 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Volume, Disk
* Name [90 bytes]: Volume{06a81b86-6c2b-4a3c-9170-fff1161fb034}
* OS Object [98 bytes]: \\?\Volume{06a81b86-6c2b-4a3c-9170-ffff1161fb034}
* R-Studio Driver [42 bytes]: WinNT\Handle\Logical
* Size [8 bytes]: 508MB (1040384 sec)
```

```
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 111.2GB (233398272 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 508MB (1040384 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 4
* GPT Partition GUID [74 bytes]: 06a81b86-6c2b-4a3c-9170-fff1161fb034
* GPT Type GUID [256 bytes]: Windows Recovery Partition, de94bba4-06d1-4d40-a16a-
bfd50179d6ac
* GPT Partition Attributes [256 bytes]: System, No automount (0x800000000000001)
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
  * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
  * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
  * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 169.3MB (346792 sec)
  * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
  * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
  * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 507.9MB (1040383 sec)
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
  # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
  # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 512
  # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
  * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 14593
  * Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
  * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
  * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
  * Path Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA
- Drive Number 9 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Volume, Disk
* Name [6 bytes]: D:
* Mount Points [8 bytes]: D:\
* OS Object [98 bytes]: \\?\Volume{78addf5b-0000-0000-100000000000}
* R-Studio Driver [42 bytes]: WinNT\Handle\Logical
* Size [8 bytes]: 931.5GB (1953519616 sec)
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 1MB (2048 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 931.5GB (1953519616 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 1
* Partition Type [256 bytes]: NTFS/HPFS/exFAT (0x7)
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
  * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
  * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
  * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 3GB (6291456 sec)
  * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
  * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
  * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 931.5GB (1953519615 sec)
```

```
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
  # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
 # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 512
  # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
  * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 121601
  * Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
  * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
  * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
  * Path Id [1 bytes]: 1
  * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA
- Drive Number 10 ------
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Volume, Disk
* Name [90 bytes]: Volume{f6b7cc94-0000-0000-0000-100000000000}
* OS Object [98 bytes]: \\?\Volume{f6b7cc94-0000-0000-0000-100000000000}
* R-Studio Driver [42 bytes]: WinNT\Handle\Logical
* Size [8 bytes]: 39GB (81972923 sec)
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 1MB (2048 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 39GB (81972923 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 1
* Partition Type [256 bytes]: NTFS/HPFS/exFAT (0x7)
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
  * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
  * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
  * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 3GB (6291456 sec)
  * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
  * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
  * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 39GB (81972920 sec)
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
  # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
  # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 512
  # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
  * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 14593
  * Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
  * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
  * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
  * Path Id [1 bytes]: 4
  * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA
```

```
- Drive Number 11 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Volume, Disk
* Name [90 bytes]: Volume{f6b7cc94-0000-0000-0000-b0c509000000}
* OS Object [98 bytes]: \\?\Volume{f6b7cc94-0000-0000-0000-b0c509000000}
* R-Studio Driver [42 bytes]: WinNT\Handle\Logical
* Size [8 bytes]: 72.6GB (152461312 sec)
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 39GB (81975296 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 72.6GB (152461312 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 2
* Partition Type [256 bytes]: NTFS/HPFS/exFAT (0x7)
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
  * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
  * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
  * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 3GB (6291456 sec)
  * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
 * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
  * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 72.6GB (152461311 sec)
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
 # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
 # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 512
 # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
  * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 14593
  * Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
  * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
 * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
 * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
 * Path Id [1 bytes]: 4
  * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA
- Drive Number 12 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Volume, Disk
* Name [90 bytes]: Volume{e7571fdc-fbbd-42cf-86fe-03807522d76d}
* OS Object [98 bytes]: \\?\Volume{e7571fdc-fbbd-42cf-86fe-03807522d76d}
* R-Studio Driver [42 bytes]: WinNT\Handle\Logical
* Size [8 bytes]: 100MB (204800 sec)
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 1MB (2048 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 100MB (204800 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 1
* GPT Partition GUID [74 bytes]: e7571fdc-fbbd-42cf-86fe-03807522d76d
* GPT Type GUID [256 bytes]: UEFI System Partition, c12a7328-f81f-11d2-ba4b-
00a0c93ec93b
* GPT Partition Attributes [256 bytes]: No automount (0x800000000000000)
+ FAT Information [8 bytes]:
  * FAT Bits (12,16,32) [4 bytes]: 32
  * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 1KB (2 sec)
```

```
* First Cluster Offset [8 bytes]: 3.99MB (8188 sec)
  * Root Directory Cluster [4 bytes]: 2
  * First FAT Offset [8 bytes]: 3.24MB (6654 sec)
  * Size of One FAT Table [8 bytes]: 384.5KB (769 sec)
  * Number of FAT Copies [4 bytes]: 2
  # Active FAT copy [4 bytes]: Auto
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
  * Major Version [1 bytes]: 0
  * Minor Version [1 bytes]: 0
  * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 100MB (204800 sec)
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
  # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
  # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 512
  # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
  * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 14593
  * Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
  * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
  * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
  * Path Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA
- Drive Number 13 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Volume
* Name [58 bytes]: Microsoft reserved partition
* OS Object [48 bytes]: \Device\HarddiskVolume2
* R-Studio Driver [42 bytes]: WinNT\Native\Logical
* Size [8 bytes]: 16MB (32768 sec)
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 101MB (206848 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 16MB (32768 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 2
* GPT Partition GUID [74 bytes]: ad153538-3269-4fe5-a229-0aa8afc25a2d
* GPT Type GUID [256 bytes]: System Reserved Partition, e3c9e316-0b5c-4db8-817d-
f92df00215ae
* GPT Partition Attributes [256 bytes]: No automount (0x800000000000000)
# I/O Retries [4 bytes]: Default
+ Drive Control [8 bytes]:
  # Maximum Transfer [4 bytes]: 131072
  # I/O Block Size [4 bytes]: 512
  # Buffer Alignment [4 bytes]: 4
+ Physical Drive Geometry [8 bytes]:
  * Cylinders [8 bytes]: 14593
  * Tracks Per Cylinder [4 bytes]: 255
  * Sectors Per Track [4 bytes]: 63
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
+ SCSI Address [8 bytes]:
  * Port Number [1 bytes]: 2
```

```
* Path Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Target Id [1 bytes]: 0
  * Lun [1 bytes]: 0
* Bus Type [4 bytes]: SerialATA
- Drive Number 14 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Partition
* Name [42 bytes]: EFI system partition
* Size [8 bytes]: 100MB (204800 sec)
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 1MB (2048 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 100MB (204800 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 1
* GPT Partition GUID [74 bytes]: e7571fdc-fbbd-42cf-86fe-03807522d76d
* GPT Type GUID [256 bytes]: UEFI System Partition, c12a7328-f81f-11d2-ba4b-
00a0c93ec93b
* GPT Partition Attributes [256 bytes]: No automount (0x8000000000000000)
* GPT Partition Name [42 bytes]: EFI system partition
+ FAT Information [8 bytes]:
  * FAT Bits (12,16,32) [4 bytes]: 32
  * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 1KB (2 sec)
  * First Cluster Offset [8 bytes]: 3.99MB (8188 sec)
  * Root Directory Cluster [4 bytes]: 2
  * First FAT Offset [8 bytes]: 3.24MB (6654 sec)
  * Size of One FAT Table [8 bytes]: 384.5KB (769 sec)
  * Number of FAT Copies [4 bytes]: 2
 # Active FAT copy [4 bytes]: Auto
 * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
 * Major Version [1 bytes]: 0
  * Minor Version [1 bytes]: 0
  * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 100MB (204800 sec)
- Drive Number 15 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Partition
* Name [58 bytes]: Microsoft reserved partition
* Size [8 bytes]: 16MB (32768 sec)
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 101MB (206848 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 16MB (32768 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 2
* GPT Partition GUID [74 bytes]: ad153538-3269-4fe5-a229-0aa8afc25a2d
* GPT Type GUID [256 bytes]: System Reserved Partition, e3c9e316-0b5c-4db8-817d-
f92df00215ae
* GPT Partition Attributes [256 bytes]: No automount (0x800000000000000)
* GPT Partition Name [58 bytes]: Microsoft reserved partition
- Drive Number 16 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Partition
* Name [42 bytes]: Basic data partition
* Mount Points [8 bytes]: C:\
* Size [8 bytes]: 111.1GB (233156718 sec)
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 117MB (239616 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 111.1GB (233156718 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 3
* GPT Partition GUID [74 bytes]: daf04b8f-aece-4176-9e12-25271c9682d5
```

```
* GPT Type GUID [256 bytes]: Data Partition, ebd0a0a2-b9e5-4433-87c0-68b6b72699c7
* GPT Partition Name [42 bytes]: Basic data partition
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
  * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
  * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
  * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 3GB (6291456 sec)
  * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
  * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
  * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 111.1GB (233156717 sec)
- Drive Number 17 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Partition
* Name [54 bytes]: Windows Recovery Partition
* Size [8 bytes]: 508MB (1040384 sec)
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 111.2GB (233398272 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 508MB (1040384 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 4
* GPT Partition GUID [74 bytes]: 06a81b86-6c2b-4a3c-9170-fff1161fb034
* GPT Type GUID [256 bytes]: Windows Recovery Partition, de94bba4-06d1-4d40-a16a-
bfd50179d6ac
* GPT Partition Attributes [256 bytes]: System, No automount (0x800000000000001)
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
  * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
  * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
  * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 169.3MB (346792 sec)
  * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
  * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
  * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
  * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 507.9MB (1040383 sec)
- Drive Number 18 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Empty Space
* Name [28 bytes]: Empty Space18
* Size [8 bytes]: 1.44MB (2959 sec)
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 111.7GB (234438656 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 1.44MB (2959 sec)
- Drive Number 19 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Partition, Primary
* Name [22 bytes]: Partition1
* Mount Points [8 bytes]: D:\
* Size [8 bytes]: 931.5GB (1953519616 sec)
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 1MB (2048 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 931.5GB (1953519616 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 1
* Partition Type [256 bytes]: NTFS/HPFS/exFAT (0x7)
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
  * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
  * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
  * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 3GB (6291456 sec)
  * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
  * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
```

```
* Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
 * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 931.5GB (1953519615 sec)
- Drive Number 20 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Partition, Primary
* Name [22 bytes]: Partition1
* Size [8 bytes]: 39GB (81972923 sec)
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 1MB (2048 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 39GB (81972923 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 1
* Partition Type [256 bytes]: NTFS/HPFS/exFAT (0x7)
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
 * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
 * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
 * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 3GB (6291456 sec)
 * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
 * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
 * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
 * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 39GB (81972920 sec)
- Drive Number 21 -----
* Drive Type [256 bytes]: Partition, Primary
* Name [22 bytes]: Partition2
* Size [8 bytes]: 72.6GB (152461312 sec)
* Partition Offset [8 bytes]: 39GB (81975296 sec)
* Partition Size [8 bytes]: 72.6GB (152461312 sec)
* Partition Number [4 bytes]: 2
* Partition Type [256 bytes]: NTFS/HPFS/exFAT (0x7)
+ NTFS Information [8 bytes]:
 * Cluster Size [4 bytes]: 4KB (8 sec)
 * MFT Record Size [4 bytes]: 1KB
 * MFT Position [8 bytes]: 3GB (6291456 sec)
 * MFT Mirror Position [8 bytes]: 8KB (16 sec)
 * Index Block Size [4 bytes]: 4KB
 * Sector Size [4 bytes]: 512B
 * Volume Size [8 bytes]: 72.6GB (152461311 sec)
**************************
*****
------ Session 1
START Date / Time of Collection: 2022-07-05 03:56:48
Case Name: Stiven v. Christofer
Case Number: 28-S-0205-CR85763
Operator / Investigator Name: J.F. Lewson
Source drive:Sector Modification Date
     SHA-1
                                            SHA-256
                           File Name
2.0
                      2021-11-15 11:18:41
                                           Partition1/Root
   $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
```

```
288-295
 20
                        2022-04-14 10:07:42
                                                Partition1/Root/$RECYCLE.BIN
 20
                        2022-04-14 10:07:42
                                                Partition1/Root/$RECYCLE.BIN/S-1-5-
21-1491398347-2858144638-2526585153-1002
                        2022-04-14 10:07:42
                                                a526b9e7c716b3489d8cc062fbce4005
      2df502a944ff721241be20a9e449d2acd07e0312
e1b9ce9b57957b1a0607a72a057d6b7a9b34ea60f3f8aa8f38a3af979bd23066
Partition1/Root/$RECYCLE.BIN/S-1-5-21-1491398347-2858144638-2526585153-
1002/desktop.ini
 2.0
                        2021-11-15 11:18:41
                                                Partition1/Root/$RECYCLE.BIN/S-1-5-
21-3229151806-1869599629-3662833694-1001
                        2021-11-15 11:18:41
                                                a526b9e7c716b3489d8cc062fbce4005
      2df502a944ff721241be20a9e449d2acd07e0312
e1b9ce9b57957b1a0607a72a057d6b7a9b34ea60f3f8aa8f38a3af979bd23066
Partition1/Root/$RECYCLE.BIN/S-1-5-21-3229151806-1869599629-3662833694-
1001/desktop.ini
                        2021-11-15 10:47:20
 20
                                                Partition1/Root/Documents
    $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         99920-99927
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files
                        2021-11-15 10:47:18
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files
                        2021-11-15 10:47:18
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/ods-files
                        2020-04-06 16:21:52
                                                bleb4cc9101bcb86c0042231f898f0ae
      8e5da7978ebe26604b5f556ec2d20a4ce1176ff1
4d226d7f3c0e1c874f0aaf772f9a5cf9bed2c7d982906a4a0314c206cbc4bb35
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/ods-files/.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         99960-99975
 20
                        2020-04-06 16:18:30
                                                eab006354c7cf4e1fd3772afd0643672
     bfc7b3368a46a640c3145646b0dfad10bb89f096
4709af13b6dbaf11feab0750bc2a3734eab9a94e184bd7f736805adcb02ac368
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/ods-
files/file example ods 10.ods
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         99976-100007
 20
                        2020-04-06 16:20:50
                                                94790aeb545e806ea9cf161f6ae2697f
      152a13f940c2dfa4530b1b022897cb3dbd0cb45b
edb79e7965f6b61722f1c6427200e4ba44692e573b2f2f8cd210f356aed7f3c9
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/ods-
files/file_example_ods_1000.ods
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100008-100111
 20
                        2020-04-06 16:19:47
                                                000389561d71032e79411613d73f01f5
      3e9fdd1b26eed17f40e98a0f8d13af11decdf951
b668e04c130d51d023531482c8067b5232284decdf54760c6ae431e3718388c3
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/ods-
files/file_example_ods_50.ods
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100112-100143
```

```
2020-04-06 16:21:44
 2.0
                                                 28aa35b07f4a28f4f001e28f277dd1be
      f9dfcafc3e9b6c1c15a949ab9150b8e7d599f1d6
069ad480df6dba6de101188dc126f688127206932d98f02149eb390b6e8f2928
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/ods-
files/file_example_ods_5000.ods
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100144-100519
2.0
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/oxlsx-files
                        2020-04-06 16:31:06
                                                 c763a032a1999d42934abebc25fc6a83
      07c1d02aa03ae7768dfb88445bff68e9c32c2264
208fef9240237b668cbb927255a8f204e6ab808a68701ffe72bf3ca85e4d13e1
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/oxlsx-files/.DS_Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100520-100535
 20
                        2020-04-06 16:25:50
                                                 f893b7290b96905f0776e0e1cb4b91c4
      d80a4175a6a2767b61fe8e2b33774bd211b6a934
ab82e943104f1edfa17b58595b4221c02ddf93aa4056fa630473de192f85d1fe
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/oxlsx-
files/file_example_OXLSX_10.xlsx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100536-100551
                        2020-04-06 16:30:27
 2.0
                                                be99eeaa2e2aa77ecb4d7b9eeff44cb4
      laad45945f99a02383e168e339a20d38999491b6
cd6583c0aa16dde7342c4dc5483987edf173d7378ce946ded7383bbf4b5990ba
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/oxlsx-
files/file_example_OXLSX_100.xlsx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100552-100575
                                                 2280cba8bea0ded6bf9c428939f9cb32
                        2020-04-06 16:30:10
2.0
      4aee4fe0add47392f508fef28af3f5c02a9eb4a2
59da4d0e97a54c462fcf34268b14a4214ef324da368712a0a32678c976e89484
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/oxlsx-
files/file_example_OXLSX_50.xlsx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        100576-100591
20
                        2020-04-06 16:30:42
                                                 980e7a175ea67333379753a788d331e5
      c90c1841006b8da26e69636596c7a8e5fcc26ec6
0d66f10f1b76f620d69e4054eeab6669f2e64b0b2fa5e3365101027aa5b657e7
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/oxlsx-
files/file_example_OXLSX_5000.xlsx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        54912-55287
20
                        2020-04-06 16:23:13
                                                 db42bc048678d194bda93124fcc1e359
      9f7137c6703b51cd78a797b56b5f2a2e7c8b83ea
433476459c23ba979ab467ce4c310e29a40e3b9a8d68dd63467b503ddc4cdf23
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Calc-files/.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         99944-99959
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
 2.0
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files
```

```
2021-11-15 10:47:19
 2.0
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xls-files
   $130: INDEX ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         101296-101303
 20
                        2020-04-06 16:13:48
                                                7901a6038143aa293bff65c1dcc564a9
      13c30d142999708f8b0f3b71bce35c1c91304032
ad75eff3191cbb4e3215b25ce1733f062f474ff6aa242db82de391eada0f114e
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xls-files/
.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         101008-101023
 20
                        2018-10-19 11:12:18
                                                01a42d82b4e2e143876cc0afea4883ed
      3cc9264c3a5569c08abfb9ee343dba1bf96f1b3d
be198ae04df0476e6a8153e4b396da05c9badef729f87f1abbb626f8bfae8491
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xls-
files/file_example_XLS_10.xls
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100928-100967
 2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:14:00
                                                efcb6e746de385a6ba15f9e697503f4c
      96451e09d24aacaab7c00292316020ecd8090dbf
8562df19f14cb945b769a0812fb1afd5acd9e349f0cdd71150282202d71319ee
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xls-
files/file_example_XLS_100.xls
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         6944-7015
 2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:14:56
                                                f9773bf0bd611c8a9107140956b3881f
      7a538e2ca18bb7cb0c2fb0130767012f7acd9019
d3107cae4af0231540887be840135ec03763d83926c2900fb76aead0226787ca
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xls-
files/file_example_XLS_1000.xls
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         4992-5295
 20
                        2018-10-19 11:13:23
                                                b3df6dd6764416491f51415c4ccf1aaf
      eealbebb11f6beab8f38bc2b1705dbf598bcbfa6
a7beba6217ffa60c9e79f0310d024a74cbaf363d7b884d214178e413e758b68e
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xls-
files/file_example_XLS_50.xls
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100872-100927
 2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:15:24
                                                ecb548b885ec5cf6f6e38ece80fa5f2e
      5ddffe520563c9b9c26a7c297c99b2e896e891d0
bc8d33d7033eb858dd63ae4882d4381fb9fe85c0740fd41efb9a309fca9e366f
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xls-
files/file_example_XLS_5000.xls
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         101496-102863
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xlsx-files
    $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         55288-55295
```

```
2020-04-06 16:16:33
2.0
                                                8f9765363a3610383bbafb7ed7e8928c
      075e8f3a721f3d733c20e897c3e9db0c907322b7
9320252c62acfa865ebd315c1597d767f9ebc16ea410bff7e3d2e479bdcde088
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xlsx-files/
.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         101280-101295
2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:16:15
                                                bd5ec17de931c601b3231fdb4eac6db6
      2a647da6430913fa47cfd7874721f0832bb91f52
584bd2879378c518796f4422f8ed41c971798e76c5ee58c307fc3d40adb03eaa
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xlsx-
files/file_example_XLSX_10.xlsx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         101112-101135
20
                        2018-10-19 11:17:58
                                                43cb8b1c3ede97eaeb779d0bc7d03710
      41360a2a5d2f8a2aaacd2ae503ea754fc33d93f4
97e004974d26f04bf7bf960d5b4e33f2f59a81d79e95526804f5b570f819eacb
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xlsx-
files/file example XLSX 100.xlsx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100840-100871
20
                        2018-10-19 11:18:45
                                                513e4fac7ff88720001864d1a350ed1c
      87e9c39ea24c1949cca6f68ff42cdb8208c32a13
14fed5fcf63206d7f5bd275058b7d79184ce187b062fcdab5d9ff77b4ea19502
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xlsx-
files/file_example_XLSX_1000.xlsx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         9720-9831
2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:16:44
                                                775654d96ef34c95ce1a60e9606977e9
     1954ba25e67edc407955203d21aeb8c3a99d272f
e40aeadfebe57e3be87ac46260ad09ec1c4c030b95eef2af767382d0fe79198a
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xlsx-
files/file_example_XLSX_50.xlsx
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        101088-101111
20
                        2018-10-19 11:19:09
                                                ea38c0c454aa508b5909161bd8260918
     e566e8c34a723ad44431cc3f0fdbf3bce18410e5
acbd5c728f2738a70f59c245c961eb8122d59aa07b7debdc7d348efe472b650b
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/xlsx-
files/file example XLSX 5000.xlsx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         103080-103551
2.0
                        2020-04-06 16:31:14
                                                52d71be9d0971685678823c546b72eff
     1930f5ed939a35965802a508afb3865810e7e0af
8ffc5293b616b558264fdb2277fb6a8d032ebecaf6b678b491ddcfdef1a3f9f2
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Excel-files/.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100984-101007
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Doc-files
```

```
2020-04-06 16:12:41
 2.0
                                                34b20ad44b5d33cc3401b0ca1c9c55ad
      236a6271d535ea5149eca9fe73e939900968c019
9cc166b17367418d3af128bd74ae79c7b0a20c0a1fd19c4d458c1834897905db
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Doc-files/
.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         101056-101071
 2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:10:23
                                                759cbcd3d7c574ec4de97222bc407665
      1308c158c06c9050ffa3f0f5898a5ccf4a94c8c7
3fbfda0b36c4edc4b4d48ec5c0425ced04ed15c6e3891495201a7289533a2ce2
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Doc-
files/DOCFile_500kb.doc
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         103592-104599
 20
                        2018-10-19 11:20:26
                                                35176f9b7f521954445100e5df74dee9
      5aee31c3f490b421e75548ea713a6755818980db
f907aadb6b9b38c8e19eaf44aa11796051eeac35d0d2115246449da98f1137f7
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Doc-
files/file-sample-doc_100kB.doc
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         102864-103071
 20
                        2018-10-19 11:19:59
                                                bb8c0ad499fc64837a45154a27e07734
      1e09acf84e23e9eddb152f812354785e2f7cd159
2bcd9c011678a8aa7045a6485bef7872c4295fbb6c2467cc29135ffcc769457b
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Doc-
files/file-sample-doc_1MB.doc
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         104808-106823
 20
                        2018-10-19 11:21:18
                                                e16fb51cef336edf2c19d065ef49a662
      15bfff84aea3602cd0ec81bd7ac9789a969c3528
41f65cf10d9b0b42d12307a46b66ae632e6d883e067db5959969822780823d7a
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Doc-
files/file-sample-doc_500kB.doc
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         106824-107807
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Docx-files
                        2020-04-06 16:12:41
                                                0717f9af8c983c9af7d5fb9d311ab163
      Oce1f83b661658d58caee54b75ede278a30e0927
359246310af6c9ff8c7192b637ae949a8c388f1c9b684d46c1ea013d4fcafffb
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Docx-files/
.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         101040-101055
 2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:11:20
                                                96d043aabc6bdad1046db4c47aa7a3a8
      7705c94a188ecebd1be2f68f70687b1ef7360d21
9383ce8098236174683cefab77cbddfe8cc17d8656b4e87281e783ce55b76d52
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Docx-
files/DOCXFile_500kb.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         107824-108511
```

```
2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:22:33
                                                0815c2eb26ab3ad59fab1ccba9d18fd0
      20898f28011ae05f5062e09690b292ed13fbbf20
acd7fe4a7ee20c77b48489be5b9dbad8a850a2b29af721c912f6993e238b5471
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Docx-
files/file-sample-docx 100kB.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         108512-108759
2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:21:55
                                                9a1485d3bca8dd88cb67f248c0144d0b
      0dcff5af4a39b3d57e964ead8a004636c3a276f4
98983b17e3562d015ac1c1a6f9d9971090303c04d0d70d6729416d376385eb2b
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Docx-
files/file-sample-docx_1MB.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        108760-110847
20
                        2018-10-19 11:23:09
                                                183a5dc1a099e3c8c0b54c6aa52d64b7
      1266501c54bdea72f239925138a61a62a9f8b2ba
ff010e8d024e80c14901ea9ac618f253862667e7a69f69b070002cbc74df9f58
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/Docx-
files/file-sample-docx 500kB.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        110848-111983
20
                        2020-04-06 16:44:01
                                                8b1836fc208a9ab78cb95bc0d00b6256
      c6f205d3920442756681d4bc1c3091dae0b69466
5dba5fad9c2bf25ea40190fb34594641a66e44d4fd40a7cabf9ea11862e6246a
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/Word-files/.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         101072-101087
                        2020-04-06 16:44:31
2.0
                                                b6e071bf10615607b95d544a2022d187
     199662a8e3916924b81b13ac8ae705f3c581cec9
c988d303b52f36214ce9464a07df2dbf114b6820971eddd987668e89bb0167a6
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Microsoft-files/.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         100968-100983
 2.0
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odocx-files
                        2020-04-06 16:33:22
                                                70b4b7f69342042902032114b234fa03
      79bfe4ccde5838e150a0f236b9c7478104b9cd09
2dd6ea9aef467ef368f7024e22ae3ea03d3e4f73949c0e1ee7cb055779c596a7
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odocx-files/file-sample-
odocx_100kB.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         101136-101279
                        2020-04-06 16:36:02
2.0
                                                e579cd58b1ac23749e4251835bc0f610
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1c0f9edf45a390e0d279a1d10da038e374b515cef3e5c077c8bae99e3dd4a5cc
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odocx-files/file-sample-
odocx 1MB.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        112144-114047
```

```
2020-04-06 16:36:58
 2.0
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05100d4633bff3a8809b8b075ecbb7e9dd22f94148307faabad972ee8c8307d7
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odocx-files/file-sample-
odocx_500kB.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         114048-114951
 2.0
                        2020-04-06 16:34:45
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fb723512f7f3f166cb0013f3160d98b648719f08bc6dcde7db5043277cb1ca85
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odocx-
files/ODOCXFile_500kb.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         114952-115823
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:47:19
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odt-files
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                                                d4c494a030d81983196866482a5597fe
      46aa85342a8d01ae27ea91965ce088813a4410ed
8fcb878c093e2f4652b632bb347b3f69db28ece431801b9651b3809b47ff16e4
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odt-files/.DS Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         9832-9847
                        2020-04-06 16:40:21
 2.0
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455b56ea7a3bd759f917b8e3a3d16b567f10ada93c8202ddee8945db150bf810
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odt-files/file-sample-
odt_100kB.odt
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 2.0
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Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odt-files/file-sample-
odt_1MB.odt
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                        2020-04-06 16:41:23
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Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odt-files/file-sample-
odt_500kB.odt
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
                        2020-04-06 16:43:29
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ed39112cdf37ddc805e39b9edb033fd97dcce179831c1392a2a59e46f85a0796
Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/odt-files/ODTFile 500kb.odt
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         54392-54911
 20
                        2020-04-06 16:37:14
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Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/Writer-files/.DS_Store
```

```
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Partition1/Root/Documents/OpenOffice-files/.DS_Store
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        99928-99943
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:47:20
                                                Partition1/Root/Documents/pdf
 20
                        2018-10-19 11:31:09
                                                cafaa4fe6206c58f5dec13c3ea9d0371
      7ed087345df3071191fbb455470a4ae8e4b423e7
2a42cd96488ebc2e8fd807008726dee7ab1709c007fa9abe8affbc5843591bb0
Partition1/Root/Documents/pdf/file-sample-pdf_100kB.pdf
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
                        2018-10-19 11:28:32
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0da983da280865ec4ef11497f7ae9a3322d36b88a12b419e90109774ae50d40f
Partition1/Root/Documents/pdf/file-sample-pdf 1MB.pdf
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         120360-122727
20
                        2018-10-19 11:30:08
                                                23d2d7627d3edbc66586726cbd4225b1
      34d580da967fbc3ba1bc54e59da11b7183afffb6
0dce6c42b677f621d5f8ac8abbfad0ed7d69e7e18e1f328c9276453e2b57680b
Partition1/Root/Documents/pdf/file-sample-pdf_500kB.pdf
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         122728-124143
                        2018-10-19 12:05:41
2.0
                                                2cea8c95dc5f5db6065f704068292867
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5e147079d557fe26de3dbdf0c5c7aab4ac18ec13d4e31bea320d1167475dae0c
Partition1/Root/Documents/pdf/large_pdf.pdf
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         124144-154039
2.0
                        2018-10-19 11:49:27
                                                4bfa34445fe5e92cee0d4be1c4b6afbd
      4c166dd5ad455053664bb095fbed5238f5a17a68
1284a8bd83fa65802aa0ee0d7ca77a008c6db18cbd288f1b1f1319aae703fa4a
Partition1/Root/Documents/pdf/PDFFile_500kb.pdf
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         154040-156631
                        2018-06-22 11:08:57
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      31249aec7b1e9dd55828b296f3626c5654071860
b0e8e10fc34b366dfa1709719cd737745581fb277a82509a60518cb5e6c8ddfc
Partition1/Root/Documents/easychair.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        55296-59767
20
                        2013-06-26 08:00:33
                                                0a4ffa384ae31d33a801acc0e1746e65
      f09aedad237560fe3fc2d255d39520923cab91f2
6387b9576f369e587e7c810df976b29ededf8c4f7e3f1d6662b7ccd78dc4a521
Partition1/Root/Documents/Mac_mini_Early2009_UG.pdf
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         59768-66015
```

```
2.0
                        2013-06-26 07:58:08
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eada5fecc16cb98c28c54b080319ff79eb20b62a313ed4b6ba5c254a4a3ede7e
Partition1/Root/Documents/Mac_mini_Intel-based_Mid2007_UserGuide.pdf
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         66016-67767
 20
                        2013-06-26 07:56:33
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Partition1/Root/Documents/Mac_mini_Intel_User_Guide.pdf
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
                        2018-10-19 12:04:44
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18ca6866a60efd06455338739bed02ed3a60bbe8e9cd5e8688b7877aa2a11ef6
Partition1/Root/Documents/MyDoc1.docx
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         72200-99919
 20
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Partition1/Root/Documents/Test_Arch.zip
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        156632-163591
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:47:28
                                               Partition1/Root/Music
    $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         296-303
                        2021-11-15 10:47:25
 20
                                                Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu
    $130: INDEX ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         4968-4991
 20
                        2016-06-05 06:40:09
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      545dca6e41229c13c8ea51930b809c1155ba1ae8
1ca04432f8cc56e7e11d13f9a4a930dda67d2756c68040bd280bbc6307854b2a
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andr Rieu-
Air_On_A_G_String_Johann_Sebastian_Bach_(mp3.cc).mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         508840-521647
 20
                        2016-06-05 06:39:14
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9a61b7a900bce729eab4c964ebfdac730e656e0b4206741d09f8b1ea9ce0d34a
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andr_Rieu-Ballade_Pour_Elise_(mp3.cc).mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         521648-529695
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                        2016-06-05 06:39:10
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aa0def648856d03145be5428ef6e00461ceab3b93c56c33d4559e98c46a4971f
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andr Rieu-Barbero de Sevilla F garo -
_Largo_Al_Fact_tum_(mp3.cc).mp3
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         529696-544487
```

```
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andr_Rieu-Clavelitos_(mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andr_Rieu-
Funiculi_Funicula_isp._Mario_Lanza_(mp3.cc).mp3
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         551536-558855
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                        2016-06-05 06:39:51
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andr_Rieu-Greensleeves_(mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andr_Rieu-
Romantic_Paradise_Live_in_Italy_(mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andr Rieu-
Suite_for_Jazz_Orchestra_No._2_Vals_No._2_Dmitry_Shostakovich_(mp3.cc).mp3
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         574560-583311
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-
All_Men_Shall_Be_Brothers_From_Beethoven_s_9th_Symphony_Live_In_Dublin_(mp3.cc).mp3
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         167896-177111
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                                                 a0c6ca644336e199bdd47941f90273cb
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f68153eaec5a9d70b3902d84d7ade66266a3495b125a8805d4ef4f0ec44fdf61
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Andante_-_Piano_Concerto_No._21_-
_Elvira_Madigan_Mozart_(mp3.cc).mp3
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e8ec4dac74ef09da945f22715ad4de103374e725961d0ad36f4f5db42d6f6444
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andre Rieu-
Bella_Tarantella_Love_inVenice_2014_(mp3.cc).mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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```
204840-217055
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andre Rieu-
C.Orff._Fortuna_imperatrix_mundi_(mp3.cc).mp3
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         217064-227039
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                        2016-06-05 06:40:13
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e631522504fa6d6f73809bfbe7a6218a55b7ccec7bb17676785a1b8d17b09583
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Carnival_of_Venice_(mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andre Rieu-
Cielito_Lindo_Meksikanskaya_narodnaya_pesnya_(mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Concierto_De_Aranjuez_(mp3.cc).mp3
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abebd5f9a4c397e6ea404e8b2a2bb002a6f89b45403e6af7d456d275b1c59f28
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andre Rieu-
Einzug_der_Gladiatoren_nemeckij_marsh_(mp3.cc).mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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                        2016-06-05 06:39:25
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6b957574e65f2f23369e4c57affcc6bc8afbc0bef486c9cbfcb4ae82d0f3c78d
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Einzugsmarsch_(mp3.cc).mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         264288-275503
                        2016-06-05 06:39:16
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Francuzskij_kankan_(mp3.cc).mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         285608-291711
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Heigh-Ho_(mp3.cc).mp3
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         291712-294151
```

```
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b955ebeff0f774c7cab342a71e978b20767797fffbcb8fb6ebc9a223eee81e6e
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-I_Hear_The_Sound_Of_Cymbals_(mp3.cc).mp3
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         294152-306983
                        2016-06-05 06:40:19
 2.0
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-
Jackety_Sax_Benny_Hill_Theme_(mp3.cc).mp3
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         306984-313959
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                        2016-06-05 06:40:19
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Kalinka_(mp3.cc).mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         313960-325439
 20
                        2016-06-05 06:40:05
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andre Rieu-Main Title The Godfather (mp3.cc).mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         325440-334727
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andre Rieu-Marche De Radetzky (mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-
Moonriver_from_Breakfast_At_Tiffany_s_Henry_Mancini_violin_cover_(mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-
Moonriver_from_Breakfast_At_Tiffany_s_Henry_Mancini_violin_cover_(mp3.cc) (1).mp3
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3adba60be7fc3f52ff992361feb663af28ab74f5ff475616368b6d69ba4605b4
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   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         362280-377447
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650857fb1cbacbe2984478823d857c4c49055302e375039a389112f314ce28bf
Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Sabre_Dance_(mp3.cc).mp3
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         377448-384543
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Second_Waltz_Shostakovich_(mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre Rieu/Andre Rieu-The Blue Danube (mp3.cc).mp3
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3f19694235113ab6393a3e3b9e7a7c0bff2c34de5f5a23b1946f19dbc44b2522
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-
The_Stars_And_Stripes_Forever_(mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Thunder_And_Lightning_Polka_(mp3.cc).mp3
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   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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Partition1/Root/Music/Andre_Rieu/Andre_Rieu-Viennese_Waltz_(mp3.cc).mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Barry_Sisters/Barry_Sisters-Ketsele_Baroyges.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         583312-588871
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Partition1/Root/Music/Barry_Sisters/Barry_Sisters-L'Chaim.mp3
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         588872-595495
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      Obea492a98c11c131dcae40348a47e2fb68d33d3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Barry Sisters/Barry Sisters-Tum Balalaika.mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Barry_Sisters/Barry_Sisters-Yidl_Mitn_Fidl.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         608456-625383
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920841b083ac3a3783c057428cf447576d9b2eda5bf0a20efee56e70c30d2e4f
Partition1/Root/Music/Barry_Sisters/Barry_Sisters_Chiribim_Chiribom.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
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Partition1/Root/Music/Barry_Sisters/Bublitshki_Barry_Sisters.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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Partition1/Root/Music/Barry_Sisters/Hava_Nagila-Barry_Sisters.mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Barry_Sisters/Hevenu_Shalom_Aleihem-Barry_Sisters.mp3
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   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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Partition1/Root/Music/Barry_Sisters/Vi_iz_dus_geseleh-Barry_Sisters.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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                        2021-11-15 10:47:26
Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra/Time_1981
    $130: INDEX ALLOC (Non-Resident)
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 20
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric Lgcht Orchestra/Time 1981/01. PROLOGUE .mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric Lgcht Orchestra/Time 1981/02. TWILIGHT .mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra/Time_1981/03. YOURS TRULY, 2095.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra/Time_1981/04. TICKET TO THE MOON .mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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720200-731799
 20
                        2005-04-07 03:11:40
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric Lqcht Orchestra/Time 1981/05. THE WAY LIFE'S MEANT TO
BE .mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         731800-744895
 20
                        2005-04-07 03:11:40
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra/Time_1981/06. ANOTHER HEART BREAKS
.mp3
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra/Time_1981/07. RAIN IS FALLING.mp3
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
                        2005-04-07 03:11:40
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2ce95099a194b20d8e64d8ed79ab4e61ecbc784b6695e3af431a7e9dcd92bad7
Partition1/Root/Music/Electric Lycht Orchestra/Time 1981/08. FROM THE END OF THE
WORLD .mp3
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         766584-775807
 2.0
                        2005-04-07 03:11:40
                                                 13521f054f7d59ba7cab3df7da45257e
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra/Time_1981/09. THE LIGHTS GO DOWN .mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         775808-785815
                        2005-04-07 03:11:40
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1790a250729eb139b25d588de3f53834b8f2f7cd2928125784b0df8aeb3a892b
Partition1/Root/Music/Electric Lycht Orchestra/Time 1981/10. HERE IS THE NEWS .mp3
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         785816-796343
                        2005-04-07 03:11:40
 2.0
                                                 4a6ac89638420964737bcd597e12f667
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra/Time_1981/11. 21ST CENTURY MAN .mp3
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         796344-808063
 20
                        2005-04-07 03:11:40
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0089088cb3062cbfa50f8d414ecb68c5c94f9d9aec77966fae55a154553f7f5c
Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra/Time_1981/12. HOLD ON TIGHT.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         808064-816815
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2.0
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Partition1/Root/Music/Electric_Lgcht_Orchestra/Time_1981/13. EPILOGUE.mp3
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 20
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Morricone
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554c109bf97dcfca8d5bbc27d255dc2e963ca7430056105fc3538529ccdaed38
Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-A Gun for Ringo.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         821128-825511
 20
                        2001-08-16 14:00:00
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Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-C'Era Una Volta Il Trenino.mp3
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                        2001-08-16 14:00:00
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Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-Chi Mai.mp3
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 20
                        2001-08-16 14:00:00
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Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-Farewell to Cheyenne.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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                        2001-08-16 14:00:00
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Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-For A Few Dollar.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         853928-858559
 20
                        2001-08-16 14:00:00
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Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-Goodbye Colone.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         858560-861895
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2001-08-16 14:00:00
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Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-Le Vent, Le Cri.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         861896-876823
2.0
                        2001-08-16 14:00:00
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54bde5e91c19478763fd4a20947a573ffda7a217832e596849967eeb7bfddeb8
Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-March of the macgregors.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         876824-881551
20
                        2001-08-16 14:00:00
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Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-Once Upon A Time In
America.mp3
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         881552-888727
20
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Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-Once Upon A Time In The
West.mp3
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cd81f63dba683d5a7be2a10a67a5c953a67ceb62f4f5c60972103fae64924410
Partition1/Root/Music/Ennio Morricone/Ennio Morricone-Overture a fistful of
dollars.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         895632-901135
2.0
                        2016-04-28 14:51:04
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c0fba9eb8cd60edf592efde7a94c273083a20f55fa5e7349781bbae8605025d3
Partition1/Root/Music/ CONFEDERATE_SONG_TO_ARMS_IN_DIXIE.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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                        2016-04-28 15:12:33
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605c872d2891b98875f39782521e108538dc511464535a89a76b786b48348c81
Partition1/Root/Music/derek-warfield-the-southern-wagon.mp3
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                        2016-04-28 15:14:01
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Partition1/Root/Music/derek-warfield-the-wearing-of-the-grey.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         690664-700767
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20
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Partition1/Root/Music/Im_a_good_old_rebel.mp3
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 20
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Partition1/Root/Music/johnny-cash-cry-cry-cry.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         915416-922327
 20
                        2016-04-28 14:32:14
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Partition1/Root/Music/johnny-cash-san-quentin.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         922328-929727
 20
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Partition1/Root/Music/Johnny_Cash-I_Got_Stripes.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         929728-935607
 20
                        2016-04-28 14:29:20
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63c6eb80644401b50f6056ccfa6bba2b28acd50354de27ab94ec7b2bb3838a35
Partition1/Root/Music/Johnny_Cash-Man_in_Black.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         935608-949151
 20
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1c48623249bf89e918b06169d6e6ff08f5d9902ec744762dd99d040f690348c1
Partition1/Root/Music/Johnny_Cash-THE_GENERAL_LEE.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         949152-956031
 20
                        2016-04-28 14:35:10
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5f7dla6b32d4f316ac05b41e91b6a2752a860338cb7c09850c5d92a3ce897472
Partition1/Root/Music/johnny_cash_ghost_riders_in_the_sky.mp3
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         956032-963071
 2.0
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Partition1/Root/Music/Stonewall_Jacksons_Way.mp3
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d3b8e261c2afb6b0989e6a2d83205ea06603345ad3b336447d68ace48e697af7
Partition1/Root/Music/The_Bonnie_Blue_Flag.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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a9070f9bc811a4174461542046a71870a99a84c5d05dee4452bcb1ce24f72a91
Partition1/Root/Music/THE BONNIE BLUE FLAG-1861.mp3
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         967496-978263
20
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Partition1/Root/Music/Yankee_Doodle.mp3
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         988464-993359
20
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                                                Partition1/Root/Photos
    $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
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                        2021-11-15 10:47:29
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                        2009-04-29 02:52:42
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Diving/MyPhoto1.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         993360-998599
20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Diving/MyPhoto2.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         998600-1002175
2.0
                        2009-04-29 02:53:58
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Diving/MyPhoto3.jpg
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1002176-1005727
20
                        2009-04-29 02:54:20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Diving/MyPhoto4.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1005728-1007495
20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Diving/MyPhoto5.jpg
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        1007496-1013919
20
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2.0
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 005.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 007.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1016152-1018815
 20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 008.jpg
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         1018816-1021879
 20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 009.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1021880-1024591
 20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 014.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 015.jpg
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 20
                        2007-07-25 00:14:59
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 016.jpg
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 020.jpg
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 036.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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```
1039800-1042735
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 037.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1042736-1045207
2.0
                        2007-07-25 00:16:04
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 039.jpg
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1045208-1048895
20
                        2007-07-25 00:16:26
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 046.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1048896-1052791
20
                        2007-07-25 00:16:53
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 055.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1052792-1056847
20
                        2007-07-25 00:16:57
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587323db9e818f483b1f6dff3720e3c94db08a508d93473ac6c82f43dd2448d9
Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 056.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1056848-1062087
                        2007-07-25 00:17:39
2.0
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 068.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1062088-1066479
 20
                        2007-07-25 00:17:51
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 072.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1066480-1069903
20
                        2007-07-25 00:17:53
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 073.jpg
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         1069904-1072775
                        2007-07-25 00:17:56
2.0
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 074.jpg
```

```
DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 076.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1075888-1079175
                        2007-07-25 00:18:04
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68029f074e36d150bec089850c56c82d5e372763c6cebedf3f471d637a92aa68
Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 077.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1079176-1082087
 20
                        2007-07-25 00:18:06
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 078.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1082088-1084655
 20
                        2007-07-25 00:18:08
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 080.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1087416-1090207
 20
                        2007-07-25 00:18:13
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 081.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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                        2007-07-25 00:18:31
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a113063e2a5139328035dfb08a1e90e1e28a547ce3d4596e1d1d2ade4a8018a3
Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 087.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 2.0
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 088.jpg
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1095376-1097783
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 089.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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2.0
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Helsinki/Helsinki 090.jpg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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20
                        2007-07-25 00:18:39
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   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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2.0
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        54328-54335
20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/NY/IMG_0201.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/NY/IMG_0211.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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2.0
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Partition1/Root/Photos/NY/IMG_0250.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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Partition1/Root/Photos/NY/IMG_0283.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/NY/IMG_0389.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1151552-1159343
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Partition1/Root/Photos/NY/IMG_0390.JPG
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20
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Partition1/Root/Photos/NY/IMG_3694.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1175416-1187271
20
                        2009-06-06 12:11:32
                                                35df6163f8b1154b535bb185aced2d56
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fc71d8ebcc188ba26d3e07a28da5ddf89078606d20d84f4922412ef8a5aac283
Partition1/Root/Photos/NY/IMG_3699.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1187272-1197455
20
                        2021-11-15 10:47:34
                                              Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG
   $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         54336-54351
20
                        2016-08-09 06:29:55
                                                0e20c4014a80419756af6b3618d894d4
     dfeb1486ddb64d89b56426847dc945d40a7413fe
7392ae31589eeb672798620f5fa6f5776a67c7aa7494c455e509df324e915a09
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00398.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1197456-1204095
2.0
                        2016-08-09 06:29:55
                                                50a39ae6bdde09570419e04899e861ca
     7d9a673c484ae32fa631bc03bdf3f3c5c670524f
957f4fa27af2dbbc6b4d5156a8151a6222093e8dad15a7c53559c118fe8443ef
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00400.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1204096-1208903
20
                        2016-08-09 06:29:56
                                                07a975f0d121d5710e9e0678c9f08a5d
     d15beaa4483bda7879642f452a76a5f9d0e5a2ec
aabc57174e53dd3af315c336720dfef22fdaee6ece52bfc59a8e36ed09cd31a6
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00401.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1208904-1214455
20
                        2016-08-09 06:29:56
                                                1cfea16f1e3b86b9d85ec43a1c146405
      c78d1c40f4579c7c8a98d9cd6629083a48c42a03
51415fb98f758a51ec6fd914cf6b57b9d34fd3564f61b05a57df7376f038b536
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00402.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1214456-1219775
```

```
2.0
                        2016-08-09 06:29:57
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f5cc938586b14de903d81f20d3948c41ceb47ccbb4bc8062899f750371d5ff85
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00403.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1219776-1230831
                        2016-08-09 06:29:57
2.0
                                                2b6dd7410024c29335480e4b01ecf6bf
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elef35ccca901231062b8d831a77e703819a931a5e63e0c23761754798e3e44b
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00409.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1230832-1236839
20
                        2016-08-09 06:29:57
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Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00410.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1236840-1243119
2.0
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lada79bc031064a27353aea69860a3edd9bcfc6eadbcc9af2c115cad419cc275
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00411.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1243120-1249863
20
                        2016-08-09 06:29:58
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9374fb21b2c7126dfc5f7101471bafffff849998d9eb42796a280c448ba95ba68
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00412.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1249864-1256839
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:29:58
                                                d6596d9f439081baed836fa0c8a28a8e
      15c0b00e68f538c8d5ef69b2bc27e9362a8dd439
4cdcf050e903d1daa38d87b04855c7419e44409165d2ea41381c7cb122d3b257
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSC00413.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1256840-1264383
20
                        2016-08-09 06:29:59
                                                3980b368079e048f6f8eed6d218f1456
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073a2f3e47a5092e8877a46b441a3f95eaa73d1e7558c746ca833b87dadc1013
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0108.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1264384-1278247
2.0
                        2016-08-09 06:29:59
                                                3af85c982fdaee46f578fcec569f037e
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c412553bcb7e21e6cf15e377873ee80738a6b6f9990b4e84fd7fa9b1db44a95f
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0109.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1278248-1288871
20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:00
                                                clac17a6c98f27fbeac401359f14b515
      e6b6186c29e38ea7dbda9ba4b8c242732d4b2241
3bb72a8e56f4f4f36760fd9256a366690650f54f8202d789bde31af8535fad46
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0113.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
```

```
1288872-1299927
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:01
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b2ce7f5ec69b5418bc723a160f4cc8780a9d3184efb2d3de220d0cb848cb6c33
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0116.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1299928-1311911
 2.0
                        2016-08-09 06:30:01
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1344199eda7438278493240159d4547186da9e9f485480bf7b435f4184a12835
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0117.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1311912-1323551
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:02
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3bd8b74067d514bd306318489cbbfd056aaa25a7cdf19e888198e35e56259e37
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0121.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1323552-1343399
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:02
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7759c44a7b384eb1c5bd0e351bfd91a7a839f1ac4bfa7ab813ae5c48514a2bc3
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0124.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1343400-1347279
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:03
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Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0125.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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                        2016-08-09 06:30:03
 2.0
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f85747e4ca8289fd1ef0c96fddd7aaddf70b3733c2a91054f762968ce8ee6942
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0129.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1357856-1367767
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:04
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b5be34d6680d6ea87ae54801dbb57cb720b2bd872dcfc527a8550c895c03727b
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0131.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1367768-1379495
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:05
                                                9e953995ca786148098b427656a60e35
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Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0132.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1379496-1384247
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:05
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5edfd80300f07e45c8484d52c005afe83c00b56df1e56f3387ae2047120c4729
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0133.png
```

```
DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1384248-1402263
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:06
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7462ead43cbfbee4df6e1673ccc2d08800641de9b32f905f0f85dd7196a916f6
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0135.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1402264-1413071
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:06
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Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0136.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1413072-1425783
20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:07
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7d580fccd6dfb31cca059dfd4032ec4793de0acba9c3ba89ac63fc3724f5b4fc
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/DSCN0138.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1425784-1432047
2.0
                        2016-08-09 06:30:09
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ae8696cbc2e7427fa257d6760471a8aa8255f6c17e5ade05c8c83874e8c765da
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/IMG 0301.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1432048-1460183
                        2016-08-09 06:30:10
                                                f5e5a8ad113cf60301cc3038738018df
 2.0
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229324830ef256de4a568105244876dc6cb38c7fcbc883b23d1ceb599c10d529
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1000075.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1460184-1482863
20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:11
                                                dbc0c95df4c2b4a16fd5d653a03e3a03
      3fde4c2902804033cfc33f70292b5e840b649917
f257c37d5437b8f38c33d97f2df239fb07990af33080676d5721a798c3fcd268
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1000076.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1482864-1500847
20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:12
                                                a3df8bed38651d33eac4b21dd6a001e5
      20c969a51774ada67c4488028b73fe5db1883ef7
9475b205dded40cc9b42d5c9a5ac75021fba4c068f4e1aa5f984e4b42930a1b5
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1000077.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1500848-1522703
2.0
                        2016-08-09 06:30:13
                                                7262d86f98a816ac5aa19d5000fdaa38
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19265744bc50cc6ebdb7dd30c358d350d589827ce088da6b12a73d7bcc6b8415
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1000078.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1522704-1544367
```

```
20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:14
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c8fa689c01b91841af197ff442ba4aefb5673021bdcc4e9cfd9e40504ac381df
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1000079.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1544368-1566127
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:15
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60bacec13cd11f0b094df945f9024bff7b916d8491cb3219085c7d1e22322bfc
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1000080.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1566128-1587527
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:16
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fe0f4d8b2cb268cd92235375fcb5df2445c27498c663ee64f3e84a5d97931246
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1000081.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1587528-1609207
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:17
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      24d11bd0f46e9598a4a5a09e7c2c250f4c0190f1
fb9a16f920b54863194096ebdc384445f0fb82d3cdbf1224607fa46b6f72a6f2
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1010289.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1609208-1631775
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:18
                                                3699a09b4d90e3e0466d2e025ac71f38
     db77c0005f5554eeb928a28e642c20b1c1c19459
424a8ae233c30ce4931ef37b5d76c6c335261af36b76af9bcb2e82e2e67a4c7a
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1010292.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1631776-1645127
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:19
                                                9c8dfa6629ca4056b66ba70df36b6155
      3014b48f9d129411703968c62347a6741bde31da
397078f5d412f0dadf993efbbc6fc986e107bbef03a8e88a59f26d62ee629833
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1010296.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1645128-1663407
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:20
                                                449a39e60fb73cd06792eb33702e3fd2
      7aa3459012435f09a2abfe5d2aaee35beea20e8b
70c8b6f17dfe2770bd089fc1c837863743d638b991eaf382713adb536cd14338
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1010299.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1663408-1680375
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:21
                                                ee784f441db80e795a4f50a5ed06bc31
      f544a576568271f1a70995fe83bdc6926351b954
9d17e3ea583d57ca7d2b2abaa7b0f676a098d0e2e8508085eee3dd0df639f32e
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1010302.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1680376-1692727
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:22
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      c8a6797e0898840a416b40a71facdc991badd151
b3520b16941b9a6a82db76978bad29faed5bd1af715f9f8d0a9511e830e51c39
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1010304.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
```

```
1692728-1704823
 20
                        2016-08-09 06:30:23
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af314883ec48e419f8dfdf653c212be1dd9664af4f1fce7dd6bd56becf925b1e
Partition1/Root/Photos/PNG/P1010316.png
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1704824-1726783
2.0
                        2021-11-15 10:47:35
                                                Partition1/Root/Photos/SF
    $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
        54352-54359
20
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      3cc2043ed0f732f71cf92f505fafb9e8282925e2
9249d50a8d9054d2bc182f1504f085621c8db30e7fd3081b5dfd83f5d9890c3a
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_0869.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1726784-1734007
20
                        2009-05-30 10:15:56
                                                999611c3e27def28c94708e9b6203db8
      34b2fda8e0db1bdee804c403574e0e067e07cb13
71f3335d6e50b888d6f80b57c2408921466623ef90d1a6f33b6c5e8a775573d1
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_0873.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1734008-1745495
 2.0
                        2009-05-30 10:47:26
                                                ca72b6c55f22a45908b24cbd8bf29a56
      4a6f4ab37a9caa41ba1b8f5b97d81b4c157d9d20
84b973d5bafd5fa96a9c62130536c457d0f67e77db155e41f819a83d13867d52
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_0890.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1745496-1756559
2.0
                        2009-06-03 09:59:04
                                                bfa7e431bf44e036bd8c6f77179e7543
      c501d565c9570983c7be391ad6c4175c23d8e077
e77e31291d871816c80055edee4ad8c650617c58f4dcd55b9492b8e5a07742ca
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_1739.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1756560-1764895
20
                        2009-06-05 16:58:08
                                                1854c9f44cc66810600f955e7e57bdb1
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e4503c9868e27b7a333e69624fe3b7d62e2ca932e1990fd96d0fc22102111c4d
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3460.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1764896-1773871
                        2009-06-05 16:58:26
2.0
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acafd581b254a3c004a962a13f4cf37197819770b7b8b45d12315d7f74f8f243
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3461.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1773872-1781887
20
                        2009-06-05 17:02:50
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      442be0bacc541cfd913bfd9322b6fd453359f39d
da4c8a85efc46392dba681825a0a4eecd9a6a3d1d0f33b233638d89ea5ff981a
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3476.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        1781888-1789927
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2009-06-05 17:03:22
 2.0
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Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3478.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1789928-1799639
                        2009-06-05 17:03:42
 2.0
                                                3872c8067f88768007a636d612c3650e
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e9af47c22716e1d660cf85cb51b096a331f74f6f630fda53e941e3fb61000e96
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG 3479.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1799640-1808399
 20
                        2009-06-05 17:03:48
                                                035c6628e8d5bbed6287bb85cf6022b2
      aa888343c7b2cc0b633cec47a12ac1b984f7ea99
17475eae12901a87325a745dd90adae4565f5de89f122c72a6bb64bf6de96304
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3480.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1808400-1817175
 2.0
                        2009-06-20 11:00:56
                                                e41f63dcb998da55a02dd60fa505bcdc
      a0abbb34ddd702d6497978d1f48c92aff7f7cf31
02f936f3ba9a24f0fce9c3fa840780d36bf7eb6b01671312c085aa4c54b43ddb
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3481.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1817176-1824095
 20
                        2009-06-05 18:50:22
                                                22e77e0803b18803256074b4c252bd88
      6f562ec7317481dff469c03a3e6390f9c370f00d
036c2c5dd5e4b22b3894b3a45dd6bec0da5ca5330b3d0031c40a4e32af2634de
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3493.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1824096-1833839
 20
                        2009-06-05 18:55:56
                                                1300d583c82fe612dd57d3ad910a9486
      0e57692faeabc7845441bd30ac282f2cb83f29f1
6f6f10a14c50635a84a63fefcc97845831f0dbd5f78d54e6b16589462f825926
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3535.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1833840-1841103
 20
                        2009-06-05 18:57:38
                                                8b1353ff9495552a19b0bfeec5394247
      1f4fe5885358892353a875c06b616c9cfe14d81b
69b90255a3a0f893a3e7565c69f0cec869ed2bce143fda09e4c1ffc99a6c00f6
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3542.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1841104-1849135
 2.0
                        2009-06-05 18:59:32
                                                cefa4e580592809baf1c00cefacd93f0
      7c871f52b0f04cd6ceb2e6bce43164157eef6234
965587104c3492b03b42fca3c7f84ddadcf789462f1b0d46bb972b3d6466bba0
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG 3579.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1849136-1857167
                        2009-06-05 18:59:40
                                                9143872d4928619a667153c4ed3a303c
      11cdcf422af6bfda3857dfa92b38eb9095c9d242
4e8e53a15940b4c9aa50be4bb088aabfe42734e5b31259f750d0fa1db4f0b1e7
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3580.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
```

```
1857168-1864031
 20
                        2009-06-05 18:59:48
                                                a545a740177ead5214943f35115e2d84
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6fed1d2964c18f82e7d5ea8f5d3077c09a56d8536359cdd81147299abce60b47
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3581.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1864032-1872407
 20
                        2009-06-05 19:00:18
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Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3589.JPG
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1872408-1881495
 20
                        2009-06-05 19:00:22
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e872c99ba38c4110b6175cd3cf1e5e7fd7efbb7ce3062d96ab6c5eaa140323ab
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3590.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1881496-1891071
 20
                        2009-06-05 19:00:22
                                                d8b25a6d107fa25e67c01fd1691a840a
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18a4871a2a3fbadb0d29653d8588b4fb32e41b9a3c6637279279384675f12dd7
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3591.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1891072-1899431
 20
                        2009-06-05 19:00:22
                                                be2a41a0f6c956b0a9105cbc81366a86
      6f62e8ea9a06e82a63f796eb532be7ecdeebfd49
b68f3bad91756a3e13652c6195c2884b7867f2a13cab485ce2cb779ac36f7754
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3592.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1899432-1909759
 2.0
                        2009-06-05 19:00:26
                                                 482bfbc2665903526f3bb328d70bcc68
      61deca50b2413161e868a249afd24fa696f4cb33
fafd55132f1cc69b75470ea0c745d694240e7184b46af5c4896a0bd741f28c60
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3593.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1909760-1919471
                        2009-06-05 19:00:30
 2.0
                                                 157a7a625ea640ff216ef35c01b20740
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428284f5eb2a1955514beaff192dc352276b4ff2630f8c45418a361be6194c9d
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3594.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1919472-1929079
 20
                        2009-06-05 19:00:32
                                                b36d08d7fddeae5a02bf023c82f6ce6a
      9e42ca16ed3796bf4e5999a2984a0b02b16e0c11
3f26880ee0c4a655f47b60537967f1c4343884a8641c21ccb6f217a51298b4e9
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3595.JPG
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1929080-1939511
 2.0
                        2009-06-05 19:00:34
                                                 298393890a37472a688a82e7bbc13ec7
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84a890dd1d913c5daccd41689890c1156ab5d45f36e34563f0c018bd145579b1
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3596.JPG
```

```
DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1939512-1949623
 20
                        2009-06-05 19:01:28
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      9b25a5144660578d6cc32f6ea8c363460cf3f683
f0f404ce95f1b8b1e78a1d396f3bcaebb675663ea1f1456de1fd929580a5f4a1
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3608.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1949624-1959895
 20
                        2009-06-05 19:02:36
                                                84013837a9cd3be6cd35dd5afb77099b
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dd15a8d44aae3e54207f8cb5f0f4f214f0676b882f596d41009a03f2f6a72546
Partition1/Root/Photos/SF/IMG_3627.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1959896-1967031
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:47:36
                                                Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas
    $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         54360-54367
 20
                        2009-05-27 20:46:20
                                                0f5cb6b4dc609659f4ce7e5a1c4c01aa
      fca842cc27792be149e0186d246d9d9c40c28ecf
5b38b41aaa5e3ecf533862027673b0d4179cbcc3fdfd44e99aa2d701b4025a6e
Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0510.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1967032-1975471
 20
                        2009-06-20 02:42:41
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      5b0a9e275afe04aee280915acb838038dbc72eab
1cfb5f3818b7930f31a8e63762a5652badd4a1e58977f5954e2bac8507d1d71b
Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0516.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1975472-1983991
                        2009-05-27 20:55:54
 2.0
                                                be3c022f27e9b50f54fde9ed2926716d
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0525.JPG
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1983992-1991639
 20
                        2009-05-27 20:59:50
                                                0d30cbcb374dc62be046953738a90523
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c57233f22715b0a50cbd90e2b48acda7aaab245a8c31bc9a45aaff16373d9675
Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0539.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1991640-2000143
 20
                        2009-05-27 21:00:44
                                                277f3865011837bc68612c72eb9a2691
     b6e63a75c77639cdade2a42ca29d8eebb1e5023f
613c9c7ee324ae96857260ba9e56a1d3145de5ab368331035854a555c7cefa5e
Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0541.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         2000144-2007823
 20
                        2009-05-27 21:04:54
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6fa349225b5fd265133ff2bd8b5d780154bfe47bd1ee00c754181fe10dbd90fa
Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0542.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         2007824-2015527
```

```
2009-05-27 21:05:02
 2.0
                                                 960983bce3dfa5e34935b215f0e018ce
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b52a36769aa422b741ef739e8f8bc5fe7b820e31bbc0954f5a07f028c4c8973b
Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0543.JPG
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         2015528-2022495
                        2009-06-20 02:42:23
 2.0
                                                 06ce765c697ea92ab4782b4696174512
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Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0545.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         2022496-2030367
 20
                        2009-06-20 02:42:17
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c10eecef25e4a6d7650e4c239df01192e5c700b24b8bf275768bb8de3d881cae
Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0547.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         2030368-2036887
 2.0
                        2009-05-27 21:09:00
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3184ac48cc4db4822d2df1ef5539e413473705fa478aa1d467eb0fcd21ee182c
Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0550.JPG
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         2036888-2044927
 20
                        2009-05-27 21:09:10
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5043a207a823a52d556a2532bd92e3c104941793efb1e7cbc417baa2451b72ab
Partition1/Root/Photos/Vegas/IMG_0551.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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 20
                        2009-04-29 02:54:46
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      acf18fc7824c46e2107113e28438a1a7f3d5364c
501d7f5876228466260bcf200bed3e71fbf362f9f7f5601cf45ff8b7e3dd792e
Partition1/Root/Photos/MyPhoto6.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1105344-1107543
 20
                        2009-04-29 02:55:06
                                                 22bf64446fcd3a630ab17bf839de6e7d
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Partition1/Root/Photos/MyPhoto7.JPG
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1107544-1109231
 2.0
                        2009-04-29 02:55:30
                                                 cb4bed7e6405a90b65cd80ccbec04928
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94f3d3b0877947b05a4e4a6be15f9caa590ff9a9dbc3984b65bf5ea9760758d8
Partition1/Root/Photos/MyPhoto8.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         1109232-1111231
 20
                        2009-04-29 02:56:50
                                                 2abc60a295d7e3eaa91cb7ad92efc788
      52de9551e8710d6978e525194b8e9cd3a44ea992
20141717c1bfbf42901603843fdd360a56ed64af6865fdc61197ec48fc89807b
Partition1/Root/Photos/MyPhoto9.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
```

```
1111232-1118135
 20
                        2021-11-16 09:38:58
                                                Partition1/Root/System Volume
Information
 20
                        2021-11-16 09:38:58
                                                9a9e2941af363372e78db223793602c9
      172678454aa1776e9a7e71ecacb3b5a57f388c75
2ac9b80907e81185d3479e340ed6123a4063cf0fd1305cd6b66227cf30a74647
Partition1/Root/System Volume Information/IndexerVolumeGuid
                        2021-11-16 09:39:01
                                                1e7a6c21c279de2ce269b029a0e2c472
      c5d14bce2dc6fd037e4ecf41a0b8ff864c0d1baf
ad4f52a33fa3d312a93a946a3c8dd4bc5826046f2e570f1c93b3c97246c6e5ec
Partition1/Root/System Volume Information/tracking.log
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         4912-4951
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:46:45
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      72f60bff40c69e35d3c3ce6e00d72a2b132c28b0
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Partition1/Root/System Volume Information/WPSettings.dat
                        2021-11-15 10:50:33
                                              Partition1/Root/Video
    $130: INDEX ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         54384-54391
                        2021-11-15 10:47:43
 2.0
                                              Partition1/Root/Video/Avi
    $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         54368-54375
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:48:51
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops Season 24 HDTV
    $130: INDEX_ALLOC (Non-Resident)
         54376-54383
 20
                        2016-06-05 22:18:26
                                                7f0357f25d88e1369c8dc1acd0aed663
      317dd884a8bc77e96e7fd1656e4aed35d077b0da
a48313a5f5756abd792ba5fa1da6e92f9caf0a7511435e2f5dcfce5250bea41a
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E01.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         3870016-4228031
 2.0
                        2016-06-05 22:19:24
                                                8dd47bbfb3420f7ff4b0b101e8cad36b
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72a952dc62b83d078327a25c5e0d81e6027e684238c7b1bcf02c1c29e8f097ef
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E02.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         4228032-4585423
                        2016-06-05 22:19:41
 2.0
                                                e389377f24ca35cc802aa90d821a246d
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8622c265f0c0533bd756b0b45fdbf661c23370c093c8a708b14a503238a2ad9f
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E03.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         4585424-4943447
                                                5e828eea4a7d198d5d029eb6a5fd8a97
 20
                        2016-06-05 22:12:38
      5f696a6568215a658415bbf736098166253c7bd2
ce10df567443f9c8211655bf9c62071d636dd5106f334efbbf22d57b62e0a256
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E04.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         4943448-5301583
```

```
2016-06-05 22:17:43
 2.0
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Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E05.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         5301584-5659415
2.0
                        2016-06-05 22:18:57
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e39d39283cd4fbee2a5e4e59dba6751c4b2be36eedfaf0ad4d2b3e904867dd9d
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E06.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         5659416-6017039
20
                        2016-06-05 22:17:05
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42513d7f9738dd06077f8e2636cdb6852aa852bc67316cbbc45b6bec5cff69c9
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops Season 24 HDTV/Cops.S24E07.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         6701312-7058527
2.0
                        2016-06-05 22:16:17
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     a15b481e4083022254c0ff9aa85f369782a7c87b
7240d9aed4d0129139f9d817bd1beb140f2c46b226e77570f083387e54a04ebd
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E08.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        7058528-7416287
20
                        2016-06-05 22:17:14
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2b61dad5b94d79f8b0e202db5dc30f5a581f1093b588a16354701419aaeb6ebb
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E09.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         7416288-7774255
20
                        2016-06-05 22:19:17
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     139ad01952126d3294c49e4f2258168462f4b61d
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Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E10.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        7774256-8132167
20
                        2016-06-05 22:16:49
                                                216bdd9f74a00a7a9b4383e2e655ef58
      47bdb9493dc69f0aff6c38536f3100cca3c6c3f3
ed4d42a3c4162a16da28f21d85a2dfb53b0f07fe005b9012e573717fef70af59
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops Season 24 HDTV/Cops.S24E11.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         8132168-8489975
2.0
                        2016-06-05 22:17:34
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72d917ebda33cc238fa1bcada877f7949ff460105e7467d2c314a63fd1224740
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E12.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        8489976-8847887
                        2016-06-05 22:19:31
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eae261da6d61b544dc42c8843ab4752496fb4869fcbff869baa9f62ea47b9ee7
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E13.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
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8847888-9206559
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052e121628b631a3154d04a2b30774340fdaf0e4593b9b751187f867b2c433e3
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E14.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         9206560-9565823
 2.0
                        2016-06-05 22:18:51
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42d916b97a81a2147ef5e03a9e07dab0e6db4d6b148693492644f539ebbf1cdc
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E15.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         9565824-9923519
 20
                        2016-06-05 22:18:10
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Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E16.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         9923520-10281511
 20
                        2016-06-05 22:19:07
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      f6ed23e660b1f8559e5f7151ee16cd583e3fc353
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Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops_Season_24_HDTV/Cops.S24E17.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         10281512-10639959
 20
                        2016-06-05 22:18:17
                                                514b0659f98a3c45202f1cc8a125fe61
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Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops.S24E18.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         2051984-2410095
 2.0
                        2016-06-05 22:18:12
                                                0e6f2a5dea0e8a1e4dd33ad2c99395cb
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133cccd202e162aa8f52cbf289351dcb3414d78cfb82945ae49233b4d245d907
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops.S24E19.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         2410096-2765911
 20
                        2016-06-05 22:18:38
                                                f3704970997f2eb8af3fb9dd2691f7d0
      580ca470463e58d4b29eba6471081910b7b4ebfc
3544a68251c3b273675eae72431be23a3971057c6c18292bf69f71cd5b42590f
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops.S24E20.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         2765912-3124295
 20
                        2016-06-05 22:18:47
                                                ba81e0c6597f2e3898535fb78ffa0ccb
      7f537260ad18099950dcc69964de66ceb45fe176
3797d035d4b503fa1c8b05153790ed1371394b7d549589219955d75c77abedbd
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops.S24E21.HDTV.XviD.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         3124296-3481199
 20
                        2016-06-05 22:19:37
                                                f61d04146b1f1e8404b1a16e9adfab5e
      306ebaddaa2d57688f4e5888cf5363da207e3f28
ad0d94c09fb496f2f2177c0d6de71ac3d8f2188c1631676ed713acd251b3f406
Partition1/Root/Video/Avi/Cops.S24E22.HDTV.x264.mp4
```

```
DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         3481200-3870015
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:48:56
                                                Partition1/Root/Video/Flv
 20
                        2010-01-05 14:11:42
                                                d2ef7350396693de9389e8b39774b4d7
      31920aa00dc386e8d2e1889f80c7b170560d349c
38a0753248b06cfca4ceeb4bc67198214216bdd2313e0d8cc3ee641471054766
Partition1/Root/Video/Flv/Better than me flv.flv
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         6017040-6033135
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:48:56
                                                 Partition1/Root/Video/M4V
 20
                        2012-08-22 07:36:44
                                                 968139c8f965b32be629b5eddac23382
      3d4ab462a46e985f61e55d3d293598ae658179e9
d84d38f3792764ab30e3d735da22c5977920c92a0339d46055d5710b40e008bc
Partition1/Root/Video/M4V/general hospital fall 2008 promo (hq) m4v.m4v
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         6033136-6035127
                        2021-11-15 10:49:34
 2.0
                                                 Partition1/Root/Video/Mov
                        2015-10-11 07:33:14
                                                 53bd8bd63f73df2e647b20ac336b5184
      3847624df92163b5857177e06fccfc01f09655c6
4b5af7cae10bd584f7ffcfd7c6a690a8df6f12bf4a5d54e83fdcec6d44d6ae8d
Partition1/Root/Video/Mov/FILE0031.MOV
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         10639960-13303647
 20
                        2015-10-11 07:48:14
                                                 4d0737f26d565e7ade41c1eeff0e7cae
      9a11b89381fc546c638eb8cbdfb1a1f4b892348e
0afc907c0ae3aa8f6ee9a35ec2f863650872a30f9dcc3cb72391f856b7124370
Partition1/Root/Video/Mov/FILE0032.MOV
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        13303648-15967559
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:50:25
                                                 Partition1/Root/Video/MP4
 20
                        2010-11-30 10:58:19
                                                 3e3661d0dc6f16a5d416791614623e9e
      3d41e5063b1c5b1a4f659c669a2016873578c3c2
553fcee0ff4df6eefc45024c334ff2ddda887031c2d2ce75d64f8a0cc28365f1
Partition1/Root/Video/MP4/mp4
Haiti_can_succeed,_but_not_without_your_help_(Former_US_president_Bill_Clinton).mp4
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         15967560-16143863
 20
                        2015-09-18 17:52:23
                                                 f9d18db99b4d4f3d5d8f7ecda07a283a
      3f30923a876e075e0c5735d095fafc71798a5a8f
d055ab546e6c24517aeaadc8217b3a56443baf902230c7a41235f6402770e4c0
Partition1/Root/Video/MP4/VID 20150918 215223.mp4
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         16143864-16348887
 20
                        2015-09-18 18:00:20
                                                b970ad6b6fc339a639a747d43279fc24
      226dd51746a2765ebfeb7e58a61d5f43ee8cfcf3
0e2d63dc86db96e93cb84e61724699bce08aa1f68ca17216e98355800ead5038
Partition1/Root/Video/MP4/VID 20150918 220020.mp4
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         16348888-16685327
 2.0
                        2015-09-20 08:31:20
                                                 050863ea63873886856c1850f89b2872
      15e1a4f4ed00ae657cc4892959e2d161d011b84f
64e86ce37f11c639c102721be53d58f6f42302056fc183a701c7cbd6696a0f38
Partition1/Root/Video/MP4/VID_20150920_123120.mp4
```

```
DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         16685328-16938367
 20
                        2021-11-15 10:50:29
                                                Partition1/Root/Video/MPEG
 20
                        2016-08-06 11:50:22
                                                8661e7edc04aa49accced6da2520decc
      0b7c023cd7f19445e78f11a5d3d4c2058196e307
63a8045b7ee6345adec7079e0e18fe89656e0cb188eb34712614e9b539f89740
Partition1/Root/Video/MPEG/Mpeg_Video.mpeg
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         6035128-6119063
 2.0
                        2021-11-15 10:50:33
                                                Partition1/Root/Video/MTS
 20
                        2015-08-05 03:44:42
                                                28264a21f4babe4c26fd9422ecce8066
      ddd8c7b7717e0c0374d50af851a499b9ec11e428
fdaf9826c0bb27005d60b611857f6ac4d81191cfcdd63519343f7d4192208491
Partition1/Root/Video/MTS/00026.MTS
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         16938368-17128831
 20
                        2013-03-20 07:16:48
                                                c8813d64f8e33e4e41c773d188ce6f62
      cd6dae3c9a31db7f02d18bfa8fa493d85b64e64b
1cfbb5d3d93c7725f06a388d93490e112427c640db705dfe90036c98c6db4820
Partition1/Root/Video/MTS/00140.MTS
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         6119064-6132695
 2.0
                        2013-03-20 07:16:20
                                                40566a6585ba0440175eed119a32a32a
      95776ef4d52ea51062c472ce744de1ef075bdf2f
34cf55b950cbce275ddc1ecad2e9fc0821e4b664d23eeb3270059b3e6e8d0c4e
Partition1/Root/Video/MTS/00168.MTS
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         6132696-6148823
 20
                        2013-03-20 07:15:22
                                                90b17b9d8b04d14b2a72aa1a7ea2c6c8
      19ddc6147e3f8d9c628c83cf33525cc859423c00
fbf55ea6c3b86c666c79caaf5c1386eebede4f02b8b70c7c91610effaf874ddc
Partition1/Root/Video/MTS/00346.MTS
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         17128832-17145343
 20
                        2016-06-05 09:36:07
                                                d6b0ce497e569371b94e19fea48355cd
      37fbacb48c80859f47024f2382d9880be633477b
b08522bb8e9d63c86c290a8c7032f3097fc78db704ea1d54eaaa75934c29de46
Partition1/Root/Video/The.Lincoln.Lawyer.2011.1080p.BluRay.x264.DTS-FGT.mkv
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         17145344-33576271
 2.0
                        2012-11-03 10:10:07
                                                9565cf6684e2858bda872890a32cc671
      da8c56c8b989ed9c2b42057ac657257520cfe661
beedd667813a9279426cfa769cb39f53156080fe78e73803dcb3206978985b04
Partition1/Root/Blue Skies (1946) 104 min.Fred Astaire.Bing Crosby.Irving
Berlin.Musical.avi
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         33576272-36340295
 20
                        2013-06-26 07:58:08
                                                12ab314eb73a4a938bed3d6550da0ff2
      22b0141246f4f5c7cf20171645c0f8de596cb35a
eada5fecc16cb98c28c54b080319ff79eb20b62a313ed4b6ba5c254a4a3ede7e
Partition1/Root/Mac mini Intel-based Mid2007 UserGuide.pdf
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         6148824-6150575
```

```
2005-08-06 06:04:54
 2.0
                                                 59262f761288b9fd5f1306a80aa25ddb
      95f732edc568a3563de4f2fa4410b4b488a9778e
d1205b011a0139b8a9c8fcc15ca227a72c7ef575828ff99d747021ebbab04fca
Partition1/Root/P1000075.JPG
    DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         36340296-36344487
                        2005-08-06 06:06:04
                                                 33e7439162b60fc39c701fe1d40cdde7
 2.0
      fef0d28922959512f5766b22867100583a83ea27
7645c7b66336c420372c6f4e4b8f3c1d9cf14cff36d6599b54587b8f8a8827e8
Partition1/Root/P1000076.JPG
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
         36344488-36348455
20
                        2013-12-12 08:31:39
                                                bf2a0fb0328c20ab65a1d9485d9748c4
      e3c3e84fc05f16d09edce676ff52a24812f15a1f
1fb743fa827fe7569bb93232555389aa596398997b7e4946fba2f9141f78b26c
Partition1/Root/TestVHDGPT.vhd
   DATA: DATA (Non-Resident)
        36348456-38445615
END Date / Time of Collection: 2022-07-05 04:02:59
```

IV Text/hexadecimal Editor

Any object visible to **R-Studio** can be viewed and edited in the **Text/Bexadecimal editor**. It is also able to parse the data and represent data according to various data patterns. You may also create your own patterns to parse data.

Note: Data alteration is available on the **Technician/T80+** and **Corporate** versions only.

You may turn <u>numerical indexes</u> for objects to distinguish them better.

- Viewing and Editing Objects
- Navigating through an Object
- Data Copy
- Files and Sectors
- Creating Custom Patterns
- Pattern Example I
- Pattern Example II

R-Studio Features

Contact Information and Technical Support

Data Recovery Using R-Studio

Basic File Recovery

Advanced Data Recovery

Mass File Recovery

Volume Sets and RAIDs

Data Recovery over Network
Technical Information and Troubleshooting
R-Studio Emergency
R-Studio Agent Emergency

4.1 Viewing and Editing Objects

YOU MUST BE ABSOLUTELY SURE OF WHAT AND WHERE YOU ARE WRITING! Or you may completely lose all your data.

Before you can physically write anything on a drive, you need to enable writing.

To enable writing,

- 1 In the R-Studio main panel, select the Tools menu, then Settings, and select Enable Write on the <u>Settings</u> dialog box.
- > The Editable: status will change to Yes from Read Only. Now the object can be edited.

Locking and unlocking objects

It is possible to manually lock an object being edited in **Text/Rexadecimal Editor**.

When an object is locked, **Text/Rexadecimal Editor** has an exclusive access to it, and no other programs or Windows can make any changes on it. **Text/Rexadecimal Editor** itself always locks the object itself before writing anything on the drive and then unlocks it. But sometimes locking/anlocking may take quite a lot of time, up to several seconds. That is why sometimes it is a good practice to lock an object while editing it in **Text/?** hexadecimal Editor. This can be done by selecting **Lock** on the **Tools** menu.

When considering locking an object in **Text/Rexadecimal Editor**, keep in mind the following:

- Starting from Windows 7, it is impossible to change data if it resides on a <u>logical disk</u> without locking the drive. If the data is on a place outside of any logical disk (on an unmounted <u>partition</u> or empty space), such lock is not necessary. Windows Vista, XP, or below do not have such restrictions.
- The **Lock** command tries to lock all logical disks on which the object being edited is placed. For a drive, those are all its logical disks, for a file that is a logical disk where it resides. And if a RAID is created from logical disks and a file is opened on that RAID, **Text/Rexadecimal Editor** blocks all logical disks on which the file resides.

Moreover:

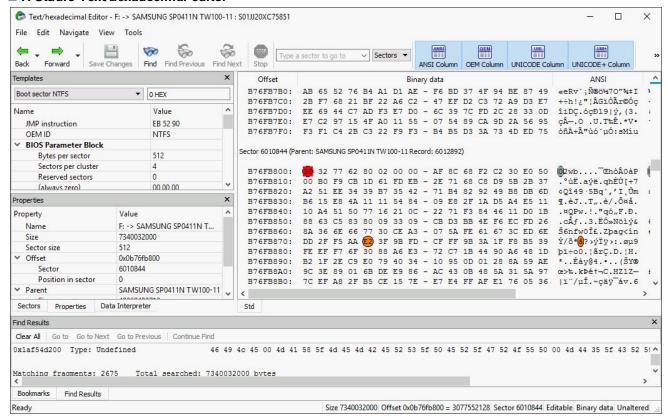
- If a logical disk is opened in **Text/Bexadecimal Editor**, the **Lock** command locks the drive if there is no files opened by some other programs.
- If a drive is opened in **Text/Bexadecimal Editor**, the **Lock** command locks the drive if all its logical disks can be locked. That may cause problems is one of the logical disks is a system one.

To view/@dit an object,

- 1 Right-click the object and select View/Edit on the shortcut menu
 - ☐ Other ways to view/@dit the object
 - Select the object and select View/Edit on the File menu or
 - Select the object and press the Ctrl+E keys

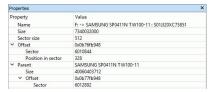
> A Text/hexadecimal Editor panel will appear

■ R-Studio Text/Mexadecimal editor



Data Parsed According to the Selected Pattern Object Properties

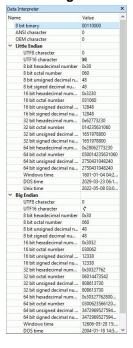




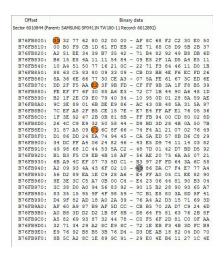
Object Sector Mapping



Data Shown as Various Digits



Binary view



Text view



Find Results



List of Bookmarks



Text/Mexadecimal Editor status

Ready Size 7340032000 Offset 0x0b76fb948 = 3077552456 Sector 6010844 Editable Binary data Unaltered



Previous Pattern

Click this button to go to the previous pattern.



Next Pattern

Click this button to go to the next pattern.



Save Changes

Click this button to save changes.



Code pages

Turns supported code pages on/off.



Autoflow

Click this button to turn autoflow on.

Panel view options

You may set which panels and bars to enable/disable.

■ To enable/@isable:

<u> </u>	
ANSI data	Select/elear ANSI on the View menu
OEM data	Select/elear OEMr on the View menu
UNICODE data	Select/@lear UNICODE on the View menu
UNICODE+ data	Select/@lear UNICODE+ on the View menu
Toolbar	Select/@lear Toolbar on the View menu
Properties View	Select/@lear Properties View on the View menu
Sectors View	Select/@lear Sectors View on the View menu
Data Interpreter View	Select/êlear Data Interpreter View on the View menu
Template View	Select/@lear Template View on the View menu
Bookmarks View	Select/êlear Bookmarks View on the View menu
Find Results View	Select/êlear Find Results View on the View menu

2 View the information and make necessary changes

Select **Save Changes** on the **Tools** menu if you want to save changes.

■ Other ways to save changes

• Select Save Changes on the File menu

or

• Press the Ctrl+S keys

Viewing

There are up to four tabs showing the data in different representations. Actual number of tabs depends on the object and property being viewed/êdited.

Std	Exact attribute data. If the attribute is compressed, R-Studio decompresses it prior to
	showing.
Unlimited	Exact attribute data + <u>free space</u> of last cluster. If the attribute is compressed, R-Studio
	decompresses it prior to showing.
Direct	Actual data written on the drive. If the attribute is not compressed, it coincides with the Std
	representation.
Allocation	Resident part of the attribute.

You may view data in 4 various code pages: ANSI/OEM/UNICODE/UNICODE+ by switching on/off the respective code pages in the **Code pages** buttons or select the appropriate code pages on the **View** menu.

You may see which file is written on a particular sector. See Files and Sectors for details.

Patterns or Templates

You may select a pattern according to which the data will be parsed and shown in the parsed data pane. The Data Interpreter shows the data selected in the Template pane in various representations.

You may find the next or previous data that matches the pattern signature on the drive. Right-click the right pane of the editor and select either **Find Template Signature Next** or **Find Template Signature Previous** on the shortcut menu. You may also select these items on the **Edit** menu.

You may also <u>create</u> your own patterns to parse data from various objects.

Navigating

Text/Rexadecimal Editor gives you various ways to navigate into an object. See the **Navigating through** an **Object** for more details.

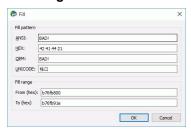
Data Copy

Text/Bexadecimal Editor gives you various ways to copy selected data navigate in an object. See the **Data Copy** for more details.

Filling an area with a pattern

To fill an area with a pattern, select Fill on the Edit menu, and specify the pattern and area on the Fill dialog box.

Fill dialog box



■ Fill options

I III opuons	
Fill pattern	
HEX	Field for the pattern to fill the area in the hexadecimal representation
ANSI	Field for the pattern to fill the area in the ANSI encoding
OEM	Field for the pattern to fill the area in the OEM encoding
UNICODE	Field for the pattern to fill the area in the UNICODE encoding
Fill range	
From (hex)	Field for the start position of the area to fill with the pattern
To (hex)	Field for the end position of the area to fill with the pattern

3 Click the Save Changes button to save the changes

■ Other ways to save the changes made

• Select Save Changes on the Edit menu

*J*1

- Press the **F2** key
- > Viewer/Editor will save the changes on the object

YOU MUST BE ABSOLUTELY SURE OF WHAT AND WHERE YOU ARE WRITING! Or you may completely lose all your data.

Selecting and saving an area in the Viewer/Editor

You may select an area in the Viewer/Editor panel and save it as a file.

To select and save an area in the Viewer/Editor panel,

- 1 Right-click the beginning of the selection and select Select From on the shortcut menu
- 2 Right-click the end of the selection and select Select To on the shortcut menu
 - Other ways to select an area
 - Select **Select...** on the **Tools** menu and specify an area to select on the Select dialog box,

or

• Click the start point of the area and drag the mouse cursor to its end.

If you need to select an entire object, select Select All on the Tools menu or click the Ctrl+A key

Select dialog box



3 Select an appropriate item in the Tools menu to save the data in a required format and specify its file name

Select:

Save to Binary File	o save the data in the binary format (default extension is .bin)
Save to Hexadecimal to	o save the data in the binary format (default extension is .hex)

on the **Tools** menu.

If you select an existing file, **R-Studio** will ask you if you want to append or overwrite the file.



If a remote computer is connected for **Data Recovery over Network**, the Save as... dialog box will appear when you select a place to save the data. You may save it to the local or remote computer.



> Viewer/Editor will save the data in the file

Loading data from an external file

You may load a data from a file and overwrite an area of the object opened in the Viewer/Editor panel.

To load binary data from a file and overwrite an area of the object opened in the Viewer/Editor panel,

1 Select an area to overwrite and select Load from File... on the Tools menu

If a remote computer is connected for <u>Data Recovery over Network</u>, the Open as Binary File dialog box will appear when you select a place to open the data file from. You may open it from the local or remote computer.



- 2 Select the necessary file and load the data.
- > The area in the Viewer/Editor will be overwritten with the new data.

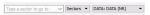
4.2 Navigating through an Object

Navigating

You may quickly move to a particular part of the object. To move to a particular part of the object being viewed/êdited, enter the required offset in the **Go to Offset** field between the buttons.

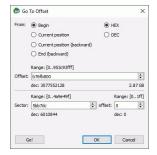
Type an offset to which you want to go. You may select between bytes and sectors. See the **Data Formats and Multipliers** topic for more details on data formats.

If a file is opened in **Text/Rexadecimal Editor**, you may select data representation for that file.



You may also use the Go To Offset dialog box to go to a specified place in the object. Click the Offset field on the **Status** bar. You may also use this dialog box to copy the offset.

Go To Offset dialog box



■ Go To Offset options

From:	Jump/&ffset direction. For example, if you need to find the offset from the object end for a selected byte, switch to the End (backward) option.
HEX/DEC	Switch between the hexadecimal and decimal data representation.
Range	Range of values that can be entered.
dec/hex:	Alternative data representation.
Offset:	Flat data offset (without separation between the sector and offset in the sector).
Sector/@ffset	Data offset represented as a sector and offset in the sector.
Go!/OK buttons	The Go! button moves the cursor to the specified positions, but the Go To Offset dialog box remains open. The OK button closes the dialog box after moving the cursor.

Searching

To search for a particular string, click the Find, Find Next, or Find Previous buttons or the same items on the Edit menu, and specify the string on the Search dialog box.

Search dialog box



■ Search options

Not Equal	Search for the place which content is not equal to the string. For example, the first byte not equal to 00 or FF.
Search for	
HEX	Field for the string to search for in the hexadecimal representation
ANSI	Field for the string to search for in the ANSI encoding
OEM	Field for the string to search for in the OEM encoding
UNICODE	Field for the string to search for in the UNICODE encoding
Match case	Select this check box to make the search case-sensitive
Search area	
From current position	Select this check box to start search from the current position
From start position	Select this check box to start search from the beginning of the object
From Address	Select this check box and specify the range in which the search is to be carried out
Search position	
Exhaustive search	Select this check box to search the entire object
Search at offset	Select this check box and specify the sector offset from which the search will start
Reverse	Select this check box to start the search in the reverse direction
Find all	Select this check box to search for all instances of the string to search. Search results will be shown in the Find Results pane.

Text/Bexadecimal Editor will show the search progress.

Search results are shown in the Find Results pane. You may easily move to the required found item by clicking the item.

■Features of the Not Equal option

Suppose we have an object which first 3 consecutive sectors start with:

Sectorl	FILEAAAA
Sector2	FILEBBBBB
Sector3	NOTAFILE

And the search string is Not Equal FILE.

If the Exhaustive search option is selected, the **Text/Bexadecimal Editor** will stop at the first A character in Sector1.

If the Search at offset=0 option is selected, the **Text/Bexadecimal Editor** will stop at the \mathbb{N} character in Sector3.

Bookmarking

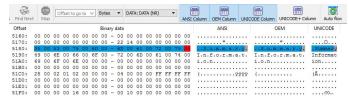
You may create bookmarks to easily move to those places. Right-click the cursor on the place you want to bookmark and select **Toggle Bookmark** on the shortcut menu. The list of bookmarks appears in the Bookmark pane. You may easily move to the required bookmark by clicking it in the list.

You may control bookmarks on the Edit menu.

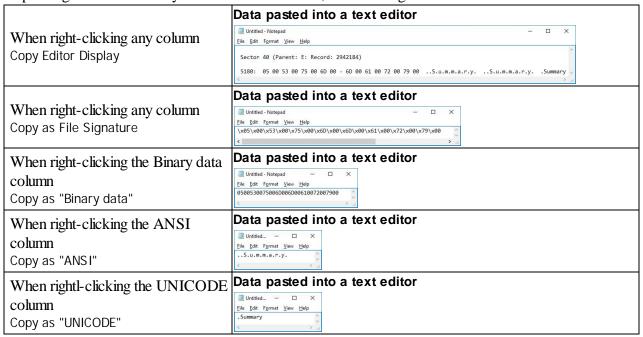
4.3 Data Copy

Text/Bexadecimal Editor gives you various ways to copy selected data navigate in an object.

Data selected in Text/Mexadecimal Editor



Depending on what column you have control-clicked, the following commands are available in the shortcut menu:



4.4 Files and Sectors

You may see which file is written on a particular sector. To do so:

- 1 Enumerate files on a logical disk in the Drives panel.
- 2 Go to the tab of that logical disk and select Show Files in HexEditor on the Files menu.
- 3 Return to the Drives panel and select View/Edit on the shortcut menu.
- > R-Studio will show a file that belongs to a particular section.

File in a sector

4.5 Creating Custom Patterns

You may create your own patterns yourself.

An example of a commented pattern parsing an AVI file.

The syntax of pattern description is similar to that of the XML language. The folder where the files should be placed is specified on the Main tab of the <u>Settings</u> dialog box.

Pattern structure

Pattern header

Each pattern starts with a standard header

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```

Section template

Each pattern starts with a section giving to the pattern a name that will be shown in the parsed data pane.

Attributes:

name Specifies the pattern name shown in the parsed data pane	
---	--

Example:

```
<template name="AVI File LIST">
.....
</template>
```

Section signature

Attributes:

```
align <positive integer>

Specifies if the data structure address is aligned (i.g., by a sector: 512)
```

This section contains elements field with hex-codes of the signature. The attribute offset specifies their offset from the start of the record. Field length is equal to the number of hex-codes.

Example:

```
<signature align="1">
  <field offset="0">46 49</field>
  <field offset="2">4c 45</field>
</signature>
```

Section section

Such sections contain all expressions and operations needed for the pattern to parse the data. A section name is shown in the parsed data pane. In fact, sections are virtual objects used to group logically connected fields. Sections can be nested.

The main section is not shown in the parsed data pane.

Section contain elements field which are actual data objects. field names are shown in the parsed data pane with their values.

Attributes:

name	Specifies the pattern name shown in the parsed data pane
------	--

Example:

```
<section name="JUNK">
....
</section>
```

List of All Objects in Patterns

Data types (in field)

• integer

Sub-types:

int8
int16
int32
int64

uint8

uint16

uint32 uint64

uintX

Attributes:

endian: (be le	Out and Default
1.	Optional. Default: system.
system)	
base: (decimal	Optional. Specifies data representation. Default: decimal.
hex octal)	
as-offset:	Optional. Specifies that this field is an offset and its value should be evaluated using
<expression></expression>	the expression. A special variable this returns the value of this field.
purpose: (offset	Optional. Specifies the type of the as-offset expression result. If this attribute is
rsector sector cluster	present, the attribute is necessary if the offset value should differ from the value of
	this field (variable this).
rcluster)	rsector and rcluster are offsets relative to the absolute position of the pattern
	beginning.
assigned-	Specifies the pattern name linked with this field. Ignored if the as-offset or
template:	purpose attributes are not specified.
<templatename></templatename>	1
var: <name></name>	Optional. Specifies the name under which the value of this field can be accessed in
	expressions.

• binary

Attributes:

display-encoding:	Optional. Default: hex.
(hex binary)	
size: <bytes></bytes>	Mandatory.

• char

Attributes:

size: <bytes></bytes>	Mandatory.
codepage: (ansi	Optional. Specifies which codepage is used. Default: ansi.
oem utf8 utf16)	

• filetime

Shows time in the Win32 format (64 bits)

• unixtime

Shows time in the Unix format (seconds from 01/01/1970)

• filetime

Shows time in the DOS format (date: hiword, time: loword)

• bits

Attributes:

size: <bytes></bytes>	Mandatory.
<pre>pos: <comma list="" of<="" pre="" separated=""></comma></pre>	Mandatory. Specifies bit positions in a data block.
bit positions>	

Commands

• goto

Specifies a jump to a specified offset (either absolute or relative one)

Attributes:

address:	Specifies an absolute address to jump to.
<expression></expression>	
offset: <expression></expression>	Specifies a relative offset to jump by.

One and only one of the attributes should always be specified.

• if

Evaluates a condition specified in the test attribute and, if the condition is true, reads fields specified in this tag.

Attribute:

test: <expression></expression>	Sets a condition to test against.
---------------------------------	-----------------------------------

• repeat

Reads the fields specified in the tag until the exit condition is equal to 0 or specified times Attributes:

count: <expression></expression>	<pre><expression> is evaluated one time upon entering the block. Internal</expression></pre>
	elements are read the specified number of times.
test: <expression></expression>	<pre><expression> is evaluated upon entering the block. Similar to the C++</expression></pre>
	construction while() {}.
test: <expression></expression>	<pre><expression> is evaluated upon exiting the block. Similar to the C++</expression></pre>
	construction do {} while().

• setvar

Sets the value of an internal variable. As an example, this command is convenient to store the current offset. The value of the current offset is stored in a predefined variable offset.

Attributes:

var: <string></string>	Specifies the name of the variable.
expr: <expression></expression>	Specifies an expression which result will be assigned to the variable.

Expressions

Expressions in the patterns are arithmetic expressions which syntax is similar to that of the C language, including operation preceding.

The following operations are supported:

```
+ - * / & | > < <= >= != == | | &&
```

Predefined variables

• offset

An offset in bytes from the pattern beginning data is currently read at.

• start_position

An absolute position of the pattern beginning. offset + start_position = absolute offset.

• this

This variable exists only within the context of the ass-offset expression evaluation and is the current value of the data field for which that expression is specified

4.6 Pattern Example I

Below is an example of a commented pattern parsing an AVI file.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<!-- A pattern section. The pattern name is AVI File.-->
<template name="AVI File">
    <!-- A template signature section. Alignment is 1. -->
    <signature align="1">
        <!-- A 4-byte signature at offset 0x00. -->
        <field offset="0x00">52 49 46 46</field> <!-- ANSI: RIFF -->
        <!-- A 4-byte signature at offset 0x08. -->
        <field offset="0x08">41 56 49 20</field> <!-- ANSI: LIST -->
```

```
</signature>
  <!-- A data section. Its name is AVI File. This is the main data section. It is not shown in the parsing tree as
a section (its name is ignored). -->
  <section name="AVI File">
    <!-- The first 4 bytes are read and shown as an ANSI string. -->
    <field type="char" size="4" name="Signature: RIFF" var="signature"/>
    <!-- The current position is moved to the beginning of the file. -->
    <goto offset="-4"/>
    <!-- The first 4 bytes in the file are read and shown as an unsigned integer. The internal variable signature
gets the value of the field. -->
     <field type="uint32" base="hex" name="Signature RIFF as unsigned integer in hex
format" var="signature"/>
    <!-- A test against the condition (signature == RIFF) -->
    <if test="signature == 0x46464952"> <!-- ANSI: RIFF -->
       <!-- The next 4 bytes are read and shown as an unsigned integer. The internal variable datasize gets
the value of the field. -->
       <field type="uint32" name="Size of the data in file" var="dataSize"/>
       <!-- A new internal variable endoffile is created and the expr field evaluates its value.-->
       <setvar var="endOfFile" expr="offset + dataSize - 8"/>
       <!-- The next 4 bytes is read and shown as an ANSI string. -->
       <field type="char" size="4" name="File type"/>
       <!-- A new section named DATA is created -->
       <section name="DATA">
         <!-- A new internal variable chunksOffset is created, the expr filed evaluating its value. This variable
gets the absolute value of template offset. -->
         <setvar var="chunksOffset" expr="start_position"/>
           <!-- A loop is created. Its condition is set in the test field (while the endoffile variable is greater
then the current position.) -->
         <repeat test="endOfFile > offset">
           <!-- 4 bytes are read and shown as an ANSI string. -->
            <field type="char" size="4" name="Signature"/>
           <!-- The current position is moved backwards by 4 bytes. -->
            <qoto offset="-4"/>
```

<!-- The same 4 bytes are read and shown as an unsigned integer. The internal variable signature

<field type="uint32" name="Signature as unsigned integer"</pre>

gets this value. -->

var="signature"/>

```
<!-- A test against the condition (signature == LIST) -->
           <if test="signature == 1414744396"> <!-- ANSI: LIST -->
              <!-- The section is shown. Its name is LIST -->
              <section name="LIST">
                <!-- The current position is moved backward by 4 bytes. -->
                <qoto offset="-4"/>
                 <!-- The 4 bytes are read and shown as an unsigned hexadecimal integer. This field has the
attributes offset and assigned-template. If the user double-clicks this field, the AVI File LIST pattern
will be invoked and the current pattern position will be moved to the address specified in as-offset.-->
                       <field type="uint32" base="hex" name="Signature LIST as unsigned</pre>
         in hex format"
                               as-offset="start_position +
                                                                   offset -
template="AVI File LIST"/>
                <!-- The next 4 bytes are read and shown as an unsigned integer. The listSize variable gets
its value. -->
                              <field type="uint32" name="Size of the data in the list"
var="listSize"/>
                <!-- The 4 bytes are read and shown as an ANSI string. -->
                <field type="char" size="4" name="List type"/>
                <!-- The current position is moved backward by 4 bytes. -->
                <qoto offset="-4"/>
                <!-- The same 4 bytes are shown as an unsigned hexadecimal integer. The listType variable
gets its value.-->
                 <field type="uint32" base="hex" name="List type as unsigned integer in
hex format" var="listType"/>
                <!-- A test against condition (type == movi) -->
                <if test="listType == 0x69766f6d"> <!-- ANSI: movi -->
                  <!-- The chunksoffset variable gets the value evaluated in the expr attribute. -->
                  <setvar var="chunksOffset" expr="start_position + offset - 4"/>
                </if>
                <!-- The current position is moved to the address evaluated in the address attribute. -->
                <goto address="offset + listSize - 4"/>
              </section>
            </if>
           <!-- A test against condition (signature == JUNK) -->
           <if test="signature == 1263424842"> <!-- ANSI: JUNK -->
              <!-- The section is shown with the JUNK name. -->
              <section name="JUNK">
                    <!-- The next 4 bytes are read and shown as an unsigned integer. The internal variable
```

junkSize gets its value. -->

```
<field type="uint32" name="Size of the data of the junk"
var="junkSize"/>
                <!-- The current position is moved by junkSize bytes forward. -->
                <goto offset="junkSize"/>
              </section>
            </if>
           <!-- A test against condition (signature == idx1) -->
           <if test="signature == 829973609"> <!-- ANSI: idx1 -->
             <!-- The section is shown with the idx1 name. -->
              <section name="idx1">
                    <!-- The next 4 bytes are read and shown as an unsigned integer. The internal variable
idxSize gets its value. -->
                              <field type="uint32" name="Size of the data of the idx1"
var="idxSize"/>
                <!-- The section is shown with the First AVIINDEXENTRY name. -->
                <section name="First AVIINDEXENTRY">
                  <!-- The 4 bytes are read and shown as an ANSI string. -->
                  <field type="char" size="4" name="Chunck id"/>
                  <!-- The next 4 bytes are read and shown as an unsigned hexadecimal integer. -->
                  <field type="uint32" base="hex" name="Flags"/>
                   <!-- The next 4 bytes are read ans shown as an unsigned hexadecimal integer. The offset
attribute is evaluated for this field as a sum of the chunksoffset variable and valued of this field. -->
                                <field type="uint32" base="hex" name="Chunk offset" as-
offset="chunksOffset + this"/>
                  <!-- The next 4 bytes are read and shown as an unsigned integer. -->
                  <field type="uint32" name="Chunk size"/>
                </section>
                <!-- The current position is moved by idxSiz bytes forward. -->
                <goto offset="idxSize"/>
              </section>
           </if>
           <!-- A test against the condition. & amp; & amp; is a logical AND (&&) -->
                 <if test="signature != 1414744396 & amp; & amp; signature != 1263424842</pre>
&& signature != 829973609">
             <!-- An empty section is shown. Its name is Unknown signature found -->
              <section name="Unknown signature found">
              </section>
             <!-- The current position is moved to the address set in the endofFile variable. -->
              <goto address="endOfFile"/>
            </if>
```

4.7 Pattern Example II

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<!-- A pattern section. The pattern name is AVI File LIST -->
<template name="AVI File LIST">
  <!-- A template signature section. Alignment is 1. -->
  <signature align="1">
    <!-- A 4-byte signature at offset 0x00. -->
    <field offset="0x00">4C 49 53 54</field> <!-- ANSI: LIST -->
  </signature>
  <!-- A data section. Its name is AVI File LIST. This is the main data section. It is not shown in the parsing
tree as a section (its name is ignored).-->
  <section name="AVI File LIST">
    <!-- The first 4 bytes are read and shown as an ANSI string. -->
    <field type="char" size="4" name="Signature: LIST"/>
    <!-- The current position is moved to the beginning of the file (4 bytes backward). -->
    <goto offset="-4"/>
    <!-- The first 4 bytes in the file are read and shown as an unsigned integer. The internal variable signature
gets the value of the field. -->
    <field type="uint32" name="Signature LIST as unsigned integer" var="signature"/>
    <!-- A test against the condition (signature == LIST) -->
    <if test="signature == 1414744396"> <!-- ANSI: LIST -->
      <!-- The next 4 bytes are read and shown as an unsigned integer. The internal variable listSize gets its
value. -->
      <field type="uint32" name="Size of the data in the list" var="listSize"/>
       <setvar var="endOfList" expr="offset + listSize"/>
      <field type="char" size="4" name="List type"/>
       <goto offset="-4"/>
          <field type="uint32" base="hex" name="List type as unsigned integer in hex
format" var="listType"/>
      <!-- A test against condition (listType == movi) -->
      <if test="listType == 0x69766f6d"> <!-- ANSI: movi -->
```

<!-- This chunk is not to be parsed. The current position is moved to the end of the chunk. -->

```
<goto address="endOfList"/>
      </if>
      <setvar var="mediaType" expr="0"/>
      <repeat test="endOfList > offset - 8">
        <section name="CHUNK">
          <field type="char" size="4" name="Chunk ID"/>
          <goto offset="-4"/>
          <field type="uint32" name="Chunk ID as unsigned integer" var="chunkId"/>
          <if test="chunkId == 1414744396"> <!-- ANSI: LIST -->
            <goto offset="-4"/>
    <field type="uint32" base="hex" name="LIST chunk ID as unsigned integer in hex</pre>
format" as-offset="start_position + offset - 4" assigned-template="AVI File LIST"/>
          </if>
                       <field type="uint32" name="Size of the data in the chunk"
var="chunkSize"/>
          <setvar var="endOfChunk" expr="offset + chunkSize"/>
          <!-- Rounding the value of the variable endofchunk to a number divisible by 2. -->
          <if test="endOfChunk &amp; 1">
            <setvar var="endOfChunk" expr="endOfChunk &amp; 0xFFFFFFE"/>
            <setvar var="endOfChunk" expr="endOfChunk + 2"/>
          </if>
          <if test="chunkId == 1751742049"> <!-- ANSI: avih -->
            <field type="uint32" name="Number of microseconds between frames"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Approximate maximum data rate of the file"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Alignment for data, in bytes"/>
               <field type="uint32" name="Bitwise combination of zero or more of the
flags"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Total number of frames of data in the file"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Initial frame for interleaved files"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Number of streams in the file"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Suggested buffer size for reading the file"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Width of the AVI file in pixels"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Height of the AVI file in pixels"/>
            <field type="binary" size="16" name="Reserved"/>
          </if>
          <if test="chunkId == 1852994675"> <!-- ANSI: strn -->
```

```
<field type="char" size="chunkSize" name="Stream name"/>
          </if>
          <if test="chunkId == 1752331379"> <!-- ANSI: strh -->
            <field type="char" size="4" name="Type"/>
            <goto offset="-4"/>
               <field type="uint32" base="hex" name="Type as unsigned integer in hex
format" var="type"/>
            <setvar var="mediaType" expr="type"/>
            <field type="char" size="4" name="Handler (codec)"/>
            <field type="uint32" base="hex" name="Flags"/>
             <field type="uint32" name="Number of the first block of the stream that
is present in the file"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Scale"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Rate"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Start time of stream"/>
               <field type="uint32" name="Size of stream in units as defined in Rate
and Scale"/>
              <field type="uint32" name="Size of buffer necessary to store blocks of
that stream"/>
            <field type="uint32" name="Quality"/>
               <field type="uint32" name="Sample size (number of bytes of one stream
atom)"/>
          </if>
          <if test="chunkId == 1718776947"> <!-- ANSI: strf-->
            <if test="mediaType == 0x73646976"> <!-- ANSI: vids -->
              <section name="BITMAPINFOHEADER">
                         <field type="uint32" name="Number of bytes required by the
structure"/>
                <field type="int32" name="Width of the bitmap, in pixels"/>
                <field type="int32" name="Height of the bitmap, in pixels"/>
                <field type="uint16" name="Number of planes for the target device"/>
                <field type="uint16" name="Number of bits-per-pixel"/>
                     <field type="uint32" name="Type of compression for a compressed
bottom-up bitmap"/>
                <field type="uint32" name="Size, in bytes, of the image"/>
                     <field type="int32" name="Horizontal resolution, in pixels-per-</pre>
meter, of the target device for the bitmap"/>
                  <field type="int32" name="Vertical resolution, in pixels-per-meter,</pre>
of the target device for the bitmap"/>
                     <field type="uint32" name="Number of color indexes in the color
table that are actually used by the bitmap"/>
```

```
<field type="uint32" name="Number of color indexes that are required
for displaying the bitmap"/>
              </section>
            </if>
            <if test="mediaType == 0x73647561"> <!-- ANSI: auds -->
              <section name="WAVEFORMATEX">
                <field type="uint16" name="Waveform-audio format type"/>
                  <field type="uint16" name="Number of channels in the waveform-audio
data"/>
                       <field type="uint32" name="Sample rate, in samples per second
(hertz)"/>
                  <field type="uint32" name="Required average data-transfer rate, in</pre>
bytes per second, for the format tag"/>
                <field type="uint16" name="Block alignment, in bytes"/>
                   <field type="uint16" name="Bits per sample for the Waveform-audio
format type"/>
                         <field type="uint16" name="Size, in bytes, of extra format
information appended to the end of the WAVEFORMATEX structure"/>
              </section>
            </if>
          </if>
          <goto address="endOfChunk"/>
        </section>
      </repeat>
    </if>
    <if test="signature != 1414744396">
      <section name="Invalid LIST signature found">
      </section>
    </if>
  </section>
</template>
```

V Technical Information and Troubleshooting

This chapter covers various technical issues and troubleshooting.

- IntelligentScan technology
- Data Recovery Issues
- Extended Information Recovery
- Data Formats and Multipliers
- Data Recovery on HFS/HFS+ file system
- Supported Virtual Disk and Disk Image Formats
- Bad Sectors
- Memory Usage
- R-Studio Switches
- Properties Tab

R-Studio Features

Contact Information and Technical Support

Data Recovery Using R-Studio

Basic File Recovery

Advanced Data Recovery

Mass File Recovery

Volume Sets and RAIDs

Data Recovery over Network

Text/Rexadecimal Editor

R-Studio Emergency

R-Studio Agent Emergency

5.1 IntelligentScan Technology

R-Studio uses a unique *IntelligentScan* technology when it tries to recover the data on the area being scanned.

While scanning the selected area, **R-Studio** reads data directly from the drive, analyzes them, and tries to determine a record to which the data belong. The following record types are possible:

- MBR/GPT records
- NTFS Boot Sector, Folder, and MFT records
- FAT/exFAT Boot Sector, folder, and file records
- ReFS Boot sector records and ReFS Meta blocks
- HFS/HFS+ Volume headers and BTree+ nodes
- APFS Super blocks, APFS Volume blocks, and APFS nodes
- Ext2/3/4FS SuperBlocks records
- <u>UFS/FFS</u> SuperBlock records
- Specific file signatures of Known File types for raw file carving

All these record types have different, but known, structure. Knowing valid values of record fields and relations between them for each record type, **R-Studio** determines a record type for the data. If such record type cannot be unambiguously determined, the data are assigned to the most probable record type. The same data can be assigned to several record types, with a certain probability for each assignment. A list of possible files is generated from these records.

R-Studio generates a record list for each record type. This list contains references to records assigned to a record type from the list with their assignment probability. The same data can be included into different record lists. Then **R-Studio** analyzes relations between elements in each list and between different lists, and generates a list of found <u>partitions</u> with their parameters, such as partition start point and probable size, file system type, cluster size, and existence probability.

Using the file list and partition list, **R-Studio** reconstructs file systems and files on the found partitions. One file can be attributed to several different partitions.

When the entire drive or its part has been scanned, **R-Studio** shows all found partitions. Then the parameters of the found partitions may be manually corrected, if additional information on them is available.

Using the *IntelligentScan* technology, **R-Studio** can recover files not only on new and existing partitions. It also can find and recover data on partitions that have been deleted or <u>reformatted</u>. If, for example, there was an NTFS partition, which later was reformatted as a FAT partition, **R-Studio** will show two partitions on the same place on the drive, one having the FAT file system, the other the NTFS. Then, files found on those partitions can be recovered.

The *IntelligentScan* technology makes **R-Studio** a very powerful data recovery tool, but it is not omnipotent. As it uses probabilistic approach to data reconstruction, it cannot guarantee 100% correct results. Moreover, even if **R-Studio** has reconstructed data structure correctly, it is impossible to guarantee that all found files will be completely and correctly recovered, as new data may be already written over the old files. See the **Data Recovery Issues** topic for details.

5.2 Data Recovery Issues

NEVER TRY TO SAVE RECOVERED FILES/FOLDERS TO THE SAME LOGICAL DISK WHERE THEY RESIDE!!!

Or you may obtain unpredictable results and lose all of your data.

R-Studio writes directly to a drive only when writing recovered data and from its hex editor, if writing is enabled. In all other actions, **R-Studio** only reads data and analyzes them, and never modifies data on the drives being analyzed.

Most operating systems use lazy-write. So, there is a time lag between file actions and actual changes on data on a drive. **R-Studio** analyzes data on drives only. That is why it does not always detect recent changes in data structure.

Most operating systems constantly write their service information on drives. Such writing is especially intensive during startup and shutdown procedures. When an operating system deletes a file/folder, it treats the space where it has resided as empty and may write something in this place. If this happened, the file/folder and its parameters may be detected correctly, but its data may be lost.

Folder names like \$\$\$Folder58448 on NTFS <u>partitions</u> mean that the folder has not been found on the drive but some references to it have been. For example, folders My documents, Work, Photos have been found and all they have one parent folder, whose description has not actually been found on the drive, so its name is unknown and therefore represented as \$\$\$Folder58448. It may happen that the description of such folders was outside of the

scan area, so try to enlarge the region or scan the entire drive. If that does not help, most likely that the description of the folder has been overwritten.

Folder names like \$ROOT58448 on <u>FAT</u> partitions mean that some folders have been found, but they cannot be included into the folder structure for this FAT partition. Sometimes, such folders may contain other folder structures.

If you recover a file, and it appears that the file contains wrong data, try to do the following:

- Scan:
 - the <u>logical disk</u>, if the file has been just deleted.
 - the drive, if the data structure is damaged more seriously.
- Search for the file to be restored on all found partitions and try to recover it from all found partitions. Check each recovered file to ensure that it contains correct data. As soon as you found the partition from which the file is recovered correctly, use this partitions to recover all other deleted files.

If there are several deleted files to be restored, you should use a file larger than 2KB to select the required partition.

FAT file system:

Cross-Linked Folders

Often **R-Studio** finds several FAT folder records that contain the same data. Such folders are called *cross-linked*. **R-Studio** marks such folders with an arrow mark: \square Movie

R-Studio attributes the content of cross-linked folders to one folder called a *target folder*. When recovering, **R-Studio** places the content to the target folder.

To view the list of cross-linked folders,

- 1 Right-click a cross-linked folder and select Cross Linked Folders on the shortcut menu
- > A list of cross-linked folders will appear

You may go to any folder in this list by clicking it.

To find a target folder,

* Right-click a cross-linked folder and select Go Target on the shortcut menu, or

Select the cross-linked folder and select **Goto Target** on the **File** menu

If **Go Target** is gray, this folder is already the target folder.

To set the target folder manually,

* Right-click a cross-linked folder and select Set As Default Target on the shortcut menu, or Select the cross-linked folder and select Set As Default Target on the File menu.

If Set As Default Target is gray, this folder is already the target folder.

Questionable Folders

Sometimes, **R-Studio** may find FAT records, which look like folders, but their content is invalid. For example, file names have invalid characters, date, time, and size, or other file attributes may look strange. Please note that **R-Studio** correctly recognizes localized names. **R-Studio** treats such records as folders, but does not analyze their content and structure. You can manually scan such folders, but results may be unpredictable. Usually, such scan reveals garbage.

R-Studio marks such folders with a question mark. A ?MP

To re-scan an object,

* Right-click a questionable folder in the R-Studio's Folders panel and select Rescan on the shortcut menu, or

Select the questionable folder and select **Rescan** on the **File** menu.

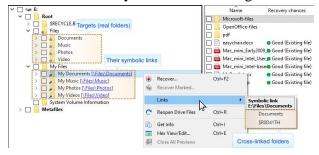
ReFS, NTFS, APFS, HFS, XFS, and ext fs file systems:

Symbolic links (symlinks)

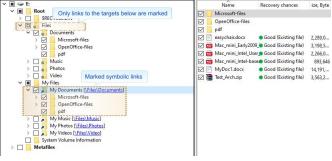
Symbolic links (of symlinks for short) are object that contains references to other files or folders directory in the form of absolute or relative paths and that affect pathname resolution. For example, if a symlink C: \ProgramData\Documents points to D:\Recovered Files\Root\Users\Public\Documents, entering it will result in entering D:\Recovered Files\Root\Users\Public\Documents.

They are present in almost all modern file systems. NTFS, HFS+, APFS, and EXT FS are probably the most popular examples.

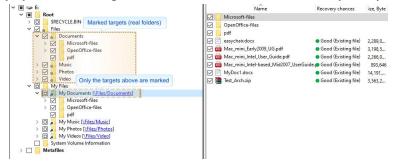
R-Studio shows such symlinks and their targets in the following way:



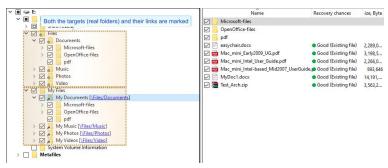
Symlinks can be marked for recovery



Only symlinks on the picture above are marked for recovery. They will be recovered as real files and folders.



Only targets (real folders) on the picture above are marked for recovery. They will be recovered as real files and folders.



Both targets (real folders) and symlinks on the picture above are marked for recovery. They will be recovered as real files and folders and symlinks.

The R-Studio Settings topic gives more details about symlink recovery.

Files:

Hard links

<u>Hard links</u> are file system entries that give file names to files. This term is usually used when files may have several names. **R-Studio** shows hard links using the following icons:

A hard link: ☐ № Wipe Test 2.doc

The target file: ☐ ☐ Wipe Test 2.doc

You may find a target or hard link for a file. Right-click the file and select Links on the shortcut menu.

5.3 Extended Information Recovery

R-Studio supports recovery of compressed files, <u>alternative data streams</u>, encrypted files, file security and extended file attributes. If the **R-Studio** host OS and the file system of the disk you are going to save file to support any particular extended information, it will be saved with the file, too. Otherwise, the extended information will be saved as separate files with the same name as the restored file and extension showing the type of the extended information. Below is a quick reference for the host OS and file system of the target drive.

Extended Information	Required host OS	Required target disk FS
Encrypted files	Windows 2000/XP/2003/Vista/?	NTFS
	2008/7/8/8.1/10	
Alternative data streams	Windows NT/2000/XP/2003/?	NTFS
	Vista/2008/7/8/8.1/10	
File security	Windows NT/2000/XP/2003/?	NTFS
	Vista/2008/7/8/8.1/10	
Extended file attributes	Windows NT/2000/XP/2003/?	NTFS or FAT/exFAT
	Vista/2008/7/8/8.1/10	

5.4 Data Formats and Multipliers

You may enter data in all numerical fields either in sectors or in bytes. If there is no letters are after the number, **R-Studio** assumes the numbers are in bytes.

Decimal numbers are entered as they are: 2372354

Hexadecimal numbers are entered as 0x23Fa67 or 23Fa67 hex.

The following case-insensitive notation is possible:

b	1 byte
kb	$1 \text{ kb} = 2^10=1024 \text{ bytes}$
mb	$1 \text{ mb} = 2^20 = 104857 \text{ bytes}$
gb	$1 \text{ gb} = 2^30 = 1073741824 \text{ bytes}$
tb	1 tb = 2^40=1099511627776 bytes
eb	1 eb = 2^50=1125899906842624 bytes
hex	A hexadecimal number
sec	A number is in sectors
(sector)	

You may also select the multipliers in the drop-down boxes.

Type an offset to which you want to go. You may select between bytes and sectors. See the **Data Formats and Multipliers** topic for more details on data formats.

If a file is opened in **Text/Bexadecimal Editor**, you may select data representation for that file.

Type a sector to go to

✓ Sectors
✓ DATA: DATA (NR)
✓

When the multiplier has been changed, the data value will be changed according to the specific shortcut commands for that field:

Suppose, the initial value is 1 GB, and the sector size of the object is 512 byte. The results will be the following:

Command: No recalculate

Change from GB to MB: 1 Change from GB to Sectors: 1

Command: Always recalculate Change from GB to MB: 1024

Change from GB to Sectors: 2097152

Command: Units type recalculate

Change from GB to MB: 1

Change from GB to Sectors: 2097152

5.5 Data Recovery on HFS/HFS+ File System

When deleting a file, Mac OS X deletes system BTree+ records describing the file. Therefore, it is hard to recover such file directly. Those records may remain in:

- 1. The swap file (if the deleted file has been deleted recently).
- 2. In the journal (if the HFS+ journaling is on, and the deleted file has been CREATED recently)

Actually, if a file has been deleted, chances that the records would be found are small. To greatly increase the chances to recover deleted files successfully, you may actively use scanning with enabled <u>Known Files Types</u>.

Note: All above is correct for intentionally deleted files. In case of a corrupted file system, HFS/HFS+ can be recovered quite successfully.

When recovering files with HFS+-specific attributes (resource fork, finder info, etc.), **R-Studio** saves it in the so-called <u>AppleDouble</u> format. When they are copied to an HFS+ disk under Mac OS X, those attributes will be automatically restored.

5.6 Supported Virtual Disk and Disk Image Formats

Along with file formats used for purely disk backup and <u>imaging</u> purposes, there are file formats for virtual disks. Virtual disks are software components that emulates data storage devices in virtual machines. A the same time, virtual disks can be used for disk backup and imaging, too. That is why it's expedient for disk backup and imaging software to support various file formats for virtual disks. This is especially important for system interoperability, when it's necessary to use disk backup/image files on other machines where the disk backup and imaging software isn't installed.

Currently **R-Studio** supports the following virtual disk and disk image formats:

RDR: A proprietary disk image format developed by **R-Tools Technology, Inc** (**R-TT**). It is the main format in **R-Drive Image**, **R-Studio**, **R-Linux**, and **R-Undelete**. RDR files are interchangeable, that is, any **R-TT** program may load and process, within its capabilities, any rdr file created in another **R-TT** program.

The following image formats can be created only in the **R-Studio Corporate** and **Technician/T80**+ versions:

VHD/VHDX: A virtual disk file format built into Windows. It's a native virtual hard drive for Hyper-V, the Windows virtual machine. You may read more about these file formats in Wikipedia: <u>VHD (file format)</u>. **R-Studio** creates a special file with some metadata for the VHD file format, its extension is vhr. The VHDX file format contains this metadata within its main file.

VMDK: A virtual disk file format for the most virtual machines like VMware Workstation, VirtualBox, Parallels Desktop for Mac, etc. You may read more about these file format in our Glossary: What is a VMDK Virtual Disk.

VDI: A virtual disk file format for the VirtualBox virtual machine. **R-Studio** creates a special file with some metadata for the VDI file format, its extension is vdr. You may read more about these file format in Wikipedia: VDI.

R-Studio Standalone can load these image formats.

The main features of these file formats are presented in the table below:

Features	RDR	VHD/VHDX	VMDK	VDI
Compression	Yes	No	Yes	No
Encryption	Yes	No	No	No
Image Split	Yes	No	Yes	No
Native mounting on Windows	No	Yes	No	No
Mounting on Windows using R-Studio	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Additional file formats that can be opened "read-only"

Extensions	Description	Licenses
dmg	Apple Disk Image	All
e01/ewf	Expert Witness File Format	Technician/T80+

aff	Advanced Forensic Format	Technician/T80+
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5.7 Bad Sectors

Quite often, drives from which the data are to be recovered have <u>bad sectors</u>, or those sectors that are very hard, even impossible, to read, mostly due to hardware problems. **R-Studio** tries to read such sectors several times. The number of tries is specified either on the <u>Settings/Bad Sectors</u> dialog box, or on the <u>Properties</u> tab, the Drive Control section, for each drive separately.

When **R-Studio** encounters such bad sectors while performing various tasks and they appear unreadable, it treats them as follows:

Object images:

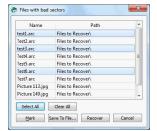
R-Studio fills the space in the <u>image</u> file where the bad sectors should be with the pattern specified in the Pattern to fill bad blocks field on the <u>Settings/Bad Sectors</u> dialog box. Please note that **R-Studio** writes the pattern on the image, not on the source drive.

Files

If Skip files with bad sectors on the <u>Recovery</u> dialog box is cleared, **R-Studio** fills bad sectors in the recovered file with the pattern specified on the the <u>Settings/Bad Sectors</u> dialog box. Information about such files will appear in the <u>Log</u>.

If Skip files with bad sectors on the <u>Recovery</u> dialog box is selected, **R-Studio** skips files with bad sectors and displays their list on the Files with bad sectors dialog box when the recovery has been completed. You may select files to immediately recover them or to mark for later recovery. You may also save this list to a text file.

Files with bad sectors dialog box



■Files with bad sectors Buttons

Select All	Click this button to select all files in the list.
Clear All	Click this button to unselect all selected files.
Mark	Click this button to mark all selected files in the list.
Save to File	Click this button to save the list of files with bad sectors to a text file.
Recover	Click this button to immediately recover selected files. The bad sectors in the recovered files will be filled with the pattern specified in the Pattern to fill bad blocks field on the <u>Settings/Bad Sectors</u> dialog box.

Objects edited in the Text/Rexadecimal Editor/Viewer

Bad sectors in the objects viewed/edited in the <u>Text/Rexadecimal Editor</u> are shown as filled with the pattern specified in the Pattern to fill bad blocks field on the <u>Settings/Bad Sectors</u> dialog box.

5.8 Memory Usage

You may see how much memory **R-Studio** uses while performing a data recovery task. This is especially useful when scanning large drives on a computer with limited resources. You may specify memory control options on the Memory usage tab in the **R-Studio Settings**.

To view memory usage,

- 1 Select Memory usage on the Tools menu
- > R-Studio will show the total memory in your computer and how much memory it uses

Memory usage dialog box



■ Memory usage

Process Memory	Shows how much memory R-Studio uses. Limit shows how much memory your system can virtually allocate to R-Studio . Actual memory allocation depends also on the RAM and swap file sizes.
System Memory Physical	Shows how much RAM is in your system
System Memory Swap	Shows how much virtual memory is in your system

5.9 R-Studio Switches

If there are problems in starting **R-Studio** and while working with it, you may use switches to avoid them. The following switches are available:

-all_drives	Forces R-Studio to show all <u>logical disks</u> in the system. Normally R-Studio shows
	only local drives in the system. Some storage devices may pretend that they are not
	local drives.
-debug	Includes additional debug information. When this switch is used, an additional
	command Create FS Snapshot on the shortcut menu appears for an object with a file
	system. An FS Snapshot contains system data for the file system only (file
	descriptions without file contents). If a problem appears, this snapshot can be sent to
	R-Studio technical support to identify the problem. This switch greatly slows
	R-Studio. You may also turn this mode on by selecting Debug Mode on the Settings
	dialog box.
-flush	Flushes the log file after each write to log operations. This switch is helpful when
	R-Studio locks and its log file remains in memory cache unwritten to a drive. This
	switch greatly slows R-Studio .
-log <filename></filename>	Started with this switch, R-Studio writes its log into the specified file. If R-Studio
	locks and its log file remains in memory cache unwritten to a drive, use the -flush
	switch.
-mem <size in="" mb=""></size>	Sets memory usage limit in MB for R-Studio to reconstruct the file tree. When it
	exceeds the limit, a Too many files message appears. You may temporally stop file

	listing and browse through found files. Then you can resume file listing. You also may
	skip this file section and continue file listing. Example: -mem 400 - sets the limit to
	400 MB.
-no_ide_ext	Turns off the inquiry about extended information on HDDs in Wind9x/ME. This
	switch may be helpful if R-Studio returns information about HDDs incorrectly
	(detects HDD geometry incorrectly).
-no_int13	Turns off the disc access through Int13 in Wind9x/ME. This switch may be helpful if
	the system operates incorrectly (detects HDD geometry incorrectly or lock the
	system).
-no_ios	Turns off the Wind9x/ME protected-mode I/O system. This switch may be helpful if
	this system operates incorrectly (detects HDD geometry incorrectly or lock the
	system).
-reset	R-Studio resets an HDD controller each time it reads a <u>bad sector</u> . This switch may
	be helpful if the controller locks after it attempts to read a bad sector, or returns
	incorrect data.
-safe	Disables automatic <u>partition</u> search on a drive, file system recognition on partitions,
	and other potentially problematic operations. In this mode, it is necessary to use Find
	partition command from the drive shortcut menu to manually find a partition.

If an unrecognized problem appears, start **R-Studio** with the -debug and -log <filename> switches, and send the log and screenshot of the **R-Studio** main panel to the **R-Studio** technical support:

R-Studio Technical Support Team is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and has an average response time less than 4 hours.

5.10 Properties Tab

Object size units

You may select the units in which the information on object sizes will be displayed. Some parameters can be edited when the Debug mode is turned on on the <u>Main</u> dialog box of the **R-Studio** settings.

To select the units

- 1 Select Properties on the View menu
- 2 Select the units in which you want to see object sizes.

You may select

Show as Bytes

Show as Sectors

Show as Bytes and Sectors

1.Basic information

This section shows basic information for a drive object.

■ More information...

Drive Type	Device/drive type and subtype. Current R-Studio version supports the following
	types: Disk, WORM, CDROM, Optical, Changer, Floppy, RAM Disk, LDM Partition, LDM Component, LDM Volume and subtypes:

	Device, OS File, Physical Drive, Mount Point, Partition, Volume Set, Mirror, Stripe Set, RAID 4, RAID 5, RAID 6
Name	Device/drive name
Size	Device/drive size
Bus Type	Device/drive bus type. Can be: IDE/ATA, IDE/ATAPI, SCSI, Floppy, USB, 1394, SSA, FibreChannel, RAID, SMART, ABIOS

2.Information on drives and logical disks

This section shows available information on drives and <u>logical disks</u>. These properties depend on the drive/disk type and appear only when applicable. Under Windows, an IDE drive/disk may be represented as a SCSI device, that is why the SCSI Address section appears under these OSes for those drives/disks.

■ More information	_	Ma	re	int	orm	atic	n
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<u> Illore information</u>	
OS object	Appears for <u>image</u> files under Windows for drives/disks. An object name used by OS
	to access the Device/drive.
R-Studio driver	Driver names (both internal and OS) used to access this drive/disk.
Sector Size	Drive/disk sector size
Physical Drive Geometry	This section shows physical geometry for a drive. For a logical disk it shows the physical geometry for a drive where the logical disk resides
Cylinders	
Tracks Per Cylinder	
Sectors Per Track	
Sector Size	
Device Identification	This section shows vendor information for the drive/disk
Vendor	
Product	
Firmware	
Bus	
SCSI Address	This section shows SCSI information for the drive/disk
Port Number	
Path ID	
Target ID	
Lun	
Windows 9x/ME a	adds the following properties:
Int13 Drive Number	128 for the first drive accessible through Int13, 129 for the second one, etc. 0128 for drives and other devices accessible through a Windows 9x/ME protected mode driver, if their Int13 device option is disabled. R-Studio can use Int13 disk access, and for some drive types, like SCSI devices, Int13 access is preferable. You may consider enabling the Int13 device option in the Windows Device Manager for such devices.
Int13 Extension Version	Int13 Extension Version Support for drives. Extended Int13 support is necessary for large drives. If this property is zero, Extended Int13 is not supported, otherwise, it

shows Extended Int13 standard version, the large, the better.	
---	--

3. Properties controlling access to drives and logical disks

This section shows properties that control access (read and write) to drives and logical disks. They are set to their optimal values and should be altered only if access problems appear.

More information	
------------------	--

Drive Control	•
Maximum transfer	Maximum data size that can be read or written during a single access to the drive. If there are problems with drive access, decrease the value of this property
I/O Unit	Data size read or written during a single access to the drive is a multiple value of this property. If there are problems with drive access, decrease the value of this property
Buffer Alignment	Drive data transfer buffer is positioned at an address multiple value of this property. If there are problems with drive access, increase the value of this property.
	es are set by OS drivers. If the drivers set incorrect values, problems may appear during ons. You can alter them until data transfer becomes stable.
I/O Tries	Number of read/write tries during access to the drive. If there are bad sectors on the drive, increase the value of this property. This may help to successfully read those sectors. Sometimes, if the I/O Tries parameter is set too large and there are some unreadable sectors on the drive, the drive-controller pair may refuse to perform any successive read/write operations with the entire drive when it fails to read/write such sectors. In this case, set this parameter to zero. The default value is specified in the Settings (Bad Sectors) panel. R-Studio treats bad sectors in the following way: It reads a certain part of drive (predefined by Windows) and If Default read attempts is set to 0, the entire part with bad sectors will be filled with the specified pattern. If Default read attempts is set to a non-zero value, R-Studio reads again that part sector by sector, repeating the attempts the specified number of times. If R-Studio still cannot read a bad sector, it fills the sectors with the specified pattern. In this case only the bad sectors will be filled with the pattern, but that extremely slows the drive read process. For example, if you set Default read attempts to 1, a bad sector will be read 2 times.

4. Partition properties

A *partition* is a continuous area on a drive, characterized by its offset and size. There are partitions on basic disks, dynamic disks, and recognized volumes and partitions. **R-Studio** treats regions like partitions.

■ More information...

Partition Offset	Initial offset for the partition.
Partition Size	Size of the partition.
Partition Type	File system type for the partition. If the record in the drive partition table is incorrect, this property may differ from the actual file system type for this partition. Still, R-Studio will process this partition correctly, as it does not use this property.
Partition number	Appears under Windows NT/2000/XP/2003/Vista/2008/7/8/8.1/10 only. Shows the number of the partition on the physical drive.

For regions and recognized partitions, Partition Offset and Partition Type properties can be manually corrected.

5. Compound volume properties

A *compound volume* is a union of several partitions or other drive objects. Each union type has its own rules, unique for each compound volume type. Among compound volumes are: *Volume Sets* (RAIDs Level 0), *Mirrors* (RAIDs Level 1), *RAIDs4/5/6* (RAIDs Level 4/5/6), both physical and created by the user (*Virtual Volume Sets*, *Virtual Stripe Sets*, *Virtual Mirrors*, *Virtual RAID5*).

■ More information...

Main properties of compound volumes are *parents* (drive objects from which a compound volume is created) and their order. These properties may be viewed in the Parents tab. For user-created compound volumes these properties may be altered.

Raid Block Size Data block size for compound volumes of RAID (Level 0-5) types

6.LDM disks and volumes (Dynamic Disks)

LDM disks and volumes are volumes controlled by Logical Disk Manager (LDM). They are represented on a drive as a LDM database rather than partition tables. Under Windows 2000/XP/2003/Vista/2008/7/8/8.1/10, LDM disks are also called *Dynamic Disks*.

■ More information...

Offset of Logical Disk	Initial offset of a logical disk on a drive. For disks, initially <u>formatted</u> by LDM, this value is often 31.5KB , for converted disks, it may be larger.	
Supposed Parents Count	Supposed number of parent partitions for compound LDM volumes. If the LDM database is not damaged, the value of this property must be equal to the number of parent objects in the Parents tab for the drive object.	
LDM Host GUID	Global Unique Identifier of a computer system where this LDM disk group has been created.	
LDM DiskGroup GUID	Global Unique Identifier of the LDM disk group.	
LDM Disk GUID	Global Unique Identifier of the drive.	
LDM Volume GUID	Global Unique Identifier of the volume.	
LDM Disk ID	Local drive Identifier, unique within this LDM disk group.	
LDM Partition ID	Local partition Identifier, unique within this LDM disk group.	
LDM Component ID	Local component Identifier, unique within this LDM disk group.	
LDM Volume ID	Local volume Identifier, unique within this LDM disk group.	
LDM Disk AltName	Additional Alternative Name given by LDM to the drive.	
LDM Disk DriveHint	Last name of the volume, under which is has been mounted in the system. May be either a letter (C:, D:, etc.), or a mount point under Windows 2000/XP/2003/Vista/? 2008/7/8/8.1/10.	

7. File System Volume properties

A *File System (FS) volume* is a disk object where a certain, supported by **R-Studio**, file system is present. There are two FS volume types: FS volume on a regular drive object and a recognized volume, found by a scan process. FS volume properties depend on volume's file system and type.

7.1.NTFS Volume properties

These properties are present for all NTFS volumes and represent their main properties. For *recognized volumes*, these values can be altered.

■ More information...

NTFS Information	Regular volumes
Recognized NTFS	Recognized volumes
Cluster Size	Cluster size for the NTFS volume.
MFT record size	Size of one MFT record describing one file on the NTFS volume. This is an important property of any NTFS volume. Its common value is 1KB. If this property has incorrect value, many files may be incorrectly recovered.
Sector Size	Sector size for the physical drive. This property is read from the boot sector of the NTFS volume and does not affect R-Studio operation.
Index Block Size	Index block size for the NTFS volume. This property determines binary trees used to store NTFS folder structure. It does not affect R-Studio operation.
MFT position	MFT offset from the start of the NTFS volume.
MFT Mirror Position	Second MFT copy offset from the start of the NTFS volume.
Volume size	Size of the NTFS volume. This property does not affect R-Studio operation.

7.2.FAT Volume properties

These properties are present for all <u>FAT</u> volumes and represent their main properties. For *recognized volumes*, these values can be altered.

■ More information...

FAT Information	Regular volumes
Recognized FAT	Recognized volumes
FAT Bits (12,16,32)	FAT type. 12 for the FAT12, 16 for the FAT16, 32 for the FAT32.
Cluster Size	Cluster size for the FAT volume.
First Cluster Offset	Offset of the first cluster from the start of the FAT volume.
Boot Directory Cluster	(For FAT32 only.) Cluster number where the root directory starts on the FAT volume where the logical disk resides.
Root Directory Offset	(For FAT12 and 16 only.) Root directory offset from the start of the FAT volume.
Root Directory Length	(For FAT12 and 16 only.) Root directory length for the FAT volume.
First FAT Offset	Offset for the first FAT table on the volume. Together with the Size of One Fat Table property, is a most important property for a FAT volume. If this property is incorrect, many files (especially fragmented ones) may be incorrectly recovered.
Size of One FAT Table	Size of one FAT table on the volume.
Sector Size	Sector size of the drive. This property is read from the boot sector of the FAT volume and does not affect R-Studio operation.
Number of FAT Copies	Number of FAT copies on the FAT volume.

Active FAT copy	Active FAT table number for the FAT volume. Can be set to Disabled, Auto, 1, or 2. If
	it is Disabled, R-Studio processes the volume as there is no FAT table present. This
	may be useful if the volume has been reformatted and thus a new FAT table is created
	and the old one is deleted. In this case, it is reasonable to recover files from the
	previous volume without processing the new and irrelevant FAT table. All files will be
	recovered as continuous byte chains beginning from their start cluster. Unfragmented
	files will be recovered successfully. If it is 1 or 2, R-Studio uses the first or second
	FAT table copy, respectively. If it is Auto, R-Studio uses both FAT table copies and
	decides, which FAT table copy should be used for a particular FAT table sector. This
	may be useful when both FAT tables are partially damaged.
Major version	FAT version.
Minor version	FAT minor version.
Volume size	Size of the volume.

7.3.Ext2/3/4FS Volume properties

These properties are present for all <u>Ext2/3/4FS</u> volumes and represent their main properties. For *recognized volumes*, these values can be altered.

■ More information...

Ext2FS Information	Regular volumes
Recognized Ext 2/3/4FS	Recognized volumes
Block Size	Block size of Ext2FS file system. A block in the Ext2/3/4FS file system is similar to a cluster in the FAT file system.
First SuperBlock Offset	Offset of the first SuperBlock from the start of the Ext2/3/4FS volume.
Blocks Per Volume	Number of blocks in the Ext2/3/4FS volume.
INodes Per Volume	Number of inodes on the Ext2/3/4FS volume. An inode is a record describing file's size, attributes, position on an Ext2F/3/4S volume - all information about a file, except its name, which is stored separately. Therefore, the INodes Per Volume parameter is equal to the maximum number of files on an Ext2/3/4FS volume.
Creator OS	The OS that created this Ext2/3/4FS volume. May be Linux, Hurd, Masix, FreeBSD, Lites.
Major version	Ext2/3/4FS version. Usually 1.
Minor version	Ext2/3/4FS minor version. Usually 0.
Last Mount Time	Last mount time for this Ext2/3/4FS volume.
Last Write Time	Last write time for this Ext2/3/4FS volume.
Last Check Time	Last check time for this Ext2/3/4FS volume.
Volume size	Size of the volume.

7.4.Recognized Volume properties

These properties are present for all *recognized volumes*, regardless of their file system type. They estimate how reliable those volumes are recognized. This is useful for fast search for, and selection of, optimally recognized volume to recover.

■ More information...

	•
Parsed File Entries	Number of files proving that this recognized volume existed. May have any non-negative values. The main property characterizing the reliability of volume recognition. The larger it, the higher probability that this recognized volume has file system properties that have been correctly found.
Parsed Boot Records	Number of boot records proving that this recognized volume existed. May be 0 or 1. This is the second important property characterizing the reliability of volume recognition.
Estimated Size	Estimated size of the recognized FS partition/volume. This property shows the most probable size of the recognized FS partition/volume. Alternatively, Size and Partition Size are set to the highest possible values in order to recover the maximum number of files.

VI R-Studio Emergency

R-Studio Emergency is a tool that allows you to startup a computer with a damaged startup disk and recover data stored on its hard drives. Then restored data can either be saved on its disk or transferred to a working computer via a network.

The R-Studio Emergency version is a part of the R-Studio software package.

You may run this R-Studio Emergency version on a computer for which you have bought an R-Studio license, and you may not transfer the licensed software to another computer.

R-Studio Emergency

Contact Information and Technical Support

Installing R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator

Creating Startup Disks

R-Studio Emergency Operation

Starting a Computer with the R-Studio Emergency Startup Disks

File Recovery

Searching for a File

Disk Scan

Disk Images

Using R-Studio Emergency as Emergency Agent

Technical Information

Network Drives

Properties and Text/Hexadecimal Viewer

Log

Devices to Store Recovered Files

Hardware Compatibility List

6.1 Contact Information and Technical Support

To obtain the latest version of **R-Studio Emergency**, go to:

Product Site: http://www.r-tt.com
Sales Department: sales@r-tt.com

R-StudioTechnical Support Team is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and has an average response time less than 4 hours.

Tech. Support: support@r-tt.com

Send your support request to: http://www.r-tt.com/Support_request.html

6.2 Creating Startup Disks

- Installing R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator
- Creating Startup Disks Using R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator

• Creating Startup Disks for Mac and Linux Computers

6.2.1 Installing R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator

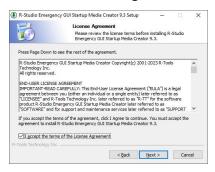
You must have administrative privileges to install R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator.

If you are not sure whether you have such privileges, you almost certainly do not have them. Contact your system administrator for assistance.

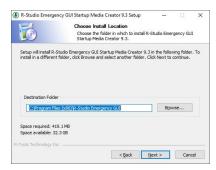
1 Run the setup wizard



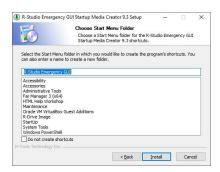
2 Read the License Agreement and accept its conditions.



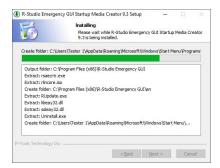
3 Select the installation location



4 Select the Start Menu Folder



5 Wait for the program to install



6 You may start creating R-Studio Emergency immediately upon install completion.



6.2.2 Creating Startup Disks Using R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator

You need to create either

- A startup FAT/FAT32 removable device recognized by your system as a bootable one. The total available size
 of the device should be more than 50 MB. You may use this device to start both UEFI computers (modern
 Windows/Mac/Linux systems) and old Windows/Mac/Linux machines.
- A startup CD/DVD disc. You may create an ISO image, or write the disc directly from **R-Studio** Emergency Startup Media Creator, if there is a CD/DVD recorder in your system. You may use this disc to start both UEFI computers (modern Windows/Mac/Linux systems) and old Windows/Mac/Linux machines.

You may create a Linux-based or WinPE based startup disk.

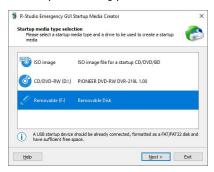
1 Run R-Studio Emergency

Welcome dialog box



click the **Next** button to see the list of all devices on which startup disks may be created.

Startup media type selection dialog box



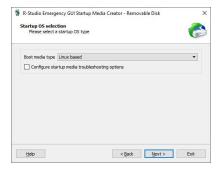
A Linux-based disk

Check the **Hardware Compatibility List**.

If you have problems with starting you computer up from the **R-Studio** Emergency startup disks, select **Configure startup media troubleshooting options** on the Startup media type selection dialog box. Then the <u>Startup Media Troubleshooting Options</u> dialog box will appear. You may configure these options to eliminate those problems.

3 Select Linux based on the Startup OS selection and click the Next button.

Startup OS selection dialog box



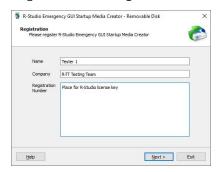
4 Read and accept the Activation terms on the R-Studio Emergency GUI Activation dialog box and click the Next button.

R-Studio Emergency GUI Activation dialog box



If you create startup disk for R-Studio Emergency Technician, you'll need to enter your license key on the Registration dialog box.

Registration dialog box



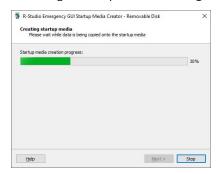
5 Specify the path and name for the ISO file or verify that you've select the correct USB device and click the Next button.

Insert media dialog box



> R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator will start creating the startup USB disk showing the progress on the Creating startup media dialog box

Creating startup media dialog box



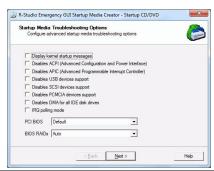
R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished message



Startup Media Troubleshooting Options

Those options will help you if you have problems with starting you computer up from the **R-Studio** startup disks. Please, contact the **R-Studio** Technical Support Team for more information.

R-Studio Startup Media Troubleshooting Options dialog box



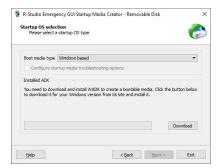
Display kernel startup	if this checkbox is enabled, R-Studio Emergency displays all startup messages.
messages	That may be useful to locate the source of the problem when your system hangs
	during R-Studio Emergency startup.
Disables ACPI	Select these checkboxes when your system detects some hardware incorrectly
Disables APIC	during R-Studio Emergency startup and displays messages like: hda: lost
	interrupt
Disables USB device support	Select this checkbox if your system experiences problems with USB devices
	during R-Studio Emergency startup.

Disables SCSI device support	Select this checkbox if your system experiences problems with SCSI devices
	during R-Studio Emergency startup.
Disables PCMCIA device	Select this checkbox if your system experiences problems with PCMCIA
support	devices during R-Studio Emergency startup.
Disables DMA for all IDE disk	Select this checkbox if your system experiences problems with IDE disks during
drives	R-Studio Emergency startup.
IRQ polling mode	Select this checkbox to enable the IRQ polling mode to prevent locking the
	system because a device generates too much interrupts for the system to handle.
PCI BIOS	Select an appropriate option if your system experiences problems with PCI
	cards.
BIOS RAIDS	Select an appropriate option if your system experiences problems with RAIDs
	built in the system board.

A WindowsPE-based disk

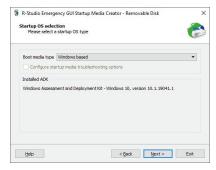
3 Select Windows based on the Startup OS selection and click the Next button.

Startup OS selection dialog box



If you select this option for the first time, you'll need to download and install some extra Windows components. Click the Download button and follow the on-screen instructions. When the process is finished, you'll be able to continue creating the startup disk.

Startup OS selection dialog box

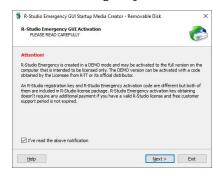


If you select this option for the first time, you'll need to download and install some extra Windows components. Click the Download button and follow the on-screen instructions.

You don't have to perform these steps next times.

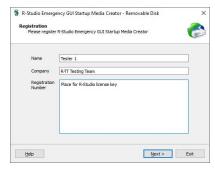
4 Read and accept the Activation terms on the R-Studio Emergency GUI Activation dialog box and click the Next button.

R-Studio Emergency GUI Activation dialog box



If you create startup disk for R-Studio Emergency Technician, you'll need to enter your license key on the Registration dialog box.

Registration dialog box



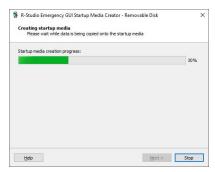
5 Specify the path and name for the ISO file or verify that you've select the correct USB device and click the Next button.

Insert media dialog box



> R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator will start creating the startup USB disk showing the progress on the Creating startup media dialog box

Creating startup media dialog box



R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished message



6.2.3 Creating Startup Disks on Mac and Linux Computers

To start a Mac or a Linux computer, you may use the following devices:

- 1. A USB device created using the R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator for Windows. See the **Creating Startup Disks Using R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator** page for more details.
- 2. A USB device created using a Mac or Linux computer. To create such device, download the ZIP archive of R-Studio Emergency, unzip it, and write files to a FAT32-formatted USB device.

Please note that you cannot use this disk to start non-UEFI computers (old Macs, for example), nor can you just copy those files to a CD/DVD disc to create an R-Studio Emergency startup disc. If you need a CD/DVD disk, burn it using the ISO image.

3. A startup CD/DVD disc. Download the ISO image of that disk and burn it or use the R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator for Windows to burn it on a Windows computer.

6.3 R-Studio Emergency Operation

Starting a Computer with the R-Studio Emergency Startup Disks

File Recovery

Searching for a File

Disk Scan

Disk Images

Using R-Studio Emergency as Emergency Agent

Technical Information

Properties and Text/Hexadecimal Viewer

Network Drives

Log

Devices to Store Recovered Files

Hardware Compatibility List

R-Studio Emergency

Contact Information and Technical Support

Installing R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator

Creating Startup Disks

6.3.1 Starting a Computer with the R-Studio Emergency Startup Disks

We recommended that you print out this help page and have the hardcopy on hand while you are performing this action.

If there is a non-IDE disk controller in your system, or you plan to use network disks or external hardware devices, first check the <u>Hardware Compatibility List</u>.

If you plan to use any external device, turn it on before starting the system.

If the motherboard in your computer supports the Serial ATA (SATA) devices, but IDE disks are also present, only the SATA devices should be set to the Enhanced Mode in BIOS.

To start the computer with the R-Studio Emergency startup CD/DVD disc or any removable device.

- 1 Make sure that the first startup device in the system BIOS is the CD/DVD drive or the removable device Disable "Secure boot" in the system BIOS if your computer is certified to run Windows 8. Refer to your system documentation for details.
- 2 Insert the R-Studio Emergency startup CD/DVD disc and start your computer

■If you have a Mac computer

To start a Mac computer with the **R-Studio Emergency** startup disk,

- 1. Insert a CD/DVD disc or connect a USB disk
- 2. Switch the Mac on.
- 3. While loading, press the **Option** key on the Mac keyboard (the **Alt** key if you use a non-Apple keyboard).

The Options key



4. Select the **EFI boot** disk and press **Enter**.

The R-Studio Emergency startup disk



R-Studio Emergency will start loading.

Then a startup screen will appear:



Select the **R-Studio Emergency** GUI (Graphic Mode) to run **R-Studio Emergency** in the graphic mode in which its user interface is similar to the Windows version. If **R-Studio Emergency** cannot run in this mode, restart the system in the Safe VGA mode (only VESA-compliant) which is compatible with most video cards and monitors. If it fails too, select the Text mode in which the **R-Studio Emergency** user interface is shown in the pseudo-graphic mode compatible with all video cards. The help describes this pseudo-graphic mode.

> R-Studio Emergency will start and its Device/Disk panel will appear

To start the computer with the R-Studio Emergency startup floppy disks,

1 Make sure that the first startup device in the system BIOS is A (Floppy)

Refer to your system documentation for details.

- 2 Insert the first startup floppy disk and start your computer
- > The following text will appear on the screen:

```
Loading
Uncompressing ... OK, starting the kernel
VFS: Insert the second boot disk and press ENTER
```

- 3 Insert the second disk and press ENTER.
- > R-Studio Emergency will start and its Device/Disk panel will appear Secure boot:

It may be impossible to start a Windows 8 certified computer with the R-Studio Emergency startup disk without some additional actions. This happens because any computer should use a so-called "Secure boot" procedure to comply with Windows 8 hardware certification from Microsoft. In brief, this procedure prevents computer from booting into any operating system that isn't digitally signed with an appropriate digital signature. "Secure boot" is claimed to prevent unauthorized modification of the boot sector by bootkits, viruses, trojans, and other malicious software. To the date, only Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, and selected Linux distributions support this feature. As a side effect, it also prevents most LiveCDs, rescue disks (R-Studio and R-Drive Image included), and other OS from running.

Likely enough, the other requirement of Windows 8 hardware certification is to make it possible for the user to disable the Secure boot procedure. Those settings can be done through the system BIOS under the Boot options. Generally, it's enough to enable Legacy support in those options, but sometimes it may require additional actions. Please, refer to your system documentation to learn more about disabling/enabling Secure boot.

When Secure boot is disabled, it should be possible to start the computer with the R-Studio Emergency startup disk.

Please note that you should enable this feature back after using the startup disks because Windows 8 or Server 2012 may not start properly without the Secure boot feature enabled.

6.3.2 File Recovery

To recover files,

- 1 Select a partition on the Device/Disk panel on which the files to recover reside and press the Enter key
- > R-Studiowill change its panel showing the disk's folders/files structure
- 2 Select the file to recover on the Files View panel. Use the Tab key to switch between panes

Files View panel



3 Press the F2 key and specify the output folder on the Recover dialog box

Recover dialog box



External USB drives with the NTFS file system: R-Studio Emergency can save recovered files on such disks if they are properly disconnected in a Windows system using the **Safely Remove Hardware** icon in the system tray or while shutting Windows down.

Searching for a File

Mapping Network Drives

Viewing object properties

6.3.3 Searching for a File

To search for a file,

- 1 Select Find on the Tools menu (or press the Alt+F key)
- 2 Specify a file name or mask

Find dialog box



Look at dialog box

Deleted files: If it is selected, **R-Studio** makes a search among deleted files/folders.

Existing files:	If it is selected, R-Studio makes a search among existing files/folders.
Files:	If it is selected, R-Studio includes files into a search.
Folders:	If it is selected, R-Studio includes folders into a search.

To find the next file corresponding to the specified file mask,

* Press the Alt+N key

6.3.4 Disk Scan

To scan an object

- 1 Select an object on the Device/Disk panel and press the F6 key
- 2 Specify the required parameters on the Scan dialog box and press the Enter key

Scan dialog box



Scan dialog box

Start:	Sets the start point of the area to be scanned.
Size:	Sets the size of the area to be scanned.
Numbers in these fields can be in bytes or sectors.	
If no letters are after the numbers, R-Studio assumes the numbers in bytes.	
The following case-ignoring notation is possible:	
b	Bytes
kb	Kilobytes
mb	Megabytes
gb	Gigabytes
tb	Terabytes

When an object is scanned, it may be searched for files, and found files may be recovered the same way as for a regular object

Scan results



Found objects:

i dana dojecto.	
Extra Found Files	Entries of known file types have been found
Recognized1	Records and file entries are found for this partition
Recognized2	Only file entries are found for this partition
Recognized3	Only boot records are found for this partition

To save scan information

- 1 Select an object with scan information
- 2 Press the Alt+D key and select Save Scan Information on the Drive menu
- 3 Specify the output folder and file name on the Save Scan Information dialog box

Mapping Network Drives

To open scan information

- 1 Select an object to which scan information is to be opened
- 2 Press the Alt+D key and select Open Scan Information on the Drive menu
- 3 Specify the folder and file name with the scan information on the Open Scan Information dialog box Mapping Network Drives

To delete scan information

- 1 Select an object to which scan information is to be deleted
- 2 Press the Alt+D key and select Delete Scan Information on the Drive menu

6.3.5 Disk Images

To create an image file

1 Select an object on the Device/Disk panel

2 Press the Alt+D key and select Create Plain Image File or Create Compressed Image File on the Drive menu

Create Image dialog box



Plain Image If this option is selected, **R-Studio** will create a simple exact copy of the

object. This image format is compatible with the previous versions of R-

Studio.

Compressed Image If this option is selected, **R-Studio** will create an image file compatible with

the images created by R-Drive Image, but incompatible with the previous

versions of **R-Studio**.

3 Specify the output folder and file name on the Create Image File dialog box

Mapping Network Drives

To load an image file

1 Press the Alt+D key and select Open Image File on the Drive menu

2 Specify the folder and file name with the image on the Open Image File dialog box

Mapping Network Drives

6.4 Using R-Studio Emergency as an Emergency Agent

R-Studio Emergency Linux version can be used as an emergency agent for **R-Studio**. Moreover, if you have a Mac computer, this is the only way to start it with **R-Studio Agent Emergency**.

To start the computer with the R-Studio Emergency/Agent startup CD/DVD disc or any removable device ,

- 1 Make sure that the first startup device in the system BIOS is the CD/DVD drive or the removable device Disable "Secure boot" in the system BIOS if your computer is certified to run Windows 8. Refer to your system documentation for details.
- 2 Insert the R-Studio Emergency startup CD/DVD disc or the removable device and start your computer

■If you have a Mac computer

To start a Mac computer with the **R-Studio Emergency** startup disk,

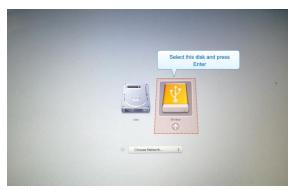
- 1. Insert a CD/DVD disc or connect a USB disk
- 2. Switch the Mac on.
- 3. While loading, press the **Option** key on the Mac keyboard (the **Alt** key if you use a non-Apple keyboard).

The Options key



4. Select the **EFI boot** disk and press **Enter**.

The R-Studio Emergency startup disk



R-Studio Emergency will start loading.

Then a startup screen will appear:

Startup Options



- 2 Select the R-Studio Agent Emergency to run R-Studio Emergency as an emergency agent.
- > R-Studio Agent Emergency will start and its prompt will appear

R-Studio Emergency as an Emergency Agent

```
Loading recordigt..ok
Loading recordigt.in..ok
Decompressing Linux.. Parsing ELF... No relocation needed... done.
Booting R-Studio Agent Emergency. Please wait...
Maiting B seconds for PCRCIA devices to settle...
Booting R-Studio Agent Emergency. Now you may remove boot media.
Quering DHCP to configure network interfaces...
Press ENTER within 10 seconds to configure them manually.
If Address 192.168.1.14 was assigned for interface the using DHCP protocol
Default gateway is 192.168.1.10.8.1.10
Ronning R-Studio Agent Emergency is not PRESS ENTER DEMO URBION
System: 2. Intel[10] CoreCTHC2 Dun CPU P7250 v 2.0661z. 1938 MHz
BOS: Linux 3.18.2 si SMP Fri Jan 16 12:46:09 EST 2015
R-Studio Agent Emergency is not yet registered, 256KB file size recovery limit
is implied until remotely registered
R-Studio Agent Emergency started and ready to accept connections...
R-Studio Agent Emergency started and ready to accept connections...
R-Studio Agent Emergency started and ready to accept connections...
R-Studio Agent Emergency started and ready to accept connections...
R-Studio Agent Emergency started and ready to accept connections...
R-Studio Agent Emergency started and ready to accept connections...
R-Studio Agent Emergency started press 'L' to view Dirial-Party Copyright Notice
s and Disclaimers, press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio ...
```

If your network has a DHCP server

The computer running R-Studio Agent Emergency will be assigned an IP address automatically

A prompt with a computer address will appear. You need to remember it to access the computer via network.

If your network does not have a DHCP server

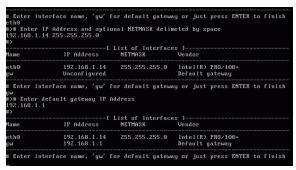
You need to configure the interfaces and IP addresses manually.

- 1. Press Enter to start configuring the settings. A prompt to select an interface will appear. Enter the selected interface name and press **Enter**.
- 2. A prompt to enter its IP address and optional subnet mask will appear. Enter the IP address and optional subnet mask and press **Enter**.

Network Setting Configuration

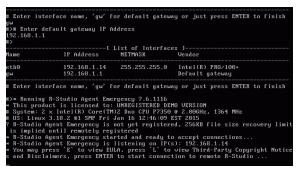
3. A prompt to configure another interface, gateway, or to finish configuring the interfaces will appear. Enter gw, enter the IP address of the gateway, and press **Enter**.

Network Setting Configuration



4. Press **Enter** to finish configuring the interfaces, or enter the name of the next interface to configure.

> R-Studio Agent Emergency will show a prompt that is ready to accept connections
R-Studio Emergency as an Emergency Agent



Now the computer may be accessed by **R-Studio** via network.

.

Secure boot:

It may be impossible to start a Windows 8 certified computer with the R-Studio Emergency startup disk without some additional actions. This happens because any computer should use a so-called "Secure boot" procedure to comply with Windows 8 hardware certification from Microsoft. In brief, this procedure prevents computer from booting into any operating system that isn't digitally signed with an appropriate digital signature. "Secure boot" is claimed to prevent unauthorized modification of the boot sector by bootkits, viruses, trojans, and other malicious software. To the date, only Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, and selected Linux distributions support this feature. As a side effect, it also prevents most LiveCDs, rescue disks (R-Studio and R-Drive Image included), and other OS from running.

Likely enough, the other requirement of Windows 8 hardware certification is to make it possible for the user to disable the Secure boot procedure. Those settings can be done through the system BIOS under the Boot options. Generally, it's enough to enable Legacy support in those options, but sometimes it may require additional actions. Please, refer to your system documentation to learn more about disabling/enabling Secure boot.

When Secure boot is disabled, it should be possible to start the computer with the R-Studio Emergency startup disk.

Please note that you should enable this feature back after using the startup disks because Windows 8 or Server 2012 may not start properly without the Secure boot feature enabled.

To connect to R-Studio's computer,

1 Press the Enter key and enter the IP address of the computer where R-Studio is running as <code>IPaddress:port</code>.

The default port is 8080, and you don't have to specify it.

- 2 Enter the password if required, and press the Enter key.
- > When the connection is established successfully, R-Studio Agent Emergency will notify you about this.

R-Studio Emergency as an Emergency Agent

```
Maiting 8 seconds for PCMCIA devices to settle...

Booting R-Studio Agent Emergency. Now you may remove boot media.

Quering DHCP to configure network interfaces...

Press ENTER within 10 seconds to configure them manually.

IP Address 192.168.1.14 was assigned for interface eth0 using DHCP protocol

Default gateway is 192.168.1.1 now

* Running R-Studio Agent Emergency 7.6.1116

**This product is licensed to: UNREGISTERED DEMO UERSION

**System: 2 × Intel(B) Core-CTM)2 Duo CPIP P7350 @ 2.006Hz, 1930 MHz

#*OS: Linux 3.18.2 #1 SMP Fri Jan 16 12:46:09 EST 2015

? R-Studio Agent Emergency is not yet registered, 256KB file size recovery limit is implied until remotely registered

**R-Studio Agent Emergency started and ready to accept connections...

***R-Studio Agent Emergency is listening on IP(s): 192.168.1.14

**You may press 'E' to view EULA, press 'L' to view Third-Party Copyright Notice and Disclaimers, press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio ...

#* Enter R-Studio IP address or just press ENTER to cancel 192.168.1.10:8080

#* Enter password or just press ENTER to connect without one >
Connection with 192.168.1.10:8000 is established successfully.

**R-Studio Agent Emergency is listening on IP(s): 192.168.1.14

**You may press 'E' to view EULA, press 'L' to view Third-Party Copyright Notice s and Disclaimers, press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio ...
```

6.5 R-Studio Emergency Technical Information

Properties and Text/Hexadecimal Viewer

Network Drives

Log

Devices to Store Recovered Files

R-Studio Emergency

R-Studio Emergency

Contact Information and Technical Support

Installing R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator

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Hardware Compatibility List

6.5.1 Properties and Text/Hexadecimal Viewer

To view object properties,

- 1 Select an object
- 2 Press the F7 key

To view an object

- 1 Select an object
- 2 Press the F3 key
- 3 Press the **F6** key to view and select file attributes Press the **Esc** key to close the viewer.

6.5.2 Network Drives

To map a network drive,

- 1 On a dialog box with Map Network Drive, press the Alt+M key
- > The Querying DHCP message will appear

If the network has a DHCP server, the computer will obtain an IP address automatically. A list of adapters and their IP addresses will appear on the Network Adapters dialog box.

If the network does not have a DHCP server, select a network adapter on the Network Adapters dialog box and press the **F4** key. Enter the IP address and network mask and press the **Enter** button.

Network Addresses dialog box



- 2 Select a configured network adapter and press the Enter key
- 3 Enter the required information on the Map Network Drive message message

Map Network dialog box



Server IP Address:	IP address of the computer where the network drive is to reside.
Server Share Name:	Name of the shared folder where the network drive is to reside.
Login:	Username of a user on the computer where the network drive is to reside.
Password:	User's password on the computer where the network drive is to reside.

For the network drive's path //SERVER/Net_Drive,

Server IP address: The IP address of the SERVER computer (192.168.1.20) Server share name: Net Drive.

> The mounted network disk will appear

To disconnect a mounted network drive

- 1 Select a mounted network drive
- 2 Switch to the Disconnect button and press the Enter key

6.5.3 Log

To clear log information

* Select Clear Log on the Tools menu

To save log information to a file

* Select Save Log To File on the Tools menu

6.5.4 Devices to Store Recovered Files

R-Studio Emergency can write recovered files to the following devices:

- FAT devices such as USB sticks, memory cards, and other similar devices. Such devices are inexpensive and easily available, they can be fully accessed by all operating systems, but they have one important drawback: they cannot store files larger that 2GB. So, if you plan to recover large video files, this is not your option.
- exFAT devices such as large USB sticks and memory cards, external hard disks, and other similar devices. They are fully accessed by all operating systems. Unlike FAT devices, they don't have the 2GB file size limit.
- NTFS disks (primarily used in Windows computers).

Access without any third-party software:

Windows computers: full. Mac computers: read. Linux computers: full.

• HFS/HFS+ disks (used in Mac computers).

Access without any third-party software:

Windows computers: no.

Mac computers: full. Some access problems may appear for files written by **R-Studio Emergency**. Linux computers: full. Some access problems may appear for files written by **R-Studio Emergency**.

• Ext2/3/4 disks (used in Linux computers).

Access without any third-party software:

Windows computers: no.

Mac computers: no Linux computers: full.

• XFS disks (used in Linux computers).

Access without any third-party software:

Windows computers: no.

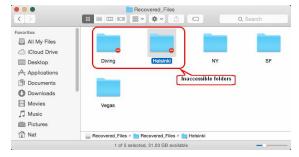
Mac computers: no Linux computers: full.

Network disks. Such disks may be on other network computers or NAS devices. See the <u>Network Drives</u> page for more details

■How to solve file access problems on Macs

Finder in the OSX system shows such inaccessible folders and files in the following way:

Inaccessible folders in Finder



To get access to such data, do the following:

1. Under an administrator account, right-click the folder and select **Get Info** on the contextual menu.

Info of an inaccessible folder



Click the **Lock** icon in the **Sharing & Permissions** section to unlock the folder properties. The system will ask you for the account password.

2. Click the Privilege column and select Read & Write on the contextual menu. Setting the access rights for the folder



3. If this is a folder with other folders and files, click the **Properties** icon and select **Apply to enclosed** items.

Setting access rights for enclosed items in the folder



Then click the **Lock** icon to lock the properties back.

6.6 R-Studio Emergency Hardware Compatibility List

R-Studio Emergency supports the following hardware devices:

Data Storage Devices **Networking Devices** Serial ATA and Parallel ATA drivers Ethernet (10 or 100Mbit) ACPI firmware driver for PATA 3c501 `EtherLink` AHCI SATA 3c503 `EtherLink II` **ALi PATA** 3c505 `EtherLink Plus` AMD/NVidia PATA 3c507 `EtherLink 16` ARTOP 6210/6260 PATA 3c509/3c529 (MCA)/3c579 `EtherLink III` ARTOP/Acard ATP867X PATA 3c515 ISA `Fast EtherLink` 3c590/3c900 ATI PATA series (592/595/597) `Vortex/Boomerang` CMD / Silicon Image 680 PATA 3cr990 series `Typhoon` CMD640 PCI PATA AMD 8111 (new PCI lance) CMD64x PATA AMD LANCE and PCnet (AT1500 and NE2100) CS5510/5520 PATA AMD PCnet32 PCI CS5530 PATA AT1700/1720 CS5535 PATA

CS5536 PATA Adaptec Starfire/DuraLAN

Compaq Triflex PATA Ansel Communications EISA 3200 Cypress CY82C693 PATA Apricot Xen-II on board Ethernet

EFAR SLC90E66 Atheros L2 Fast Ethernet
Generic ATA Broadcom 440x/47xx ethernet

HPT 343/363 PATA CS89x0

HPT 366/368 PATA Cabletron E21xx

HPT 370/370A/371/372/374/302 PATA

DECchip Tulip (dc2114x) PCI
HPT 372N/302N PATA

Davicom DM910x/DM980x

IT8213 PATA Early DECchip Tulip (dc2104x) PCI

Initio 162x SATA EtherExpress 16

Intel ESB, ICH, PIIX3, PIIX4 PATA/SATA EtherExpressPro support/EtherExpress 10 (i82595)
Intel PATA MPIIX Generic DECchip & DIGITAL EtherWORKS

Intel PATA old PIIX PCI/EISA

Intel SCH PATA

HP 10/100VG PCLAN (ISA, EISA, PCI)

JMicron PATA

HP PCLAN (27245 and other 27xxx series)

Legacy ISA PATA

HP PCLAN+ (27247B and 27252A)

Marvell PATA support via legacy mode ICL EtherTeam 16i/32
Marvell SATA Intel(R) PRO/100+

NETCELL Revolution RAID LP486E on board Ethernet
NVIDIA SATA Myson MTD-8xx PCI Ethernet

Nat Semi NS87410 PATA NE2000/NE1000

Nat Semi NS87415 PATANI5010Ninja32/Delkin Cardbus ATANI5210OPTI FireStar PATANI6510

OPTI621/6215 PATA National Semiconductor DP8381x series PCI

Older Promise PATA controller Ethernet

PCMCIA PATA

OpenCores 10/100 Mbps Ethernet MAC
Pacific Digital ADMA

PCI NE2000 and clones support (see help)

Pacific Digital SATA QStor RDC R6040 Fast Ethernet Adapter

Platform AHCI SATA RealTek RTL-8129/8130/8139 PCI Fast Ethernet

Promise PATA 2027x Adapter

Promise SATA SX4 RealTek RTL-8139 C+ PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter

Promise SATA TX2/TX4 SEEQ8005 ODI VLB PATA SMC 9194

RADISYS 82600 PATA SMC EtherPower II

RDC PATA SMC Ultra

SC1200 PATA SMSC LAN9420 PCI ethernet adapter SERVERWORKS OSB4/CSB5/CSB6/HT1000 SiS 900/7016 PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter

Silan SC92031 PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter driver

PATA

ServerWorks Frodo / Apple K2 SATA Sun Cassini SiS 964/965/966/180 SATA Sun GEM

SiS PATA Sun Happy Meal 10/100baseT

Silicon Image 3124/3132 SATA
Silicon Image SATA
ULi Electronics SATA
Sundance Alta
TI ThunderLAN
ULi M526x controller

VIA PATA VIA Rhine VIA SATA WD80*3

VITESSE VSC-7174 / INTEL 31244 SATA Winbond W89c840 Ethernet

Winbond SL82C105 PATA Zenith Z-Note Winbond W83759A VLB PATA nForce Ethernet

SCSI low-level drivers Ethernet (1000 Mbit)

3ware 5/6/7/8xxx ATA-RAID Alteon AceNIC/3Com 3C985/NetGear GA620

3ware 97xx SAS/SATA-RAID Gigabit

3ware 9xxx SATA-RAID Atheros L1C Gigabit Ethernet 7000FASST SCSI Atheros L1E Gigabit Ethernet

ACARD SCSI Atheros/Attansic L1 Gigabit Ethernet

ARECA (ARC11xx/12xx/13xx/16xx) Broadcom CNIC

SATA/SAS RAID Host Adapter Broadcom NetXtremeII

Adaptec AACRAID Broadcom Tigon3
Adaptec AHA152X/2825 DL2000/TC902x-based Gigabit Ethernet

Adaptec AHA1542 IP1000 Gigabit Ethernet

1 1/D) 02575/02576 D

Adaptec AIC79xx U320 Intel(R) 82575/82576 PCI-Express Gigabit Ethernet

Adaptec AIC7xxx Intel(R) 82576 Virtual Function Ethernet Adaptec AIC7xxx Fast -> U160 Intel(R) PRO/1000 Gigabit Ethernet

Adaptec AIC94xx SAS/SATA Intel(R) PRO/1000 PCI-Express Gigabit Ethernet

Adaptec I2O RAID

AdvanSys SCSI

JMicron(R) PCI-Express Gigabit Ethernet
National Semiconductor DP83820

Always IN2000 SCSI

BusLogic SCSI

DMX3191D SCSI

Packet Engines Hamachi GNIC-II

Packet Engines Yellowfin Gigabit-NIC

DTC3180/3280 SCSI QLogic QLA3XXX Network Driver Support

EATA ISA/EISA/PCI (DPT and generic Realtek 8169 gigabit ethernet EATA/DMA-compliant boards)

SiS190/SiS191 gigabit ethernet

Emulex LightPulse Fibre Channel Support

SysKonnect Yukon2

Future Domain 16xx SCSI/AHA-2920A

VIA Velocity

Generic NCR5380/53c400 SCSI MMIO Ethernet (10000 Mbit)

Generic NCR5380/53c400 SCSI PIO

Broadcom NetXtremeII 10Gb

HP Smart Array SCSI driver

Chelsio 10Gb Ethernet

HighPoint RocketRAID 3xxx/4xxx Controller Chelsio Communications T3 10Gb Ethernet

IBM Power Linux RAID adapter

IBM ServeRAID Initio 9100U(W) Initio INI-A100U2W

Intel/ICP (former GDT SCSI Disk Array) RAID

Controller

LSI Logic Legacy MegaRAID Driver LSI Logic Management Module LSI Logic MegaRAID Driver

LSI Logic MegaRAID SAS RAID Module LSI MPT Fusion SAS 2.0 Device Driver Marvell 88SE64XX/88SE94XX SAS/SATA

NCR53c406a SCSI

PAS16 SCSI

PMC SIERRA Linux MaxRAID adapter

PMC-Sierra SPC 8001 SAS/SATA Based Host

Adapter driver

Promise SuperTrak EX Series

QLogic ISP4XXX host adapter family

QLogic QLA2XXX Fibre Channel Support

Qlogic FAS SCSI

Qlogic QLA 1240/1x80/1x160 SCSI

SYM53C8XX Version 2 SCSI

Symbios 53c416 SCSI

Tekram DC390(T) and Am53/79C974 SCSI

Tekram DC395(U/UW/F) and DC315(U) SCSI

Trantor T128/T128F/T228 SCSI

UltraStor 14F/34F UltraStor SCSI

VMware PVSCSI driver

Workbit NinjaSCSI-32Bi/UDE

USB support

Cypress C67x00 HCD

Datafab Compact Flash Reader Freecom USB/ATAPI Bridge ISD-200 USB/ATA Bridge

ISP 1760 HCD ISP116X HCD ISP1362 HCD

Lexar Jumpshot Compact Flash Reader

Chelsio Communications T4 Ethernet Cisco VIC Ethernet NIC Support

Intel(R) 10GbE PCI Express adapters

Intel(R) PRO/10GbE

Mellanox Technologies 10Gbit Ethernet

Myricom Myri-10G Ethernet

NetXen Multi port (1/10) Gigabit Ethernet NIC

Neterion X3100 Series 10GbE PCIe Server Adapter QLOGIC QLCNIC 1/10Gb Converged Ethernet

NIC Support

QLogic QLGE 10Gb Ethernet Driver Support

S2IO 10Gbe XFrame NIC

ServerEngines' 10Gbps NIC - BladeEngine

Solarflare Solarstorm SFC4000/SFC9000-family

Sun Neptune 10Gbit Ethernet Tehuti Networks 10G Ethernet

Token Ring driver support

3Com 3C359 Token Link Velocity XL adapter

Generic TMS380 PCI

Generic TMS380 Token Ring ISA/PCI adapter

IBM Lanstreamer chipset PCI adapter IBM Olympic chipset PCI adapter IBM Tropic chipset based adapter Madge Smart 16/4 PCI Mk2

Proteon ISA

SMC ISA/MCA adapter SysKonnect TR4/16 ISA

USB Network Adapters

ASIX AX88xxx Based USB 2.0 Ethernet Adapters

CDC EEM

CDC Ethernet support (smart devices such as cable

modems)

Davicom DM9601 based USB 1.1 10/100 ethernet

devices

GeneSys GL620USB-A based cables Host for RNDIS and ActiveSync devices MosChip MCS7830 based Ethernet adapters

NetChip 1080 based cables (Laplink, ...)

Prolific PL-2301/2302 based cables

OXU210HP HCD

Olympus MAUSB-10/Fuji DPC-R1

R8A66597 HCD

SL811HS HCD

SanDisk SDDR-09 (and other SmartMedia,

including DPCM)

SanDisk SDDR-55 SmartMedia

USB 2.0

USB Mass Storage

USB Monitor

USBAT/USBAT02-based storage

xHCI HCD (USB 3.0)

Block devices

Compaq SMART2

Compaq Smart Array 5xxx

Mylex DAC960/DAC1100 PCI RAID Controller

Normal floppy disk

Promise SATA SX8

IEEE 1394 (FireWire) support

Legacy alternative FireWire driver stack

Storage devices (SBP-2 protocol)

PCMCIA network device support

3Com 3c574 PCMCIA

3Com 3c589 PCMCIA

Asix AX88190 PCMCIA

COM20020 ARCnet PCMCIA

Fujitsu FMV-J18x PCMCIA

NE2000 compatible PCMCIA

New Media PCMCIA

SMC 91Cxx PCMCIA

Xircom 16-bit PCMCIA

Other devices

Microsoft Hyper-V Utilities driver

Microsoft Hyper-V client drivers

Microsoft Hyper-V virtual block driver

Microsoft Hyper-V virtual network driver

Microsoft Hyper-V virtual storage driver

SMSC LAN95XX based USB 2.0 10/100 ethernet devices

Sharp Zaurus (stock ROMs) and compatible

Simple USB Network Links (CDC Ethernet subset)

USB CATC NetMate-based Ethernet device

USB KLSI KL5USB101-based ethernet device

USB Pegasus/Pegasus-II based ethernet device

USB RTL8150 based ethernet device

VII R-Studio Agent Emergency

R-Studio Agent Emergency is a tool that allows you to start a network computer with a damaged startup disk and recover data stored on its hard drives. Then restored data can be transferred to a working computer via the network.

It works very simple: Just start the computer with the **R-Studio Agent Emergency** startup disk(s) and, if necessary, manually configure a network interface for **R-Studio Agent Emergency**. When started, the computer and its hard drives can be accessed by **R-Studio** installed on another computer on the network.

Contact Information and Technical Support

Installing R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator

Creating Startup Disks

Starting a Computer with the R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Disk

Hardware Compatibility List

Disk Controllers

Network Cards

7.1 Contact Information and Technical Support

To obtain the latest version of **R-Studio Agent Emergency**, go to:

Product Site: http://www.r-tt.com
Sales Department: sales@r-tt.com

R-Studio Technical Support Team is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and has an average response time less than 4 hours.

Tech. Support: support@r-tt.com

Send your support request to: http://www.r-tt.com/Support_request.html

7.2 Installing R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator

You must have administrative privileges to install R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator.

If you are not sure whether you have such privileges, you almost certainly do not have them. Contact your system administrator for assistance.

- 1. Run the setup file.
- 2. Follow the on-screen instructions.

You may create startup disks even before the installation ends.

7.3 Creating Startup Disks

You need to create either

 A startup CD/DVD disc. You may create an ISO image, or write the disc directly from R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator, if there is a CD/DVD recorder in your system.

or

• A startup FAT/FAT32 removable device recognized by your system as a bootable one. The total available size of the device should be more than 10 MB.

or

• 4 formatted floppy disks

Check the **Hardware Compatibility List**.

When R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator starts, its Welcome dialog box appears:

Welcome to **R-Studio Agent** Emergency Startup Media Creator dialog box

Welcome dialog box



click the **Next** button to see the list of all devices on which startup disks may be created.

Startup media type selection dialog box



To create a startup CD/DVD disc directly on your CD/DVD writer (if present):

- 1 Run R-Studio Agent Emergency
- 2 Select the CD/DVD writer on the Startup media type selection dialog box and click the Next button
- Read and accept the License Agreement and enter the R-Studio Agent registration key on the R-Studio Agent Emergency Activation dialog box and click the Next button

Note: You should enter the registration key of **R-Studio Agent**, not **R-Studio** itself.

R-Studio Agent Emergency License Agreement dialog box



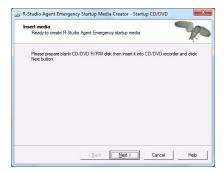
R-Studio Agent Emergency Activation dialog box



if you do not enter the registration key, **R-Studio Agent** Emergency will work in the Demo mode. You may enter the key later when **R-Studio Agent** Emergency and **R-Studio** establish a connection

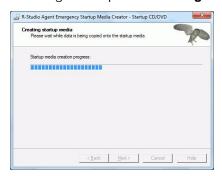
4 Insert a blank CD/DVD disk into the CD/DVD recorder and click the Next button

Insert media disc dialog box



> R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator will start creating the startup CD/DVD disc showing the progress on the Creating startup media dialog box

Creating startup media dialog box



When R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator finishes creating the startup CD/DVD disc, the R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished message will appear You may either exit R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator by clicking the Finish button or create

You may either exit **R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator** by clicking the **Finish** button or create another startup media by clicking the **Back** button.

R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished message



To create an ISO image of a startup CD/DVD disc

- 1 Run R-Studio Agent Emergency
- 2 Select ISO Image for a startup CD/DVD on the R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator dialog box and click the Next button
- 3 Read and accept the License Agreement and enter the R-Studio Agent registration key on the R-Studio Agent Emergency Activation dialog box and click the Next button
 - Note: You should enter the registration key of **R-Studio Agent**, not **R-Studio** itself.
 - if you do not enter the registration key, **R-Studio Agent** Emergency will work in the Demo mode. You may enter the key later when **R-Studio Agent** Emergency and **R-Studio** establish a connection.
- 4 Select a place and file name for the ISO image of the startup CD/DVD and click the Save button
- > When R-Studio Bootable Startup Media Creator finishes writing the file with the ISO image, the R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished message will appear
 - You may either exit **R-Studio Bootable Startup Media Creator** by clicking the **Finish** button or create another startup media by clicking the **Back** button.

R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished dialog box



5 Create the startup CD/DVD using your favorite CD/DVD creation software

Load the created ISO image into the CD/DVD creation software. Consult documentation for the software for details.

To create a startup FAT/FAT32 removable device

- 1 Run R-Studio Agent Emergency
- 2 Select the removable device on the Startup media type selection dialog box and click the Next button
- 3 Read and accept the License Agreement and enter the registration key on the R-Studio Agent Emergency Activation dialog box and click the Next button
- 4 Check that the correct FAT/FAT32-formatted device is selected and click the Next button

Confirm device selection dialog box



> R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator will start creating the startup USB disk showing the progress on the Creating startup media dialog box

When R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator finishes creating the startup device, the R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished message will appear

You may either exit **R-Studio Emergency Startup Media Creator** by clicking the **Finish** button or create another startup media by clicking the **Back** button.

R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished dialog box

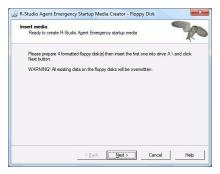


To create floppy disks:

You will need 4 formatted floppy disks.

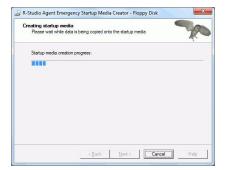
- 1 Run R-Studio Agent Emergency
- 2 Select Floppy Disk for the startup floppy disk on the R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator dialog box and click the Next button
- 3 Enter the registration information and number on the Registration dialog box and click the Next button If you leave all the field blank, R-Studio Agent Emergency will work with the Demo-version limitations
- 4 Insert the floppy disk and click the Next button on the Insert floppy dialog box

Insert floppy dialog box



> R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator will start creating the startup floppy disk showing the progress on the Creating startup media dialog box

Creating startup media dialog box



5 Insert the second floppy disk and click the OK button when the Please insert formatted diskette #2 into drive A: message will appear



Do it with the next 2 floppy disks.

> When R-Studio Startup Media Creator finishes creating the startup floppy disk, the R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished message will appear. You may either exit R-Studio Startup Media Creator by clicking the Finish button or create another startup media by clicking the Back button.

R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creation is Finished dialog box



7.4 Starting a Computer with the R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Disk

We recommended that you print out this help page and have the hardcopy on hand while you are performing this action.

Before you start the computer you should be aware that your network has a DHCP server or you know the computer's IP address and network mask.

If there is a non-IDE disk controller in your system, or you plan to use network disks or external hardware devices, first check the <u>Hardware Compatibility List</u>.

If you plan to use any external device, turn it on before starting the system.

If the motherboard in your computer supports the Serial ATA (SATA) devices, but IDE disks are also present, only the SATA devices should be set to the Enhanced Mode in BIOS.

To start the computer with the R-Studio Agent Emergency startup disks

- 1 Make sure that the first startup device in the system BIOS is the device from which you plan to start your computer (a CD/DVD drive or A (Floppy))
 - Disable "Secure boot" in the system BIOS if your computer is certified to run Windows 8. Refer to your system documentation for details. Refer to your system documentation for details.
- 2 Insert the R-Studio Agent Emergency startup CD/DVD disc, a removable device, or the first floppy disk and start your computer
- $\,>\,\,$ R-Studio $Agent\ Emergency\ will\ start\ and\ its\ prompt\ will\ appear$

If you start your computer with floppy disks, you'll see prompts to insert a next floppy disk.

Booting R-Studio Emergency. Please wait...

```
Waiting 8 seconds for PCMCIA devices to settle
Booting R-Studio Agent Emergency. Now you may remove floppy.

Querying DHCP to configure network interfaces...

Press ENTER within 10 seconds to configure them manually.
```

If your network has a DHCP server

The computer running R-Studio Agent Emergency will be assigned an IP address automatically

A prompt with a computer address will appear. You need to remember it to access the computer via network.

If your network does not have a DHCP server

You need to configure the interfaces and IP addresses manually.

- 1. A prompt to select an interface will appear. Enter the selected interface name and press **Enter**.
- 2. A prompt to enter its IP address and optional subnet mask will appear. Enter the IP address and optional subnet mask and press **Enter**.

3. A prompt to configure another interface, gateway, or to finish configuring the interfaces will appear. Enter gw, enter the IP address of the gateway, and press **Enter**.

```
-----[ List of
Interfaces ]-----
     IP Address NETMASK
Name
                                        Vendor
          Unconfigured
                                        RealTek
re0
8139C+
# Enter interface name, 'gw' for default gateway or just press
ENTER to finish
#>re0
# Enter IP address and optional NETMASK delimited by space
#>192.168.0.10 255.255.255.0
   -----[ List of
Interfaces ]-----
     IP Address
                           NETMASK
                                          Vendor
```

```
re0
             192.168.0.10
                                  255.255.255.0
                                                    RealTek
8139C+
qw
             Unconfigured
                                                    Default
gateway
# Enter interface name, 'qw' for default gateway or just press
ENTER to finish
# Enter default gateway IP Address
#>192.168.0.1
 ----- List of
Interfaces |-----
             IP Address
Name
                                 NETMASK
                                                   Vendor
             192.168.0.10
                            255.255.255.0
re0
                                                  RealTek
8139C+
             192.168.0.1
                                                   Default
aw
gateway
# Enter interface name, 'gw' for default gateway or just press
ENTER to finish
```

4. Press **Enter** to finish configuring the interfaces, or enter the name of the next interface to configure.

> R-Studio Agent Emergency will show a prompt that is ready to accept connections

- * R-Studio Agent started and ready to accept connections...
- * You may press ENTER to start to remote R-Studio...

Now the computer may be accessed by **R-Studio** via network.

Secure boot:

It may be impossible to start a Windows 8 certified computer with the R-Studio Agent Emergency startup disk without some additional actions. This happens because any computer should use a so-called "Secure boot" procedure to comply with Windows 8 hardware certification from Microsoft. In brief, this procedure prevents computer from booting into any operating system that isn't digitally signed with an appropriate digital signature. "Secure boot" is claimed to prevent unauthorized modification of the boot sector by bootkits, viruses, trojans, and other malicious software. To the date, only Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, and selected Linux distributions support this feature. As a side effect, it also prevents most LiveCDs, rescue disks (R-Studio and R-Drive Image included), and other OS from running.

Likely enough, the other requirement of Windows 8 hardware certification is to make it possible for the user to disable the Secure boot procedure. Those settings can be done through the system BIOS under the Boot options. Generally, it's enough to enable Legacy support in those options, but sometimes it may require additional actions. Please, refer to your system documentation to learn more about disabling/enabling Secure boot.

When Secure boot is disabled, it should be possible to start the computer with the R-Studio Agent Emergency startup disk.

Please note that you should enable this feature back after using the startup disks because Windows 8 or Server 2012 may not start properly without the Secure boot feature enabled.

Starting a Connection from R-Studio Agent Emergency

When you need to connect **R-Studio** and **R-Studio Agent Emergency** over the Internet, it may be necessary to start the connection from the computer where **R-Studio Agent Emergency** is running.

To connect to R-Studio's computer,

1 Press the Enter key and enter the IP address of the computer where R-Studio is running as IPaddress:port.

```
* R-Studio Agent started and ready to accept connections...
* You may press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio...
# Enter R-Studio IP address or just press ENTER to cancel>
192.168.0.25:80
```

The default port is 8080, and you don't have to specify it.

2 Enter the password if required, and press the Enter key.

```
* R-Studio Agent started and ready to accept connections...

* You may press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio...

# Enter R-Studio IP address or just press ENTER to cancel>
192.168.0.25:80

# Enter password or just press ENTER to connect without
one>PaSsWoRd1234
```

> When the connection is established successfully, R-Studio Agent Emergency will notify you about this.

```
* R-Studio Agent started and ready to accept connections...

* You may press ENTER to start connection to remote R-Studio...

# Enter R-Studio IP address or just press ENTER to cancel>
192.168.0.25:80

# Enter password or just press ENTER to connect without one>PaSsWoRd1234
Connection with 192.168.0.25:80 is established successfully.
```

7.5 R-Studio Agent Emergency Hardware Compatibility List

Disk Controllers
Network Cards

R-Studio Agent Emergency

Contact Information and Technical Support

Installing R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Media Creator

Creating Startup Disks

Starting a Computer with the R-Studio Agent Emergency Startup Disk

7.5.1 Disk Controllers

R-Studio Agent Emergency is based on the **FreeBSD 5.3** kernel and supports devices from the list published at http://www.freebsd.org/releases/5.3R/hardware-i386.html.

*: Supported in the floppy version

Disk controllers

IDE/ATA controllers (ata driver) *

The adapters supported by the aic driver include:

Adaptec AHA-1505 (ISA)

Adaptec AHA-1510A, AHA-1510B (ISA) Adaptec AHA-1520A, AHA-1520B (ISA) Adaptec AHA-1522A, AHA-1522B (ISA)

Adaptec AHA-1535 (ISA)

Creative Labs SoundBlaster SCSI host adapter (ISA)

Adaptec AHA-1460, AHA-1460B, AHA-1460C, AHA-1460D (PC Card)

Adaptec AHA-1030B, AHA-1030P (PC98)

NEC PC-9801-100 (PC98)

The aha driver supports the following SCSI host adapters:

Adaptec AHA-154xB Adaptec AHA-154xC Adaptec AHA-154xCF Adaptec AHA-154xCP Adaptec AHA-1640

Adaptec AHA-174x in 154x emulation mode

DTC 3290 SCSI controller in 1542 emulation mode

Tekram SCSI controllers in 154x emulation mode

The ahb driver supports the following SCSI host adapters:

Adaptec AHA-1740 Adaptec AHA-1742 Adaptec AHA-1740A Adaptec AHA-1742A

The ahc driver supports the following SCSI host adapter chips and SCSI controller cards:

Adaptec AIC7770 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7850 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7860 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7870 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7880 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7890 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7891 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7892 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7895 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7896 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7897 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7899 host adapter chip Adaptec AIC7899 host adapter chip

Adaptec 274X(W) Adaptec 274X(T) Adaptec 284X Adaptec 2910 Adaptec 2915

Adaptec 2920

Adaptec 2930C

Adaptec 2930U2

Adaptec 2940

Adaptec 2940J

Adaptec 2940N

Adaptec 2940U

Adaptec 2940AU

Adaptec 2940UW

Adaptec 2940UW Dual

Adaptec 2940UW Pro

Adaptec 2940U2W

Adaptec 2940U2B

Adaptec 2950U2W

Adaptec 2950U2B

Adaptec 19160B

Adaptec 29160B

Adaptec 29160N

Adaptec 3940

Adaptec 3940U

Adaptec 3940AU

Adaptec 3940UW

Adaptec 3940AUW

Adaptec 3940U2W

Adaptec 3950U2

Adaptec 3960

Adaptec 39160

Adaptec 3985

Adaptec 4944UW

NEC PC-9821Xt13 (PC-98)

NEC RvII26 (PC-98)

NEC PC-9821X-B02L/B09 (PC-98)

NEC SV-98/2-B03 (PC-98)

Many motherboards with on-board SCSI support

The ahd driver supports the following:

Adaptec AIC7901 host adapter chip

Adaptec AIC7901A host adapter chip

Adaptec AIC7902 host adapter chip

Adaptec 29320 host adapter Adaptec 39320 host adapter

Many motherboards with on-board SCSI support

Controllers supported by the aac driver include:

Adaptec AAC-364

Adaptec SCSI RAID 2120S

Adaptec SCSI RAID 2130S Adaptec SCSI RAID 2200S Adaptec SCSI RAID 2410SA Adaptec SCSI RAID 2810SA Adaptec SCSI RAID 5400S Dell CERC SATA RAID 2

Dell PERC 2/Si Dell PERC 2/QC Dell PERC 3/Si Dell PERC 3/Di Dell PERC 320/DC

HP NetRAID 4M

The adv driver supports the following SCSI controllers:

AdvanSys ABP510/5150

AdvanSys ABP5140

AdvanSys ABP5142

AdvanSys ABP902/3902

AdvanSys ABP3905

AdvanSys ABP915

AdvanSys ABP920

AdvanSys ABP3922

AdvanSys ABP3925

AdvanSys ABP930, ABP930U, ABP930UA

AdvanSys ABP960, ABP960U

AdvanSys ABP542

AdvanSys ABP742

AdvanSys ABP842

AdvanSys ABP940

AdvanSys ABP940UA/3940UA

AdvanSys ABP940U

AdvanSys ABP3960UA

AdvanSys ABP970, ABP970U

AdvanSys ABP752

AdvanSys ABP852

AdvanSys ABP950

AdvanSys ABP980, ABP980U

AdvanSys ABP980UA/3980UA

MELCO IFC-USP (PC-98)

RATOC REX-PCI30 (PC-98)

@ Nifty FNECHARD IFC-USUP-TX (PC-98)

The adw driver supports SCSI controllers including:

AdvanSys ABP940UW/ABP3940UW

AdvanSys ABP950UW

AdvanSys ABP970UW

AdvanSys ABP3940U2W

AdvanSys ABP3950U2W

The bt driver supports the following BusLogic MultiMaster "W", "C", "S", and "A" series and compatible SCSI host adapters:

BusLogic BT-445C

BusLogic BT-445S

BusLogic BT-540CF

BusLogic BT-542B

BusLogic BT-542B

BusLogic BT-542D

BusLogic BT-545C

BusLogic BT-545S

BusLogic/BusTek BT-640

BusLogic BT-742A

BusLogic BT-742A

BusLogic BT-747C

BusLogic BT-747D

BusLogic BT-747S

BusLogic BT-757C

BusLogic BT-757CD

BusLogic BT-757D

BusLogic BT-757S

BusLogic BT-946C

BusLogic BT-948

BusLogic BT-956C

BusLogic BT-956CD

BusLogic BT-958

BusLogic BT-958D

Storage Dimensions SDC3211B / SDC3211F

AMI FastDisk Host Adapters that are true BusLogic MultiMaster clones are also supported by the bt driver.

The dpt driver provides support for the following RAID adapters:

DPT Smart Cache Plus

Smart Cache II (PM2?2?, PM2022 [EISA], PM2024/PM2124 [PCI]) (Gen2)

Smart RAID II (PM3?2?, PM3021, PM3222)

Smart Cache III (PM2?3?)

Smart RAID III (PM3?3?, PM3332 [EISA], PM3334UW [PCI]) (Gen3)

Smart Cache IV (PM2?4?, PM2042 [EISA], PM2044/PM2144 [PCI]) (Gen4)

Smart RAID IV

The adapters currently supported by the asr driver include the following:

Adaptec Zero-Channel SCSI RAID 2000S, 2005S, 2010S, 2015S

Adaptec SCSI RAID 2100S, 2110S

Adaptec ATA-100 RAID 2400A

Adaptec SCSI RAID 3200S, 3210S

Adaptec SCSI RAID 3400S, 3410S

Adaptec SmartRAID PM1554

Adaptec SmartRAID PM1564

Adaptec SmartRAID PM2554 Adaptec SmartRAID PM2564

Adaptec SmartRAID PM2664 Adaptec SmartRAID PM2754

Adaptec SmartRAID PM2865

Adaptec SmartRAID PM3754

Adaptec SmartRAID PM3755U2B / SmartRAID V Millennium

Adaptec SmartRAID PM3757

DEC KZPCC-AC (LVD 1-ch, 4MB or 16MB cache), DEC KZPCC-CE (LVD 3-ch, 64MB cache), DEC KZPCC-XC (LVD 1-ch, 16MB cache), DEC KZPCC-XE (LVD 3-ch, 64MB cache) -- rebadged SmartRAID V Millennium

The amr driver supports the following:

AMI MegaRAID 320-1

AMI MegaRAID 320-2

AMI MegaRAID 320-4X

AMI MegaRAID Series 418

AMI MegaRAID Enterprise 1200 (Series 428)

AMI MegaRAID Enterprise 1300 (Series 434)

AMI MegaRAID Enterprise 1400 (Series 438)

AMI MegaRAID Enterprise 1500 (Series 467)

AMI MegaRAID Enterprise 1600 (Series 471)

AMI MegaRAID Elite 1500 (Series 467)

AMI MegaRAID Elite 1600 (Series 493)

AMI MegaRAID Elite 1650 (Series 4xx)

AMI MegaRAID Express 100 (Series 466WS)

AMI MegaRAID Express 200 (Series 466)

AMI MegaRAID Express 300 (Series 490)

AMI MegaRAID Express 500 (Series 475)

Dell PERC

Dell PERC 2/SC

Dell PERC 2/DC

Dell PERC 3/DCL

Dell PERC 3/QC

Dell PERC 4/Di

HP NetRAID-1/Si

HP NetRAID-3/Si (D4943A)

HP Embedded NetRAID

Note: Booting from these controllers is supported. EISA adapters are not supported.

Controllers supported by the mlx driver include:

Mylex DAC960P

Mylex DAC960PD / DEC KZPSC (Fast Wide)

Mylex DAC960PDU

Mylex DAC960PL

Mylex DAC960PJ

Mylex DAC960PG

Mylex DAC960PU / DEC PZPAC (Ultra Wide)

Mylex AcceleRAID 150 (DAC960PRL)

Mylex AcceleRAID 250 (DAC960PTL1)

Mylex eXtremeRAID 1100 (DAC1164P)

RAIDarray 230 controllers, aka the Ultra-SCSI DEC KZPAC-AA (1-ch, 4MB cache), KZPAC-CA (3-ch, 4MB), KZPAC-CB (3-ch, 8MB cache)

All major firmware revisions (2.x, 3.x, 4.x and 5.x) are supported, however it is always advisable to upgrade to the most recent firmware available for the controller. Compatible Mylex controllers not listed should work, but have not been verified.

Note: Booting from these controllers is supported. EISA adapters are not supported.

Controllers supported by the mly driver include:

Mylex AcceleRAID 160

Mylex AcceleRAID 170

Mylex AcceleRAID 352

Mylex eXtremeRAID 2000

Mylex eXtremeRAID 3000

Compatible Mylex controllers not listed should work, but have not been verified.

The twe driver supports the following ATA RAID controllers:

AMCC's 3ware 5000 series

AMCC's 3ware 6000 series

AMCC's 3ware 7000-2

AMCC's 3ware 7006-2

AMCC's 3ware 7500-4LP

AMCC's 3ware 7500-8

AMCC's 3ware 7500-12

AMCC's 3ware 7506-4LP

AMCC's 3ware 7506-8

AMCC's 3ware 7506-12

AMCC's 3ware 8006-2LP

AMCC's 3ware 8500-4LP

AMCC's 3ware 8500-8

AMCC's 3ware 8500-12

AMCC's 3ware 8506-4LP

AMCC's 3ware 8506-8

AMCC's 3ware 8506-8MI

AMCC's 3ware 8506-12

AMCC's 3ware 8506-12MI

The twa driver supports the following PATA/SATA RAID controllers:

AMCC's 3ware 9500S-4LP

AMCC's 3ware 9500S-8

AMCC's 3ware 9500S-8MI

AMCC's 3ware 9500S-12

AMCC's 3ware 9500S-12MI

The ncr driver provides support for the following NCR/Symbios SCSI controller chips:

53C810 53C810A 53C815 53C820 53C825A 53C860 53C875 53C875J 53C885

53C895

53C895A

53C896

53C1510D

The following add-on boards are known to be supported:

I-O DATA SC-98/PCI (PC-98)

I-O DATA SC-PCI (PC-98)

The sym driver provides support for the following Symbios/LSI Logic PCI SCSI controllers:

53C810

53C810A

53C815

53C825

53C825A

53C860

53C875

53C876

53C895

330073

53C895A

53C896

53C897

53C1000

53C1000R

53C1010-33

53C1010-66

53C1510D

The SCSI controllers supported by sym can be either embedded on a motherboard, or on one of the following add-on boards:

ASUS SC-200, SC-896

Data Technology DTC3130 (all variants)

DawiControl DC2976UW

Diamond FirePort (all)

I-O DATA SC-UPCI (PC-98)

Logitec LHA-521UA (PC-98)

NCR cards (all)

Symbios cards (all)

Tekram DC390W, 390U, 390F, 390U2B, 390U2W, 390U3D, and 390U3W

Tyan S1365

The following devices are currently supported by the ncv driver:

I-O DATA PCSC-DV

KME KXLC002 (TAXAN ICD-400PN, etc.), KXLC004, and UJDCD450

Macnica Miracle SCSI-II mPS110

Media Intelligent MSC-110, MSC-200

NEC PC-9801N-J03R

New Media Corporation BASICS SCSI

Qlogic Fast SCSI

RATOC REX-9530, REX-5572 (SCSI only)

Controllers supported by the stg driver include:

Adaptec 2920/A

Future Domain SCSI2GO

Future Domain TMC-18XX/3260

IBM SCSI PCMCIA Card

ICM PSC-2401 SCSI

MELCO IFC-SC

RATOC REX-5536, REX-5536AM, REX-5536M, REX-9836A

Note that the Adaptec 2920C is supported by the **ahc** driver.

Cards supported by the isp driver include:

ISP1000

PTI SBS440

ISP1020

ISP1040

PTI SBS450

Ologic 1240

Ologic 1020

Qlogic 1040

Qlogic 1080

Qlogic 1280

Ologic 12160

Qlogic 2100

Qlogic 2102

Ologic 2200

Qlogic 2202

Ologic 2204

Ologic 2300

Qlogic 2312

PTI SBS470

Antares P-0033

Controllers supported by the amd driver include:

MELCO IFC-DP (PC-98)

Tekram DC390

Tekram DC390T

Controllers supported by the nsp driver include:

Alpha-Data AD-PCS201

I-O DATA CBSC16

Adaptec AIC-7110 Parallel to SCSI interfaces (vpo driver)

The following controllers are supported by the ida driver:

Compag SMART Array 221

Compaq Integrated SMART Array Controller

Compaq SMART Array 4200

Compaq SMART Array 4250ES

Compaq SMART 3200 Controller

Compaq SMART 3100ES Controller

Compaq SMART-2/DH Controller

Compaq SMART-2/SL Controller

Compaq SMART-2/P Controller

Compaq SMART-2/E Controller

Compaq SMART Controller

Controllers supported by the ciss driver include:

Compaq Smart Array 5300

Compaq Smart Array 532

Compaq Smart Array 5i

HP Smart Array 5312

HP Smart Array 6i

HP Smart Array 641

HP Smart Array 642

HP Smart Array 6400

HP Smart Array 6400 EM

HP Smart Array 6422

HP Smart Array V100

HP Modular Smart Array 20 (MSA20)

HP Modular Smart Array 500 (MSA500)

Controllers supported by the iir driver include:

Intel RAID Controller SRCMR

Intel Server RAID Controller U3-1 (SRCU31a)

Intel Server RAID Controller U3-1L (SRCU31La)

Intel Server RAID Controller U3-2 (SRCU32)

All past and future releases of Intel and ICP RAID Controllers.

Intel RAID Controller SRCU21 (discontinued)

Intel RAID Controller SRCU31 (older revision, not compatible)

Intel RAID Controller SRCU31L (older revision, not compatible)

The SRCU31 and SRCU31L can be updated via a firmware update available from Intel.

Promise SuperTrak ATA RAID controllers (pst driver)

The hptmv driver supports the HighPoint RocketRAID 182x SATA controllers.

Controllers supported by the ips driver include:

IBM ServeRAID 3H

ServeRAID 4L/4M/4H

ServeRAID Series 5

ServeRAID 6i/6M

The following controllers are supported by the mpt driver:

LSI Logic 53c1030 (Dual Ultra320 SCSI)

LSI Logic FC909 (1Gb/s Fibre Channel)

LSI Logic FC909A (Dual 1Gb/s Fibre Channel)

LSI Logic FC919 (2Gb/s Fibre Channel)

LSI Logic FC929 (Dual 2Gb/s Fibre Channel)

The SCSI controller chips supprted by the **mpt** driver can be found onboard on many systems including:

Dell PowerEdge 1750

IBM eServer xSeries 335

SCSI controllers supported by the trm driver include:

Tekram DC-315 PCI Ultra SCSI adapter without BIOS and internal SCSI connector

Tekram DC-315U PCI Ultra SCSI adapter without BIOS

Tekram DC-395F PCI Ultra-Wide SCSI adapter with flash BIOS and 68-pin external SCSI connector

Tekram DC-395U PCI Ultra SCSI adapter with flash BIOS

Tekram DC-395UW PCI Ultra-Wide SCSI adapter with flash BIOS

Tekram DC-395U2W PCI Ultra2-Wide SCSI adapter with flash BIOS

For the Tekram DC-310/U and DC-390F/U/UW/U2B/U2W/U3W PCI SCSI host adapters, use the **sym** driver.

The wds driver supports the WD7000 SCSI controller.

7.5.2 Network Cards

R-Studio Agent Emergency is based on the **FreeBSD 5.3** kernel and supports devices from the list published at http://www.freebsd.org/releases/5.3R/hardware-i386.html.

*: Supported in the floppy version

Ethernet NICs

Adapters supported by the sf driver include:

ANA-62011 64-bit single port 10/100baseTX adapter

ANA-62022 64-bit dual port 10/100baseTX adapter

ANA-62044 64-bit quad port 10/100baseTX adapter

ANA-69011 32-bit single port 10/100baseTX adapter

ANA-62020 64-bit single port 100baseFX adapter

The ti driver supports Gigabit Ethernet adapters based on the Alteon Tigon I and II chips. The ti driver has been tested with the following adapters:

3Com 3c985-SX Gigabit Ethernet adapter (Tigon 1)

3Com 3c985B-SX Gigabit Ethernet adapter (Tigon 2)

Alteon AceNIC V Gigabit Ethernet adapter (1000baseSX)

Alteon AceNIC V Gigabit Ethernet adapter (1000baseT)

Digital EtherWORKS 1000SX PCI Gigabit adapter

Netgear GA620 Gigabit Ethernet adapter (1000baseSX)

Netgear GA620T Gigabit Ethernet adapter (1000baseT)

The following adapters should also be supported but have not yet been tested:

Asante GigaNIX1000T Gigabit Ethernet adapter

Asante PCI 1000BASE-SX Gigabit Ethernet adapter

Farallon PN9000SX Gigabit Ethernet adapter

NEC Gigabit Ethernet

Silicon Graphics PCI Gigabit Ethernet adapter

The pcn driver supports adapters and embedded controllers based on the AMD PCnet/FAST, PCnet/FAST+, PCnet/FAST III, PCnet/PRO and PCnet/Home Fast Ethernet chips:

AMD Am53C974/Am79C970/Am79C974 PCnet-PCI *

AMD Am79C970A PCnet-PCI II *

AMD Am79C971 PCnet-FAST *

AMD Am79C972 PCnet-FAST+ *

AMD Am79C973/Am79C975 PCnet-FAST III *

AMD Am79C976 PCnet-PRO *

AMD PCnet/Home HomePNA

Allied-Telesis LA-PCI

Contec C-NET(98)S (PC-98)

NEC SV-98/2-B05, B06

The Inc driver supports the following adapters:

Novell NE2100 *

Novell NE32-VL *

Isolan AT 4141-0 (16 bit)

Isolan BICC

Isolink 4110 (8 bit)

Diamond HomeFree

Digital DEPCA

Hewlett Packard Vectra 486/66XM

Hewlett Packard Vectra XU

Also supported are adapters working with the **pcn** driver. The **lnc** driver runs these in compatibility mode, thus the **pcn** driver should be preferred.

SMC 83c17x (EPIC)-based Ethernet NICs (tx driver)

The ed driver supports the following Ethernet NICs:

3Com 3c503 Etherlink II

AR-P500 Ethernet

Accton EN1644 (old model), EN1646 (old model), EN2203 (old model) (110pin) (flags 0xd00000)

Accton EN2212/EN2216/UE2216

Allied Telesis CentreCOM LA100-PCM V2

Allied Telesis LA-98 (flags 0x000000) (PC-98)

Allied Telesis SIC-98, SIC-98NOTE (110pin), SIU-98 (flags 0x600000) (PC-98)

Allied Telesis SIU-98-D (flags 0x610000) (PC-98)

AmbiCom 10BaseT card

Bay Networks NETGEAR FA410TXC Fast Ethernet

CNet BC40 adapter

Compex Net-A adapter

Contec C-NET(98), RT-1007(98), C-NET(9N) (110pin) (flags 0xa00000) (PC-98)

Contec C-NET(98)E-A, C-NET(98)L-A, C-NET(98)P (flags 0x300000) (PC-98)

Corega Ether98-T (flags 0x000000) (PC-98)

Corega Ether PCC-T/EtherII PCC-T/FEther PCC-TXF/PCC-TXD

CyQ've ELA-010

DEC EtherWorks DE305

Danpex EN-6200P2

D-Link DE-298, DE-298P (flags 0x500000) (PC-98)

D-Link DE-650/660

D-Link IC-CARD/IC-CARD+ Ethernet

ELECOM LD-98P (flags 0x500000) (PC-98)

ELECOM LD-BDN, LD-NW801G (flags 0x200000) (PC-98)

ELECOM Laneed LD-CDL/TX, LD-CDF, LD-CDS, LD-10/100CD, LD-CDWA (DP83902A)

HP PC Lan+ 27247B and 27252A

IBM Creditcard Ethernet I/II

ICM AD-ET2-T, DT-ET-25, DT-ET-T5, IF-2766ET, IF-2771ET, NB-ET-T (110pin) (flags 0x500000) (PC-98)

I-O DATA LA/T-98, LA/T-98SB, LA2/T-98, ET/T-98 (flags 0x900000) (PC-98)

I-O DATA ET2/T-PCI

I-O DATA PCLATE

Kansai KLA-98C/T (flags 0x900000) (PC-98)

Kingston KNE-PC2, KNE-PCM/x Ethernet

Linksys EC2T/PCMPC100/PCM100, PCMLM56

Linksys EtherFast 10/100 PC Card, Combo PCMCIA Ethernet Card (PCMPC100 V2)

Logitec LAN-98T (flags 0xb00000) (PC-98)

MACNICA Ethernet ME1 for JEIDA

MACNICA ME98 (flags 0x900000) (PC-98)

MACNICA NE2098 (flags 0x400000) (PC-98)

MELCO EGY-98 (flags 0x300000) (PC-98)

MELCO LGH-98, LGY-98, LGY-98-N (110pin), IND-SP, IND-SS (flags 0x400000) (PC-98)

MELCO LGY-PCI-TR

MELCO LPC-T/LPC2-T/LPC2-CLT/LPC2-TX/LPC3-TX/LPC3-CLX

NDC Ethernet Instant-Link

NEC PC-9801-77, PC-9801-78 (flags 0x910000) (PC-98)

NEC PC-9801-107, PC-9801-108 (flags 0x800000) (PC-98)

National Semiconductor InfoMover NE4100

NetGear FA-410TX

NetVin 5000

Network Everywhere Ethernet 10BaseT PC Card

Networld 98X3 (flags 0xd00000) (PC-98)

Networld EC-98X, EP-98X (flags 0xd10000) (PC-98)

Novell NE1000/NE2000/NE2100

PLANEX ENW-8300-T

PLANEX EN-2298-C (flags 0x200000) (PC-98)

PLANEX EN-2298P-T, EN-2298-T (flags 0x500000) (PC-98)

PLANEX FNW-3600-T

RealTek 8029

SMC Elite 16 WD8013

SMC Elite Ultra

SMC EtherEZ98 (flags 0x000000) (PC-98)

SMC WD8003E/WD8003EBT/WD8003S/WD8003SBT/WD8003W/WD8013EBT/WD8013W and

clones

Socket LP-E

Surecom EtherPerfect EP-427

Surecom NE-34

TDK LAK-CD031, Grey Cell GCS2000 Ethernet Card

Telecom Device SuperSocket RE450T

VIA VT86C926

Winbond W89C940

C-Bus, ISA, PCI and PC Card devices are supported.

Adapters supported by the rl driver include:

Accton "Cheetah" EN1207D (MPX 5030/5038; RealTek 8139 clone)

Allied Telesyn AT2550

Allied Telesyn AT2500TX

Belkin F5D5000

BUFFALO(Melco INC.) LPC-CB-CLX(CardBus)

Compaq HNE-300

CompUSA no-name 10/100 PCI Ethernet NIC

Corega FEther CB-TXD

Corega FEtherII CB-TXD

D-Link DFE-530TX+

D-Link DFE-538TX (same as 530+?)

D-Link DFE-690TXD

Edimax EP-4103DL CardBus

Encore ENL832-TX 10/100 M PCI

Farallon NetLINE 10/100 PCI

Genius GF100TXR,

GigaFast Ethernet EE100-AXP

KTX-9130TX 10/100 Fast Ethernet

LevelOne FPC-0106TX

Longshine LCS-8038TX-R

NDC Communications NE100TX-E

Netronix Inc. EA-1210 NetEther 10/100

Nortel Networks 10/100BaseTX

OvisLink LEF-8129TX

OvisLink LEF-8139TX

Peppercon AG ROL-F

Planex FNW-3800-TX

SMC EZ Card 10/100 PCI 1211-TX SOHO(PRAGMATIC) UE-1211C

The wb driver supports Winbond W89C840F based Fast Ethernet adapters and embedded controllers including:

Trendware TE100-PCIE *

The vr driver supports VIA Technologies Rhine I, Rhine II, and Rhine III based Fast Ethernet adapters including:

D-Link DFE530-TX

Hawking Technologies PN102TX

AOpen/Acer ALN-320

The sis driver supports Silicon Integrated Systems SiS 900 * and SiS 7016 * based Fast Ethernet adapters and embedded controllers, as well as Fast Ethernet adapters based on the National Semiconductor DP83815 (MacPhyter) chip. Supported adapters include:

@ Nifty FNECHARD IFC USUP-TX

MELCO LGY-PCI-TXC

Netgear FA311-TX (DP83815)

Netgear FA312-TX (DP83815)

SiS 630, 635, and 735 motherboard chipsets

The nge driver supports National Semiconductor DP83820 * and DP83821 based Gigabit Ethernet adapters including:

SMC EZ Card 1000 (SMC9462TX)

D-Link DGE-500T

Asante FriendlyNet GigaNIX 1000TA and 1000TPC

Addtron AEG320T

LinkSys EG1032 (32-bit PCI) and EG1064 (64-bit PCI)

Surecom Technology EP-320G-TX

Netgear GA622T

Netgear GA621

Ark PC SOHO-GA2500T (32-bit PCI) and SOHO-GA2000T (64-bit PCI)

Trendware TEG-PCITX (32-bit PCI) and TEG-PCITX2 (64-bit PCI)

The ste driver supports Sundance Technologies ST201 based Fast Ethernet adapters and embedded controllers including:

D-Link DFE-530TXS

D-Link DFE-550TX

Adapters supported by the sk driver include:

3COM 3C940 single port, 1000baseT adapter

Belkin F5D5005 single port, 1000baseT adapter

Linksys EG1032 single port, 1000baseT adapter

SK-9521 SK-NET GE-T single port, 1000baseT adapter

SK-9821 SK-NET GE-T single port, 1000baseT adapter *

SK-9822 SK-NET GE-T dual port, 1000baseT adapter *

SK-9841 SK-NET GE-LX single port, single mode fiber adapter *

SK-9842 SK-NET GE-LX dual port, single mode fiber adapter *

SK-9843 SK-NET GE-SX single port, multimode fiber adapter *

SK-9844 SK-NET GE-SX dual port, multimode fiber adapter *

SMC 9452TX single port, 1000baseT adapter

The tl driver supports Texas Instruments ThunderLAN based Ethernet and Fast Ethernet adapters including a large number of Compaq PCI Ethernet adapters. Also supported are:

Olicom OC-2135/2138 10/100 TX UTP adapter

Olicom OC-2325/OC-2326 10/100 TX UTP adapter

Racore 8148 10baseT/100baseTX/100baseFX adapter

Racore 8165 10/100baseTX adapter

The tl driver also supports the built-in Ethernet adapters of various Compaq Prosignia servers and Compaq Deskpro desktop machines including:

Compaq Netelligent 10

Compaq Netelligent 10 T PCI UTP/Coax

Compaq Netelligent 10/100

Compaq Netelligent 10/100 Dual-Port

Compaq Netelligent 10/100 Proliant

Compaq Netelligent 10/100 TX Embedded UTP

Compaq Netelligent 10/100 TX UTP

Compaq NetFlex 3P

Compaq NetFlex 3P Integrated

Compaq NetFlex 3P w/BNC

The dc driver provides support for the following chipsets: *

DEC/Intel 21143

ADMtek AL981 Comet, AN985 Centaur, ADM9511 Centaur II and ADM9513 Centaur II

ASIX Electronics AX88140A and AX88141

Conexant LANfinity RS7112 (miniPCI)

Davicom DM9009, DM9100, DM9102 and DM9102A

Lite-On 82c168 and 82c169 PNIC

Lite-On/Macronix 82c115 PNIC II

Macronix 98713, 98713A, 98715, 98715A, 98715AEC-C, 98725, 98727 and 98732

Xircom X3201 (cardbus only)

The following NICs are known to work with the dc driver at this time:

3Com OfficeConnect 10/100B (ADMtek AN985 Centaur-P)

Abocom FE2500

Accton EN1217 (98715A)

Accton EN2242 MiniPCI

Adico AE310TX (98715A)

Alfa Inc GFC2204 (ASIX AX88140A)

Built in 10Mbps only Ethernet on Compaq Presario 7900 series desktops (21143, non-MII)

Built in DE500-BA on DEC Alpha workstations (21143, non-MII)

Built in Sun DMFE 10/100 Mbps Ethernet on Sun Netra X1 and Sun Fire V100 (DM9102A, MII)

Built in Ethernet on LinkSys EtherFast 10/100 Instant GigaDrive (DM9102, MII)

CNet Pro110B (ASIX AX88140A)

CNet Pro120A (98715A or 98713A) and CNet Pro120B (98715)

Compex RL100-TX (98713 or 98713A)

D-Link DFE-570TX (21143, MII, quad port)

Digital DE500-BA 10/100 (21143, non-MII)

ELECOM Laneed LD-CBL/TXA (ADMtek AN985)

Hawking CB102 CardBus

IBM EtherJet Cardbus Adapter

Intel PRO/100 Mobile Cardbus (versions that use the X3201 chipset)

Jaton XpressNet (Davicom DM9102)

Kingston KNE100TX (21143, MII)

Kingston KNE110TX (PNIC 82c169)

LinkSys LNE100TX (PNIC 82c168, 82c169)

LinkSys LNE100TX v2.0 (PNIC II 82c115)

LinkSys LNE100TX v4.0/4.1 (ADMtek AN985 Centaur-P)

Matrox FastNIC 10/100 (PNIC 82c168, 82c169)

Melco LGY-PCI-TXL

Microsoft MN-120 10/100 CardBus (ADMTek Centaur-C)

Microsoft MN-130 10/100 PCI (ADMTek Centaur-P)

NDC SOHOware SFA110A (98713A)

NDC SOHOware SFA110A Rev B4 (98715AEC-C)

NetGear FA310-TX Rev. D1, D2 or D3 (PNIC 82c169)

Netgear FA511

PlaneX FNW-3602-T (ADMtek AN985)

SMC EZ Card 10/100 1233A-TX (ADMtek AN985)

SVEC PN102-TX (98713)

Xircom Cardbus Realport

Xircom Cardbus Ethernet 10/100

Xircom Cardbus Ethernet II 10/100

Adapters supported by the aue driver include:

Abocom UFE1000, DSB650TX NA

Accton USB320-EC, SpeedStream

ADMtek AN986, AN8511

Billionton USB100, USB100LP, USB100EL, USBE100

Corega Ether FEther USB-T, FEther USB-TX, FEther USB-TXS

D-Link DSB-650, DSB-650TX, DSB-650TX-PNA

Elecom LD-USBL/TX

Elsa Microlink USB2Ethernet

HP hn210e

I-O Data USB ETTX

Kingston KNU101TX

LinkSys USB10T adapters that contain the AN986 Pegasus chipset, USB10TA, USB10TX, USB100TX, USB100H1

MELCO LUA-TX, LUA2-TX

Planex UE-200TX

Sandberg USB to Network Link (model number 133-06)

Siemens Speedstream

SmartBridges smartNIC

SMC 2202USB

SOHOware NUB100

The cue driver supports CATC USB-EL1210A based USB Ethernet adapters including:

Belkin F5U011/F5U111

CATC Netmate

CATC Netmate II

SmartBridges SmartLink

The kue driver supports Kawasaki LSI KL5KLUSB101B based USB Ethernet adapters including:

3Com 3c19250

3Com 3c460 HomeConnect Ethernet USB Adapter

ADS Technologies USB-10BT

AOX USB101

ATen UC10T

Abocom URE 450

Corega USB-T

D-Link DSB-650C

Entrega NET-USB-E45, NET-HUB-3U1E

I/O Data USB ETT

Kawasaki DU-H3E

LinkSys USB10T

Netgear EA101

Peracom USB Ethernet Adapter

SMC 2102USB, 2104USB

The axe driver supports ASIX Electronics AX88172 based USB Ethernet adapters including:

Buffalo (Melco Inc.) LUA-U2-KTX

D-Link DUBE100

LinkSys USB200M

Netgear FA120

System TALKS Inc. SGC-X2UL

The <u>rue</u> driver supports RealTek RTL8150 based USB Ethernet adapters including:

Buffalo (Melco Inc.) LUA-KTX

Green House GH-USB100B

LinkSys USB100M

Billionton 10/100 FastEthernet USBKR2

The <u>udav</u> driver supports the following adapters:

Corega FEther USB-TXC

Adapters supported by the de driver include:

Adaptec ANA-6944/TX

Cogent EM100FX and EM440TX

Corega FastEther PCI-TX

D-Link DFE-500TX

DEC DE435, DE425, DEC DE450, and DEC DE500

ELECOM LD-PCI2T, LD-PCITS

I-O DATA LA2/T-PCI

SMC Etherpower 8432, 9332 and 9334

ZNYX ZX3xx

Controllers and cards supported by the fe driver include:

Allied Telesis RE1000, RE1000Plus, ME1500 (110-pin)

CONTEC C-NET(98)P2, C-NET (9N)E (110-pin), C-NET(9N)C (ExtCard)

CONTEC C-NET(PC)C PCMCIA Ethernet

Eiger Labs EPX-10BT

Fujitsu FMV-J182, FMV-J182A

Fujitsu MB86960A, MB86965A

Fujitsu MBH10303, MBH10302 Ethernet PCMCIA

Fujitsu Towa LA501 Ethernet

HITACHI HT-4840-11

NextCom J Link NC5310

RATOC REX-5588, REX-9822, REX-4886, and REX-R280

RATOC REX-9880/9881/9882/9883

TDK LAC-98012, LAC-98013, LAC-98025, LAC-9N011 (110-pin)

TDK LAK-CD021, LAK-CD021A, LAK-CD021BX

Ungermann-Bass Access/PC N98C+(PC85152, PC85142), Access/NOTE N98(PC86132) (110-pin)

Adapters supported by the fxp driver include:

Intel EtherExpress PRO/10

Intel InBusiness 10/100

Intel PRO/100B / EtherExpressPRO/100 B PCI Adapter *

Intel PRO/100+ Management Adapter

Intel PRO/100 VE Desktop Adapter

Intel PRO/100 M Desktop Adapter

Intel PRO/100 S Desktop, Server and Dual-Port Server Adapters

Contec C-NET(PI)-100TX (PC-98)

NEC PC-9821Ra20, Rv20, Xv13, Xv20 internal 100Base-TX (PC-98)

NEC PC-9821X-B06 (PC-98)

Many on-board network interfaces on Intel motherboards

The ex driver supports the following Ethernet adapters:

Intel EtherExpress Pro/10

Intel EtherExpress Pro/10+

The Olicom OC2220

The <u>ie</u> driver provides supports the following 8 and 16bit ISA Ethernet cards that are based on the Intel i82586 chip:

3COM 3C507

AT&T EN100

AT&T Starlan 10

AT&T Starlan Fiber

Intel EtherExpress 16

RACAL Interlan NI5210

The ep driver supports Ethernet adapters based on the 3Com 3C5x9 Etherlink III Parallel Tasking chipset, including:

3Com 3C1 CF

3Com 3C509-TP, 3C509-BNC, 3C509-Combo, 3C509-TPO, 3C509-TPC ISA

3Com 3C509B-TP, 3C509B-BNC, 3C509B-Combo, 3C509B-TPO, 3C509B-TPC ISA

3Com 3C529, 3C529-TP MCA

3Com 3C562/3C563 PCMCIA

3Com 3C569B-J-TPO, 3C569B-J-COMBO CBUS

3Com 3C574-TX, 3CCFE574BT, 3CXFE574BT, 3C3FE574BT PCMCIA

3Com 3C579-TP, 3C579-BNC EISA

3Com 3C589, 3C589B, 3C589C, 3C589D, 3CXE589DT PCMCIA

3Com 3CCFEM556B, 3CCFEM556BI PCMCIA

3Com 3CXE589EC, 3CCE589EC, 3CXE589ET, 3CCE589ET PCMCIA

3Com Megahertz 3CCEM556, 3CXEM556, 3CCEM556B, 3CXEM556B PCMCIA

3Com OfficeConnect 3CXSH572BT, 3CCSH572BT PCMCIA

Farallon EtherMac PCMCIA

The el driver supports the 3Com 3c501 8bit ISA Ethernet card.

The xl driver supports the following hardware:

3Com 3c900-TPO *

3Com 3c900-COMBO *

3Com 3c905-TX *

3Com 3c905-T4 *

3Com 3c900B-TPO *

3Com 3c900B-TPC *

3Com 3c900B-FL *

3Com 3c900B-COMBO *

3Com 3c905B-T4 *

3Com 3c905B-TX *

3Com 3c905B-FX *

3Com 3c905B-COMBO *

3Com 3c905C-TX *

3Com 3c980, 3c980B, and 3c980C server adapters

3Com 3cSOHO100-TX OfficeConnect adapters

3Com 3c450 HomeConnect adapters

3Com 3c555, 3c556 and 3c556B mini-PCI adapters

3Com 3C3SH573BT, 3C575TX, 3CCFE575BT, 3CXFE575BT, 3CCFE575CT, 3CXFE575CT, 3CCFEM656, 3CCFEM656B, and 3CCFEM656C, 3CXFEM656B, and 3CXFEM656C CardBus adapters

3Com 3c905-TX, 3c905B-TX 3c905C-TX, and 3c920B-EMB embedded adapters

Both the 3C656 family of CardBus cards and the 3C556 family of MiniPCI cards have a built-in proprietary modem. Neither the xl driver nor any other driver supports this modem.

The vx driver supports the following cards:

3Com 3c590 EtherLink III PCI *

3Com 3c592 EtherLink III EISA

3Com 3c595 Fast EtherLink III PCI in 10 Mbps mode *

3Com 3c597 Fast EtherLink III EISA in 10 Mbps mode

Crystal Semiconductor CS89x0-based NICs (cs driver)

The sn driver supports SMC9xxx based ISA and PCMCIA cards including:

3Com Megahertz X-Jack Ethernet PC-Card CC-10BT

The xe driver supports the following cards:

Xircom CreditCard Ethernet (PS-CE2-10)

Xircom CreditCard Ethernet + Modem 28 (PS-CEM-28)

Xircom CreditCard Ethernet + Modem 33 (CEM33)

Xircom CreditCard 10/100 (CE3, CE3B)

Xircom CreditCard Ethernet 10/100 + Modem 56 (CEM56)

Xircom RealPort Ethernet 10 (RE10)

Xircom RealPort Ethernet 10/100 (RE100)

Xircom RealPort Ethernet 10/100 + Modem 56 (REM56, REM56G)

Accton Fast EtherCard-16 (EN2226)

Compaq Netelligent 10/100 PC Card (CPQ-10/100)

Intel EtherExpress Pro/100 PC Card Mobile Adapter 16 (Pro/100 M16A)

Other similar devices using the same hardware may also be supported.

Adapters supported by the <u>lge</u> driver include:

SMC TigerCard 1000 (SMC9462SX) *

D-Link DGE-500SX *

The txp driver supports the following cards:

3Com 3CR990-TX-95 *

3Com 3CR990-TX-97 *

3Com 3cR990B-TXM *

3Com 3CR990SVR95 *

3Com 3CR990SVR97 *

3Com 3cR990B-SRV *

The <u>bge</u> driver provides support for various NICs based on the Broadcom BCM570x family of Gigabit Ethernet controller chips, including the following:

3Com 3c996-T (10/100/1000baseTX) *

Dell PowerEdge 1750 integrated BCM5704C NIC (10/100/1000baseTX) *

Dell PowerEdge 2550 integrated BCM5700 NIC (10/100/1000baseTX) *

Dell PowerEdge 2650 integrated BCM5703 NIC (10/100/1000baseTX) *

IBM x235 server integrated BCM5703x NIC (10/100/1000baseTX) *

HP ProLiant NC7760 embedded Gigabit NIC (10/100/1000baseTX) *

HP ProLiant NC7770 PCI-X Gigabit NIC (10/100/1000baseTX) *

HP ProLiant NC7781 embedded PCI-X Gigabit NIC (10/100/1000baseTX) *

Netgear GA302T (10/100/1000baseTX) *

SysKonnect SK-9D21 (10/100/1000baseTX) *

SysKonnect SK-9D41 (1000baseSX) *

The <u>em</u> driver supports Gigabit Ethernet adapters based on the Intel 82540, 82541PI, 82542, 82543, 82544, 82546, 82546EB and 82547 controller chips:

Intel PRO/1000 CT Network Connection (82547)

Intel PRO/1000 F Server Adapter (82543)

Intel PRO/1000 Gigabit Server Adapter (82542)*

Intel PRO/1000 GT Desktop Adapter (82541PI)

Intel PRO/1000 MF Dual Port Server Adapter (82546)

Intel PRO/1000 MF Server Adapter (82545)

Intel PRO/1000 MF Server Adapter (LX) (82545)

Intel PRO/1000 MT Desktop Adapter (82540)

Intel PRO/1000 MT Desktop Adapter (82541)

Intel PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter (82546)

Intel PRO/1000 MT Quad Port Server Adapter (82546EB)

Intel PRO/1000 MT Server Adapter (82545)

Intel PRO/1000 T Desktop Adapter (82544)

Intel PRO/1000 T Server Adapter (82543)

Intel PRO/1000 XF Server Adapter (82544)

Intel PRO/1000 XT Server Adapter (82544)

The gx driver supports Gigabit Ethernet adapters based on the Intel 82542 and 82543 controller chips:

Intel PRO/1000 Gigabit Server Adapter (82542)

Intel PRO/1000 F Server Adapter (82543)

Intel PRO/1000 T Server Adapter (82543)

The https://mex.pub.nih.google.com/html driver supports the on-board Ethernet interfaces of many Sun UltraSPARC workstation and server models. Cards supported by the https://mex.pub.nih.google.com/html. Cards supported by the https://mex.pub.nih.google.com/html.

Sun PCI SunSwift Adapter

Sun SBus SunSwift Adapter ``(hme" and ``SUNW,hme")

Sun PCI Sun100BaseT Adapter 2.0

Sun SBus Sun100BaseT 2.0

Sun PCI Quad FastEthernet Controller

Sun SBus Quad FastEthernet Controller

The my driver provides support for various NICs based on the Myson chipset. Supported models include:

Myson MTD800 PCI Fast Ethernet chip

Myson MTD803 PCI Fast Ethernet chip

Myson MTD89X PCI Gigabit Ethernet chip

Broadcom BCM4401 based Fast Ethernet adapters (bfe driver) *

The <u>re</u> driver supports RealTek RTL8139C+, RTL8169, RTL8169S and RTL8110S based Fast Ethernet and Gigabit Ethernet adapters including:

Alloy Computer Products EtherGOLD 1439E 10/100 (8139C+) *

Compaq Evo N1015v Integrated Ethernet (8139C+) *

Corega CG-LAPCIGT Gigabit Ethernet (8169S) *

Gigabyte 7N400 Pro2 Integrated Gigabit Ethernet (8110S) *

PLANEX COMMUNICATIONS Inc. GN-1200TC (8169S) *

Xterasys XN-152 10/100/1000 NIC (8169) *

The <u>ixgb</u> driver supports the following cards:

Intel PRO/10GbE LR Server Adapter *

Intel PRO/10GbE SR Server Adapter *

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